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(54) Novel polynucleotides

(57) Novel polynucleotides derived from microorganisms belonging to coryneform bacteria and fragments thereof, polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides and fragments thereof, polynucleotide arrays

comprising the polynucleotides and fragments thereof, recording media in which the nucleotide sequences of the polynucleotide and fragments thereof have been recorded which are readable in a computer, and use of them.

EP 1 108 790 A2

Description

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to novel polynucleotides derived from microorganisms belonging to coryneform bacteria and fragments thereof, polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides and fragments thereof, polynucleotide arrays comprising the polynucleotides and fragments thereof, computer readable recording media in which the nucleotide sequences of the polynucleotide and fragments thereof have been recorded, and use of them as well as a method of using the polynucleotide and/or polypeptide sequence information to make comparisons.

2. Brief Description of the Background Art

[0002] Coryneform bacteria are used in producing various useful substances, such as amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides (for example, ribulose), organic acids (for example, pyruvic acid), and analogues of the above-described substances (for example, N-acetylamino acids) and are very useful microorganisms industrially. Many mutants thereof are known.

[0003] For example, Corynebacterium glutamicum is a Gram-positive bacterium identified as a glutamic acid-producing bacterium, and many amino acids are produced by mutants thereof. For example, 1,000,000 ton/year of L-glutamic acid which is useful as a seasoning for umami (delicious taste), 250,000 ton/year of L-lysine which is a valuable additive for livestock feeds and the like, and several hundred ton/year or more of other amino acids, such as L-arginine, L-proline, L-glutamine, L-tryptophan, and the like, have been produced in the world (Nikkei Bio Yearbook 99, published by Nikkei BP (1998)).

[0004] The production of amino acids by Corynebacterium glutamicum is mainly carried out by its mutants (metabolic mutants) which have a mutated metabolic pathway and regulatory systems. In general, an organism is provided with various metabolic regulatory systems so as not to produce more amino acids than it needs. In the biosynthesis of L-lysine, for example, a microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is under such regulation as preventing the excessive production by concerted inhibition by lysine and threonine against the activity of a biosynthesis enzyme common to lysine, threonine and methionine, i.e., an aspartokinase, (J. Biochem., 65: 849-859 (1969)). The biosynthesis of arginine is controlled by repressing the expression of its biosynthesis gene by arginine so as not to biosynthesize an excessive amount of arginine (Microbiology, 142: 99-108 (1996)). It is considered that these metabolic regulatory mechanisms are deregulated in amino acid-producing mutants. Similarly, the metabolic regulation is deregulated in mutants producing nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids and analogues of the above-described substances so as to improve the productivity of the objective product.

[0005] However, accumulation of basic genetic, biochemical and molecular biological data on coryneform bacteria is insufficient in comparison with *Escherichia coli, Bacillus subtilis*, and the like. Also, few findings have been obtained on mutated genes in amino acid-producing mutants. Thus, there are various mechanisms, which are still unknown, of regulating the growth and metabolism of these microorganisms.

[0006] A chromosomal physical map of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 is reported and it is known that its genome size is about 3,100 kb (*Mol. Gen. Genet., 252*: 255-265 (1996)). Calculating on the basis of the usual gene density of bacteria, it is presumed that about 3,000 genes are present in this genome of about 3,100 kb. However, only about 100 genes mainly concerning amino acid biosynthesis genes are known in *Corynebacterium glutamicum*, and the nucleotide sequences of most genes have not been clarified hitherto.

[0007] In recent years, the full nucleotide sequence of the genomes of several microorganisms, such as Escherichia coli, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, yeast, and the like, have been determined (Science, 277: 1453-62 (1997); Nature, 393: 537-544 (1998); Nature, 387: 5-105 (1997)). Based on the thus determined full nucleotide sequences, assumption of gene regions and prediction of their function by comparison with the nucleotide sequences of known genes have been carried out. Thus, the functions of a great number of genes have been presumed, without genetic, biochemical or molecular biological experiments.

[0008] In recent years, moreover, techniques for monitoring expression levels of a great number of genes simultaneously or detecting mutations, using DNA chips, DNA arrays or the like in which a partial nucleic acid fragment of a gene or a partial nucleic acid fragment in genomic DNA other than a gene is fixed to a solid support, have been developed. The techniques contribute to the analysis of microorganisms, such as yeasts, *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, *Mycobacterium bovis* used in BCG vaccines, and the like (*Science*, 278: 680-686 (1997); *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 96: 12833-38 (1999); *Science*, 284: 1520-23 (1999)).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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[0009] An object of the present invention is to provide a polynucleotide and a polypeptide derived from a microorganism of coryneform bacteria which are industrially useful, sequence information of the polynucleotide and the polypeptide, a method for analyzing the microorganism, an apparatus and a system for use in the analysis, and a method for breeding the microorganism.

[0010] The present invention provides a polynucleotide and an oligonucleotide derived from a microorganism belonging to coryneform bacteria, oligonucleotide arrays to which the polynucleotides and the oligonucleotides are fixed, a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, an antibody which recognizes the polypeptide, polypeptide arrays to which the polypeptides or the antibodies are fixed, a computer readable recording medium in which the nucleotide sequences of the polynucleotide and the oligonucleotide and the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide have been recorded, and a system based on the computer using the recording medium as well as a method of using the polynucleotide and/or polypeptide sequence information to make comparisons.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

[0011] Fig. 1 is a map showing the positions of typical genes on the genome of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032.

[0012] Fig. 2 is electrophoresis showing the results of proteome analyses using proteins derived from (A) Coryne-bacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032, (B) FERM BP-7134, and (C) FERM BP-158.

[0013] Fig. 3 is a flow chart of an example of a system using the computer readable media according to the present invention.

[0014] Fig. 4 is a flow chart of an example of a system using the computer readable media according to the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0015] This application is based on Japanese applications No. Hei. 11-377484 filed on December 16, 1999, No. 2000-159162 filed on April 7, 2000 and No. 2000-280988 filed on August 3, 2000, the entire contents of which are incorporated hereinto by reference.

[0016] From the viewpoint that the determination of the full nucleotide sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* would make it possible to specify gene regions which had not been previously identified, to determine the function of an unknown gene derived from the microorganism through comparison with nucleotide sequences of known genes and amino acid sequences of known genes, and to obtain a useful mutant based on the presumption of the metabolic regulatory mechanism of a useful product by the microorganism, the inventors conducted intensive studies and, as a result, found that the complete genome sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* can be determined by applying the whole genome shotgun method.

[0017] Specifically, the present invention relates to the following (1) to (65):

- (1) A method for at least one of the following:
 - (A) identifying a mutation point of a gene derived from a mutant of a coryneform bacterium,
 - (B) measuring an expression amount of a gene derived from a coryneform bacterium,
 - (C) analyzing an expression profile of a gene derived from a coryneform bacterium,
 - (D) analyzing expression patterns of genes derived from a coryneform bacterium, or
 - (E) identifying a gene homologous to a gene derived from a coryneform bacterium, said method comprising:
 - (a) producing a polynucleotide array by adhering to a solid support at least two polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of first polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, second polynucleotides which hybridize with the first polynucleotides under stringent conditions, and third polynucleotides comprising a sequence of 10 to 200 continuous bases of the first or second polynucleotides,
 - (b) incubating the polynucleotide array with at least one of a labeled polynucleotide derived from a coryneform bacterium, a labeled polynucleotide derived from a mutant of the coryneform bacterium or a labeled polynucleotide to be examined, under hybridization conditions,
 - (c) detecting any hybridization, and
 - (d) analyzing the result of the hybridization.

As used herein, for example, the at least two polynucleotides can be at least two of the first polynucleotides, at least two of the second polynucleotides, at least two of the third polynucleotides, or at least two of the first, second and third polynucleotides.

- 5 (2) The method according to (1), wherein the coryneform bacterium is a microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium, the genus Brevibacterium, or the genus Microbacterium.
 - (3) The method according to (2), wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium* is selected from the group consisting of *Corynebacterium glutamicum*, *Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum*, *Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum*, *Corynebacterium callunae*, *Corynebacterium herculis*, *Corynebacterium lilium*, *Corynebacterium melassecola*, *Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes*, and *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes*.
 - (4) The method according to (1), wherein the polynucleotide derived from a coryneform bacterium, the polynucleotide derived from a mutant of the coryneform bacterium or the polynucleotide to be examined is a gene relating to the biosynthesis of at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof.
 - (5) The method according to (1), wherein the polynucleotide to be examined is derived from Escherichia coli.
 - (6) A polynucleotide array, comprising:

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at least two polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of first polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, second polynucleotides which hybridize with the first polynucleotides under stringent conditions, and third polynucleotides comprising 10 to 200 continuous bases of the first or second polynucleotides, and a solid support adhered thereto.

As used herein, for example, the at least two polynucleotides can be at least two of the first polynucleotides, at least two of the second polynucleotides, at least two of the third polynucleotides, or at least two of the first, second and third polynucleotides.

- (7) A polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1 or a polynucleotide having a homology of at least 80% with the polynucleotide.
- (8) A polynucleotide comprising any one of the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, or a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions.
- (9) A polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having any one of the amino acid sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931, or a polynucleotide which hybridizes therewith under stringent conditions.
- (10) A polynucleotide which is present in the 5' upstream or 3' downstream of a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431 in a whole polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, and has an activity of regulating an expression of the polynucleotide.
- (11) A polynucleotide comprising 10 to 200 continuous bases in the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotide of any one of (7) to (10), or a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence complementary to the polynucleotide comprising 10 to 200 continuous based.
- (12) A recombinant DNA comprising the polynucleotide of any one of (8) to (11).
- (13) A transformant comprising the polynucleotide of any one of (8) to (11) or the recombinant DNA of (12).
- (14) A method for producing a polypeptide, comprising:

culturing the transformant of (13) in a medium to produce and accumulate a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of (8) or (9) in the medium, and recovering the polypeptide from the medium.

- (15) A method for producing at least one of an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof, comprising:
- culturing the transformant of (13) in a medium to produce and accumulate at least one of an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof in the medium, and recovering the at least one of the amino acid, the nucleic acid, the vitamin, the saccharide, the organic acid, and analogues thereof from the medium.
- 55 (16) A polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2 to 3431.
 - (17) A polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931.
 - (18) The polypeptide according to (16) or (17), wherein at least one amino acid is deleted, replaced, inserted or

added, said polypeptides having an activity which is substantially the same as that of the polypeptide without said at least one amino acid deletion, replacement, insertion or addition.

- (19) A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having a homology of at least 60% with the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide of (16) or (17), and having an activity which is substantially the same as that of the polypeptide.
- (20) An antibody which recognizes the polypeptide of any one of (16) to (19).
- (21) A polypeptide array, comprising:

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at least one polypeptide or partial fragment polypeptide selected from the polypeptides of (16) to (19) and partial fragment polypeptides of the polypeptides, and a solid support adhered thereto.

- (22) A polypeptide array, comprising:
 - at least one antibody which recognizes a polypeptide or partial fragment polypeptide selected from the polypeptides of (16) to (19) and partial fragment polypeptides of the polypeptides, and a solid support adhered thereto.
- (23) A system based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, and target sequence or target structure motif information;
 - (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 1 to 3501 with the target sequence or target structure motif information, recorded by the data storage device for screening and analyzing nucleotide sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
 - (iv) an output device that shows a screening or analyzing result obtained by the comparator.
 - (24) A method based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, target sequence information or target structure motif information into a user input device;
 - (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501 with the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
 - (iv) screening and analyzing nucleotide sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information.
 - (25) A system based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001, and target sequence or target structure motif information;
 - (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001 with the target sequence or target structure motif information, recorded by the data storage device for screening and analyzing amino acid sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
 - (iv) an output device that shows a screening or analyzing result obtained by the comparator.
 - (26) A method based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, and target sequence information or target structure motif information into a user input device;

- (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
- (iii) comparing the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 with the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
- (iv) screening and analyzing amino acid sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information.
- (27) A system based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having a target nucleotide sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501, function information of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence, and target nucleotide sequence information;
 - (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2 to 3501 with the target nucleotide sequence information, and determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having the target nucleotide sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polynucleotide having at least one nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501; and
 - (iv) an output devices that shows a function obtained by the comparator.
- (28) A method based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having a target nucleotide sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501, function information of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence, and target nucleotide sequence information; (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501 with the target nucleotide sequence information; and
 - (iv) determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having the target nucleotide sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polynucleotide having at least one nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501.
 - (29) A system based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide having a target amino acid sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001, function information based on the amino acid sequence, and target amino acid sequence information:
 - (ii) a data storing device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001 with the target amino acid sequence information for determining a function of a polypeptide having the target amino acid sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polypeptide having at least one amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001; and
 - (iv) an output device that shows a function obtained by the comparator.
 - (30) A method based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide having a target amino acid sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, function information based on the amino acid sequence, and target amino acid sequence information;
 - (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 with the target amino acid sequence information; and
 - (iv) determining a function of a polypeptide having the target amino acid sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polypeptide having at least one amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001.
 - (31) The system according to any one of (23), (25), (27) and (29), wherein a coryneform bacterium is a microor-

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- ganism of the genus Corynebacterium, the genus Brevibacterium, or the genus Microbacterium.
- (32) The method according to any one of (24), (26), (28) and (30), wherein a coryneform bacterium is a microorganism of the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Brevibacterium*, or the genus *Microbacterium*.
- (33) The system according to (31), wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium* is selected from the group consisting of *Corynebacterium glutamicum*, *Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum*, *Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum*, *corynebacterium callunae*, *corynebacterium herculis*, *Corynebacterium lilium*, *Corynebacterium melassecola*, *Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes*, and *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes*.
- (34) The method according to (32), wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium* is selected from the group consisting of *Corynebacterium glutamicum*, *Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum*, *Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum*, *Corynebacterium callunae*, *Corynebacterium herculis*, *Corynebacterium lilium*, *Corynebacterium melassecola*, *Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes*, and *Corynebacterium ammoniagenes*.
- (35) A recording medium or storage device which is readable by a computer in which at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501 or function information based on the nucleotide sequence is recorded, and is usable in the system of (23) or (27) or the method of (24) or (28).
- (36) A recording medium or storage device which is readable by a computer in which at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 or function information based on the amino acid sequence is recorded, and is usable in the system of (25) or (29) or the method of (26) or (30).
- (37) The recording medium or storage device according to
- (35) or (36), which is a computer readable recording medium selected from the group consisting of a floppy disc, a hard disc, a magnetic tape, a random access memory (RAM), a read only memory (ROM), a magneto-optic disc (MO), CD-ROM, CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-ROM, DVD-RAM and DVD-RW.
- (38) A polypeptide having a homoserine dehydrogenase activity, comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Val residue at the 59th in the amino acid sequence of homoserine dehydrogenase derived from a coryneform bacterium is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Val residue.
- (39) A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Val residue at the 59th position in the amino acid sequence as represented by SEQ ID NO:6952 is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Val residue. (40) The polypeptide according to (38) or (39), wherein the Val residue at the 59th position is replaced with an Ala residue.
- (41) A polypeptide having pyruvate carboxylase activity, comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Pro residue at the 458th position in the amino acid sequence of pyruvate carboxylase derived from a coryneform bacterium is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Pro residue.
- (42) A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Pro residue at the 458th position in the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:4265 is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Pro residue. (43) The polypeptide according to (41) or (42), wherein the Pro residue at the 458th position is replaced with a Ser residue.
- (44) The polypeptide according to any one of (38) to (43), which is derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum.
- (45) A DNA encoding the polypeptide of any one of (38) to (44).
- (46) A recombinant DNA comprising the DNA of (45).
- (47) A transformant comprising the recombinant DNA of (46).
- (48) A transformant comprising in its chromosome the DNA of (45).
- (49) The transformant according to (47) or (48), which is derived from a coryneform bacterium.
- (50) The transformant according to (49), which is derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum.
- (51) A method for producing L-lysine, comprising:
 - culturing the transformant of any one of (47) to (50) in a medium to produce and accumulate L-lysine in the medium, and recovering the L-lysine from the culture.
- (52) A method for breeding a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431, comprising the following:
 - (i) comparing a nucleotide sequence of a genome or gene of a production strain derived a coryncform bacterium which has been subjected to mutation breeding so as to produce at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogous thereof by a fermentation method, with a corresponding nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431;
 - (ii) identifying a mutation point present in the production strain based on a result obtained by (i);
 - (iii) introducing the mutation point into a coryneform bacterium which is free of the mutation point; and
 - (iv) examining productivity by the fermentation method of the compound selected in (i) of the coryneform

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bacterium obtained in (iii).

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- (53) The method according to (52), wherein the gene is a gene encoding an enzyme in a biosynthetic pathway or a signal transmission pathway.
- (54) The method according to (52), wherein the mutation point is a mutation point relating to a useful mutation which improves or stabilizes the productivity.
- (55) A method for breading a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431, comprising:
 - (i) comparing a nucleotide sequence of a genome or gene of a production strain derived a coryneform bacterium which has been subjected to mutation breeding so as to produce at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogous thereof by a fermentation method, with a corresponding nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431;
 - (ii) identifying a mutation point present in the production strain based on a result obtain by (i);
 - (iii) deleting a mutation point from a coryneform bacterium having the mutation point; and
 - (iv) examining productivity by the fermentation method of the compound selected in (i) of the coryneform bacterium obtained in (iii).
- (56) The method according to (55), wherein the gene is a gene encoding an enzyme in a biosynthetic pathway or a signal transmission pathway.
- (57) The method according to (55), wherein the mutation point is a mutation point which decreases or destabilizes the productivity.
- (58) A method for breeding a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, comprising the following:
 - (i) identifying an isozyme relating to biosynthesis of at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogous thereof, based on the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431;
 - (ii) classifying the isozyme identified in (i) into an isozyme having the same activity;
 - (iii) mutating all genes encoding the isozyme having the same activity simultaneously; and
 - (iv) examining productivity by a fermentation method of the compound selected in (i) of the coryneform bacterium which have been transformed with the gene obtained in (iii).
- (59) A method for breeding a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, comprising the following:
 - (i) arranging a function information of an open reading frame (ORF) represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431;
 - (ii) allowing the arranged ORF to correspond to an enzyme on a known biosynthesis or signal transmission pathway;
 - (iii) explicating an unknown biosynthesis pathway or signal transmission pathway of a coryneform bacterium in combination with information relating known biosynthesis pathway or signal transmission pathway of a coryneform bacterium;
 - (iv) comparing the pathway explicated in (iii) with a biosynthesis pathway of a target useful product; and
 - (v) transgenetically varying a coryneform bacterium based on the nucleotide sequence information to either strengthen a pathway which is judged to be important in the biosynthesis of the target useful product in (iv) or weaken a pathway which is judged not to be important in the biosynthesis of the target useful product in (iv).
- (60) A coryneform bacterium, bred by the method of any one of (52) to (59).
- (61) The coryneform bacterium according to (60), which is a microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Brevibacterium*, or the genus *Microbacterium*.
- (62) The coryneform bacterium according to (61), wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetogiutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, and Corynebacterium ammoniagenes.
- (63) A method for producing at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid and an analogue thereof, comprising:

culturing a coryneform bacterium of any one of (60) to (62) in a medium to produce and accumulate at least

one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof;

recovering the compound from the culture.

- (64) The method according to (63), wherein the compound is L-lysine.
- (65) A method for identifying a protein relating to useful mutation based on proteome analysis, comprising the following:
 - (i) preparing

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a protein derived from a bacterium of a production strain of a coryneform bacterium which has been subjected to mutation breeding by a fermentation process so as to produce at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof, and a protein derived from a bacterium of a parent strain of the production strain;

- (ii) separating the proteins prepared in (i) by two dimensional electrophoresis;
- (iii) detecting the separated proteins, and comparing an expression amount of the protein derived from the production strain with that derived from the parent strain;
- (iv) treating the protein showing different expression amounts as a result of the comparison with a peptidase to extract peptide fragments;
- (v) analyzing amino acid sequences of the peptide fragments obtained in (iv); and
- (vi) comparing the amino acid sequences obtained in (v) with the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 to identifying the protein having the amino acid sequences.

As used herein, the term "proteome", which is a coined word by combining "protein" with "genome", refers to a method for examining of a gene at the polypeptide level.

- (66) The method according to (65), wherein the coryneform bacterium is a microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Brevibacterium*, or the genus *Microbacterium*.
- (67) The method according to (66), wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, and Corynebacterium ammoniagenes.
- (68) A biologically pure culture of Corynebacterium glutamicum AHP-3 (FERM BP-7382).
- 35 [0018] The present invention will be described below in more detail, based on the determination of the full nucleotide sequence of coryneform bacteria.
 - 1. Determination of full nucleotide sequence of coryneform bacteria
- [0019] The term "coryneform bacteria" as used herein means a microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Brevibacterium* or the genus *Microbacterium* as defined in *Bergeys Manual of Determinative Bacteriology*, 8: 599 (1974).
 - [0020] Examples include Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, Brevibacterium saccharolyticum, Brevibacterium immariophilum, Brevibacterium roseum, Brevibacterium thiogenitalis, Microbacterium ammoniaphilum, and the like.
 - [0021] Specific examples include Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum ATCC 13870, Corynebacterium acetoglulamicum ATCC 15806, Corynebacterium callunae ATCC 15991, Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032, Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13060, Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13826 (prior genus and species: Brevibacterium flavum, or Corynebacterium lactofermentum), Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 14020 (prior genus and species: Brevibacterium lactofermentum), Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 (prior genus and species: Brevibacterium lactofermentum), Corynebacterium herculis ATCC 13868, Corynebacterium lilium ATCC 15990, Corynebacterium melassecola ATCC 17965, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes FERM 9244, Brevibacterium saccharolyticum ATCC 14066, Brevibacterium immariophilum ATCC 14068, Brevibacterium roseum ATCC 13825, Brevibacterium thiogenitalis ATCC 19240, Microbacterium ammoniaphilum ATCC 15354, and the like.

(1) Preparation of genome DNA of coryneform bacteria

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[0022] Coryneform bacteria can be cultured by a conventional method.

[0023] Any of a natural medium and a synthetic medium can be used, so long as it is a medium suitable for efficient culturing of the microorganism, and it contains a carbon source, a nitrogen source, an inorganic salt, and the like which can be assimilated by the microorganism.

[0024] In Corynebacterium glutamicum, for example, a BY medium (7 g/l meat extract, 10 g/l peptone, 3 g/l sodium chloride, 5 g/l yeast extract, pH 7.2) containing 1% of glycine and the like can be used. The culturing is carried out at 25 to 35°C overnight.

[0025] After the completion of the culture, the cells are recovered from the culture by centrifugation. The resulting cells are washed with a washing solution.

[0026] Examples of the washing solution include STE buffer (10.3% sucrose, 25 mmol/l Tris hydrochloride, 25 mmol/l ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (hereinafter referred to as "EDTA"), pH 8.0), and the like.

[0027] Genome DNA can be obtained from the washed cells according to a conventional method for obtaining genome DNA, namely, lysing the cell wall of the cells using a lysozyme and a surfactant (SDS, etc.), eliminating proteins and the like using a phenol solution and a phenol/chloroform solution, and then precipitating the genome DNA with ethanol or the like. Specifically, the following method can be illustrated.

[0028] The washed cells are suspended in a washing solution containing 5 to 20 mg/l lysozyme. After shaking, 5 to 20% SDS is added to lyse the cells. In usual, shaking is gently performed at 25 to 40°C for 30 minutes to 2 hours. After shaking, the suspension is maintained at 60 to 70°C for 5 to 15 minutes for the lysis.

[0029] After the lysis, the suspension is cooled to ordinary temperature, and 5 to 20 ml of Tris-neutralized phenol is added thereto, followed by gently shaking at room temperature for 15 to 45 minutes.

[0030] After shaking, centrifugation (15,000 \times g, 20 minutes, 20°C) is carried out to fractionate the aqueous layer.

[0031] After performing extraction with phenol/chloroform and extraction with chloroform (twice) in the same manner, 3 mol/l sodium acetate solution (pH 5.2) and isopropanol are added to the aqueous layer at 1/10 times volume and 2 times volume, of the aqueous layer, respectively, followed by gently stirring to precipitate the genome DNA.

[0032] The genome DNA is dissolved again in a buffer containing 0.01 to 0.04 mg/ml RNase. As an example of the buffer, TE buffer (10 mmol/l Tris hydrochloride, 1 mol/l EDTA, pH 8.0) can be used. After dissolving, the resultant solution is maintained at 25 to 40°C for 20 to 50 minutes and then extracted successively with phenol, phenol/chloroform and chloroform as in the above case.

[0033] After the extraction, isopropanol precipitation is carried out and the resulting DNA precipitate is washed with 70% ethanol, followed by air drying, and then dissolved in TE buffer to obtain a genome DNA solution.

(2) Production of shotgun library

[0034] A method for produce a genome DNA library using the genome DNA of the coryneform bacteria prepared in the above (1) include a method described in *Molecular Cloning, A laboratory Manual,* Second Edition (1989) (hereinafter referred to as "*Molecular Cloning,* 2nd ed."). In particular, the following method can be exemplified to prepare a genome DNA library appropriately usable in determining the full nucleotide sequence by the shotgun method.

[0035] To 0.01 mg of the genome DNA of the coryneform bacteria prepared in the above (1), a buffer, such as TE buffer or the like, is added to give a total volume of 0.4 ml. Then, the genome DNA is digested into fragments of 1 to 10 kb with a sonicator (Yamato Powersonic Model 50). The treatment with the sonicator is performed at an output of 20 continuously for 5 seconds.

[0036] The resulting genome DNA fragments are blunt-ended using DNA blunting kit (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) or the like.

[0037] The blunt-ended genome fragments are fractionated by agarose gel or polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and genome fragments of 1 to 2 kb are cut out from the gel.

[0038] To the gel, 0.2 to 0.5 ml of a buffer for eluting DNA, such as MG elution buffer (0.5 mol/l ammonium acetate, 10 mmol/l magnesium acetate, 1 mmol/l EDTA, 0.1% SDS) or the like, is added, followed by shaking at 25 to 40°C overnight to elute DNA.

[0039] The resulting DNA eluate is treated with phenol/chloroform and then precipitated with ethanol to obtain a genome library insert.

[0040] This insert is ligated into a suitable vector, such as pUC18 Smal/SAP (manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) or the like, using T4 ligase (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) or the like. The ligation can be carried out by allowing a mixture to stand at 10 to 20°C for 20 to 50 hours.

[0041] The resulting ligation product is precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 5 to 20 µl of TE buffer.

[0042] Escherichia coli is transformed in accordance with a conventional method using 0.5 to 2 μ l of the ligation solution. Examples of the transformation method include the electroporation method using ELECTRO MAX DHIOB

(manufactured by Life Technologies) for Escherichia coli. The electroporation method can be carried out under the conditions as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

[0043] The transformed *Escherichia coli* is spread on a suitable selection medium containing agar, for example, LB plate medium containing 10 to 100 mg/l ampicillin (LB medium (10 g/l bactotrypton, 5 g/l yeast extract, 10 g/l sodium chloride, pH 7.0) containing 1.6% of agar) when pUC18 is used as the cloning vector, and cultured therein.

[0044] The transformant can be obtained as colonies formed on the plate medium. In this step, it is possible to select the transformant having the recombinant DNA containing the genome DNA as white colonies by adding X-gal and IPTG (isopropyl-β-thiogalactopyranoside) to the plate medium.

[0045] The transformant is allowed to stand for culturing in a 96-well titer plate to which 0.05 ml of the LB medium containing 0.1 mg/ml of ampicillin has been added in each well. The resulting culture can be used in an experiment of (4) described below. Also, the culture solution can be stored at -80°C by adding 0.05 ml per well of the LB medium containing 20% glycerol to the culture solution, followed by mixing, and the stored culture solution can be used at any time.

(3) Production of cosmid library

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[0046] The genome DNA (0.1 mg) of the coryneform bacteria prepared in the above (1) is partially digested with a restriction enzyme, such as Sau3AI or the like, and then ultracentrifuged (26,000 rpm, 18 hours, 20°C) under a 10 to 40% sucrose density gradient using a 10% sucrose buffer (1 mol/l Nacl, 20 mmol/l Tris hydrochloride, 5 mmol/l EDTA, 10% sucrose, pH 8.0) and a 40% sucrose buffer (elevating the concentration of the 10% sucrose buffer to 40%).

[0047] After the centrifugation, the thus separated solution is fractionated into tubes in 1 ml per each tube. After confirming the DNA fragment size of each fraction by agarose gel electrophoresis, a fraction rich in DNA fragments of about 40 kb is precipitated with ethanol.

[0048] The resulting DNA fragment is ligated to a cosmid vector having a cohesive end which can be ligated to the fragment. When the genome DNA is partially digested with <code>SauSAI</code>, the partially digested product can be ligated to, for example, the <code>BamHI</code> site of superCos1 (manufactured by Stratagene) in accordance with the manufacture's instructions

[0049] The resulting ligation product is packaged using a packaging extract which can be prepared by a method described in *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed. and then used in transforming *Escherichia coli*. More specifically, the ligation product is packaged using, for example, a commercially available packaging extract, Gigapack III Gold Packaging Extract (manufactured by Stratagene) in accordance with the manufacture's instructions and then introduced into *Escherichia coli* XL-1-BlueMR (manufactured by Stratagene) or the like.

[0050] The thus transformed Escherichia coli is spread on an LB plate medium containing ampicillin, and cultured therein.

[0051] The transformant can be obtained as colonies formed on the plate medium.

[0052] The transformant is subjected to standing culture in a 96-well titer plate to which 0.05 ml of the LB medium containing 0.1 mg/ml ampicillin has been added.

[0053] The resulting culture can be employed in an experiment of (4) described below. Also, the culture solution can be stored at -80°C by adding 0.05 ml per well of the LB medium containing 20% glycerol to the culture solution, followed by mixing, and the stored culture solution can be used at any time.

(4) Determination of nucleotide sequence

(4-1) Preparation of template

[0054] The full nucleotide sequence of genome DNA of coryneform bacteria can be determined basically according to the whole genome shotgun method (Science, 269: 496-512 (1995)).

[0055] The template used in the whole genome shotgun method can be prepared by PCR using the library prepared in the above (2) (DNA Research, 5: 1-9 (1998)).

[0056] Specifically, the template can be prepared as follows.

[0057] The clone derived from the whole genome shotgun library is inoculated by using a replicator (manufactured by GENETIX) into each well of a 96-well plate to which 0.08 ml per well of the LB medium containing 0.1 mg/ml ampicillin has been added, followed by stationarily culturing at 37°C overnight.

[0058] Next, the culture solution is transported, using a copy plate (manufactured by Tokken), into each well of a 96-well reaction plate (manufactured by PE Biosystems) to which 0.025 ml per well of a PCR reaction solution has been added using TaKaRa Ex Taq (manufactured by Takara Shuzo). Then, PCR is carried out in accordance with the protocol by Makino et al. (DNA Research, 5: 1-9 (1998)) using GeneAmp PCR System 9700 (manufactured by PE Biosystems) to amplify the inserted fragments.

[0059] The excessive primers and nucleotides are eliminated using a kit for purifying a PCR product, and the product is used as the template in the sequencing reaction.

[0060] It is also possible to determine the nucleotide sequence using a double-stranded DNA plasmid as a template.

[0061] The double-stranded DNA plasmid used as the template can be obtained by the following method.

[0062] The clone derived from the whole genome shotgun library is inoculated into each well of a 24- or 96-well plate to which 1.5 ml per well of a 2 × YT medium (16 g/l bactotrypton, 10 g/l yeast extract, 5 g/l sodium chloride, pH 7.0) containing 0.05 mg/ml ampicillin has been added, followed by culturing under shaking at 37°C overnight.

[0063] The double-stranded DNA plasmid can be prepared from the culture solution using an automatic plasmid preparing machine KURABO PI-50 (manufactured by Kurabo Industries), a multiscreen (manufactured by Millipore) or the like, according to each protocol.

[0064] To purify the plasmid, Biomek 2000 manufactured by Beckman Coulter and the like can be used.

[0065] The resulting purified double-stranded DNA plasmid is dissolved in water to give a concentration of about 0.1 mg/ml. Then, it can be used as the template in sequencing.

(4-2) Sequencing reaction

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[0066] The sequencing reaction can be carried out according to a commercially available sequence kit or the like. A specific method is exemplified below.

[0067] To 6 μ l of a solution of ABI PRISM BigDye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (manufactured by PE Biosystems), 1 to 2 pmol of an M13 regular direction primer (M13-21) or an M13 reverse direction primer (MI3REV) (DNA Research, 5: 1-9 (1998)) and 50 to 200 ng of the template prepared in the above (4-1) (the PCR product or plasmid) to give 10 μ l of a sequencing reaction solution.

[0068] A dye terminator sequencing reaction (35 to 55 cycles) is carried out using this reaction solution and GeneAmp PCR System 9700 (manufactured by PE Biosystems) or the like. The cycle parameter can be determined in accordance with a commercially available kit, for example, the manufacture's instructions attached with ABI PRISM Big Dye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit.

[0069] The sample can be purified using a commercially available product, such as Multi Screen HV plate (manufactured by Millipore) or the like, according to the manufacture's instructions.

[0070] The thus purified reaction product is precipitated with ethanol, dried and then used for the analysis. The dried reaction product can be stored in the dark at -30°C and the stored reaction product can be used at any time.

[0071] The dried reaction product can be analyzed using a commercially available sequencer and an analyzer according to the manufacture's instructions.

[0072] Examples of the commercially available sequencer include ABI PRISM 377 DNA Sequencer (manufactured by PE Biosystems). Example of the analyzer include ABI PRISM 3700 DNA Analyzer (manufactured by PE Biosystems).

(5) Assembly

[0073] A software, such as phred (The University of Washington) or the like, can be used as base call for use in analyzing the sequence information obtained in the above (4). A software, such as Cross_Match (The University of Washington) or SPS Cross_Match (manufactured by Southwest Parallel Software) or the like, can be used to mask the vector sequence information.

[0074] For the assembly, a software, such as phrap (The University of Washington), SPS phrap (manufactured by Southwest Parallel Software) or the like, can be used.

[0075] In the above, analysis and output of the results thereof, a computer such as UNIX, PC, Macintosh, and the like can be used.

[0076] Contig obtained by the assembly can be analyzed using a graphical editor such as consed (The University of Wastington) or the like.

[0077] It is also possible to perform a series of the operations from the base call to the assembly in a lump using a script preedPhrap attached to the consed.

[0078] As used herein, software will be understood to also be referred to as a comparator.

(6) Determination of nucleotide sequence in gap part

[0079] Each of the cosmids in the cosmid library constructed in the above (3) is prepared in the same manner as in the preparation of the double-stranded DNA plasmid described in the above (4-1). The nucleotide sequence at the end of the insert fragment of the cosmid is determined using a commercially available kit, such as ABI PRISM BigDye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (manufactured by PE Biosystems) according to the manufacture's instructions.

[0080] About 800 cosmid clones are sequenced at both ends of the inserted fragment to detect a nucleotide sequence in the contig derived from the shotgun sequencing obtained in (5) which is coincident with the sequence. Thus, the chain linkage between respective cosmid clones and respective contigs are clarified, and mutual alignment is carried out. Furthermore, the results are compared with known physical maps to map the cosmids and the contigs. In case of Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032, a physical map of Mol. Gen. Genet., 252: 255-265 (1996) can be used.

[0081] The sequence in the region which cannot be covered with the contigs (gap part) can be determined by the

[0082] Clones containing sequences positioned at the ends of the contigs are selected. Among these, a clone wherein only one end of the inserted fragment has been determined is selected and the sequence at the opposite end of the inserted fragment is determined.

[0083] A shotgun library clone or a cosmid clone derived therefrom containing the sequences at the respective ends of the inserted fragments in the two contigs is identified and the full nucleotide sequence of the inserted fragment of the clone is determined.

[0084] According to this method, the nucleotide sequence of the gap part can be determined.

[0085] When no shotgun library clone or cosmid clone covering the gap part is available, primers complementary to the end sequences of the two different contigs are prepared and the DNA fragment in the gap part is amplified. Then, sequencing is performed by the primer walking method using the amplified DNA fragment as a template or by the shotgun method in which the sequence of a shotgun clone prepared from the amplified DNA fragment is determined. Thus, the nucleotide sequence of the above-described region can be determined.

[0086] In a region showing a low sequence accuracy, primers are synthesized using AUTOFINISH function and NAVIGATING function of consed (The University of Washington), and the sequence is determined by the primer walking method to improve the sequence accuracy.

[0087] Examples of the thus determined nucleotide sequence of the full genome include the full nucleotide sequence of genome of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 represented by SEQ ID NO:1.

(7) Determination of nucleotide sequence of microorganism genome DNA using the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1

[0088] A nucleotide sequence of a polynucleotide having a homology of 80% or more with the full nucleotide sequence of Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 represented by SEQ ID NO:1 as determined above can also be determined using the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, and the polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence having a homology of 80% or more with the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1 of the present invention is within the scope of the present invention. The term "polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence having a homology of 80% or more with the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1 of the present invention* is a polynucleotide in which a full nucleotide sequence of the chromosome DNA can be determined using as a primer an oligonucleotide composed of continuous 5 to 50 nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO: 1, for example, according to PCR using the chromosome DNA as a template. A particularly preferred primer in determination of the full nucleotide sequence is an oligonucleotide having nucleotide sequences which are positioned at the interval of about 300 to 500 bp, and among such oligonucleotides, an oligonucleotide having a nucleotide sequence selected from DNAs encoding a protein relating to a main metabolic pathway is particularly preferred. The polynucleotide in which the full nucleotide sequence of the chromosome DNA can be determined using the oligonucleotide includes polynucleotides constituting a chromosome DNA derived from a microorganism belonging to coryneform bacteria. Such a polynucleotide is preferably a polynucleotide constituting chromosome DNA derived from a microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium, more preferably a polynucleotide constituting a chromosome DNA of Corynebacterium glutamicum.

2. Identification of ORF (open reading frame) and expression regulatory fragment and determination of the function of ORF

50 [0089] Based on the full nucleotide sequence data of the genome derived from coryneform bacteria determined in the above item 1, an ORF and an expression modulating fragment can be identified. Furthermore, the function of the thus determined ORF can be determined.

[0090] The ORF means a continuous region in the nucleotide sequence of mRNA which can be translated as an amino acid sequence to mature to a protein. A region of the DNA coding for the ORF of mRNA is also called ORF.

[0091] The expression modulating fragment (hereinafter referred to as "EMF") is used herein to define a series of polynucleotide fragments which modulate the expression of the ORF or another sequence ligated operatably thereto. The expression "modulate the expression of a sequence ligated operatably" is used herein to refer to changes in the expression of a sequence due to the presence of the EMF. Examples of the EMF include a promoter, an operator, an

following method.

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enhancer, a silencer, a ribosome-binding sequence, a transcriptional termination sequence, and the like. In coryneform bacteria, an EMF is usually present in an intergenic segment (a fragment positioned between two genes; about 10 to 200 nucleotides in length). Accordingly, an EMF is frequently present in an intergenic segment of 10 nucleotides or longer. It is also possible to determine or discover the presence of an EMF by using known EMF sequences as a target sequence or a target structural motif (or a target motif) using an appropriate software or comparator, such as FASTA (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 85*: 2444-48 (1988)), BLAST (*J. Mol. Biol., 215*: 403-410 (1990)) or the like. Also, it can be identified and evaluated using a known EMF-capturing vector (for example, pKK232-8; manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech).

[0092] The term "target sequence" is used herein to refer to a nucleotide sequence composed of 6 or more nucleotides, an amino acid sequence composed of 2 or more amino acids, or a nucleotide sequence encoding this amino acid sequence composed of 2 or more amino acids. A longer target sequence appears at random in a data base at the lower possibility. The target sequence is preferably about 10 to 100 amino acid residues or about 30 to 300 nucleotide residues.

[0093] The term "target structural motif" or "target motif" is used herein to refer to a sequence or a combination of sequences selected optionally and reasonably. Such a motif is selected on the basis of the threedimensional structure formed by the folding of a polypeptide by means known to one of ordinary skill in the art. Various motives are known.

[0094] Examples of the target motif of a polypeptide include, but are not limited to, an enzyme activity site, a protein-protein interaction site, a signal sequence, and the like. Examples of the target motif of a nucleic acid include a promoter sequence, a transcriptional regulatory factor binding sequence, a hair pin structure, and the like.

[0095] Examples of highly useful EMF include a high-expression promoter, an inducible-expression promoter, and the like. Such an EMF can be obtained by positionally determining the nucleotide sequence of a gene which is known or expected as achieving high expression (for example, ribosomal RNA gene: GenBank Accession No. M16175 or Z46753) or a gene showing a desired induction pattern (for example, isocitrate lyase gene induced by acetic acid: Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 56782/93) via the alignment with the full genome nucleotide sequence determined in the above item 1, and isolating the genome fragment in the upstream part (usually 200 to 500 nucleotides from the translation initiation site). It is also possible to obtain a highly useful EMF by selecting an EMF showing a high expression efficiency or a desired induction pattern from among promoters captured by the EMF-capturing vector as described above.

[0096] The ORF can be identified by extracting characteristics common to individual ORFs, constructing a general model based on these characteristics, and measuring the conformity of the subject sequence with the model. In the identification, a software, such as GeneMark (*Nuc. Acids. Res., 22*: 4756-67 (1994): manufactured by GenePro)), GeneMark.hmm (manufactured by GenePro), GeneHacker (*Protein, Nucleic Acid and Enzyme, 42*: 3001-07 (1997)), Glimmer (*Nuc. Acids. Res., 26*: 544-548 (1998): manufactured by The Institute of Genomic Research), or the like, can be used. In using the software, the default (initial setting) parameters are usually used, though the parameters can be optionally changed.

[0097] In the above-described comparisons, a computer, such as UNIX, PC, Macintosh, or the like, can be used.
[0098] Examples of the ORF determined by the method of the present invention include ORFs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501 present in the genome of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* as represented by SEQ ID NO:1. In these ORFs, polypeptides having the amino acid sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001 are encoded.

[0099] The function of an ORF can be determined by comparing the identified amino acid sequence of the ORF with known homologous sequences using a homology searching software or comparator, such as BLAST, FAST, Smith & Waterman (*Meth. Enzym., 164*: 765 (1988)) or the like on an amino acid data base, such as Swith-Prot, PIR, GenBank-nr-aa, GenPept constituted by protein-encoding domains derived from GenBank data base, OWL or the like.

[0100] Furthermore, by the homology searching, the identity and similarity with the amino acid sequences of known proteins can also be analyzed.

[0101] With respect of the term "identity" used herein, where two polypeptides each having 10 amino acids are different in the positions of 3 amino acids, these polypeptides have an identity of 70% with each other. In case wherein one of the different 3 amino acids is analogue (for example, leucine and isoleucine), these polypeptides have a similarity of 909/

[0102] As a specific example, Table 1 shows the registration numbers in known data bases of sequences which are judged as having the highest similarity with the nucleotide sequence of the ORF derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032, genes of these sequences, functions of these genes, and identities thereof compared with known amino acid translation sequences.

[0103] Thus, a great number of novel genes derived from coryneform bacteria can be identified by determining the full nucleotide sequence of the genome derived from coryneform bacterium by the means of the present invention. Moreover, the function of the proteins encoded by these genes can be determined. Since coryneform bacteria are industrially highly useful microorganisms, many of the identified genes are industrially useful.

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[0104] Moreover, the characteristics of respective microorganisms can be clarified by classifying the functions thus determined. As a result, valuable information in breeding is obtained.

[0105] Furthermore, from the ORF information derived from coryneform bacteria, the ORF corresponding to the microorganism is prepared and obtained according to the general method as disclosed in *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed. or the like. Specifically, an oligonucleotide having a nucleotide sequence adjacent to the ORF is synthesized, and the ORF can be isolated and obtained using the oligonucleotide as a primer and a chromosome DNA derived from coryneform bacteria as a template according to the general PCR cloning technique. Thus obtained ORF sequences include polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501.

[0106] The ORF or primer can be prepared using a polypeptide synthesizer based on the above sequence information.

[0107] Examples of the polynucleotide of the present invention include a polynucleotide containing the nucleotide sequence of the ORF obtained in the above, and a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions.

[0108] The polynucleotide of the present invention can be a single-stranded DNA, a double-stranded DNA and a single-stranded RNA, though it is not limited thereto.

[0109] The polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide containing the nucleotide sequence of the ORF obtained in the above under stringent conditions includes a degenerated mutant of the ORF. A degenerated mutant is a polynucleotide fragment having a nucleotide sequence which is different from the sequence of the ORF of the present invention which encodes the same amino acid sequence by degeneracy of a gene code.

[0110] Specific examples include a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, and a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions.

[0111] A polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent conditions is a polynucleotide obtained by colony hybridization, plaque hybridization, Southern blot hybridization or the like using, as a probe, the polynucleotide having the nucleotide sequence of the ORF identified in the above. Specific examples include a polynucleotide which can be identified by carrying out hybridization at 65°C in the presence of 0.7-1.0 M NaCl using a filter on which a polynucleotide prepared from colonies or plaques is immobilized, and then washing the filter with 0.1x to 2x SSC solution (the composition of lx SSC contains 150 mM sodium chloride and 15 mM sodium citrate) at 65°C.

[0112] The hybridization can be carried out in accordance with known methods described in, for example, *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, DNA Cloning 1: Core Techniques, A Practical Approach*, Second Edition, Oxford University (1995) or the like. Specific examples of the polynucleotide which can be hybridized include a DNA having a homology of 60% or more, preferably 80% or more, and particularly preferably 95% or more, with the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NO:2 to 3431 when calculated using default (initial setting) parameters of a homology searching software, such as BLAST, FASTA, Smith-Waterman or the like.

[0113] Also, the polynucleotide of the present invention includes a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931 and a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions.

[0114] Furthermore, the polynucleotide of the present invention includes a polynucleotide which is present in the 5' upstream or 3' downstream region of a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS: 2 to 3431 in a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, and has an activity of regulating an expression of a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide. Specific examples of the polynucleotide having an activity of regulating an expression of a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide includes a polynucleotide encoding the above described EMF, such as a promoter, an operator, an enhancer, a silencer, a ribosome-binding sequence, a transcriptional termination sequence, and the like.

[0115] The primer used for obtaining the ORF according to the above PCR cloning technique includes an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence which is the same as a sequence of 10 to 200 continuous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of the ORF and an adjacent region or an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence which is complementary to the oligonucleotide. Specific examples include an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence which is the same as a sequence of 10 to 200 continuous nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431, and an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to the oligonucleotide comprising a sequence of at least 10 to 20 continuous nucleotide of any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431. When the primers are used as a sense primer and an antisense primer, the above-described oligonucleotides in which melting temperature (T_m) and the number of nucleotides are not significantly different from each other are preferred.

[0116] The oligonucleotide of the present invention includes an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence which is the same as 10 to 200 continuous nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431 or an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to the oligonucleotide.

[0117] Also, analogues of these oligonucleotides (hereinafter also referred to as "analogous oligonucleotides") are also provided by the present invention and are useful in the methods described herein.

[0118] Examples of the analogous oligonucleotides include analogous oligonucleotides in which a phosphodiester

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bond in an oligonucleotide is converted to a phosphorothioate bond, analogous oligonucleotides in which a phosphodiester bond in an oligonucleotide is converted to an N3'-P5' phosphoamidate bond, analogous oligonucleotides in which ribose and a phosphodiester bond in an oligonucleotide is converted to a peptide nucleic acid bond, analogous oligonucleotides in which uracil in an oligonucleotide is replaced with C-5 propynyluracil, analogous oligonucleotides in which uracil in an oligonucleotide is replaced with C-5 thiazoluracil, analogous oligonucleotides in which cytosine in an oligonucleotide is replaced with C-5 propynylcytosine, analogous oligonucleotides in which cytosine in an oligonucleotide is replaced with phenoxazine-modified cytosine, analogous oligonucleotides in which ribose in an oligonucleotide is replaced with 2'-O-propylribose, analogous oligonucleotides in which ribose in an oligonucleotide with 2'-methoxyethoxyribose, and the like (*Cell Engineering*, 16: 1463 (1997)).

[0119] The above oligonucleotides and analogous oligonucleotides of the present invention can be used as probes for hybridization and antisense nucleic acids described below in addition to as primers.

[0120] Examples of a primer for the antisense nucleic acid techniques known in the art include an oligonucleotide which hybridizes the oligonucleotide of the present invention under stringent conditions and has an activity regulating expression of the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, in addition to the above oligonucleotide.

3. Determination of isozymes

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[0121] Many mutants of coryneform bacteria which are useful in the production of useful substances, such as amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids, and the like, are obtained by the present invention.

[0122] However, since the gene sequence data of the microorganism has been, to date, insufficient, useful mutants have been obtained by mutagenic techniques using a mutagen, such as nitrosoguanidine (NTG) or the like.

[0123] Although genes can be mutated randomly by the mutagenic method using the above-described mutagen, all genes encoding respective isozymes having similar properties relating to the metabolism of intermediates cannot be mutated. In the mutagenic method using a mutagen, genes are mutated randomly. Accordingly, harmful mutations worsening culture characteristics, such as delay in growth, accelerated foaming, and the like, might be imparted at a great frequency, in a random manner.

[0124] However, if gene sequence information is available, such as is provided by the present invention, it is possible to mutate all of the genes encoding target isozymes. In this case, harmful mutations may be avoided and the target mutation can be incorporated.

[0125] Namely, an accurate number and sequence information of the target isozymes in coryneform bacteria can be obtained based on the ORF data obtained in the above item 2. By using the sequence information, all of the target isozyme genes can be mutated into genes having the desired properties by, for example, the site-specific mutagenesis method described in *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed. to obtain useful mutants having elevated productivity of useful substances.

4. Clarification or determination of biosynthesis pathway and signal transmission pathway

[0126] Attempts have been made to elucidate biosynthesis pathways and signal transmission pathways in a number of organisms, and many findings have been reported. However, there are many unknown aspects of coryneform bacteria since a number of genes have not been identified so far.

[0127] These unknown points can be clarified by the following method.

[0128] The functional information of ORF derived from coryneform bacteria as identified by the method of above item 2 is arranged. The term "arranged" means that the ORF is classified based on the biosynthesis pathway of a substance or the signal transmission pathway to which the ORF belongs using known information according to the functional information. Next, the arranged ORF sequence information is compared with enzymes on the biosynthesis pathways or signal transmission pathways of other known organisms. The resulting information is combined with known data on coryneform bacteria. Thus, the biosynthesis pathways and signal transmission pathways in coryneform bacteria, which have been unknown so far, can be determined.

[0129] As a result that these pathways which have been unknown or unclear hitherto are clarified, a useful mutant for producing a target useful substance can be efficiently obtained.

[0130] When the thus clarified pathway is judged as important in the synthesis of a useful product, a useful mutant can be obtained by selecting a mutant wherein this pathway has been strengthened. Also, when the thus clarified pathway is judged as not important in the biosynthesis of the target useful product, a useful mutant can be obtained by selecting a mutant wherein the utilization frequency of this pathway is lowered.

5. Clarification or determination of useful mutation point

[0131] Many useful mutants of coryneform bacteria which are suitable for the production of useful substances, such

as amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids, and the like, have been obtained. However, it is hardly known which mutation point is imparted to a gene to improve the productivity.

[0132] However, mutation points contained in production strains can be identified by comparing desired sequences of the genome DNA of the production strains obtained from coryneform bacteria by the mutagenic technique with the nucleotide sequences of the corresponding genome DNA and ORF derived from coryneform bacteria determined by the methods of the above items 1 and 2 and analyzing them

[0133] Moreover, effective mutation points contributing to the production can be easily specified from among these mutation points on the basis of known information relating to the metabolic pathways, the metabolic regulatory mechanisms, the structure activity correlation of enzymes, and the like.

[0134] When any efficient mutation can be hardly specified based on known data, the mutation points thus identified can be introduced into a wild strain of coryneform bacteria or a production strain free of the mutation. Then, it is examined whether or not any positive effect can be achieved on the production.

[0135] For example, by comparing the nucleotide sequence of homoserine dehydrogenase gene hom of a lysine-producing B-6 strain of Corynebacterium glutamicum (Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol., 32: 269-273 (1989)) with the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the genome of Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 according to the present invention, a mutation of amino acid replacement in which valine at the 59-position is replaced with alanine (Val59Ala) was identified. A strain obtained by introducing this mutation into the ATCC 13032 strain by the gene replacement method can produce lysine, which indicates that this mutation is an effective mutation contributing to the production of lysine.

[0136] Similarly, by comparing the nucleotide sequence of pyruvate carboxylase gene pyc of the B-6 strain with the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the ATCC 13032 genome, a mutation of amino acid replacement in which proline at the 458-position was replaced with serine (Pro458Ser) was identified. A strain obtained by introducing this mutation into a lysine-producing strain of No. 58 (FERM BP-7134) of Corynebacterium glutamicum free of this mutation shows an improved lysine productivity in comparison with the No. 58 strain, which indicates that this mutation is an effective mutation contributing to the production of lysine.

[0137] In addition, a mutation A1a213Thr in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase was specified as an effective mutation relating to the production of lysine by detecting glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase gene zwl of the B-6 strain.
[0138] Furthermore, the lysine-productivity of Corynebacterium glutamicum was improved by replacing the base at the 932-position of aspartokinase gene lysC of the Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 genome with cytosine to thereby replace threonine at the 311-position by isoleucine, which indicates that this mutation is an effective mutation contributing to the production of lysine.

[0139] Also, as another method to examine whether or not the identified mutation point is an effective mutation, there is a method in which the mutation possessed by the lysine-producing strain is returned to the sequence of a wild type strain by the gene replacement method and whether or not it has a negative influence on the lysine productivity. For example, when the amino acid replacement mutation Val59Ala possessed by *hom* of the lysine-producing B-6 strain was returned to a wild type amino acid sequence, the lysine productivity was lowered in comparison with the B-6 strain. Thus, it was found that this mutation is an effective mutation contributing to the production of lysine.

[0140] Effective mutation points can be more efficiently and comprehensively extracted by combining, if needed, the DNA array analysis or proteome analysis described below.

6. Method of breeding industrially advantageous production strain

[0141] It has been a general practice to construct production strains, which are used industrially in the fermentation production of the target useful substances, such as amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids, and the like, by repeating mutagenesis and breeding based on random mutagenesis using mutagens, such as NTG or the like, and screening.

[0142] In recent years, many examples of improved production strains have been made through the use of recombinant DNA techniques. In breeding, however, most of the parent production strains to be improved are mutants obtained by a conventional mutagenic procedure (W. Leuchtenberger, *Amino Acids - Technical Production and Use.* In: Roehr (ed) Biotechnology, second edition, vol. 6, products of primary metabolism. VCH Verlagsgesellschaft mbH, Weinheim, P 465 (1996)).

[0143] Although mutagenesis methods have largely contributed to the progress of the fermentation industry, they suffer from a serious problem of multiple, random introduction of mutations into every part of the chromosome. Since many mutations are accumulated in a single chromosome each time a strain is improved, a production strain obtained by the random mutation and selecting is generally inferior in properties (for example, showing poor growth, delayed consumption of saccharides, and poor resistance to stresses such as temperature and oxygen) to a wild type strain, which brings about troubles such as failing to establish a sufficiently elevated productivity, being frequently contaminated with miscellaneous bacteria, requiring troublesome procedures in culture maintenance, and the like, and, in its

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turn, elevating the production cost in practice. In addition, the improvement in the productivity is based on random mutations and thus the mechanism thereof is unclear. Therefore, it is very difficult to plan a rational breeding strategy for the subsequent improvement in the productivity.

[0144] According to the present invention, effective mutation points contributing to the production can be efficiently specified from among many mutation points accumulated in the chromosome of a production strain which has been bred from coryneform bacteria and, therefore, a novel breeding method of assembling these effective mutations in the coryneform bacteria can be established. Thus, a useful production strain can be reconstructed. It is also possible to construct a useful production strain from a wild type strain.

[0145] Specifically, a useful mutant can be constructed in the following manner.

[0145] One of the mutation points is incorporated into a wild type strain of coryneform bacteria. Then, it is examined whether or not a positive effect is established on the production. When a positive effect is obtained, the mutation point is saved. When no effect is obtained, the mutation point is removed. Subsequently, only a strain having the effective mutation point is used as the parent strain, and the same procedure is repeated. In general, the effectiveness of a mutation positioned upstream cannot be clearly evaluated in some cases when there is a rate-determining point in the downstream of a biosynthesis pathway. It is therefore preferred to successively evaluate mutation points upward from downstream.

[0147] By reconstituting effective mutations by the method as described above in a wild type strain or a strain which has a high growth speed or the same ability to consume saccharides as the wild type strain, it is possible to construct an industrially advantageous strain which is free of troubles in the previous methods as described above and to conduct fermentation production using such strains within a short time or at a higher temperature.

[0148] For example, a lysine-producing mutant B-6 (Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol., 32: 262-273 (1989)), which is obtained by multiple rounds of random mutagenesis from a wild type strain Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032, enables lysine fermentation to be performed at a temperature between 30 and 34°C but shows lowered growth and lysine productivity at a temperature exceeding 34°C. Therefore, the fermentation temperature should be maintained at 34°C or lower. In contrast thereto, the production strain described in the above item 5, which is obtained by reconstituting effective mutations relating to lysine production, can achieve a productivity at 40 to 42°C equal or superior to the result obtained by culturing at 30 to 34°C. Therefore, this strain is industrially advantageous since it can save the load of cooling during the fermentation.

[0149] When culture should be carried out at a high temperature exceeding 43°C, a production strain capable of conducting fermentation production at a high temperature exceeding 43°C can be obtained by reconstituting useful mutations in a microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium* which can grow at high temperature exceeding 43°C. Examples of the microorganism capable of growing at a high temperature exceeding 43°C include *Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes*, such as *Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes* FERM 9244, FERM 9245, FERM 9246 and FERM 9247.

[0150] A strain having a further improved productivity of the target product can be obtained using the thus reconstructed strain as the parent strain and further breeding it using the conventional mutagenesis method, the gene amplification method, the gene replacement method using the recombinant DNA technique, the transduction method or the cell fusion method. Accordingly, the microorganism of the present invention includes, but is not limited to, a mutant, a cell fusion strain, a transformant, a transductant or a recombinant strain constructed by using recombinant DNA techniques, so long as it is a producing strain obtained via the step of accumulating at least two effective mutations in a corvneform bacteria in the course of breeding.

[0151] When a mutation point judged as being harmful to the growth or production is specified, on the other hand, it is examined whether or not the producing strain used at present contains the mutation point. When it has the mutation, it can be returned to the wild type gene and thus a further useful production strain can be bred.

[0152] The breeding method as described above is applicable to microorganisms, other than coryneform bacteria, which have industrially advantageous properties (for example, microorganisms capable of quickly utilizing less expensive carbon sources, microorganisms capable of growing at higher temperatures).

- 7. Production and utilization of polynucleotide array
- (1) Production of polynucleotide array

[0153] A polynucleotide array can be produced using the polynucleotide or oligonucleotide of the present invention obtained in the above items 1 and 2.

[0154] Examples include a polynucleotide array comprising a solid support to which at least one of a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501, a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions, and a polynucleotide comprising 10 to 200 continuous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotide is adhered; and a polynucleotide array comprising a solid support to

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which at least one of a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions, and a polynucleotide comprising 10 to 200 continuous bases in the nucleotide sequences of the polynucleotides is adhered.

[0155] Polynucleotide arrays of the present invention include substrates known in the art, such as a DNA chip, a DNA microarray and a DNA macroarray, and the like, and comprises a solid support and plural polynucleotides or fragments thereof which are adhered to the surface of the solid support.

[0156] Examples of the solid support include a glass plate, a nylon membrane, and the like.

[0157] The polynucleotides or fragments thereof adhered to the surface of the solid support can be adhered to the surface of the solid support using the general technique for preparing arrays. Namely, a method in which they are adhered to a chemically surface-treated solid support, for example, to which a polycation such as polylysine or the like has been adhered (*Nat. Genet.*, 21: 15-19 (1999)). The chemically surface-treated supports are commercially available and the commercially available solid product can be used as the solid support of the polynucleotide array according to the present invention.

[0158] As the polynucleotides or oligonucleotides adhered to the solid support, the polynucleotides and oligonucleotides of the present invention obtained in the above items 1 and 2 can be used.

[0159] The analysis described below can be efficiently performed by adhering the polynucleotides or oligonucleotides to the solid support at a high density, though a high fixation density is not always necessary.

[0160] Apparatus for achieving a high fixation density, such as an arrayer robot or the like, is commercially available from Takara Shuzo (GMS417 Arrayer), and the commercially available product can be used.

[0161] Also, the oligonucleotides of the present invention can be synthesized directly on the solid support by the photolithography method or the like (*Nat. Genet., 21*: 20-24 (1999)). In this method, a linker having a protective group which can be removed by light irradiation is first adhered to a solid support, such as a slide glass or the like. Then, it is irradiated with light through a mask (a photolithograph mask) permeating light exclusively at a definite part of the adhesion part. Next, an oligonucleotide having a protective group which can be removed by light irradiation is added to the part. Thus, a ligation reaction with the nucleotide arises exclusively at the irradiated part. By repeating this procedure, oligonucleotides, each having a desired sequence, different from each other can be synthesized in respective parts. Usually, the oligonucleotides to be synthesized have a length of 10 to 30 nucleotides.

(2) Use of polynucleotide array

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[0162] The following procedures (a) and (b) can be carried out using the polynucleotide array prepared in the above (1).

(a) Identification of mutation point of coryneform bacterium mutant and analysis of expression amount and expression profile of gene encoded by genome

[0163] By subjecting a gene derived from a mutant of coryneform bacteria or an examined gene to the following steps (i) to (iv), the mutation point of the gene can be identified or the expression amount and expression profile of the gene can be analyzed:

- (i) producing a polynucleotide array by the method of the above (1);
- (ii) incubating polynucleotides immobilized on the polynucleotide array together with the labeled gene derived from a mutant of the coryneform bacterium using the polynucleotide array produced in the above (i) under hybridization conditions;
- (iii) detecting the hybridization; and
- (iv) analyzing the hybridization data.

[0164] The gene derived from a mutant of coryneform bacteria or the examined gene include a gene relating to biosynthesis of at least one selected from amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids, and analogues thereof.

[0165] The method will be described in detail.

[0166] A single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) in a human region of 2,300 kb has been identified using polynucleotide arrays (*Science*, 280: 1077-82 (1998)). In accordance with the method of identifying SNP and methods described in *Science*, 278: 680-686 (1997); *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 96: 12833-38 (1999); *Science*, 284: 1520-23 (1999), and the like using the polynucleotide array produced in the above (1) and a nucleic acid molecule (DNA, RNA) derived from coryneform bacteria in the method of the hybridization, a mutation point of a useful mutant, which is useful in producing an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, or the like can be identified and the gene

expression amount and the expression profile thereof can be analyzed.

[0167] The nucleic acid molecule (DNA, RNA) derived from the coryneform bacteria can be obtained according to the general method described in *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed. or the like. mRNA derived from *Corynebacterium glutamicum* can also be obtained by the method of Bormann et al. (*Molecular Microbiology*, 6: 317-326 (1992)) or the like.

- [0168] Although ribosomal RNA (rRNA) is usually obtained in large excess in addition to the target mRNA, the analysis is not seriously disturbed thereby.
 - [0169] The resulting nucleic acid molecule derived from coryneform bacteria is labeled. Labeling can be carried out according to a method using a fluorescent dye, a method using a radioisotope or the like.
 - [0170] Specific examples include a labeling method in which psoralen-biotin is crosslinked with RNA extracted from a microorganism and, after hybridization reaction, a fluorescent dye having streptoavidin bound thereto is bound to the biotin moiety (*Nat. Biotechnol., 16*: 45-48 (1998)); a labeling method in which a reverse transcription reaction is carried out using RNA extracted from a microorganism as a template and random primers as primers, and dUTP having a fluorescent dye (for example, Cy3, Cy5) (manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) is incorporated into cDNA (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 96*: 12833-38 (1999)); and the like.
- [0171] The labeling specificity can be improved by replacing the random primers by sequences complementary to the 3'-end of ORF (*J. Bacteriol., 181*: 6425-40 (1999)).
 - [0172] In the hybridization method, the hybridization and subsequent washing can be carried out by the general method (*Nat. Bioctechnol.*, 14: 1675-80 (1996), or the like).
 - [0173] Subsequently, the hybridization intensity is measured depending on the hybridization amount of the nucleic acid molecule used in the labeling. Thus, the mutation point can be identified and the expression amount of the gene can be calculated.
 - [0174] The hybridization intensity can be measured by visualizing the fluorescent signal, radioactivity, luminescence dose, and the like, using a laser confocal microscope, a CCD camera, a radiation imaging device (for example, STORM manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech), and the like, and then quantifying the thus visualized data.
- 25 [0175] A polynucleotide array on a solid support can also be analyzed and quantified using a commercially available apparatus, such as GMS418 Array Scanner (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) or the like.
 - [0176] The gene expression amount can be analyzed using a commercially available software (for example, ImaGene manufactured by Takara Shuzo; Array Gauge manufactured by Fuji Photo Film; ImageQuant manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, or the like).
- 30 [0177] A fluctuation in the expression amount of a specific gene can be monitored using a nucleic acid molecule obtained in the time course of culture as the nucleic acid molecule derived from coryneform bacteria. The culture conditions can be optimized by analyzing the fluctuation.
 - [0178] The expression profile of the microorganism at the total gene level (namely, which genes among a great number of genes encoded by the genome have been expressed and the expression ratio thereof) can be determined using a nucleic acid molecule having the sequences of many genes determined from the full genome sequence of the microorganism. Thus, the expression amount of the genes determined by the full genome sequence can be analyzed and, in its turn, the biological conditions of the microorganism can be recognized as the expression pattern at the full gene level.
- 40 (b) Confirmation of the presence of gene homologous to examined gene in coryneform bacteria
 - [0179] Whether or not a gene homologous to the examined gene, which is present in an organism other than coryneform bacteria, is present in coryneform bacteria can be detected using the polynucleotide array prepared in the above (1).
- [0180] This detection can be carried out by a method in which an examined gene which is present in an organism other than coryneform bacteria is used instead of the nucleic acid molecule derived from coryneform bacteria used in the above identification/analysis method of (1).
- 8. Recording medium storing full genome nucleotide sequence and ORF data and being readable by a computer and methods for using the same
 - [0181] The term "recording medium or storage device which is readable by a computer" means a recording medium or storage medium which can be directly readout and accessed with a computer. Examples include magnetic recording media, such as a floppy disk, a hard disk, a magnetic tape, and the like; optical recording media, such as CD-ROM, CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-ROM, DVD-RAM, DVD-RW, and the like; electric recording media, such as RAM, ROM, and the like; and hybrids in these categories (for example, magnetic/optical recording media, such as MO and the like).
 - [0182] Instruments for recording or inputting in or on the recording medium or instruments or devices for reading out the information in the recording medium can be appropriately selected, depending on the type of the recording medium

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and the access device utilized. Also, various data processing programs, software, comparator and formats are used for recording and utilizing the polynucleotide sequence information or the like. of the present invention in the recording medium. The information can be expressed in the form of a binary file, a text file or an ASCII file formatted with commercially available software, for example. Moreover, software for accessing the sequence information is available and known to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0183] Examples of the information to be recorded in the above-described medium include the full genome nucleotide sequence information of coryneform bacteria as obtained in the above item 2, the nucleotide sequence information of ORF, the amino acid sequence information encoded by the ORF, and the functional information of polynucleotides coding for the amino acid sequences.

[0184] The recording medium or storage device which is readable by a computer according to the present invention refers to a medium in which the information of the present invention has been recorded. Examples include recording media or storage devices which are readable by a computer storing the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, the amino acid sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, the functional information of the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, the functional information of the amino acid sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, and the information listed in Table 1 below and the like.

9. System based on a computer using the recording medium of the present invention which is readable by a computer

[0185] The term "system based on a computer" as used herein refers a system composed of hardware device(s), software device(s), and data recording device(s) which are used for analyzing the data recorded in the recording medium of the present invention which is readable by a computer.

[0186] The hardware device(s) are, for example, composed of an input unit, a data recording unit, a central processing unit and an output unit collectively or individually.

[0187] By the software device(s), the data recorded in the recording medium of the present invention are searched or analyzed using the recorded data and the hardware device(s) as described herein. Specifically, the software device (s) contain at least one program which acts on or with the system in order to screen, analyze or compare biologically meaningful structures or information from the nucleotide sequences, amino acid sequences and the like recorded in the recording medium according to the present invention.

[0188] Examples of the software device(s) for identifying ORF and EMF domains include GeneMark (*Nuc. Acids. Res., 22*: 4756-67 (1994)), GeneHacker (*Protein, Nucleic Acid and Enzyme, 42*: 3001-07 (1997)), Glimmer (The Institute of Genomic Research; *Nuc. Acids. Res., 26*: 544-548 (1998)) and the like. In the process of using such a software device, the default (initial setting) parameters are usually used, although the parameters can be changed, if necessary, in a manner known to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0189] Examples of the software device(s) for identifying a genome domain or a polypeptide domain analogous to the target sequence or the target structural motif (homology searching) include FASTA, BLAST, Smith-Waterman, GenetyxMac (manufactured by Software Development), GCG Package (manufactured by Genetic Computer Group), GenCore (manufactured by Compugen), and the like. In the process of using such a software device, the default (initial setting) parameters are usually used, although the parameters can be changed, if necessary, in a manner known to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0190] Such a recording medium storing the full genome sequence data is useful in preparing a polynucleotide array by which the expression amount of a gene encoded by the genome DNA of coryneform bacteria and the expression profile at the total gene level of the microorganism, namely, which genes among many genes encoded by the genome have been expressed and the expression ratio thereof, can be determined.

[0191] The data recording device(s) provided by the present invention are, for example, memory device(s) for recording the data recorded in the recording medium of the present invention and target sequence or target structural motif data, or the like, and a memory accessing device(s) for accessing the same.

[0192] Namely, the system based on a computer according to the present invention comprises the following:

- (i) a user input device that inputs the information stored in the recording medium of the present invention, and target sequence or target structure motif information;
- (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
- (iii) a comparator that compares the information stored in the recording medium of the present invention with the target sequence or target structure motif information, recorded by the data storing device of (ii) for screening and analyzing nucleotide sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
- (iv) an output device that shows a screening or analyzing result obtained by the comparator.

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[0193] This system is usable in the methods in items 2 to 5 as described above for searching and analyzing the CRF and EMF domains, target sequence, target structural motif, etc. of a coryneform bacterium, searching homologis, searching and analyzing isozymes, determining the biosynthesis pathway and the signal transmission pathway, sad identifying spots which have been found in the proteome analysis. The term "homologs" as used herein includes both of orthologs and paralogs.

10. Production of polypeptide using ORF derived from coryneform bacteria

[0194] The polypeptide of the present invention can be produced using a polynucleotide comprising the ORF obtained in the above item 2. Specifically, the polypeptide of the present invention can be produced by expressing the polynucleotide of the present invention or a fragment thereof in a host cell, using the method described in *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, and the like, for example, according to the following method.

[0195] A DNA fragment having a suitable length containing a part encoding the polypeptide is prepared from the full length ORF sequence, if necessary.

[0196] Also, DNA in which nucleotides in a nucleotide sequence at a part encoding the polypeptide of the present invention are replaced to give a codon suitable for expression of the host cell, if necessary. The DNA is useful for efficiently producing the polypeptide of the present invention.

[0197] A recombinant vector is prepared by inserting the DNA fragment into the downstream of a promoter in a suitable expression vector.

[0198] The recombinant vector is introduced to a host cell suitable for the expression vector.

[0199] Any of bacteria, yeasts, animal cells, insect cells, plant cells, and the like can be used as the host cell as it can be expressed in the gene of interest.

[0200] Examples of the expression vector include those which can replicate autonomously in the above-described host cell or can be integrated into chromosome and have a promoter at such a position that the DNA encouring the polypeptide of the present invention can be transcribed.

[0201] When a procaryote cell, such as a bacterium or the like, is used as the host cell, it is preferred that the recombinant vector containing the DNA encoding the polypeptide of the present invention can replicate autonomously in the bacterium and is a recombinant vector constituted by, at least a promoter, a ribosome binding sequence, the DNA of the present invention and a transcription termination sequence. A promoter controlling gene can also be contained therewith in operable combination.

[0202] Examples of the expression vectors include a vector plasmid which is replicable in Corynebacterium glutamicum, such as pCGI (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 134500/82), pCG2 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 35197/83), pCG4 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 183799/82), pCG11 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 134500/82), pCG116, pCE54 and pCB101 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 105999/83), pCE51, pCE52 and pCE53 (Mol. Gen. Genet., 196: 175-178 (1984)), and the like; a vector plasmid which is replicable in Escherichia coli, such as pET3 and pET11 (manufactured by Stratagene), pBAD, pThioHis and pTrcHis (manufactured by Invitrogen), pKK223-3 and pGEX2T (manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech), and the like; and pBTrp2, pBTac1 and pBTac2 (manufactured by Boehringer Mannheim Co.), pSE280 (manufactured by Invitrogen), pGEMEX-1 (manufactured by Promega), pQE-8 (manufactured by QIAGEN), pKYP10 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 110600/83), pKYP200 (Agric. Biol. Chem., 48: 669 (1984)), pLSA1 (Agric. Biol. Chem., 53: 277 (1989)), pGEL1 (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 82: 4306 (1985)), pBluescript II SK(-) (manufactured by Stratagene), pTrs30 (prepared from Escherichia coli JM109/pTrS30 (FERM BP-5407)), pTrs32 (prepared from Escherichia coli JM109/pTrS32 (FERM BP-5408)), pGHA2 (prepared from Escherichia coli IGHA2 (FERM B-400), Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 221091/85), pGKA2 (prepared from Escherichia coli IGKA2 (FERM BP-6798), Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 221091/85), pTerm2 (U.S. Patents 4,686,191, 4,939,094 and 5,160,735), pSupex, pUB110, pTP5, pC194 and pEG400 (J. Bacteriol., 172: 2392 (1990)), pGEX (manufactured by Pharmacia), pET system (manufactured by Novagen), and the like.

[0203] Any promoter can be used so long as it can function in the host cell. Examples include promoters derived from *Escherichia coli*, phage and the like, such as *trp* promoter (P_{trp}), *lac* promoter, P_L promoter, P_R promoter, P_R promoter, P_R promoter and the like. Also, artificially designed and modified promoters, such as a promoter in which two P_{trp} are linked in series ($P_{+rp} \times 2$), *tac* promoter, *lac*T7 promoter *let*t promoter and the like, can be used.

[0204] It is preferred to use a plasmid in which the space between Shine-Dalgamo sequence which is the ribosome binding sequence and the initiation codon is adjusted to an appropriate distance (for example, 6 to 18 nucleotides).

[0205] The transcription termination sequence is not always necessary for the expression of the DNA of the present invention. However, it is preferred to arrange the transcription terminating sequence at just downstream of the structural gene.

[0206] One of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the codons of the above-described elements may be opti-

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mized, in a known manner, depending on the host cells and environmental conditions utilized.

[0207] Examples of the host cell include microorganisms belonging to the genus *Escherichia*, the genus *Serratia*, the genus *Bacillus*, the genus *Brevibacterium*, the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Microbacterium*, the genus *Pseudomonas*, and the like. Specific examples include *Escherichia coli* XL1-Blue, *Escherichia coli* XL2-Blue, *Escherichia coli* DH1, *Escherichia coli* MC1000, *Escherichia coli* KY3276, *Escherichia coli* W1485, *Escherichia coli* JM109, *Escherichia coli* HB101, *Escherichia coli* No. 49, *Escherichia coli* W3110, *Escherichia coli* NY49, *Escherichia coli* Gl698, *Escherichia coli* TB1, *Serratia ficaria*, *Serratia fonticola*, *Serratia liquefaciens*, *Serratia marcescens*, *Bacillus subtilis*, *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens*, *Corynebacterium ammonia genes*, *Brevibacterium immariophilum* ATCC 14068, *Brevibacterium saccharolyticum* ATCC 14066, *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032, *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13869, *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 14067 (prior genus and species: *Brevibacterium flavum*), *Corynebacterium lactofermentum*), *Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum* ATCC 13870, *Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes* FERM 9244, *Microbacterium ammoniaphilum* ATCC 15354, *Pseudomonas putida*, *Pseudomonas* sp. D-0110, and the like.

[0208] When Corynebacterium glutamicum or an analogous microorganism is used as a host, an EMF necessary for expressing the polypeptide is not always contained in the vector so long as the polynucleotide of the present invention contains an EMF. When the EMF is not contained in the polynucleotide, it is necessary to prepare the EMF separately and ligate it so as to be in operable combination. Also, when a higher expression amount or specific expression regulation is necessary, it is necessary to ligate the EMF corresponding thereto so as to put the EMF in operable combination with the polynucleotide. Examples of using an externally ligated EMF are disclosed in Microbiology, 142, 1297-1309 (1996).

[0209] With regard to the method for the introduction of the recombinant vector, any method for introducing DNA into the above-described host cells, such as a method in which a calcium ion is used (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 69*: 2110 (1972)). a protoplast method (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 2483942/88), the methods described in *Gene, 17*: 107 (1982) and *Molecular & General Genetics, 168*: 111 (1979) and the like, can be used.

[0210] When yeast is used as the host cell, examples of the expression vector include pYES2 (manufactured by Invitrogen). YEp13 (ATCC 37115), YEp24 (ATCC 37051), YCp50 (ATCC 37419), pHS19, pHS15, and the like.

[0211] Any promoter can be used so long as it can be expressed in yeast. Examples include a promoter of a gene in the glycolytic pathway, such as hexose kinase and the like, PHO5 promoter, PGK promoter, GAP promoter, ADH promoter, gal 10 promoter, a heat shock protein promoter, MF all promoter, CUP 1 promoter, and the like.

[0212] Examples of the host cell include microorganisms belonging to the genus Saccharomyces, the genus Schwosaccharomyces, the genus Trichosporon, the genus Schwanniomyces, the genus Pichia. The genus Candida and the like. Specific examples include Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Schizosaccharomyces pombe. Kluyveromyces lactis, Trichosporon pullulans, Schwanniomyces alluvius, Candida utilis and the like.

[0213] With regard to the method for the introduction of the recombinant vector, any method for introducing DNA into yeast such as an electroporation method (*Methods. Enzymol., 194*: 182 (1990)), a spheroplast method (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 75*: 1929 (1978)), a lithium acetate method (*J. Bacteriol., 153*: 163 (1983)), a method described in *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 75*: 1929 (1978) and the like, can be used.

[0214] When animal cells are used as the host cells, examples of the expression vector include pcDNA3.1, pSinRep5 and pCEP4 (manufactured by Invitorogen), pRev-Tre (manufactured by Clontech), pAxCAwt (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) pcDNAI and pcDM8 (manufactured by Funakoshi), pAGE107 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 22979/91; *Cytotechnology, 3*:133 (1990)), pAS3-3 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 2277075/90), pcDM8 (*Nature, 329*: 840 (1987)), pcDNAI/Amp (manufactured by Invitrogen), pREP4 (manufactured by Invitrogen), pAGE103 (*J. Biochem., 101*: 1307 (1987)), pAGE210, and the like.

[0215] Any promoter can be used so long as it can function in animal cells. Examples include a promoter of IE temperate early) gene of cytomegalovirus (CMV), an early promoter of SV40, a promoter of retrovirus, a metal-tothiche n promoter, a heat shock promoter, SRα promoter, and the like. Also, the enhancer of the IE gene of human CMV can be used together with the promoter.

[0216] Examples of the host cell include human Namalwa cell, monkey COS cell, Chinese hamster CHO cell, HST5637 (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 299/88), and the like.

[0217] The method for introduction of the recombinant vector into animal cells is not particularly limited, so long as it is the general method for introducing DNA into animal cells, such as an electroporation method (*Cytotechnology, 3*: 153 (1990)), a calcium phosphate method (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 227075/90), a lipotection method (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 84*, 7413 (1987)), the method described in *Virology, 52*: 456 (1973), and the like.

[0218] When insect cells are used as the host cells, the polypeptide can be expressed, for example, by the method described in *Bacurovirus Expression Vectors*, *A Laboratory Manual*, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York (1992), *Bio/Technology*, 6: 47 (1988), or the like.

[0219] Specifically, a recombinant gene transfer vector and bacurovirus are simultaneously inserted into insect cells

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to obtain a recombinant virus in an insect cell culture supernatant, and then the insect cells are infected with the resulting recombinant virus to express the polypeptide.

[0220] Examples of the gene introducing vector used in the method include pBlueBac4.5, pVL1392, pVL1393 and pBlueBacIII (manufactured by Invitrogen), and the like.

[0221] Examples of the bacurovirus include Autographa californica nuclear polyhedrosis virus with which insects of the family Barathra are infected, and the like.

[0222] Examples of the insect cells include *Spodoptera frugiperda* oocytes Sf9 and Sf21 (*Bacurovirus Expression Vectors, A Laboratory Manual,* W.H. Freeman and Company, New York (1992)), *Trichoplusia ni* oocyte High 5 (manufactured by Invitrogen) and the like.

[0223] The method for simultaneously incorporating the above-described recombinant gene transfer vector and the above-described bacurovirus for the preparation of the recombinant virus include calcium phosphate method (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 227075/90), lipofection method (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 84*: 7413 (1987)) and the like.

[0224] When plant cells are used as the host cells, examples of expression vector include a Ti plasmid, a tobacco mosaic virus vector, and the like.

[0225] Any promoter can be used so long as it can be expressed in plant cells. Examples include 35S promoter of cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV), rice actin 1 promoter, and the like.

[0226] Examples of the host cells include plant cells and the like, such as tobacco, potato, tomato, carrot, soybean, rape, alfalfa, rice, wheat, barley, and the like.

[0227] The method for introducing the recombinant vector is not particularly limited, so long as it is the general method for introducing DNA into plant cells, such as the *Agrobacterium* method (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 140885/84, Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 70080/85, WO 94/00977), the electroporation method (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 251887/85), the particle gun method (Japanese Patents 2606856 and 2517813), and the like.

[0228] The transformant of the present invention includes a transformant containing the polypeptide of the present invention per se rather than as a recombinant vector, that is, a transformant containing the polypeptide of the present invention which is integrated into a chromosome of the host, in addition to the transformant containing the above recombinant vector.

[0229] When expressed in yeasts, animal cells, insect cells or plant cells, a glycopolypeptide or glycosylated polypeptide can be obtained.

[0230] The polypeptide can be produced by culturing the thus obtained transformant of the present invention in a culture medium to produce and accumulate the polypeptide of the present invention or any polypeptide expressed under the control of an EMF of the present invention, and recovering the polypeptide from the culture.

[0231] Culturing of the transformant of the present invention in a culture medium is carried out according to the conventional method as used in culturing of the host.

[0232] When the transformant of the present invention is obtained using a prokaryote, such as *Escherichia coli* or the like, or a eukaryote, such as yeast or the like, as the host, the transformant is cultured.

[0233] Any of a natural medium and a synthetic medium can be used, so long as it contains a carbon source, a nitrogen source, an inorganic salt and the like which can be assimilated by the transformant and can perform culturing of the transformant efficiently.

[0234] Examples of the carbon source include those which can be assimilated by the transformant, such as carbohydrates (for example, glucose, fructose, sucrose, molasses containing them, starch, starch hydrolysate, and the like), organic acids (for example, acetic acid, propionic acid, and the like), and alcohols (for example, ethanol, propanol, and the like).

[0235] Examples of the nitrogen source include ammonia, various ammonium salts of inorganic acids or organic acids (for example, ammonium chloride, ammonium sulfate, ammonium acetate, ammonium phosphate, and the like), other nitrogen-containing compounds, peptone, meat extract, yeast extract, corn steep liquor, casein hydrolysate, soybean meal and soybean meal hydrolysate, various fermented cells and hydrolysates thereof, and the like.

[0236] Examples of inorganic salt include potassium dihydrogen phosphate, dipotassium hydrogen phosphate, magnesium phosphate, magnesium sulfate, sodium chloride, ferrous sulfate, manganese sulfate, copper sulfate, calcium carbonate, and the like.

[0237] The culturing is carried out under aerobic conditions by shaking culture, submerged-aeration stirring culture or the like. The culturing temperature is preferably from 15 to 40°C, and the culturing time is generally from 16 hours to 7 days. The pH of the medium is preferably maintained at 3.0 to 9.0 during the culturing. The pH can be adjusted using an inorganic or organic acid, an alkali solution, urea, calcium carbonate, ammonia, or the like.

[0238] Also, antibiotics, such as ampicillin, tetracycline, and the like, can be added to the medium during the culturing, if necessary.

[0239] When a microorganism transformed with a recombinant vector containing an inducible promoter is cultured,

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an inducer can be added to the medium, if necessary.

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[0240] For example, isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) or the like can be added to the medium when a microorganism transformed with a recombinant vector containing *lac* promoter is cultured, or indoleacrylic acid (IAA) or the like can by added thereto when a microorganism transformed with an expression vector containing *trp* promoter is cultured.

[0241] Examples of the medium used in culturing a transformant obtained using animal cells as the host cells include RPMI 1640 medium (*The Journal of the American Medical Association, 199*: 519 (1967)), Eagle's MEM medium (*Science, 122*: 501 (1952)), Dulbecco's modified MEM medium (*Virology, 8*, 396 (1959)), 199 Medium (*Proceeding of the Society for the Biological Medicine, 73*:1 (1950)), the above-described media to which fetal calf serum has been added, and the like.

[0242] The culturing is carried out generally at a pH of 6 to 8 and a temperature of 30 to 40°C in the presence of 5% CO₂ for 1 to 7 days.

[0243] Also, if necessary, antibiotics, such as kanamycin, penicillin, and the like, can be added to the medium during the culturing.

[0244] Examples of the medium used in culturing a transformant obtained using insect cells as the host cells include TNM-FH medium (manufactured by Pharmingen), Sf-900 II SFM (manufactured by Life Technologies), ExCell 400 and ExCell 405 (manufactured by JRH Biosciences), Grace's Insect Medium (Nature, 195: 788 (1962)), and the like.

[0245] The culturing is carried out generally at a pH of 6 to 7 and a temperature of 25 to 30°C for 1 to 5 days.

[0246] Additionally, antibiotics, such as gentamicin and the like, can be added to the medium during the culturing, if necessary.

[0247] A transformant obtained by using a plant cell as the host cell can be used as the cell or after differentiating to a plant cell or organ. Examples of the medium used in the culturing of the transformant include Murashige and Skoog (MS) medium, White medium, media to which a plant hormone, such as auxin, cytokinine, or the like has been added, and the like.

[0248] The culturing is carried out generally at a pH of 5 to 9 and a temperature of 20 to 40°C for 3 to 60 days.

[0249] Also, antibiotics, such as kanamycin, hygromycin and the like, can be added to the medium during the culturing, if necessary.

[0250] As described above, the polypeptide can be produced by culturing a transformant derived from a microorganism, animal cell or plant cell containing a recombinant vector to which a DNA encoding the polypeptide of the present invention has been inserted according to the general culturing method to produce and accumulate the polypeptide, and recovering the polypeptide from the culture.

[0251] The process of gene expression may include secretion of the encoded protein production or fusion protein expression and the like in accordance with the methods described in *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed., in addition to direct expression.

[0252] The method for producing the polypeptide of the present invention includes a method of intracellular expression in a host cell, a method of extracellular secretion from a host cell, or a method of production on a host cell membrane outer envelope. The method can be selected by changing the host cell employed or the structure of the polypeptide produced.

[0253] When the polypeptide of the present invention is produced in a host cell or on a host cell membrane outer envelope, the polypeptide can be positively secreted extracellularly according to, for example, the method of Paulson et al. (J. Biol. Chem., 264: 17619 (1989)), the method of Lowe et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 86: 8227 (1989); Genes Develop., 4: 1288 (1990)), and/or the methods described in Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 336963/93, WO 94/23021, and the like.

[0254] Specifically, the polypeptide of the present invention can be positively secreted extracellularly by expressing it in the form that a signal peptide has been added to the foreground of a polypeptide containing an active site of the polypeptide of the present invention according to the recombinant DNA technique.

[0255] Furthermore, the amount produced can be increased using a gene amplification system, such as by use of a dihydrofolate reductase gene or the like according to the method described in Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 227075/90.

[0256] Moreover, the polypeptide of the present invention can be produced by a transgenic animal individual (transgenic nonhuman animal) or plant individual (transgenic plant).

[0257] When the transformant is the animal individual or plant individual, the polypeptide of the present invention can be produced by breeding or cultivating it so as to produce and accumulate the polypeptide, and recovering the polypeptide from the animal individual or plant individual.

[0258] Examples of the method for producing the polypeptide of the present invention using the animal individual include a method for producing the polypeptide of the present invention in an animal developed by inserting a gene according to methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art (American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 63: 639S (1996), American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 63: 627S (1996), Bio/Technology, 9: 830 (1991)).

[0259] In the animal individual, the polypeptide can be produced by breeding a transgenic nonhuman animal to which the DNA encoding the polypeptide of the present invention has been inserted to produce and accumulate the polypeptide in the animal, and recovering the polypeptide from the animal. Examples of the production and accumulation place in the animal include milk (Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 309192/88), egg and the like of the animal. Any promoter can be used, so long as it can be expressed in the animal. Suitable examples include an α -casein promoter, a (β -casein promoter, a β -lactoglobulin promoter, a whey acidic protein promoter, and the like, which are specific for mammary glandular cells.

[0260] Examples of the method for producing the polypeptide of the present invention using the plant individual include a method for producing the polypeptide of the present invention by cultivating a transgenic plant to which the DNA encoding the protein of the present invention by a known method (*Tissue Culture, 20* (1994), *Tissue Culture, 21* (1994), *Trends in Biotechnology, 15*:45 (1997)) to produce and accumulate the polypeptide in the plant, and recovering the polypeptide from the plant.

[0261] The polypeptide according to the present invention can also be obtained by translation in vitro.

[0262] The polypeptide of the present invention can be produced by a translation system *in vitro*. There are, for example, two *in vitro* translation methods which may be used, namely, a method using RNA as a template and another method using DNA as a template. The template RNA includes the whole RNA, mRNA, an *in vitro* transcription product, and the like. The template DNA includes a plasmid containing a transcriptional promoter and a target gene integrated therein and downstream of the initiation site, a PCR/RT-PCR product and the like. To select the most suitable system for the *in vitro* translation, the origin of the gene encoding the protein to be synthesized (prokaryotic cell/eucaryotic cell). The type of the template (DNA/RNA), the purpose of using the synthesized protein and the like should be considered. *In vitro* translation kits having various characteristics are commercially available from many companies (Boehringer Mannheim, Promega, Stratagene, or the like), and every kit can be used in producing the polypeptide according to the present invention.

[0263] Transcription/translation of a DNA nucleotide sequence cloned into a plasmid containing a T7 promoter can be carried out using an *in vitro* transcription/translation system *E. coli* T7 S30 Extract System for Circular DNA (manufactured by Promega, catalogue No. L1130). Also, transcription/translation using, as a template, a linear prokaryotic DNA of a supercoil non-sensitive promoter, such as *lac*UV5, *tac*, λPL(con), λPL, or the like, can be carried out using an *in vitro* transcription/translation system *E. coli* S30 Extract System for Linear Templates (manufactured by Promega, catalogue No. L1030). Examples of the linear prokaryotic DNA used as a template include a DNA fragment, a PCR-amplified DNA product, a duplicated oligonucleotide ligation, an *in vitro* transcriptional RNA, a prokaryotic RNA, and

[0264] In addition to the production of the polypeptide according to the present invention, synthesis of a radioactive labeled protein, confirmation of the expression capability of a cloned gene, analysis of the function of transcriptional reaction or translation reaction, and the like can be carried out using this system.

[0265] The polypeptide produced by the transformant of the present invention can be isolated and purified using the general method for isolating and purifying an enzyme. For example, when the polypeptide of the present invention is expressed as a soluble product in the host cells, the cells are collected by centrifugation after cultivation, suspended in an aquicous buffer, and disrupted using an ultrasonicator, a French press, a Manton Gaulin homogenizer, a Dynomill, or the like to obtain a cell-free extract. From the supernatant obtained by centrifuging the cell-free extract, a purified product can be obtained by the general method used for isolating and purifying an enzyme, for example, solvent extraction salting out using ammonium sulfate or the like, desalting, precipitation using an organic solvent, anion exchange chromatography using a resin, such as diethylaminoethyl (DEAE)-Sepharose, DIAION HPA-75 (manufactured by Misubishi Chemical) or the like, cation exchange chromatography using a resin, such as S-Sepharose FF (manufactured by Pharmacia) or the like, hydrophobic chromatography using a resin, such as butyl sepharose, phenyl sepharose or the like, gel filtration using a molecular sieve, affinity chromatography, chromatofocusing, or electrophoresis, such as isoclectronic focusing or the like, alone or in combination thereof.

[0266] When the polypeptide is expressed as an insoluble product in the host cells, the cells are collected in the same manner, disrupted and centrifuged to recover the insoluble product of the polypeptide as the precipitate fraction. Next the insoluble product of the polypeptide is solubilized with a protein denaturing agent. The solubilized solution is directed or dialyzed to lower the concentration of the protein denaturing agent in the solution. Thus, the normal configuration of the polypeptide is reconstituted. After the procedure, a purified product of the polypeptide can be obtained by a purification/isolation method similar to the above.

[0267] When the polypeptide of the present invention or its derivative (for example, a polypeptide formed by adding a sugar chain thereto) is secreted out of cells, the polypeptide or its derivative can be collected in the culture supernatant. Namely, the culture supernatant is obtained by treating the culture medium in a treatment similar to the above (for example, centrifugation). Then, a purified product can be obtained from the culture medium using a purification/isolation method similar to the above.

[0268] The polypeptide obtained by the above method is within the scope of the polypeptide of the present invention,

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and examples include a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931.

[0269] Furthermore, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acids is deleted, replaced, inserted or added in the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide and having substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptide is included in the scope of the present invention. The term "substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptide" means the same activity represented by the inherent function, enzyme activity or the like possessed by the polypeptide which has not been deleted, replaced, inserted or added. The polypeptide can be obtained using a method for introducing part-specific mutation(s) described in, for example, *Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Nuc. Acids. Res.*, 10: 6487 (1982), *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 79: 6409 (1982), *Gene, 34*: 315 (1985), *Nuc. Acids. Res.*, 13: 4431 (1985), *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 82: 488 (1985) and the like. For example, the polypeptide can be obtained by introducing mutation(s) to DNA encoding a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931. The number of the amino acids which are deleted, replaced, inserted or added is not particularly limited; however, it is usually 1 to the order of tens, preferably 1 to 20, more preferably 1 to 10, and most preferably 1 to 5, amino acids.

[0270] The at least one amino acid deletion, replacement, insertion or addition in the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide of the present invention is used herein to refer to that at least one amino acid is deleted, replaced, inserted or added to at one or plural positions in the amino acid sequence. The deletion, replacement, insertion or addition may be caused in the same amino acid sequence simultaneously. Also, the amino acid residue replaced, inserted or added can be natural or non-natural. Examples of the natural amino acid residue include L-alanine, L-asparagine, L-asparatic acid, L-glutamine, L-glutamic acid, glycine, L-histidine, L-isoleucine, L-leucine, L-lysine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-proline, L-serine, L-threonine, L-tryptophan, L-tyrosine, L-valine, L-cysteine, and the like.

[0271] Herein, examples of amino acid residues which are replaced with each other are shown below. The amino acid residues in the same group can be replaced with each other.

Group A:

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[0272] leucine, isoleucine, norleucine, valine, norvaline, alanine, 2-aminobutanoic acid, methionine, O-methylserine, t-butylglycine, t-butylalanine, cyclohexylalanine;

Group B:

[0273] asparatic acid, glutamic acid, isoasparatic acid, isoglutamic acid, 2-aminoadipic acid, 2-aminosuberic acid;

35 Group C:

[0274] asparagine, glutamine;

Group D:

[0275] lysine, arginine, ornithine, 2,4-diaminobutanoic acid, 2,3-diaminopropionic acid;

Group E:

45 [0276] proline, 3-hydroxyproline, 4-hydroxyproline;

Group F:

[0277] serine, threonine, homoserine;

Group G:

[0278] phenylalanine, tyrosine.

[0279] Also, in order that the resulting mutant polypeptide has substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptide which has not been mutated, it is preferred that the mutant polypeptide has a homology of 60% or more, preferably 80% or more, and particularly preferably 95% or more, with the polypeptide which has not been mutated, when calculated, for example, using default (initial setting) parameters by a homology searching software, such as BLAST, FASTA, or the like.

[0280] Also, the polypeptide of the present invention can be produced by a chemical synthesis method, such as Fmoc (fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl) method, tBoc (t-butyloxycarbonyl) method, or the like. It can also be synthesized using a peptide synthesizer manufactured by Advanced ChemTech, Perkin-Elmer, Pharmacia, Protein Technology Instrument, Synthecell-Vega, PerSeptive, Shimadzu Corporation, or the like.

[0281] The transformant of the present invention can be used for objects other than the production of the polypeptide of the present invention.

[0282] Specifically, at least one component selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof can be produced by culturing the transformant containing the polynucleotide or recombinant vector of the present invention in a medium to produce and accumulate at least one component selected from amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids, and analogues thereof, and recovering the same from the medium.

[0283] The biosynthesis pathways, decomposition pathways and regulatory mechanisms of physiologically active substances such as amino acids, nucleic acids, vitamins, saccharides, organic acids and analogues thereof differ from organism to organism. The productivity of such a physiologically active substance can be improved using these differences, specifically by introducing a heterogeneous gene relating to the biosynthesis thereof. For example, the content of lysine, which is one of the essential amino acids, in a plant seed was improved by introducing a synthase gene derived from a bacterium (WO 93/19190). Also, arginine is excessively produced in a culture by introducing an arginine synthase gene derived from *Escherichia coli* (Japanese Examined Patent Publication 23750/93).

[0284] To produce such a physiologically active substance, the transformant according to the present invention can be cultured by the same method as employed in culturing the transformant for producing the polypeptide of the present invention as described above. Also, the physiologically active substance can be recovered from the culture medium in combination with, for example, the ion exchange resin method, the precipitation method and other known methods. [0285] Examples of methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art include electroporation, calcium transfection, the protoplast method, the method using a phage, and the like, when the host is a bacterium; and microinjection, calcium phosphate transfection, the positively charged lipid-mediated method and the method using a virus, and the like, when the host is a eukaryote (*Molecular Cloning*, 2nd ed.; Spector et al., Cells/a laboratory manual, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press, 1998)). Examples of the host include prokaryotes, lower eukaryotes (for example, yeasts), higher eukaryotes (for example, mammals), and cells isolated therefrom. As the state of a recombinant polynucleotide fragment present in the host cells, it can be integrated into the chromosome of the host. Alternatively, it can be integrated into a factor (for example, a plasmid) having an independent replication unit outside the chromosome. These transformants are usable in producing the polypeptides of the present invention encoded by the ORF of the genome of Corynebacterium glutamicum, the polynucleotides of the present invention and fragments thereof. Alternatively, they can be used in producing arbitrary polypeptides under the regulation by an EMF of the present invention.

11. Preparation of antibody recognizing the polypeptide of the present invention

[0286] An antibody which recognizes the polypeptide of the present invention, such as a polyclonal antibody, a monoclonal antibody, or the like, can be produced using, as an antigen, a purified product of the polypeptide of the present invention or a partial fragment polypeptide of the polypeptide or a peptide having a partial amino acid sequence of the polypeptide of the present invention.

(1) Production of polyclonal antibody

[0287] A polyclonal antibody can be produced using, as an antigen, a purified product of the polypeptide of the present invention, a partial fragment polypeptide of the polypeptide, or a peptide having a partial amino acid sequence of the polypeptide of the present invention, and immunizing an animal with the same.

[0288] Examples of the animal to be immunized include rabbits, goats, rats, mice, hamsters, chickens and the like.
[0289] A dosage of the antigen is preferably 50 to 100 μg per animal.

[0290] When the peptide is used as the antigen, it is preferably a peptide covalently bonded to a carrier protein, such as keyhole limpet haemocyanin, bovine thyroglobulin, or the like. The peptide used as the antigen can be synthesized by a peptide synthesizer.

[0291] The administration of the antigen is, for example, carried out 3 to 10 times at the intervals of 1 or 2 weeks after the first administration. On the 3rd to 7th day after each administration, a blood sample is collected from the venous plexus of the eyeground, and it is confirmed that the serum reacts with the antigen by the enzyme immunoassay (Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA), Igaku Shoin (1976); Antibodies - A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1988)) or the like.

[0292] Serum is obtained from the immunized non-human mammal with a sufficient antibody titer against the antigen used for the immunization, and the serum is isolated and purified to obtain a polyclonal antibody.

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[0293] Examples of the method for the isolation and purification include centrifugation, salting out by 40-50% saturated ammonium sulfate, caprylic acid precipitation (*Antibodies, A Laboratory manual,* Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1988)), or chromatography using a DEAE-Sepharose column, an anion exchange column, a protein A- or G-column, a gel filtration column, and the like, alone or in combination thereof, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

(2) Production of monoclonal antibody

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(a) Preparation of antibody-producing cell

[0294] A rat having a serum showing an enough antibody titer against a partial fragment polypeptide of the polypeptide of the present invention used for immunization is used as a supply source of an antibody-producing cell.

[0295] On the 3rd to 7th day after the antigen substance is finally administered the rat showing the antibody titer, the spleen is excised.

[0296] The spleen is cut to pieces in MEM medium (manufactured by Nissui Pharmaceutical), loosened using a pair of forceps, followed by centrifugation at 1,200 rpm for 5 minutes, and the resulting supernatant is discarded.

[0297] The spleen in the precipitated fraction is treated with a Tris-ammonium chloride buffer (pH 7.65) for 1 to 2 minutes to eliminate erythrocytes and washed three times with MEM medium, and the resulting spleen cells are used as antibody-producing cells.

(b) Preparation of myeloma cells

[0298] As myeloma cells, an established cell line obtained from mouse or rat is used. Examples of useful cell lines include those derived from a mouse, such as P3-X63Ag8-U1 (hereinafter referred to as "P3-U1") (*Curr. Topics in Microbiol. Immunol., 81*: 1 (1978); *Europ. J. Immunol., 6*: 511 (1976)); SP2/O-AgI4 (SP-2) (*Nature, 276*: 269 (1978)): P3-X63-Ag8653 (653) (*J. Immunol., 123*: 1548 (1979)); P3-X63-Ag8 (X63) cell line (*Nature, 256*: 495 (1975)), and the like, which are 8-azaguanine-resistant mouse (BALB/c) myeloma cell lines. These cell lines are subcultured in 8-azaguanine medium (medium in which, to a medium obtained by adding 1.5 mmol/l glutamine, 5×10^{-5} mol/l 2-mercaptoethanol, $10~\mu$ g/ml gentamicin and 10% fetal calf serum (FCS) (manufactured by CSL) to RPMI-1640 medium (hereinafter referred to as the "normal medium"), 8-azaguanine is further added at $15~\mu$ g/ml) and cultured in the normal medium 3 or 4 days before cell fusion, and 2×10^7 or more of the cells are used for the fusion.

(c) Production of hybridoma

[0299] The antibody-producing cells obtained in (a) and the myeloma cells obtained in (b) are washed with MEM medium or PBS (disodium hydrogen phosphate: 1.83 g, sodium dihydrogen phosphate: 0.21 g, sodium chloride: 7.65 g, distilled water: 1 liter, pH: 7.2) and mixed to give a ratio of antibody-producing cells: myeloma cells = 5:1 to 10:1, followed by centrifugation at 1,200 rpm for 5 minutes, and the supernatant is discarded.

[0300] The cells in the resulting precipitated fraction were thoroughly loosened, 0.2 to 1 ml of a mixed solution of 2 g of polyethylene glycol-1000 (PEG-1000), 2 ml of MEM medium and 0.7 ml of dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) per 108 antibody-producing cells is added to the cells under stirring at 37°C, and then 1 to 2 ml of MEM medium is further added thereto several times at 1 to 2 minute intervals.

[0301] After the addition, MEM medium is added to give a total amount of 50 ml. The resulting prepared solution is centrifuged at 900 rpm for 5 minutes, and then the supernatant is discarded. The cells in the resulting precipitated fraction were gently loosened and then gently suspended in 100 ml of HAT medium (the normal medium to which 10^{-4} mol/l hypoxanthine, 1.5×10^{-5} mol/l thymidine and 4×10^{-7} mol/l aminopterin have been added) by repeated drawing up into and discharging from a measuring pipette.

[0302] The suspension is poured into a 96 well culture plate at 100 µl/well and cultured at 37°C for 7 to 14 days in a 5% CO₂ incubator.

[0303] After culturing, a part of the culture supernatant is recovered, and a hybridoma which specifically reacts with a partial fragment polypeptide of the polypeptide of the present invention is selected according to the enzyme immunoassay described in *Antibodies*, *A Laboratory manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Chapter 14 (1998) and the like.

[0304] A specific example of the enzyme immunoassay is described below.

[0305] The partial fragment polypeptide of the polypeptide of the present invention used as the antigen in the immunization is spread on a suitable plate, is allowed to react with a hybridoma culturing supernatant or a purified antibody obtained in (d) described below as a first antibody, and is further allowed to react with an anti-rat or anti-mouse immunoglobulin antibody labeled with an enzyme, a chemical luminous substance, a radioactive substance or the like as a second antibody for reaction suitable for the labeled substance. A hybridoma which specifically reacts with the polypeptide of the present invention is selected as a hybridoma capable of producing a monoclonal antibody of the present

invention.

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[0306] Cloning is repeated using the hybridoma twice by limiting dilution analysis (HT medium (a medium in which aminopterin has been removed from HAT medium) is firstly used, and the normal medium is secondly used), and a hybridoma which is stable and contains a sufficient amount of antibody titer is selected as a hybridoma capable of producing a monoclonal antibody of the present invention.

- (d) Preparation of monoclonal antibody
- [0307] The monoclonal antibody-producing hybridoma cells obtained in (c) are injected intraperitoneally into 8- to 10-week-old mice or nude mice treated with pristane (intraperitoneal administration of 0.5 ml of 2,6,10,14-tetrameth-ylpentadecane (pristane), followed by 2 weeks of feeding) at 5×10^6 to 20×10^6 cells/animal. The hybridoma causes ascites tumor in 10 to 21 days.
- [0308] The ascitic fluid is collected from the mice or nude mice, and centrifuged to remove solid contents at 3000 rpm for 5 minutes.
- [0309] A monoclonal antibody can be purified and isolated from the resulting supernatant according to the method similar to that used in the polyclonal antibody.
 - [0310] The subclass of the antibody can be determined using a mouse monoclonal antibody typing kit or a rat monoclonal antibody typing kit. The polypeptide amount can be determined by the Lowry method or by calculation based on the absorbance at 280 nm.
- 20 [0311] The antibody obtained in the above is within the scope of the antibody of the present invention.
 - [0312] The antibody can be used for the general assay using an antibody, such as a radioactive material labeled immunoassay (RIA), competitive binding assay, an immunotissue chemical staining method (ABC method, CSA method, etc.), immunoprecipitation, Western blotting, ELISA assay, and the like (An introduction to Radioimmunoassay and Related Techniques, Elsevier Science (1986); Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Vol. 1 (1982), Vol. 2 (1982), Resting and Theory of Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Vol. 1 (1982), Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Vol. 1 (1982), Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Vol. 1 (1982), Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Vol. 2 (1982), Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic Press, Vol. 3 (1982), Techniques in Immunocytochemistry, Academic
 - Vol. 2 (1983) & Vol. 3 (1985); Practice and Theory of Enzyme Immunoassays, Elsevier Science (1985); Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA), Igaku Shoin (1976); Antibodies A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor laboratory (1988); Monoclonal Antibody Experiment Manual, Kodansha Scientific (1987); Second Series Biochemical Experiment Course, Vol. 5, Immunobiochemistry Research Method, Tokyo Kagaku Dojin (1986)).
 - [0313] The antibody of the present invention can be used as it is or after being labeled with a label.
 - [0314] Examples of the label include radioisotope, an affinity label (e.g., biotin, avidin, or the like), an enzyme label (e.g., horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, or the like), a fluorescence label (e.g., FITC, rhodamine, or the like), a label using a rhodamine atom, (*J. Histochem. Cytochem., 18*: 315 (1970); *Meth. Enzym., 62*: 308 (1979); *Immunol., 109*: 129 (1972); *J. Immunol., Meth., 13*: 215 (1979)), and the like.
 - [0315] Expression of the polypeptide of the present invention, fluctuation of the expression, the presence or absence of structural change of the polypeptide, and the presence or absence in an organism other than conyneform bacteria of a polypeptide corresponding to the polypeptide can be analyzed using the antibody or the labeled antibody by the above assay, or a polypeptide array or proteome analysis described below.
 - [0316] Furthermore, the polypeptide recognized by the antibody can be purified by immunoaffinity chromatography using the antibody of the present invention.
 - 12. Production and use of polypeptide array
 - (1) Production of polypeptide array
- [0317] A polypeptide array can be produced using the polypeptide of the present invention obtained in the above item 10 or the antibody of the present invention obtained in the above item 11.
 - [0318] The polypeptide array of the present invention includes protein chips, and comprises a solid support and the polypeptide or antibody of the present invention adhered to the surface of the solid support.
- [0319] Examples of the solid support include plastic such as polycarbonate or the like; an acrylic resin, such as polyacrylamide or the like; complex carbohydrates, such as agarose, sepharose, or the like; silica; a silica-based material, carbon, a metal, inorganic glass, latex beads, and the like.
 - [0320] The polypeptides or antibodies according to the present invention can be adhered to the surface of the solid support according to the method described in *Biotechniques*, 27: 1258-61 (1999); *Molecular Medicine Today*, 5: 326-7 (1999); *Handbook of Experimental Immunology*, 4th edition, Blackwell Scientific Publications, Chapter 10 (1986); *Meth. Enzym.*, 34 (1974); *Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology*, 42 (1974); U.S. Patent 4,681,870; U.S. Patent 4,282,287; U.S. Patent 4,762,881, or the like.
 - [0321] The analysis described herein can be efficiently performed by adhering the polypeptide or antibody of the present invention to the solid support at a high density, though a high fixation density is not always necessary.

(2) Use of polypeptide array

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[0322] A polypeptide or a compound capable of binding to and interacting with the polypeptides of the present invention adhered to the array can be identified using the polypeptide array to which the polypeptides of the present invention have been adhered thereto as described in the above (1).

[0323] Specifically, a polypeptide or a compound capable of binding to and interacting with the polypeptides of the present invention can be identified by subjecting the polypeptides of the present invention to the following steps (i) to (iv):

- (i) preparing a polypeptide array having the polypeptide of the present invention adhered thereto by the method of the above (1):
- (ii) incubating the polypeptide immobilized on the polypeptide array together with at least one of a second polypeptide or compound;
- (iii) detecting any complex formed between the at least one of a second polypeptide or compound and the polypeptide immobilized on the array using, for example, a label bound to the at least one of a second polypeptide or compound, or a secondary label which specifically binds to the complex or to a component of the complex after unbound material has been removed; and
- (iv) analyzing the detection data.

[0324] Specific examples of the polypeptide array to which the polypeptide of the present invention has been adhered include a polypeptide array containing a solid support to which at least one of a polypeptide containing an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, a polypeptide containing an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acids is deleted, replaced, inserted or added in the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide and having substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptide, a polypeptide containing an amino acid sequence having a homology of 60% or more with the amino acid sequences of the polypeptide and having substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptides, a partial fragment polypeptide, and a peptide comprising an amino acid sequence of a part of a polypeptide.

[0325] The amount of production of a polypeptide derived from coryneform bacteria can be analyzed using a polypeptide array to which the antibody of the present invention has been adhered in the above (1).

[0326] Specifically, the expression amount of a gene derived from a mutant of coryneform bacteria can be analyzed by subjecting the gene to the following steps (i) to (iv):

- (i) preparing a polypeptide array by the method of the above (1);
- (ii) incubating the polypeptide array (the first antibody) together with a polypeptide derived from a mutant of coryneform bacteria;
- (iii) detecting the polypeptide bound to the polypeptide immobilized on the array using a labeled second antibody of the present invention; and
- (iv) analyzing the detection data.

[0327] Specific examples of the polypeptide array to which the antibody of the present invention is adhered include a polypeptide array comprising a solid support to which at least one of an antibody which recognizes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence in which at least one amino acids is deleted, replaced, inserted or added in the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide and having substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptide, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having a homology of 60% or more with the amino acid sequences of the polypeptide and having substantially the same activity as that of the polypeptides, a partial fragment polypeptide, or a peptide comprising an amino acid sequence of a part of a polypeptide.

[0328] A fluctuation in an expression amount of a specific polypeptide can be monitored using a polypeptide obtained in the time course of culture as the polypeptide derived from coryneform bacteria. The culturing conditions can be optimized by analyzing the fluctuation.

- [0329] When a polypeptide derived from a mutant of coryneform bacteria is used, a mutated polypeptide can be detected.
 - 13. Identification of useful mutation in mutant by proteome analysis
- [0330] Usually, the proteome is used herein to refer to a method wherein a polypeptide is separated by twodimensional electrophoresis and the separated polypeptide is digested with an enzyme, followed by identification of the polypeptide using a mass spectrometer (MS) and searching a data base.
 - [0331] The two dimensional electrophoresis means an electrophoretic method which is performed by combining two

electrophoretic procedures having different principles. For example, polypeptides are separated depending on molecular weight in the primary electrophoresis. Next, the gel is rotated by 90° or 180° and the secondary electrophoresis is carried out depending on isoelectric point. Thus, various separation patterns can be achieved (JIS K 3600 2474).

[0332] In searching the data base, the amino acid sequence information of the polypeptides of the present invention and the recording medium of the present invention provide for in the above items 2 and 8 can be used.

[0333] The proteome analysis of a coryneform bacterium and its mutant makes it possible to identify a polypeptide showing a fluctuation therebetween.

[0334] The proteome analysis of a wild type strain of coryneform bacteria and a production strain showing an improved productivity of a target product makes it possible to efficiently identify a mutation protein which is useful in breeding for improving the productivity of a target product or a protein of which expression amount is fluctuated.

[0335] Specifically, a wild type strain of coryneform bacteria and a lysine-producing strain thereof are each subjected to the proteome analysis. Then, a spot increased in the lysine-producing strain, compared with the wild type strain, is found and a data base is searched so that a polypeptide showing an increase in yield in accordance with an increase in the lysine productivity can be identified. For example, as a result of the proteome analysis on a wild type strain and a lysine-producing strain, the productivity of the catalase having the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO: 3785 is increased in the lysine-producing mutant.

[0336] As a result that a protein having a high expression level is identified by proteome analysis using the nucleotide sequence information and the amino acid sequence information, of the genome of the coryneform bacteria of the present invention, and a recording medium storing the sequences, the nucleotide sequence of the gene encoding this protein and the nucleotide sequence in the upstream thereof can be searched at the same time, and thus, a nucleotide sequence having a high expression promoter can be efficiently selected.

[0337] In the proteome analysis, a spot on the two-dimentional electrophoresis gel showing a fluctuation is sometimes derived from a modified protein. However, the modified protein can be efficiently identified using the recording medium storing the nucleotide sequence information, the amino acid sequence information, of the genome of coryneform bacteria, and the recording medium storing the sequences, according to the present invention.

[0338] Moreover, a useful mutation point in a useful mutant can be easily specified by searching a nucleotide sequence (nucleotide sequence of promoters, ORF, or the like) relating to the thus identified protein using a recording medium storing the nucleotide sequence information and the amino acid sequence information, of the genome of coryneform bacteria of the present invention, and a recording medium storing the sequences and using a primer designed on the basis of the detected nucleotide sequence. As a result that the useful mutation point is specified, an industrially useful mutant having the useful mutation or other useful mutation derived therefrom can be easily bred.

[0339] The present invention will be explained in detail below based on Examples. However, the present invention is not limited thereto.

35 Example 1

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Determination of the full nucleotide sequence of genome of Corynebacterium glutamicum

[0340] The full nucleotide sequence of the genome of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* was determined based on the whole genome shotgun method (*Science*, *269*: 496-512 (1995)). In this method, a genome library was prepared and the terminal sequences were determined at random. Subsequently, these sequences were ligated on a computer to cover the full genome. Specifically, the following procedure was carried out.

(1) Preparation of genome DNA of Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032

[0341] Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 was cultured in BY medium (7 g/l meat extract, 10 g/l peptone, 3 g/l sodium chloride, 5 g/l yeast extract, pH 7.2) containing 1% of glycine at 30°C overnight and the cells were collected by centrifugation. After washing with STE buffer (10.3% sucrose, 25 mmol/l Tris hydrochloride, 25 mmol/l EDTA, pH 8.0), the cells were suspended in 10 ml of STE buffer containing 10 mg/ml lysozyme, followed by gently shaking at 37°C for 1 hour. Then, 2 ml of 10% SDS was added thereto to lyse the cells, and the resultant mixture was maintained at 65°C for 10 minutes and then cooled to room temperature. Then, 10 ml of Tris-neutralized phenol was added thereto, followed by gently shaking at room temperature for 30 minutes and centrifugation (15,000 × g, 20 minutes, 20°C). The aqueous layer was separated and subjected to extraction with phenol/chloroform and extraction with chloroform (twice) in the same manner. To the aqueous layer, 3 mol/l sodium acetate solution (pH 5.2) and isopropanol were added at 1/10 times volume and twice volume, respectively, followed by gently stirring to precipitate the genome DNA. The genome DNA was dissolved again in 3 ml of TE buffer (10 mmol/l Tris hydrochloride, 1 mmol/l EDTA, pH 8.0) containing 0.02 mg/ml of RNase and maintained at 37°C for 45 minutes. The extractions with phenol, phenol/chloroform and chloroform were carried out successively in the same manner as the above. The genome DNA was subjected to iso-

propanol precipitation. The thus formed genome DNA precipitate was washed with 70% ethanol three times, followed by air-drying, and dissolved in 1.25 ml of TE buffer to give a genome DNA solution (concentration: 0.1 mg/ml).

(2) Construction of a shotgun library

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[0342] TE buffer was added to 0.01 mg of the thus prepared genome DNA of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 to give a total volume of 0.4 ml, and the mixture was treated with a sonicator (Yamato Powersonic Model 150) at an output of 20 continuously for 5 seconds to obtain fragments of 1 to 10 kb. The genome fragments were bluntended using a DNA blunting kit (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) and then fractionated by 6% polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Genome fragments of 1 to 2 kb were cut out from the gel, and 0.3 ml MG elution buffer (0.5 mol/l ammonium acetate, 10 mmol/l magnesium acetate, 1 mmol/l EDTA, 0.1% SDS) was added thereto, followed by shaking at 37°C overnight to elute DNA. The DNA eluate was treated with phenol/chloroform, and then precipitated with ethanol to obtain a genome library insert. The total insert and 500 ng of pUC18 *Smal/BAP* (manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) were ligated at 16°C for 40 hours.

[0343] The ligation product was precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 0.01 ml of TE buffer. The ligation solution (0.001 ml) was introduced into 0.04 ml of *E. coli* ELECTRO MAX DH10B (manufactured by Life Technologies) by the electroporation under conditions according to the manufacture's instructions. The mixture was spread on LB plate medium (LB medium (10 g/l bactotrypton, 5 g/l yeast extract, 10 g/l sodium chloride, pH 7.0) containing 1.6% of agar) containing 0.1 mg/ml ampicillin, 0.1 mg/ml X-gal and 1 mmol/l isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG) and cultured at 37°C overnight.

[0344] The transformant obtained from colonies formed on the plate medium was stationarily cultured in a 96-well titer plate having 0.05 ml of LB medium containing 0.1 mg/ml ampicillin at 37°C overnight. Then, 0.05 ml of LB medium containing 20% glycerol was added thereto, followed by stirring to obtain a glycerol stock.

(3) Construction of cosmid library

[0345] About 0.1 mg of the genome DNA of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 was partially digested with *Sau*3Al (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) and then ultracentrifuged (26,000 rpm, 18 hours, 20°C) under 10 to 40% sucrose density gradient obtained using 10% and 40% sucrose buffers (1 mol/l NaCl, 20 mmol/l Tris hydrochloride, 5 mmol/l EDTA, 10% or 40% sucrose, pH 8.0). After the centrifugation, the solution thus separated was fractionated into tubes at 1 ml in each tube. After confirming the DNA fragment length of each fraction by agarose gel electrophoresis, a fraction containing a large amount of DNA fragment of about 40 kb was precipitated with ethanol.

[0346] The DNA fragment was ligated to the BamHI site of superCos1 (manufactured by Stratagene) in accordance with the manufacture's instructions. The ligation product was incorporated into Escherichia coli XL-1-BlueMR strain (manufactured by Stratagene) using Gigapack III Gold Packaging Extract (manufactured by Stratagene) in accordance with the manufacture's instructions. The Escherichia coli was spread on LB plate medium containing 0.1 mg/ml ampicillin and cultured therein at 37°C overnight to isolate colonies. The resulting colonies were stationarily cultured at 37°C overnight in a 96-well titer plate containing 0.05 ml of the LB medium containing 0.1 mg/ml ampicillin in each well. LB medium containing 20% glycerol (0.05 ml) was added thereto, followed by stirring to obtain a glycerol stock.

(4) Determination of nucleotide sequence

(4-1) Preparation of template

[0347] The full nucleotide sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 was determined mainly based on the whole genome shotgun method. The template used in the whole genome shotgun method was prepared by the PCR method using the library prepared in the above (2).

[0348] Specifically, the clone derived from the whole genome shotgun library was inoculated using a replicator (manufactured by GENETIX) into each well of a 96-well plate containing the LB medium containing 0.1 mg/ml of ampicillin at 0.08 ml per each well and then stationarily cultured at 37°C overnight.

[0349] Next, the culturing solution was transported using a copy plate (manufactured by Tokken) into a 96-well reaction plate (manufactured by PE Biosystems) containing a PCR reaction solution (TaKaRa Ex Taq (manufactured by Takara Shuzo)) at 0.08 ml per each well. Then, PCR was carried out in accordance with the protocol by Makino *et al.* (*DNA Research, 5*: 1-9 (1998)) using GeneAmp PCR System 9700 (manufactured by PE Biosystems) to amplify the inserted fragment.

[0350] The excessive primers and nucleotides were eliminated using a kit for purifying a PCR production (manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) and the residue was used as the template in the sequencing reaction.

[0351] Some nucleotide sequences were determined using a double-stranded DNA plasmid as a template.

[0352] The double-stranded DNA plasmid as the template was obtained by the following method.

[0353] The clone derived from the whole genome shotgun library was inoculated into a 24- or 96-well plate containing a $2 \times YT$ medium (16 g/l bactotrypton, 10 g/l yeast extract, 5 g/l sodium chloride, pH 7.0) containing 0.05 mg/ml ampicillin at 1.5 ml per each well and then cultured under shaking at 37°C overnight.

[0354] The double-stranded DNA plasmid was prepared from the culturing solution using an automatic plasmid preparing machine, KURABO PI-50 (manufactured by Kurabo Industries) or a multiscreen (manufactured by Millipore) in accordance with the protocol provided by the manufacturer.

[0355] To purify the double-stranded DNA plasmid using the multiscreen, Biomek 2000 (manufactured by Beckman Coulter) or the like was employed.

[0356] The thus obtained double-stranded DNA plasmid was dissolved in water to give a concentration of about 0.1 mg/ml and used as the template in sequencing.

(4-2) Sequencing reaction

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5 [0357] To 6 μI of a solution of ABI PRISM BigDye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (manufactured by PE Biosystems), an M13 regular direction primer (M13-21) or an M13 reverse direction primer (M13REV) (DNA Research, 5: 1-9 (1998) and the template prepared in the above (4-1) (the PCR product or the plasmid) were added to give 10 μI of a sequencing reaction solution. The primers and the templates were used in an amount of 1.6 pmol and an amount of 50 to 200 ng, respectively.

20 [0358] Dye terminator sequencing reaction of 45 cycles was carried out with GeneAmp PCR System 9700 (manufactured by PE Biosystems) using the reaction solution. The cycle parameter was determined in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction accompanying ABI PRISM BigDye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit. The sample was purified using MultiScreen HV plate (manufactured by Millipore) according to the manufacture's instructions. The thus purified reaction product was precipitated with ethanol, followed by drying, and then stored in the dark at -30°C.

[0359] The dry reaction product was analyzed by ABI PRISM 377 DNA Sequencer and ABI PRISM 3700 DNA Analyzer (both manufactured by PE Biosystems) each in accordance with the manufacture's instructions.

[0360] The data of about 50,000 sequences in total (i.e., about 42,000 sequences obtained using 377 DNA Sequencer and about 8,000 reactions obtained by 3700 DNA Analyser) were transferred to a server (Alpha Server 4100: manufactured by COMPAQ) and stored. The data of these about 50,000 sequences corresponded to 6 times as much as the genome size.

(5) Assembly

[0361] All operations were carried out on the basis of UNIX platform. The analytical data were output in Macintosh platform using X Window System. The base call was carried out using phred (The University of Washington). The vector sequence data was deleted using SPS Cross_Match (manufactured by Southwest Parallel Software). The assembly was carried out using SPS phrap (manufactured by Southwest Parallel Software; a high-speed version of phrap (The University of Washington)). The contig obtained by the assembly was analyzed using a graphical editor, consed (The University of Washington). A series of the operations from the base call to the assembly were carried out simultaneously using a script phredPhrap attached to consed.

(6) Determination of nucleotide sequence in gap part

[0362] Each cosmid in the cosmid library constructed in the above (3) was prepared by a method similar to the preparation of the double-stranded DNA plasmid described in the above (4-1). The nucleotide sequence at the end of the inserted fragment of the cosmid was determined by using ABI PRISM BigDye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (manufactured by PE Biosystems) according to the manufacture's instructions.

[0363] About 800 cosmid clones were sequenced at both ends to search a nucleotide sequence in the contig derived from the shotgun sequencing obtained in the above (5) coincident with the sequence. Thus, the linkage between respective cosmid clones and respective contigs were determined and mutual alignment was carried out. Furthermore, the results were compared with the physical map of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 (*Mol. Gen. Genet., 252*: 255-265 (1996) to carrying out mapping between the cosmids and the contigs.

[0364] The sequence in the region which was not covered with the contigs was determined by the following method.
[0365] Clones containing sequences positioned at the ends of contigs were selected. Among these clones, about 1,000 clones wherein only one end of the inserted fragment had been determined were selected and the sequence at the opposite end of the inserted fragment was determined. A shotgun library clone or a cosmid clone containing the sequences at the respective ends of the inserted fragment in two contigs was identified, the full nucleotide sequence

of the inserted fragment of this clone was determined, and thus the nucleotide sequence of the gap part was determined. When no shotgun library clone or cosmid clone covering the gap part was available, primers complementary to the end sequences at the two contigs were prepared and the DNA fragment in the gap part was amplified by PCR. Then, sequencing was performed by the primer walking method using the amplified DNA fragment as a template or by the shotgun method in which the sequence of a shotgun clone prepared from the amplified DNA fragment was determined. Thus, the nucleotide sequence of the domain was determined.

[0366] In a region showing a low sequence precision, primers were synthesized using AUTOFINISH function and NAVIGATING function of consed (The University of Washington) and the sequence was determined by the primer walking method to improve the sequence precision. The thus determined full nucleotide sequence of the genome of Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 strain is shown in SEQ ID NO:1.

(7) Identification of ORF and presumption of its function

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[0367] ORFs in the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1 were identified according to the following method. First, the ORF regions were determined using software for identifying ORF, i.e., Glimmer, GeneMark and GeneMark.hmm on UNIX platform according to the respective manual attached to the software.

[0368] Based on the data thus obtained, ORFs in the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1 were identified

[0369] The putative function of an ORF was determined by searching the homology of the identified amino acid sequence of the ORF against an amino acid database consisting of protein-encoding domains derived from Swiss-Prot. PIR or Genpept database constituted by protein encoding domains derived from GenBank database. Frame Search (manufactured by Compugen), or by searching the homology of the identified amino acid sequence of the ORF against an amino acid database consisting of protein-encoding domains derived from Swiss-Prot, PIR or Genpept database constituted by protein encoding domains derived from GenBank database, BLAST. The nucleotide sequences of the thus determined ORFs are shown in SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501, and the amino acid sequences encoded by these ORFs are shown in SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001.

[0370] In some cases of the sequence listings in the present invention, nucleotide sequences, such as TTG, TGT, GGT and the like, other than ATG, are read as an initiating codon encoding Met.

[0371] Also, the preferred nucleotide sequences are SEQ ID NOS:2 to 355 and 357 to 3501, and the preferred amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 3855 and 3857 to 7001

[0372] Table 1 shows the registration numbers in the above-described databases of sequences which were judged as having the highest homology with the nucleotide sequences of the ORFs as the results of the homology search in the amino acid sequences using the homology-searching software Frame Search (manufactured by Compugen), names of the genes of these sequences, the functions of the genes, and the matched length, identities and analogies compared with publicly known amino acid translation sequences. Moreover, the corresponding positions were confirmed via the alignment of the nucleotide sequence of an arbitrary ORF with the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:

1 Also the positions of nucleotide sequences other than the ORFs (for example, ribosomal RNA genes, transfer RNA genes, IS sequences, and the like) on the genome were determined.

[0373] Fig. 1 shows the positions of typical genes of the Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 on the genome.

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	replication initiation protein DnaA	1,11,11,11,11	DNA polymerase III beta chain	DNA replication protein (recF protein)	hypothetical protein	DNA topoisomerase (ATP- hydrolyzing)					NAGC/XYLR repressor			ONA gyrase subunit A	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	bacterial regulatory protein, LysR type		cytochrome c biogenesis protein	hypothetical protein	20
			replicatio		DNA pol	DNA rep protein)	hypothet	ONA topoiso hydrolyzing)					NAGC/X			DNA gyr	hypothe	hypothe	bacteria type		cytochro	hypothe	repressor
15		Matched length (a.a.)	524		390	392	174	704					422			854	112	329	268		265	155	117
20		Similarity (%)	8.66		81.8	79.9	58.1	88.9					50.7			88.1	9.69	63.5	62.3		57.4	64.5	70.1
		Identity (%)	99.8		50.5	53.3	35.1	71.9					29.4			70.4	29.5	33.7	27.6		29.1	31.6	36.8
25		lene	n dnaA		matis dnaN	matis recF	lor yreG	culosis					culosis			culosis	culosis	yeiH	rmoluteolus		atus ccdA	11	rculosis
30	Table	Homologous gene	Brevibacterium flavum dnaA		Mycobacterium smegmatis dnaN	Mycobacterium smegmatis recF	Streptomyces coelicolor yreG	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv gyrB					Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0006 gyrA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0007	Escherichia coli K12 yeiH	Hydrogenophilus thermoluteolus TH-1 cbbR		Rhodobacter capsulatus ccdA	Coxiella burnetii com1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1846c
<i>35</i> 40		db Match	gsp:R98523		sp:DP3B_MYCSM	Sp:RECF_MYCSM	sp:YREG_STRCO	i					sp:YV11_MYCTU			sp:GYRA_MYCTU	pir.E70698	SP. YEIH ECOLI	gp:AB042619_1		gp:AF156103_2	pir,A49232	pir.F70664
		ORF (bp)	1572	324	1182	1182	534	2133	996	699	510	441	1071	261	246	2568	342	1035	894	420	870	762	369
45		Terminal (nt)	1572	1597	3473	4766	5299	7486	8795	8798	1001	9474	10107	11263	11523	14398	14746	15209	17207	17670	17860	18736	20073
50		Initiat (nt)		1920	2292	3585	4766	5354	7830	9466	9562	9914	11177	11523	11768	11831	14405	16243	16314	17251	1	19497	19705
		SEO	3502	3503	3504	3505	3506	3507	3508	3509	3510	3511	3512	3513	3514	3515	3516	3517	3518	3519	3520	3521	3522
<i>55</i>		D O S		9	4	2	6	7	- m	6	9	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	6	20-	21	22

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SEQ NO.	SEQ.	Initial (nt)	Terminal (nt)	ORF (bp)	db Match	Homologous gene	Identity (%)	Similarity (%)	Matched length (a.a.)	Function
23		20073	21065	663	gp:MLCB1788_6	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1788.18	24.9	50.8	321	hypothetical membrane protein
24	3524	21253	21074	180	pir.140838	Corynebacterium sp. ATCC 31090	65.4	88.5	26	2,5-diketo-D-gluconic acid reductase
25	3525	21597	22124	528	Sp:5NTD_VIBPA	Vibrio parahaemolyticus nutA	27.0	56.1	196	5-nucleotidase precursor
26	3526	22164	23399	1236	gp:AE001909_7	Deinococcus radiodurans DR0505	27.0	56.7	270	5'-nucleotidase family protein
27	3527	23779	23615	165	prf.2513302C	Corynebacterium striatum ORF1	52.9	72.6	51	transposase
28	3528	24295	24729	435	pri,2413353A	Xanthomonas campestris phaseoli ohr	51.8	6.67	139	organic hydroperoxide detoxication enzyme
29	3529	26297	24885	1413	sp.RECG_THIFE	Thiobacillus ferrooxidans recG	32.7	8.09	217	ATP-dependent DNA helicase
ဓ္က	3530	26338	26775	438						
31	3531	28099	26822	1278	sp:AMYH_YEAST	Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YIR019C sta1	26.7	54.1	449	glucan 1,4-alpha-glucosidase
32	3532	29117	28164	954	gp:ERU52850_1	Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae ewlA	28.9	63.7	311	lipoprotein
33	3533	29965	29117	849	gp:AF180520_3	Streptococcus pyogenes SF370 mtsC	34.6	74.1	266	ABC 3 transport family or integral membrane protein
34	3534	29995	30651	657	sp:FECE_ECOLI	Escherichia coli K12 fecE	39.2	70.3	222	iron(III) dicifrate transport ATP. biding protein
35	3535	30697	31677	981	pir.A72417	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM0114	25.8	56.5	283	sugar ABC transporter, periplasmic sugar-binding protein
98	3536	31677	32699	1023	prf.1207243B	Escherichia coli K12 rbsC	30.5	68.3	312	high affinity ribose transport protein
37	3537		33457	759	sp:RBSA_BACSU	Bacillus subtilis 168 rbsA	32.2	76.7	236	ribose transport ATP-binding protein
38	3538		33465	816	pir.151116	Petromyzon marinus	23.6	44.4	347	neurofilament subunit NF-180
39	3539	34339	34899	561	sp:CYPA_MYCTU	Mycobacterium leprae H37RV RV0009 ppiA	79.9	89.8	169	peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase A
6	3540	34982	35668	687	sp:YGGP_BACSU	Bacillus subtilis 168 yagP	29.2	53.1	226	hypothetical membrane protein

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	ferric enterobactin transport system permease protein		ATPase	vulnibactin utilization protein	hypothetical membrane protein	serine/threonine protein kinase	serineAhreonine protein kinase	penicillin-binding protein	stage V sporulation protein E	phosphoprotein phosphatase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein					phenal 2-monooxygenase	succinate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase (NAD(P)+)	hypothetical prolein	hypothetical membrane protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	332		253	260	95	648	486	492	375	469	155	526					117	490	242	262
20	Similarity (%)	70.5		81.8	52.7	72.6	68.7	59.1	66.7	9.59	70.8	66.5	38.8					63.3	78.2	57.0	64.1
	Identity (%)	40.4		51.8	26.2	40.0	40.6	31.7	33.5	31.2	44.1	38.7	23.6					29.9	46.7	27.3	29.0
25 (panuj	Jene	lepG			-24 viuB	culosis	e pknB	olor pksC	s pbpA	spoVE	culosis	culosis	rculosis					um ATCC	gabD		ıaschii
os Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 fepG		Vibrio cholerae viuC	Vibrio vulnificus MO6-24 viuB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0011c	Mycobacterium leprae pknB	Streptomyces coelicolor pksC	Streptomyces griseus pbpA	Bacillus subtilis 168 spoVE	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv ppp	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0019c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0020c					Trichosporon cutaneum ATCC 46490	Escherichia coli K12 gabD	Bacillus subtilis yrkH	Methanococcus jannaschii MJ0441
35		<u> </u>		6.	Э					5	2 -	21								 	1 1
40	do Match	sp:FEPG_ECOU		gp:VCU52150	Sp:ViUB_VIBVU	sp:YO11_MYCTU	SD:PKNB MYCLE	gp:AF094711_1	gp.AF241575_1	SP:SPSE_BACSU	pir:H70699	pir.A70700	pir:B70700					sp:PH2M_TRICU	sp:GA3D_ECOL	Sp.YRKH_BACSU	
	ORF (bp)	978	986	777	822	270	1938	1407	1422	1143	1353	462	864	147	720	219	471	954	1470	1467	789
45	Termina (nt)	38198	36247	38978	39799	40189	40576	42513	43926	45347	46669	48024	48505	49455	49897	50754	99609	54008	51626	55546	55629
50	loitial (nt)	37221	37242	38202	38978	40458	42513	43919	45347	46489	48021	48485	49368	49601	50616	50972	51436	53055	53095	54080	<u> </u>
	SEO	3541	3542	3543	3544	3545	3546	3547	354B	3549	3550	3551	3552	3553	3554	3555	3556	3557	3558	3559	3560
55	SEQ	41	42	43	- E	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	5.0	8 8

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		nypolnetical protein			magnesium and cobalt transport protein		chloride channel protein	required for NMN transport	phosphate starvation-induced protein-like protein				Mg(2+)/citrate complex secondary transporter	two-component system sensor histidine kinase		transcriptional regulator	D-isomer specific 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase
15		Matched length (a.a.)	74 hyp	179 hyp	62 hyp	\neg	310 nyp		-	390 ma		400 chlo	241 req	340 pho				497 Mg	563 his	-	229 tra	293 D-
20		Similarity le (%)	74.3	70.4	83.9	-	50.7			59.5		64.8	53.1	0.09				68.8	9.09		63.3	73.7
	-	Identity Si (%)	40.5	36.3	53.2		26.8			29.5		30.0	24.1	29.1				42.3	27.2		33.2	43.3
25	inued)	eue		c6803	ulosis		68.11			culosis		M4 clcb	um pnuC	culosis					qpiB		criR	tamicum
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis yrkF	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 slr1261	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1766		Leishmania major L4768.11			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1239c corA		Zymomonas mobilis ZM4 clcb	Salmonella typhimurium pnuC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2368C				Bacillus subtilis citM	Escherichia coli K12 dpiB		Escherichia coli K12 criR	Corynebacterium glutamicum unkdh
35 40		db Match	Sp.YRKF_BACSU_B	SYNY3	N pir:G70988		gp:LMFL4768_11 L			pir.F70952		qp.AF179611_12_2		<u> </u>				sp.CITM_BACSU	sp:DPIB_ECOLI		sp.DPIA_ECOLI	895_1
		ORF (bp)	291 5	591 5	174 p	855	840 9	711	1653	1119 p	447	10			132	384	765	1467	1653	570	1	912
45		Terminal (nt)	56386	56680	57651	58941	59930	60662	62321	62390	63594	65458	65508	67972	68301	68251	69824	68720	72158	71474	72814	72817
50		Initial (nt)	56676	57270	57478	58087	59091	59952	69909	63508	64040	64190	66197		68170	68634	09069	<u> </u>	70506	72043		_!
		SEO	3561	3562	3563	3564	3565	3566	3567	3568	1569	3570	3571	3572	3573	3574	3575	3576	3577	257R	3579	3580
55		O O	(XX)	62	63	99	65	- 99	67	68	909	5 5	5 / 5	72	73	47	75	92	77	α,	6	8

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	hypothetical protein	biotin synthase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	integral membrane efflux protein	creatinine deaminase			StR2 gene family (silent information regulator)	triacylglycerol lipase	triacylglycerol lipase		transcriptional regulator	urease gammma subunit or urease structural protein	urease bela subunit	urease alpha subunit
15		Matched length (a.a.)	127	334 t	43	85		42	84	507 i	394			279		262		171	100	162	570
20		Similarity (%)	76.4	99.7	79.1	63.5	ĺ	75.0	0.99	29.0	8.66			50.2	59.0	56.1		94.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Identity (%)	38.6	99.4	72.1	34.1		71.0	61.0	25.6	97.2			26.2	30.7	29.4		90.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
25	ntinued)	gene	olor A3(2)	ıtamicum	rculosis	evisiae		m Nigg	niae	iae varS				evisiae hst2	scnes	acnes		utamicum	lutamicum	utamicum	lutamicum
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCM2.03	Corynebacterium glutamicum bioB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1590	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YKL084w		Chlamydia muridarum Nigg TC0129	Chlamydia pneumoniae	Streptomyces virginiae varS	Bacillus sp.			Saccharomyces cerevisiae hst2	Propionibacterium acnes	Propionibacterium acnes		Corynebacterium glutamicum ureR	Corynebacterium glutamicum ureA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ureB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ureC
<i>35</i>		db Match	gp:SCM2_3	sp:BIOB_CORGL	pir.H70542	sp:YKI4_YEAST		PIR:F81737	GSP-Y35814		gp:D38505_1			sp:HST2_YEAST	prf:2316378A	prf.2316378A		gp:AB029154_1	gp:AB029154_2	gp:CGL251883_2	gp:CGL251883_3
		ORF (bp)	429 gl	1002 s	237 p	339	117	141	273	 _	-i-		615	924 \$	972 p	006	888	513	300	486	1710
45		Terminal (nt)	74272	75491	75742	76035	76469	80613	81002	82120	83691	85098	85663	87241	87561	88545	90445	90461	91473	91988	93701
50		Initial (nt)	73844	74490	75506	75697	76353	80753	01274	03568	84935	85403	86277	86318	88532		89558	90973	91174	91503	91992
		SEO	3581	3582	3583	3584	3585	3586	26.07	3000	3589	3590	3591	3592	3593	3594	3595	3596	3597	3598	3599
55		SEO	31	82	83	 B4	85	98		200	80	3 8	8 6	92	93	94	95	96	- 26	98	66

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5		Function	urease accessory protein	urease accessory protein	urease accessory protein	urease accessory protein	epoxide hydrolase		valanimycin resistant protein			heat shock protein (hsp90-family)	AMP nucleosidase		acetolactate synthase large subunit		proline dehydrogenase/P5C dehydrogenase		aryl-alcohol dehydrogenase (NADP+)	pump protein (transport)	indole-3-acetyl-Asp hydrolase		hypothetical membrane protein	
			ureas	ureas	ureas	ureas	epoxi		valan			heat s	AMP		aceto		prolin dehyc		aryl-alcoh (NADP+)	dund	indole		hypot	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	157	226	202	283	279		347			899	481		196		1297		338	513	352		106	
20		Similarity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	48.4		59.7			52.7	68.2		58.7		50.4		60.7	71.4	49.2		70.8	
		Identity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	21.2		26.5			23.8	41.0		29.6		25.8		30.2	36.5	23.0		35.9	
25	tinued)	ene	amicum	amicum	amicum	amicum	acter echA		iens vimF			ıtpG	amn		APE2509		um putA		osporium	нер/	erans		idH	
<i>30</i>	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ureE	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ureF	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ureG	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ureD	Agrobacterium radiobacter echA		Streptomyces viridifaciens vlmF			Escherichia coli K12 htpG	Escherichia coli K12 amn		Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE2509		Salmonella typhimurium putA		Phanerochaete chrysosporium aad	Escherichia coli K12 ydaH	Enterobacter agglomerans		Escherichia coli K12 yidH	
40		db Match	gp:CGL251883_4	gp:CGL251883_5	gp:CGL251883_6	gp:CGL251883_7	prf:2318326B		gp:AF148322_1			sp:HTPG_ECOLI	sp:AMN_ECOLI		pir.E72483		sp:PUTA_SALTY		sp:AAD_PHACH	sp:YDAH_ECOLI	prf. 2422424A		sp:YIDH_ECOLI	
		ORF (hp)	471	678	615	849	111	699	1152	675	2775	1824	1416	579	252	099	3456	114	945	1614	1332	669	366	315
45		Terminal (nt)	94199	94879	95513	96365	96368	98189	97319	100493	98808	101612	104909	105173	105841	106630	110890	111274	112318	114083	115478	114564	115943	116263
50		Initial (nt)	93729	94202	94899	95517	97144	97521	98470	99819	101582	103435	103494	105751	106392	107289	107435	111161	111374	112470	114147	115262	115578	115949
		SEQ NO. (a.a.)	3600	3601	3602	3603	3604	3605	3606	3607	3608	3609	3610	3611	3612	3613	3614	3615	3616	3617	3618	3619	3620	3621
55		SEQ NO. (DNA)	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function		transcriptional repressor	methylglyoxalase	hypothetical protein	mannitol dehydrogenase	D-arabinitol transporter		galactitol utilization operon repressor	xylulose kinase		pantoatebeta-alanine ligase	3-methyl-2-oxobutanoate hydroxymethyltransferase		DNA-3-methyladenine glycosylase		esterase		carbonate dehydralase	xylose operan repressar protein	macrolide efflux protein		
15		Matched length (a.a.)			126	162	497	435	T	260	451		279	271		188		270		201	357	418		
20		Similarity (%)		59.7	78.0	64.8	70.4	68.3		64.6	68.1		100.0	100.0		67.6		69.3		53.2	49.3	61.2		
		Identity (%)		29.5	57.9	37.0	43.5	30.3		27.3	45.0		100.0	100.0		42.0		39.3		30.9	24.1	21.1		
25	innueu)	jene		aciens		culosis	scens mtlD	e dalT		gatR	iosus xylB		tamicum	tamicum		mag		j bacterium		mophila	xylR	ref214		
30	(apple 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Agrobacterium tumefaciens accR	Bacillus subtilis yurT	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1276c	Pseudomonas fluorescens mtlD	Klebsiella pneumoniae dalT		Escherichia coli K12 gatR	Streptomyces rubiginosus xylB		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 panC	Corynebacterlum glutamicum ATCC 13032 panB		Arabidopsis thallana mag		Petroleum-degrading bacterium HD-1 hde		Methanosarcina thermophila	Bacillus subtilis W23 xylR	Lactococcus lactis mef214		
<i>35</i>		db Match		sp:ACCR_AGRTU	pir.C70019	sp:YC76_MYCTU	prf.2309180A	pri.2321326A		sp:GATR_ECOLI	Sp:XYLB_STRRU		gp:CGPAN_2	gp:CGPAN_1		Sp. 3MG_ARATH		gp:AB029896_1		Sp.CAH_METTE	sp:XYLR_BACSU	gp:LLLPK214_12		
		ORF (bp)	2052	780	390	510	1509		189	837	1419	822	837	813	951	630	654	924	627	558	1143	1272	804	444
45		Terminal (nt)	116548	118810	120410	120413	120951	122507	124030	124965	126353	127992	126353	127192	128099	129489	130798	130815	132424	132981	132971	134207	135518	136122
50		Initial (nt)	118599	119589	120021		122459	123841	123842	124130	1		<u> </u>	128004	129049	130118	130145	131738	131798	132424	134113	135478	136321	136565
		SEQ NO.	3622	3623	3624	3625	3626	3627	3628	3629	3630	3631	3632	3633	3634	3635	3636	3637	3638	3639	3640	3641	3642	3643
55		SEQ NO (DNA)	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function				cellulose synthase	hypothetical membrane protein				chloramphenicol sensitive protein	hypothetical membrane protein			transport protein	hypothetical membrane protein			A I P-dependent nelicase		nodulation protein	DNA repair system specific for alkylated DNA	DNA-3-methyladenine glycosylase	threonine efflux protein	hypothetical protein	doxorubicin biosynthesis enzyme
15	-	hed Jth a)	+			_		- -		十	\dashv	198 T			一	248 hy	-	1	829 A	+	188 nc	219 D	166 D	217 th		284 dr
		Matched length (a.a.)			_	420	593				<u>۲</u>	2		_	8	77			8		<u>~</u>	2.	1	2	<u> </u>	2
20		Similarity (%)				51.2	51.8				60.7	59.1			62.3	70.2			64.3		0.99	60.7	65.1	61.3	72.7	52 1
		identity (%)				24.3	25.1				34.7	30.3			32.4	34.7			33.8		40.4	34.7	39.8	34.1	50.9	31.0
25	nued)					iens celA	siae				osa rarD	spe			brB	lcA			rpB		arum bv. nodL	t1 alkB	99	JLC		us dnrV
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene				Agrobacterium tumefaciens celA	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YDR420W hkr1				Pseudomonas aeruginosa rarD	Escherichia coli K12 yadS			Escherichia coli K12 abrB	Escherichia coli K12 yfcA			Escherichia coli K12 hrpB		Rhizobium leguminosarum bv. viciae plasmid pRL1J1 nodL	Escherichia coli 0373#1 alkB	Escherichia coli K12 tag	Escherichia coli K12 rhtC	Bacillus subtilis yaaA	Streptomyces peucetius dnrV
<i>35</i>		db Match				pir.139714	sp.HKR1_YEAST				Sp.RARD_PSEAE				sp:ABRB_ECOLI	sp:YFCA_ECOLI			Sp:HRPB_ECOL		Sp.NODL_RHILV	SP.ALKB_ECOLI	Sp.3MG1 ECOLI		sp:YAAA_BACSU	prt.2510326B
		ORF (bp)	1941	1539	636	1451 pii	1731 sp	621	1065	756	879 sp	717 Sp	333	1659	1137 SE	798 sr	624	405	2388 sı	315	e75 sı	15 069	525 s		1	1
45		Terminal O	138744 1	140329	139226	141789 1	143526	143075 6	144639 1	145480	145518	147238	147570	149780 1	149794 1	152369	150966	152814	153226 2	156167	156147	157537	158138	+	┼─-	i
50		Initial (nt)	136804	138791	139861	140329	141796	142455	143575	144725	146396	146522	147238	148122	150930	151572	151589	152410	155613	155853		156848	157614			,
		SEQ NO.	3644	3645	3646	3647	3649	3649	3650	3651	3652	3653	3654	3655	3656	3657	3658	3659	3660	3661	3662	3663	3664	3665	3666	3667
55		SEQ NO.		145	+	147		149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	15.	166	167

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	SC							nepritysin-like metallopeptidase 1		transcriptional regulator, GntR family or fatty acyl-responsive regulator	fructokinase or carbohydrate kinase	otein	methylmalonic acid semialdehyde dehydrogenase	Itabolism	ıtabolism	olism protein	myo-inositol 2-dehydrogenase	ıtabolism	ort pump of n C resistance	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		
10		u.	methyltransferase				ribonuclease			neprilysin-like r		transcriptional or fatty acyl-res	fructokinase or	hypothetical protein	methylmalonic a dehydrogenase	myo-inositol catabolism	myo-inositol catabolism	rhizopine catabolism protein	myo-inositol 2-	myo-inositol catabolism	metabolite export pump of tetracenomycin C resistance		oxidoreductase	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	104				118			722	:	238	332	296	498	268	586	290	335	287	457		354	
20		Similarity (%)	56.7				76.3			57.2		65.6	63.0	80.7	86.1	58.2	8.69	51.0	72.2	72.1	61.5		65.5	
		Identity (%)	35.6				41.5			28.5		29.8	28.6	52.7	61.0	33.2	41.0	29.7	39.1	44.6	30.9		31.1	
25	ned)	Đ.	ombe				AC58					ά		r A3(2)	r msdA			C	olG		ens tcmA			
	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Schizosaccharomyces pombe SPAC1250.04c				Neisseria meningitidis MC58 NMB0662			Mus musculus n11		Escherichia coli K12 farR	Beta vulgaris	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC8F11.03c	Streptomyces coelicolor msdA	Bacillus subtilis iolB	Bacillus subtilis iofD	Rhizobium meliloti mocC	Bacillus subtilis idh or iolG	Bacillus subtilis iolH	Streptomyces glaucescens tcmA		Bacillus subtilis yvaA	
40		db Match	gp:SPAC1250_3				gp:AE002420_13			gp:AF176569_1		sp:FARR_ECOLI	pir:T14544	gp:SC8F11_3	prt:2204281A	Sp. IOLB_BACSU	sp:IOLD_BACSU	SP. MOCC_RHIME	sp:MI2D_BACSU	Sp.IOLH_BACSU	sp:TCMA_STRGA		sp:YVAA_BACSU	
		ORF (bp)	342	930	657	933	405	639	741	2067	963	759	1017	126	1512	888	1728	954	1011	870	1374	621	1023	456
45		Terminal (nt)	160370	161360	162352	161363	162867	163603	166457	163689	167419	167837	169991	170916	172444	173355	175275	176272	177318	178203	179658	178461	180711	181297
50		Initial (nt)	160029	160431	161696	162295	162463	162965	165717	165755	166457	168595	168975	169996	170933	172468	173548	175319	176308	177334	178285	179081	179689	180842
		SEO	3668	3669	3670	3671	3672	3673	3674	3675	3676	3677	3678	3679	3680	3681	3682	3683	3684	3685	3686	3687	3688	3689
55		SEO	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189

					_									-			_							_
5		no									ethyltransierase		amylase			nporter		2)	histidine kinase	tarate arge subunit	tarate mall subunit			
10		Function		regulatory protein	oxidoreductase	hypothetical protein		cold shock protein			caffeoyl-CoA 3-O-methyltransierase		glucose-resistance amylase regulator regulator			D-xylose proton symporter		transposase (ISCg2)	signal-transducing histidine kinase	glutamine 2-oxoglutarate aminotransferase large subunit	glutamine 2-oxoglutarate aminotransferase small subunit		hypothetical protein	
15		Matched fength (a.a.)		331	442	303		64			134		338			458		401	145	1510	909		496	
20		Similarity (%)		61.9	52.5	64.7		92.2			58.2		62.1			70.5		100.0	60.7	100.0	9.66		72.8	
		Identity (%)		32.0	24.4	33.7		70.3			30.6		28.7			36.0		100.0	27.6	6.99	99.4		44.6	
25	Table 1 (continued)	as gene		culi cebR	R234 y4hM	エ		licolor A3(2)					ppA			ıis xylT		glutamicum	ti fixL	glutamicum	glutamicum		uberculosis	
30	Table 1 (c	Homologous gene		Streptomyces reticuli cebR	Rhizobium sp. NGR234 y4hM	Bacillus subtilis yfith		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) csp			Stellaria longipes		Bacillus subtilis ccpA			Lactobacillus brevis xylT		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 tnp	Rhizobium meliloti fixL	Corynebacterium glutamicum gltB	Corynebacterium glutamicum gltD		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3698	
<i>35</i> <i>40</i>		db Match		gp:SRE9798_1	z	SP YFIH BACSU		sp.CSP_ARTGO			prf:2113413A		sp.ccPA_BACSU			sp:XYLT_LACBR		gp:AF189147_1	Sp:FIXL_RHIME	gp:AB024708_1	gp:AB024708_2		pir:C70793	
		ORF (bp)	384	993 gp:S	1233 sp 7	T-	429	201 sp.C	534	306	<u> </u>	426):ds 066	402	240	1473 sp.)	300		435 sp:	4530 gp:	1518 gp:	240	1485 pir.	369
45		Terminal Ol	181647 3	181687 9	184051 12	185087 101	185642 4	186708 2	187302 5	187607 3	i	†-	· -	190321 4	-	190703	192949	194464	194604 4	199769 4	201289	201341	201760 1	205956
50		Initial (nt)	181264	182679	182819	184077	185214	186508	186769	187302	187687	188725	189736	189920	190628	192175	193248	193262	195038	195240	199772	201580	203244	205588
		SEQ NO.	3690	3691	3692	3693	3694	3692	3696	3697	3698	3699	3700	3701	3702	3703	3704	3705	3706	3707	3708	3709	3710	3711
55		SEQ NO.	190	191	193	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	5	202	203	204	205	, SS	207	208	509	210	211

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function		arabinosyi transferase	hypothetical membrane protein	acetoacetyl CoA reductase	oxidoreductase				proteophosphoglycan	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	rhamnosyl transferase		hypothetical protein	O-antigen export system ATP- binding protein	O-antigen export system permease protein	hypothetical protein	NADPH quinone oxidoreductase
15	Matched length (a a.)		1122	651	223	464				350	124		206	302		214	236	262	416	302
20	Similarity (%)		70.6	66.1	56.5	85.1				57.4	83.9		73.8	79.1		55.1	78.4	75.6	63.0	71.5
	Identity (%)		39.8	35.0	31.4	0.99				24.3	60.5		43.2	63.6		31.3	47.0	31.3	36.5	41.1
20 September 1 (Continued)	s gene		um embB	erculosis	phbB	erculosis				ppg1	oerculosis		serculosis	oerculosis iE		nefaciens IRA tiorf100	itica rfbE	itica rfbD	berculosis	3
30 Tahe T	Homologous gene		Mycobacterium avium embB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3792	Pseudomonas sp. phbB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3790		3		Leishmania major ppg1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3789		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1864c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3782 rfbE		Agrobacterium tumefaciens plasmid pTi-SAKURA tlorf100	Yersinia enterocolitica rfbE	Yersinia enterocolitica rfbD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis +137Rv Rv3778c	Homo sapiens pig3
<i>35</i>	db Match		prf:2224383C	pir.D70697	prf:2504279B	pir:B70697				gp:LMA243459_1			pir:H70666	pir.B70696		gp:AB016260_100	sp.RFBE_YEREN	SP.RFBD_YEREN	pir:F70695	gp:AF010309_1
	ORF (bp)	318	3471 pr	1983 pi	759 pr	1464 pi	234	507	453	1002 g	396 s	402	633 p	939 p	342	597 9	789	804 s	1173 р	954 g
45	Terminal (nt)	206385	203541		209210	209992	211535	212283	212735		214107	214522	215159	215162	216605	216116	217141	217943	220151	220154
50	Initial (nt)	206060	207011	208989	209968		211768	211777	212283	•		214121		216100	216264	216712	217929	218746	218979	221107
	SEQ NO.	_ :	3713	3714	3715	3716	3717	3718	3719	3720	3721	3722	3723	3724	3725	3726	3727	3728	3729	3730
55	SEQ NO.	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function		probable electron transfer protein	атіпо acid carrier protein		mclybdopterin biosynthesis prolein moeB (sulfurylase)	molybdopterin synthase, large subunit	molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein CB	co-factor synthesis protein	molybdopterin co-factor synthesis protein	hypothetical membrane protein	molybdate-binding periplasmic protein	molybdopterin converting factor subunit 1	maltose transport protein	hypothetical membrane protein	histidinol-phosphate aminofransferase			
15	! !	Matched length (a a)		78	475 a		368	150 8	158 n	154 0	377	227	256 F	96	365	121	330			
20		Similarity (%)		51.0	75.8		70.1	75.3	63.3	84.4	58.6	70.5	68.0	70.8	6.09	76.9	65.8			
		idertity (%)		35.0	46.7		43.8	44.7	33.5	61.7	34.5	44.1	34.0	37.5	34.3	36.4	37.3			
25	ontinued)	e gene		erculosis			PCC 7942	ovorans	PCC 7942	novorans	novorans	novorans	lovorans	erculosis	alis malK	icolor A3(2)	s hisC			
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3571	Bacillus subtilis alsT		Synechococcus sp. moeB	Arthrobacter nicotinovorans moaE	Synechococcus sp. moaCB	Arthrobacter nicotinovorans moaC	Arthrobacter nicotinovorans moeA	Arthrobacter nicotinovorans modB	Arthrobacter nicotinovorans modA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv moaD2	Thermococcus litoralis malk	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) ORF3	Zymomonas mobilis hisC			
35	•	db Match		PIR:A70606	sp:ALST_BACSU		gp:SYPCCMOEB_1	prf.2403296D	sp:MOCB_SYNP7	prf:2403296C	gp:ANY10817_2	prf.2403296F	pri:2403296E	pir.D70816	prf.2518354A	sp.YPT3_STRCO	sp:HIS8_ZYMMO			
		CRF (bp)	582	297 PIF	1476 sp:	606	1083 gp.	456 prt	471 sp.	468 pri	1185 gp	723 prf	804 prf	321 pir.	912 prf	420 sp.	1023 sp.	906	294	120
45		Terminal C	221131	222207	222210	225244	225242 1	226312	226760	227218	227703	228891	229711	230928	230931	231848	232260	234818	234910	
50		Indial (nt)	221712	221911	223685	224336	226324	226767	227230	227685	228887	229613	230514	230608	231842	232267	233282	233913	235203	235290
		SEO NO.	3731	3732	3733	3734	3735	3736	3737	3738	3739	3740	3741	3742	3743	3744	3745	3746	3747	3748
55		SEQ NO. (DNA)	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248
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EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	transcription factor	alcohol dehydrogenase	putrescine oxidase	magnesium ion transporter		Na/dicarboxylate cotransponer	oxidoreductase	hypothetical protein	nitrogen fixation protein			membrane transport protein	queuine tRNA-ribosyltransferase	hypothetical membrane protein			ABC transporter	glutamyi-tKNA syntnetase		transposase		
15	Matched length (a.a.)	252 tr	335 a	1	444	1	267	317 0	160	144			997	400	203		十	\top	316		380		
20	Similarity (%)	57.1	66.0	38.1	68.5		59.6	69.1	73.8	70.1			45.7	68.0	62.1			49.6	63.3		55.0		
	Identity (%)	29.4	34.0	215	30.9		33.2	46.1	48.8	45.1			20.7	41.3	28.1			24.3	34.8		34.2		
30 (Continued) 1 elder	ns gene	oxyR	rmophilus	ond su	eri mgtE			rbercutosis	uberculosis	aponicum			uberculosis nmpL2	silis	'pdP			aucescens strW	JIX		yringae tnpA		
30	Homologous gene	Brucella abortus oxyR	Bacillus stearothermophilus DSM 2334 adh	Micrococcus rubens puo	Borrelia burgdorferi mgtE		Xenopus laevis	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv tyrA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3753c	Bradyrhizobium japonicum			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0507 mmpL2	Zymomonas mobilis	Bacillus subtilis ypdP			Streptomyces glaucescens strW	Bacillus subtilis gltX	-	Pseudomonas syrIngae tnpA		
35	db Match	gp:BAU81286_1 B	 	Sp. PUO_MICRU N	prt:2305239A B		prf.2320140A X		pir.B70800	gp.RHBNFXP_1 E			Sp:YV34_MYCTU	Sp.TGT_ZYMMO_2	_			pir:S65588	sp:SYE_BACSU		gp:PSESTBCBAD_1		
40		— }- —		+	150 prf:23	74		20 pir.C7				-	2403 sp:Y\	1263 sp.T(38 sp:Yi	1030	648	437 pir.Si	879 sp.S	066	110 gp:P	303	138
	al ORF	i	<u>:</u>	5 801	12	-	5 1530	=	11 522	0 417	5 201	6 351		\top	<u> </u>			_	 	 	_		<u> </u>
45	Terminal (nt)	235451	237342	238145	239525	239945	241515	241883	243431	243910	244215	244816	247304	248572	248557	250507	249722	251939	252830	252830	254329	255492	255204
50	Initial (nt)	236212	236326	237345	238176	239772	239986	242902	242910	243494	244015			247310		249428	250369	250503	251952	253819	255438	255794	256067
		(8.8.)	3750	3751		3753	3754	3755	3756	3757	3758	3759	3760	3761	3762	3763	3764	3765	3766	3767	3768	3769	3770
55	SEQ.	(DNA)	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	560	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270

EP 1 108 790 A2

branched-chain amino acid transport

68.0 72.0

30.5 37.1

leucine-responsive regulatory protein

143 203

Klebsiella pneumoniae Irp

462 Sp.LRP_KLEPN

276302 277581

289

753 sp.AZLC_BACSU Bacillus subtilis 1A1 azlC

5	Function	aspartate transaminase		DNA polymerase III holoenzyme (au subunit		hypothetical protein	recombination protein	cobyric acid synthase	UDP-N-acetylmuramyl tripeptide synthetase	DNA polymerase III epsiton chain	hypothelical membrane protein	aspartate kinase alpha chain			extracytoplasmic function alternative sigma factor	vegetative catalase		
		aspartate		DNA poly subunit		hypotheti	recombin	cotyric a	UDP-N-ace synthetase	DNA poly	hypotheti	aspartate			extracytopla sigma factor	vegetativ		
15	Matched length (a.a.)	432		642		101	214	248	444	346	270	421			189	492		
20	Similarity (%)	100.0		53.1		74.3	72.4	61.7	9:09	55.2	100.0	8.86			63.5	76.4		
	Identity (%)	98.6		31.6		41.6	42.5	38.3	31.3	25.7	100.0	99.5			31.2	52.9		
25 (penujuos) 1 eller	ous gene	actofermentum		philus dnaX		aaK	ecR	bilis cobQ	bilis murC	uberculosis	n glutamicum flavum) ATCC	n glutamicum			smegmatis sigE	katA		
50 de	Homologous gene	Brevibacterium lactofermentum aspC		Thermus thermophilus dnaX		Bacillus subtilis yaaK	Bacillus subtilis recR	Heliobacillus mobilis cobQ	Heliobacillus mobilis murC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv dnaQ	Corynebacterium glutarnicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 13032 orfX	Corynebacterium glutamicum lysC-alpha			Mycobacterium smegmatis sigE	Bacillus subtilis katA		
40	db Match	gsp:W69554		gp:AF025391_1		SP. YAAK BACSU	Sp. RECR BACSU	prf.2503462B	prf.2503462C	pir:H70794	sp:YLEU_CORGL	sp:AKAB_CORGL			prf.2312309A	sp.CATV_BACSU		
	ORF (bp)	1296 g	630	2325 9	717		1	T	 	1080 p	867 8	1263 s	1053	1434	579 p	1506 s	342	291
45	Terminal (nt)	257894	258529	260875	258596	261295	262055	262546	263298	264599	268258	270633	269524	273194	273542	275871	276232	275957
50	Initial (nt)	256599	257900	258551	259312	260987	261402	263295	264566	265678	269124	269371	270576	271761		274366	275891	276247
	SEO NO.		3772	3773	3774	3775	3776	7775	3778	3779	3780	3781	3782	3783	3784	3785	3786	3787
55	SEQ NO.	271	272	273	274	275	276	27.7	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		metalloregulatory protein	arsenic oxyanion-translocation pump membrane subunit	arsenate reductase				Na+/H+ antiporter or mulliple resistance and pH regulation related protein D	Na+/H+ antiporter	Na+/H+ antiporter or muttiple resistance and pH regulation related protein A				transcriptional activator	two-component system sensor histidine kinase	alkaline phosphatase		phosphoesterase	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a a)			06	341	119				503	119	824				223	521	180		307	149
20	Similarity (%)			68.9	84.2	68.9				70.4	9.07	64.3				70.4	56.8	60.0		54.7	71.8
	Identity (%)			34.4	52.2	31.1				32.4	37.0	34.1				38.6	26.7	28.3		26.1	37.6
55 25 Table 1 (continued)	ous gene			, As4 arsR	a. As4 arsB	xylosus arsC				F4 mrpD	aureus mnhC	Р4 тірА				ophus CH34	uberculosis	is MG1363 apl		/kuE	/qeY
Table 1	Homologous gene			Sinorhizobium sp. As4 arsR	Sinorhizobium sp. As4 arsB	Staphylococcus xylosus arsC				Bacillus firmus OF4 mrpD	Staphylococcus aureus mnhC	Bacillus firmus OF4 mrpA				Alcaligenes eutrophus CH34 czcR	Mycobacterium tuberculosis mtrB	Lactococcus lactis MG1363 apl		Bacillus subtilis ykuE	Bacillus subtilis yqeY
35	-	i i																			\neg
40	db Match			gp:AF178758_1	gp:AF178758_2	sp:ARSC_STAXY				gp:AF097740_4	prf 2504285D					sp:czcR_ALCEU	prf.2214304B	Sp:APL_LACLA		pir. B69865	sp:YQEY_BACSU
	CRI (bp)	324	315	345	1080	387	318	270	453	1530	381	2886	1485	603	864	999	1467	603	561	915	453
45	Terminal (nt)	277904	277987	278388	279893	280279	280349	280670	280949	281404	282937	283317	287857	287059	287966	289131	289777	292417	291273	292597	293991
50	(nt)	277581	278301	278732	278814	279893	280666	280939	281401	-i	283317	. 1	286373	287661	288829		291243	291815	291833	293511	293539
	SEO NO (a.a.)	3790	3791	3792	3793	3794	3795	3796	3797	3798	2700	3800	3801	3802	3803	3804	3805	3806	3807	3808	3809
55	SEQ NO. (DNA)	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	200	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	class A penicillin-binding protein(PBP1)	regulatory protein		hypothetical protein	transcriptional regulator	shikimate transport protein		long-chain-fatty-acid-CoA ligase	transcriptional regulator	3-oxoacyl-(acyl-carrier-protein) reductase	glutamine synthetase	short-chain acyl CoA oxidase	nodulation protein	hydrolase			cAMP receptor protein		ultraviolet N-glycosylase/AP lyase	cytochrome c biogenesis protein
15	Matched length (a a)	782 °	717		50	149 t	440 s		534	127 t	251	254	394	153	272		寸	207	\neg	240	211
20	Similarity (%)	77.1	63.4		96.0	89.9	6.89		59.9	65.4	72.5	52.0	66.5	72.6	72.4			65.7		77.1	58.3
	Identity (%)	48.3	40.9		84.0	65.1	37.3		31.1	33.9	41.0	27.2	38.8	45.8	41.2			30.9		57.5	34.6
<i>25</i> (panu	9.	pon1	ır A3(2)		ır A3(2)	losis	Ąį			or A3(2)		ပ	ıg6	nou modN	ulosis					6	ulosis
os Table 1 (continued)	Homotogous gene	Mycobacterium leprae pon1	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) whiB		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH17.10c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3678c	Escherichia coli K12 shiA		Bacillus subtilis IcfA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ4.28c	Bacillus subtilis fabG	Emericella nidutans fluG	Arabidopsis thaliana atg6	Rhizobium leguminosarum nodN	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3677c			Vibrio cholerae crp		Micrococcus luteus pdg	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3673c
40	db Match	prf:2209359A	pir:S20912		gp:SCH17_10	pir.G70790	Sp. SHIA_ECOLI		sp:LCFA_BACSU_B	gp:SCJ4_28	sp:FABG_BACSU	SP.FLUG EMENI	prf:2512386A	Sp.NODN_RHILV	pir:F70790			prf:2323349A		sp:UVEN_MICLU	pir:870790
	ORF (bp)	2385	339	192	153	459	1353	609	1536	525	933	942	1194	471	843	1173	705	681	192	780	558
45	Terminal (nt)	294004	297402	297622	297783	298250	298332	300095	299726	301512	303099	304074	305263	305758	306700	305195	307504	306782	307727	308734	309302
50	fuitiaf (nt)	296388	297064	297431	297631	297792	299684	300087	301261	302036	302167	303133	304070	305288	305858	306367	306800	307462	307918	307955	308745
	SEQ.	3810	3811	3812	3813	3814	3815	3816	3817	3818	3819	3820	3821	3822	3823	3824	3825	3826	3827	3828	3829
55	SEQ	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329

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5		Function	otein	se	ase	hypothetical membrane protein	phosphatase	otein	conjugal transfer region protein		hypothetical membranc protein	otein	otein				ATP-dependent RNA helicase	tein		erase I	
10		L.	hypothetical protein	serine proteinase	epoxide hydrolase	hypothetical me	phosphoserine phosphatase	hypothetical protein	conjugal transf		hypothetical m	hypothelical protein	hypothetical protein				ATP-depender	cold shock protein		DNA topoisomerase I	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	192	396	280	156	287	349	319		262	201	59				764	67		977	
20		Similarity (%)	56.3	71.0	52.1	77.6	65.5	60.2	66.5		63.7	64.2	84.8				66.1	88.1		81.6	
		Identity (%)	30.7	38.6	29.6	46.8	29.6	35.0	32.9		30.5	33.8	47.5				33.8	68.7		61.7	
25	ane i (commed)	ons gene	<12 yeaB	uberculosis	1 sp. C12 cEH	uberculosis	eprae serB	uberculosis	rrbB		uberculosis	uberculosis	uberculosis				rprA	biformis SI55		tuberculosis topA	
·	i anne i	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 yeaB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis 1137Rv Rv3671c	Corynebacterium sp. C12 cEH	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3669	Mycobacterium leprae MTCY20G9.32C, serB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3660c	Escherichia coli trbB		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3658c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3657c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3656c				Bacillus subtilis yprA	Arthrobacter globiformis SIS5 csp		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3646c topA	
<i>35</i>		db Match	sp:YEAB_ECOUL	n pir:H70789	prf:2411250A	pir.F70789	pir.S72914	pir.E70788	pir.C44020		pir.C70788	pir:B70788	pir.A70788				sp:YPRA_BACSU	sp.CSP_ARTGO		pir:G70563	
			÷		1	+	i					 -	 				-				
45		ORF (bp)	699	1191	993	549	996	1023	1023	615	816	540	198	318	414	345	2355	201	225	2988	711
45		Terminal (nt)	310038	311325	311899	312909	313625	316002	317132	316350	317893	318465	318689	319013	318545	319335	319336	322207	321992	325897	326614
50		Initial (nt)	309370	310135	312891	313457	314590	314980	316110	<u> </u>	317078	317920	318492	318696	318958	318991	321690	322007	322216	322910	325904
		SEQ NO (a.e.)	3830	3831	3832	3833	3834	3835	3836	3837	3838	3839	3840	3841	3842	3843	3844	3845	3846	3847	3848
55		SEQ NO.	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348

EP 1 108 790 A2

5				init				U	lase		enase		superfamily	rotein)	otein	dratase		nose		tase		
10		Function	adenylate cyclase	DNA polymerase III subunit tau/gamma		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase	beta-glucosidase/xylosidase	beta-glucosidase	NAD/mycothiol-dependent formaldehyde dehydrogenase		metalto-beta-lactamase superfamily	3-oxoacyl-(acyl-carrier-protein) reductase	valanimycin resistant protein	dTDP-glucose 4,6-dehydratase	hypothetical protein	dolichol phosphate mannose synthase		nucleotide sugar synthetase	UDP-sugar hydrolase	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	263	423		144	172	314	558	101	362		160	251	415	320	108	230		260	586	
20		Similarity (%)	62.4	52.7		59.0	63.4	65.0	60.2	61.4	86.5		47.5	55.8	56.4	66.3	88.9	66.5		57.3	54.4	
		dentity (%)	32.7	25.3		32.6	39.0	43.6	34.8	38.6	9.99		32.5	25.9	26.3	33.8	59.3	33.9		25.8	26.1	
25	inueu)	ene	B17R20			ım uu033	ans	luC	D1 bgxA	salB	no ica		polis orf5	abG	ciens vImF	е.	culosis	aschii JAL-		yeſJ	um ushA	
·	lable I (commueo)	Homologous gene	Stigmatella aurantiaca B17R20 cyaB	Bacillus subtilis dnaX		Ureaplasma urealyticum uu033	Deinococcus radiodurans DR0202	Escherichia coli K12 rluC	Erwinia chrysanthemi D1 bgxA	Azospirillum irakense salB	Amycolatopsis methano ica		Rhodococcus erythropolis orf5	Escherichia coli K12 fabG	Streptomyces viridifaciens vImF	Actinoplanes sp. acbB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3632	Methanococcus jannaschii JAL- 1 MJ1222		Escherichia coli K12 yefJ	Salmonella typhimurium ushA	
35 40		db Match	Sp.CYAB_STIAU	sp:DP3X_BACSU E		gp:AE002103_3	ω.	sp:RLUC_ECOLI [SP.BGLX_ERWCH	+	<u>u</u>		Sp:YTH5_RHOSN	 	gp:AF148322_1		pir.A70562	sp:YC22_METJA		sp:YEFJ_ECOU	_	
		ORF (bp)	1041	1257	162	444	561	882	1644	+	1104	621	537	699	1230	933	375	759	1029	1035	2082	162
.		Terminal (nt)	326695	329539	329909	330376	331533	332433	334562	334953	336112	335185	336748	337449	338768	339725	340195	340569	342375	343451	345717	345814
50		Initial (nt)	327735	328283	329748	329933	330973	331552	332919	332965	335009	335805	336212	336781	337539	338793	340569	341327	341347	342417	-	345975
		SEQ NO (8 a.)	3849	3850	3851	3852	3853	3854	3855	3856	3857	3858	3859	3860	3861	3862	3863	3864	3865	3866	3867	3868
55		SEQ NO.	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	15.6	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function		ent alcohol e	sphate sferase	dTDP-4-keto-L-rhamnose reductase	dTDP-glucose 4,6-dehydratase	ogenase	rotein		hypothetical membrane protein	lse	itidase		hypothetical membrane protein	/er protein	autophosphorylating protein Tyr kinase	natase		accharide		lipopolysaccharide biosynthesis / anvinotransferase
10			NADP-dependent alcohol dehydrogenase	glucose-1-phosphale thymidylyltransferase	dTDP-4-keto-l	dTDP-glucose	NADH dehydrogenase	Fe-regulated protein		hypothetical m	metallopeptidase	prolyl endopeptidase		hypothetical m	cell surface layer protein	autophosphon kinase	protein phosphatase		capsular polysaccharide biosynthesis	ORF 3	lipopolysaccharid aminotransferase
15	Matched length (a.a.)		343	285	192	343	206	325		423	461	708		258	363	453	102		613	06	394
20	Similarity (%)		74.9	84.9	74.0	83.4	61.2	66.5		68.3	62.5	56.4		46.0	9.92	57.2	68.6		65.7	51.0	68.3
	Identity (%)		52.2	62.8	49.5	61.8	35.4	33.2		37.4	34.1	28.4		26.0	50.7	28.5	39.2		33.0	41.0	37.1
25 (participal	gene		erculosis	M32 rfbA	ans rmlC	ans XC rmlB	HB8 nox	reus sirA		erculosis	color	sulata		color A3(2)	CC 6872	sonii ptk	sonii ptp		reus M capD		ni wlaK
30 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv adhC	Salmonella anatum M32 rfbA	Streptococcus mutans rmIC	Streptococcus mutans XC rmlB	Thermus aquaticus HBB nox	Staphylococcus aureus sirA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3630	Streptomyces coelicolor SC5F2A.19c	Sphingomonas capsulata		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2)	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872	Acinetobacter johnsonii ptk	Acinetobacter johnsonii ptp		Staphylococcus aureus M capD	Vibrio cholerae	Campylobacter jejuni wlaK
<i>35</i>	db Match		SP.ADH_MYCTU	SP:RFBA_SALAN	gp:D78182_5	TRMU	sp:NOX_THETH	prf.2510361A		sp:Y17M_MYCTU	gp:SC5F2A_19	prf.2502226A		gp:SCF43_2	gsp:W56155	prf:2404346B	prf:2404346A		sp:CAPD_STAAU	PRF:2109288X	prf:2423410L
			!	i) db 6	-	-	 	m			-					 	47		 	
45	ORF (bp)	351	1059	855	1359	1131	579	945	639	1308	1380	2118	573	1092	1095	1434	603	984	1812	942	1155
45	Terminal (nt)	346110	346961	348098	348952	350313	351370	353637	353749	354599	355849	357237	359762	360814	362057	365257	365852	366838	368643	367701	369801
50	Initial (nt)	346460	348019	348952	350310	351443	351948	352693	354387	355906	357228	359354	360334	361905	363151	363824	365250	365855	366832	368642	368647
	SEQ NO. (a.a.)		3870	3871	3872	3873	3874	3875	3876	3877	3878	3879	3880	3881	3882	3883	3884	3885	3886	3887	3888
55	SEO NO.	369	370	37.1	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388

EP 1 108 790 A2

lipopolysaccharide biosynthesis / export protein transposase (insertion sequence 1S31831) acetylenolpyruvoylglucosamine UDP-glucose 6-dehydrogenase 5 UDP-N-acetylglucosamine pilin glycosylation protein capsular polysaccharide carboxyvinyltransferase Function hypothetical protein glycosyl transferase hypothetical protein sugar transferase acetyltransferase acetyltransferase 10 biosynthesis transposase reductase UDP-N-Matched length 15 243 221 196 388 (a.a) 273 356 404 354 65 380 504 427 2 53 Similarity 62.0 53.0 65.0 75.0 57.3 57.4 60.2 ဖ 89.7 8 69 69 8 68. 79 8 20 Identity (%) 33.0 54.6 32.0 60.4 28.0 44.0 63.7 32.1 33.4 34.3 31.4 34.8 75.7 34 Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1 psbC Staphylococcus aureus M capM Xanthomonas campestris gumJ 25 Corynebacterium glutamicum Corynebacterium glutamicum Corynebacterlum glutamicum ATCC 31831 Table 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1565c Enterobacter cloacae murA Neisseria meningitidis pglB Escherichia coli 0157 wbhł Vibrio cholerae ORF39x2 Homologous gene Escherichia coli wbnA Bacillus subtilis murB Escherichia coli ugd 30 35 sp:MURB_BACSU sp:CAPM_STAAU Sp.MURA_ENTCL gp:AB008676_13 sp:UDG8_ECOLI gp: AF 172324 3 gp:AF014804_1 σ, db Match prf:2211295A gsp:W37352 gp:VCLPSS PIR: \$60890 :\$43613 pir:S67859 pir.G70539 40 ᆵ 1314 1005 1035 1170 1161 1491 150 231 273 1209 822 645 195 ORF (bp) 612 1161 327 993 135 276 Terminal 370405 371773 377832 378227 378511 378287 379850 381495 383108 383496 383982 385374 387200 387463 45 375837 373419 374813 376876 378668 (ng 383768 385190 386195 386556 378185 381265 387657 371929 373500 374833 377683 378093 378562 380842 381948 370613 375842 379837 369794 Initial (J. 50 3902 3903 3905 3906 3907 3894 3895 3896 3898 3899 3900 3889 3890 3893 3897 3901 3904 SEO Seo 3892 3891 (DNA) 403 405 SEQ. 386 404 406 395 407 396 398 90 401 402 392 393 394 397 399 391 55

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase	UTPglucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase	regulatory protein	transcriptional regulator	cytochrome b subunit	succinate dehydrogenase Ilavoprotein	succinate dehydrogenase subunit B						hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein			tetracenomycin C transcription repressor		transporter
15		Matched length (a.a.)	469 d	295 ^U	153	477 tr	230 c	809	258 s						259 h	431 h			197		499 tı
20		Similarity (%)	100.0	68.1	71.9	81.3	67.4	61.2	56.2						49.8	64.3			53.8		74.6
		Identity (%)	9.66	41.7	43.8	57.0	34.8	32.4	27.5						26.3	32.7			26.4		36.1
25	Table 1 (continued)	us gene	glutamicum	npestris	ruginosa PAO1	berculosis	licolor A3(2)	JhA	serans sdhB						slicolar	12 yjiN			ucescens		Jiae T#2717
	lable 1 (Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 lpd	Xanthomonas campestris	Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1 orfX	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0465c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCM10.12c	Bacillus subtilis sdhA	Paenibacillus macerans sdhB						Streptamyces coelicolar SCC78.05	Escherichia coli K12 yjiN			Streptomyces glaucescens GLA.0 tcmR		Streptomyces fradiae T#2717 urdJ
35		db Match			gp:PAU49666_2				gp:BMSDHCAB_4							ECOLI			sp.TCMR_STRGA		gp:AF164961_8
40		용	gp:CGLPD_1	pir.JC4985	gp:PAU	pir:E70828	gp:SCM10_12	pir.A27763	gp:BMS						gp:SCC78_5	sp:YJIN_			sp:TCM		
		ORF (bp)	1407	921	498	1422	771	1875	837	336	261	630	96	339	975	1251	420	303	678	204	1647
45		Terminal (nt)	389098	390168	390730	390787	393475	395513	396262	396650	396932	396411	397825	398222	397232	399579	400017	400341	401150	401253	402796
50		Initial (nt)	387692	389248	390233	392208	392705	393639	395426	396315	396672	397040	397730	397884	398206	398329	399598	400039	400473	401050	401150
		SEQ NO. (a a.)	3908	3909	3910	3911	3912	3913	3914	3915	3916	3917	3918	3919	3920	3921	3922	3923	3924	3925	3926
55		SEQ NO.	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	transporter	formyltetrahydrofolate deformylase	deoxyribose-phosphate aldolase			hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		cation-transporting P-type ATPase B		glucan 1,4-alpha-glucosidase	hemin-binding periplasmic protein	ABC transporter	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	hypothelical protein	hypothetical protein			
15	-	Matched length (a.a.)	508 tran	286 forn	208 deo			280 hyp	92 hyp		748 cat		626 glu	348 her	330 AB	254 AB	266 hyp	258 hy			_
20		Similarity M	74.6	72.7	74.0			53.6	85.9		75.3		56.1	83.6	90.3	85.0	56.4	61.6			
		Identity (%)	39.6	40.9	38.5			26.8	58.7		45.7		27.3	57.2	65.2	63.8	28.6	32.6			
25	ninnea)	gene	le T#2717	S. P-1 purU	ပ္			ım GIR 10	erculosis		rae ctpB		revisiae a1	iphtheriae	iphtheriae	liphtheriae	icolor C75A	icolor C75A			
30 ·	lable I (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces fradiae T#2717 urdJ	Corynebacterium sp.	Bacillus subtifis deoC		•)	Mycobacterium avium GIR 10 mav346	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0190		Mycobacterium leprae ctpB		Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YIR019C sta1	Corynebacterium diphtheriae hmuT	Corynebacterium diphtheriae hmuU	Corynebacterium diphtheriae hmuV	Streptomyces coelicolor C75A SCC75A.17c	Streptomyces coelicolor C75A SCC75A.17c			
40		db Match	gp. AF164961_8 S	SP.PURU_CORSP C				prf.2413441K	pir.A70907		SP.CTPB_MYCLE N		sp:AMYH_YEAST	gp:AF109162_1 h	gp:AF109162_2	gp:AF109162_3	gp:SCC75A_17	gp:SCC75A_17			
		ORF (bp)	1632 9	912 \$	1	150	897	967 p	300	900	2265 s	450	1863 s	1077	1068	813	957	837	810	813	501
45		Terminal (nt)	404430	404508	406145	406161	405521	407416	407409	409145	407711	410027	412545	413633	414710	415526	416599	417439	417545	418441	419257
50		Initial (nt)	402799	405419	405480	406310	406417	406550	407708	408546	409975	410476	410683	412557	413643	414714	415643	416603	418354	419253	419757
		SEQ	-!	3928	-;	!	3931		3933	3934		3936	3937	3938	3939	3940	3941	3942	3943	3944	3945
55		SEQ NO.	-i	428	-;	1	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	ivoylgłucosamine				oid-CoA ligase		mutase	stem sensor	sponse regulator		TP-binding prote		ıse	brane protein	cylate reductase	rotein	in	
10		Fun	UDP-N-acetylpyruvoylglucosamine reductase		A		long-chain-fatty-acid-CoA ligase	transferase	phosphoglycerate mutase	two-component system sensor histidine kinase	two-component response regulator		ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	cytochrome P450	exopolyphosphatase	hypothetical membrane protein	pyrroline-5-carboxylate reductase	membrane glycoprotein	hypothetical protein	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	356				558	416	246	417	231		921	269	306	302	269	394	55	
20		Similarity (%)	58.4				68.1	58.7	84.2	74.8	6.06		60.7	66.9	57.8	57.3	100.0	52.0	94.6	
		Identity (%)	30.1				35.5	33.9	70.7	49.2	75.8		31.3	45.0	28.8	28.8	100.0	25.4	76.4	
25	lable i (continued)	eue sa	.DD012 murB				Α	licolor	licolor A3(2)	ovis senX3	ovis BCG		elicolor A3(2)	iberculosis	ruginosa ppx	iberculosis	glutamicum	s 1 ORF71	prae	
30) I anne I	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli RDD012 murB				Bacillus subtilis IcfA	Streptomyces coelicolor SC2G5.06	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) gpm	Mycobacterium tovis senX3	Mycobacterium bovis BCG regX3		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE25.30	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV3121	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ppx	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0497	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 17965 proC	Equine herpesvirus 1 ORF71	Mycobacterium teprae B2168_C1_172	
35			 				i		 	_ ≥	≥ ₩		တတ		Δ.		i	<u>: ш</u>	≥ 00	
40		db Match	gp:ECOMURBA_1				sp:LCFA_BACSU	gp.SC2G5_6	sp:PMGY_STRCO	prf.2404434A	prf.2404434B		gp:SCE25_30	sp:YV21_MYCTU	prf.2512277A	sp:YV23_MYCTU	sp.PROC_CORGL	gp.D88733_1	pir.S72921	
		ORF (bp)	11011	651	735	174	1704	1254	744	1239	969	879	2586	903	927	813	810	1122	198	219
45		Terminal (nt)	420885	421516	420309	422031	422090	425131	425920	427172	427867	429439	429438	432126	433988	434822	435695	433865	436137	436103
50		Initial (nt)	419785	420866	421043	421858	423793	423878	425177	425934	427172	428561	432023	433028	433062	434010	434886	434986	435940	436321
		SEQ NO.	3946	3947	3948	3949	3950	3951	3952	3953	3954	3955	3956	3957	3958	3959	3960	3961	3962	3963
55		SEC		447	448	449	450		452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	1	463

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	Function	hypothetical protein			phosphoserine phosphatase	hypothetical protein		glutamyl-tRNA reductase	hydroxymethylbilane synthase		cat operon transcriptional regulator	shikimate transport protein	3-dehydroshikimate dehydratase	shikimate dehydrogenase		putrescine transport protein		iron(III)-transport system permease protein		periplasmic-iron-binding protein	uroporphyrin-III C-methyltransferase	
	Matched length (a.a.)	29			296	74		455	308		321	417	309	282		363		578	i	347	486	
į	Similarity (%)	100.0			77.4	66.2		74.3	75.3		57.6	72.2	67.9	98.6		9.89		55.2	<u> </u>	59.9	71.6	
	Identity (%)	89.7			51.0	40.5		44.4	50.7		27.1	35.5	28.2	98.2		34.7		25.1		25.1	46.5	
Table 1 (continued)	Homologcus gene	Streptomyces coelicolor SCE68.25c			Mycobacterium leprae MTCY20G9 32C. serB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0508		Mycobacterium leprae hemA	Mycobacterium leprae hem3b		Acinetobacter calcoaceticus catM	Escherichia coli K12 shiA	Neurospora crassa qa4	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 aroE		Escherichia coli K12 potG		Serratia marcescens sfuB		Brachyspira hyodysenteriae bitA	Mycobacterium leprae cysG	
	db Match	gp:SCE68_25			pir.S72914	sp:YV35_MYCTU		sp:HEM1_MYCLE	pir:S72887		sp.CATM_ACICA	Sp. SHIA_ECOLI	SP:3SHD_NEUCR	gp:AF124518_2		Sp.POTG_ECOLI		sp:SFUB_SERMA		gp:SHU75349_1	pir:S72909	
	CRF (bp)	66	192	618	1065	246	258	1389	906	372	882	1401	1854	849	273	1050	615	1644	1113	1059	1770	426
	Terminal (nt)	436561	436764	437850	436980	438424	438037	439904	440814	441591	441601	444158	446038	447386	447398	448130	449100	449183	451961	450837	454430	454875
	Initial (nt)	436463	436573	437233	438044	438179	438294	438516	439909	441220	442482	442758		446538	447670	449179	449714	<u> </u>	450849	451895		454450
	SEQ NO.	3964	3965	3966	3967	3968	3969	3970	3971	3972	3973	3974	3975	3976	3977	3978	3979	3980	3981	3982	3983	3984
	SEQ NO DNA)	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484

EP 1 108 790 A2

cation-transporting P-type ATPase I uroporphyrinogen decarboxylase cytochrome c biogenesis protein glutamate-1-semialdehyde 2,1-aminomutase cytochrome c-type biogenesis protein hypothetical membrane protein hypothetical membrane protein protoporphyrinogen IX oxidase 5 1,4-dihydroxy-2-naphthoate octaprenyltransferase phosphoglycerate mutase Zn/Co transport repressor delta-aminolevulinic acid dehydratase transcriptional regulator Function hypothetical protein 10 Matched length 15 858 464 425 208 245 338 (a.a.) 337 364 533 144 161 90 82 3 Similarity 56.5 59.9 85.3 76.0 77.8 72.2 76.7 61.5 8 78.1 83. 83 62. 69 20 Identity (%) 28.0 61.7 28.0 44.1 31.1 39.0 33.6 S 6 44.7 55 20 60. 27. 53 38 25 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) hemB Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) hemE Table 1 (continued) Staphylococcus aureus zntR Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3678c pb5 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0526 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv ccsA Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0528 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv ccsB Mycobacterium leprae ctpB Mycobacterium leprae heml Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0531 Escherichia coli K12 gpmB Escherichia coli K12 menA Homologous gene Bacillus subtilis hemY 30 35 sp:HEM2_STRCO SPICTPB_MYCLE sp.DCUP_STRCO sp.PPOX_BACSU ECOLI Sp:MENA_ECOL! sp:GSA_MYCLE db Match prf:2420312A pir:A70545 pir:B70545 pir:C70545 pir:D70545 pir:G70790 pir.F70545 sp:PMG2_ 40 1017 2544 1074 1311 1344 1011 1623 ORF (bp) 510 582 843 471 909 792 357 333 894 621 801 Terminal 455983 458583 462455 471915 457150 463867 464472 465102 470654 45 456597 459900 467571 470170 470657 471847 461093 468658 471121 465909 £ 459425 461112 469370 471515 454967 456016 456641 457357 460020 463867 470184 471013 471420 465118 465949 467648 472808 464482 462557 Initial (nt) 50 3988 3989 SEO NO. 3985 3986 3987 3990 3991 3992 3993 3994 3995 3996 3997 3998 3999 4000 4001 4003 (a.a) 4002 (DNA) SEO NO 489 485 486 488 490 492 493 494 495 487 491 496 497 498 8 8 503 499 502 55

EP 1 108 790 A2

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	Function	glycosyl transferase	malonyl-CoA-decarboxylase	hypothetical membrane protein	ketoglutarate semialdehyde dehydrogenase	5-dehydro-4-deoxyglucarate dehydratase	als operon regulatory protein	hypothelical protein		2-pyrone-4,6-dicarboxylic acid				low-affinity inorganic phosphate transporter			naphthoate synthase	peptidase E	pterin-4a-carbinolamine dehydratase	muconate cycloisomerase
	Matched length (a.a.)	238	421	139	520	303	293	94		267				410			293	202	77	335
	Simitarity (%)	62.6	51.5	65.5	76.0	75.6	66.2	64.9		54.7				83.2			70.3	82.7	8.89	76.7
	Identity (%)	32.4	25.4	35.3	50.4	48.5	36.9	33.0		28.1				0.09			48.5	6.73	37.7	54.0
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Bacteroides fragilis wcgB	Rhizobium trifolii matB	Escherichia coli K12 yqjF	Pseudomonas pulida	Pseudomonas putida KDGDH	Bacillus subtilis 168 alsR	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0543c		Sphingomonas sp. LB126 fldB				Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv pitA			Bacillus subtilis menB	Deinococcus radiodurans DR1070	Aquifex aeolicus VF5 phhB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0553 menC
	db Match	gp:AF125164_6	prf:2423270B	sp:YQJF_ECOLI	pir:S27612	sp:KDGD_PSEPU	sp:ALSR_BACSU	pir:B70547		gp:SSP277295_9				pir:D70547			sp:MENB_BACSU	gp:AE001957_12	pir.C70304	pir:D70548
	ORF (bp)	864	1323	411	1560	948	879	315	444	750	417	378	261	1275	222	306	957	603	309	1014
i	Terminal (nt)	473811	473814	474997	475489	477048	478092	478989	480597	479452	480208	480624	481131	481394	483366	483637	484106	485986	485077	487014
	Initial (nt)	472948	475136	475407	477048	477995	478970	479303	480154	480201	480624	481001	481391	482668	483587	483942	485062	485384	485385	486001
	SEQ NO. (a.a.)	4004	4005	4006	4007	4008	4009	4010	4011	4012	4013	4014	4015	4016	4017	4018	4019	4020	4021	4022
:	SEQ NO. (DMA)	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	2-oxoglutarate decarboxylase and 2-succinyl-6-hydroxy-2,4-cyclohexadiene-1-carboxylate synthase	hypothetical membrane protein	alpha-D-mannose-alpha(1- 6)phosphatidyl myo-inositol monomannoside transferase	D-serine/D-alanine/glycine transporter	ubiquinone/menaquinone biosynthesis methyltransferase		oxidoreductase	heptaprenyl diphosphate synthase component II	preprotein transfocase SecE subunit	transcriptional antiterminator protein	50S ribosomal protein L11	50S ribosomal protein L1	regulatory protein	4-aminobutyrate aminotransferase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	909	148	408	447	237		412	316	111	318	145	236	564	443
20	Similarity (%)	54.0	64.9	54.2	6.68	66.7		7.97	67.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	50.2	82.4
	Identity (%)	29.4	37.2	22.8	66.2	37.1		49.0	39.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	23.1	60.5
52 Tabic 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	s menD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0556	Mycobacterium tuberculosts H37Rv pimB	oli K12 cycA	oli K12 ubiE		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0561c	othermophilus hepT	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 secE	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 nusG	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 rpIK	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 rpIA	coelicolor	n tuberculosis 9 gabT
	Ното	Bacillus subtilis menD	Mycobacterium H37Rv Rv0556	Mycobacteriur H37Rv pimB	Escherichia coli K12 cycA	Escherlchia coli K12 ubiE	11	Mycobacteriur H37Rv Rv056	Bacillus stearothermophilus ATCC 10149 hepT	Corynebacterium g ATCC 13032 secE	Corynebacterium g ATCC 13032 nusG	Corynebacterium ATCC 13032 rpIK	Corynebacterium ATCC 13032 rpIA	Streptomyces coelicolor SC5H4.02	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2589 gabT
40	db Match	sp:MEND_BACSU	pir:G70548	pir:H70548	sp.CYCA_ECOLI	sp.UBIE_ECOLI		pir.D70549	sp.HEP2_BACST	gp.AF130462_2	gp:AF130462_3	gp:AF130462_4	gp:AF130462_5	gp:SC5H4_2	sp:GABT_MYCTU
	ORF (bp)	1629 s	441 p	1239 p	1359 s	s 069	699	1272 p	1050 s	333 g	954 9	435 g	708	1512 g	1344 s
45	Terminal (nt)	488656	489100	490447	491938	492655	493583	492645	495110	497142	498327	499032	499869	499925	502920
50	Initial (nt)	487028	488660	489209	490580	491966	492915	493916	494061	496810	497374	498598	499162	501436	501577
	SEQ NO (a.a.)	4023	4024	4025	4026	4027	4028	4029	4030	4031	4032	4033	4034	4035	4036
55	SEQ NO. (DNA)	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536

DNA-directed RNA polymerase bela chain DNA-directed RNA polymerase beta chain lyrosine-specific transport protein novel two-component regulatory hypothetical membrane protein g 50S ribosomal protein L7/L12 5 cation-transporting ATPase dehydrogenase (NAD(P)+) 50S ribosomal protein L10 succinate-semialdehyde Function hypothetical protein or dehydrogenase DNA-binding protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein 10 system length Matched 15 1180 615 1332 50 170 461 447 468 3 283 169 215 232 Similarity 71.8 49.9 55.5 38.0 64.4 66.2 89.2 90.4 52.0 84.7 % 88.7 57.7 g 20 Identity (%) 40.8 33.2 72.3 0 40.2 72.9 39.0 39.2 29.3 75.4 32 25. 25 25 Streptomyces griseus N2-3-11 rpU Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ9A, 15c Table 1 (continued) Azospirillum brasilense carR Escherichia coli K12 o341#7 tyrP Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV1992C ctpG Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV0652 rplL Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0227c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV0667 rpoB Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV0668 rpoC Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Jv0166c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2908C Streptomyces lividans P49 Escherichia coli K12 gabD Homologous gene 30 35 Sp.CTPG_MYCTU sp:RPOB_MYCTU sp:RPOC_MYCTU sp:GABD_ECOLI GP:ABCARRA_2 sp:RL10_STRGR sp:YT08_MYCTU Sp:TYRP_ECOL! GP:AF121004_1 Sp.RL7_MYCTU db Match sp:P49_STRLI gp:SCJ9A_15 pir:A70962 40 1359 1950 1413 3495 3999 1191 ORF (bp) 513 603 384 138 582 8 780 798 504283 503272 509081 510510 510989 Terminal 507647 510974 512507 520492 518696 520850 505569 509696 521644 521679 45 516407 Ξ 503739 509998 505698 507669 509094 511126 511536 516494 502925 510591 520671 520865 522476 504379 512913 519277 Initial (nt) 50 4049 4050 4040 4045 4046 4048 4052 SEQ NO. (a.a.) 4037 4038 4041 4042 4043 4044 4047 4051 SEQ NO. (DNA) 545 546 539 540 541 542 548 549 550 537 547 552 551 55

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	30S ribosomal protein S12	30S ribosomal protein S7	elongation factor G			lipoprotein			ferric enterobactin transport ATP- binding protein	ferric enterobactin transport protein	ferric enterobactin transport protein	butyryl-CoA acetate coenzyme A transferase	30S ribosomal protein S10	50S ribosomal protein L3		50S ribosomal protein L4	50S ribosomal protein L23		50S ribosomal protein L2	30S ribosomal prolein S19	
15		Matched (ength (a.a.)	121 30	154 30	709 elc			44 lip			258 fer	329 fer	335 fe	145 bu	101 30	212 50		212 50	96		280 50	92 30	
20		Similarity (%)	97.5	94.8	88.9			78.0			83.7	77.8	90.6	79.3	0.66	9.68		90.1	90.6		92.9	98.9	
		Identity (%)	90.9	81.8	7.17		Ì	56.0			56.2	45.6	48.1	56.6	84.2	66.5		71.2	74.0		80.7	87.0	
25	Table 1 (continued)	ns gene	traceltulare	negmatis	s fusA			malis			.12 fepC	12 fepG	(12 fepD	cterium dicum actA	aa ATCC	ovis BCG rplC		ovis BCG rpID	ovis BCG rpfW		ovis BCG rp18	ubercutosis osS	
30	Table 1 (Homologous gene	Mycobacterium intracellulare rpsL	Mycobacterium smegmatis LR222 rpsG	Micrococcus luteus fusA			Chlamydia trachomatis		!	Escherichia coli K12 fepC	Escherichia coli K12 fepG	Escherichia coli K12 fepD	Thermoanaerobacterium thermosaccharolyticum actA	Planobispora rosea ATCC 53733 rpsJ	Mycobacterium bovis BCG rplC		Mycobacterium bovis BCG rplD	Mycobacterium bovis BCG rplW		Mycobacterium bovis BCG rplB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0705 rpsS	
<i>35</i>		db Match	SP:RS12_MYCIT	SP.RS7_MYCSM	SP.EFG_MICLU			GSP: Y37841 (Sp.FEPC_ECOLI	SP. FEPG ECOLI		-,	sp:RS10_PLARO	sp:RL3_MYCBO		SP:RL4_MYCBO	sp:RL23_MYCBO		SP:RLZ_MYCLE	sp.RS19_MYCTU	
		ORF (bp)	366 sp.	465 sp	2115 sp	2160	144	228 GS	153	729	792 sp	1035 sp	35		303 sp	654 sp	289	654 sp	303 sp	327	840 sp	276 sp	285
45		Terminal (nt)	523059	523533	526010 2	523911 2	526013	526894	527607	528768	528779	529592	T		533401	534090	533401	 	535048	534746	535915	536210	535899
50		Initial (nt)	522694	523069	523896	526070	526156	527121	527759	528040	529570	530626	531782	532008	533099	533437	534087	534090	534746	535072	535076	535935	536183
		SEO NO.		4054	4055		4057	4058	4059	4060	4061	4062	4063	4064	4065	4066	4067	4068	4069	4070	4071	4072	4073
55		SEO NO.	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573

2,5-diketo-D-gluconic acid reductase 50S ribosomal protein L29 50S ribosomal protein L14 50S ribosomal protein L16 30S ribosomal protein S17 50S ribosomal protein L24 50S ribosomal protein L22 30S ribosomal protein S3 50S ribosomal protein L5 -unction Matched length (a.a) Similarity 88.3 89.0 92.3 74.2 91.7 91.2 91.4 Identity (%) 77.4 69.3 74.3 S φ 76.2 73.6 65. Mycobacterium bovis BCG rpmC Mycobacterium bovis BCG rpsQ Mycobacterium bovis BCG rpsC Mycobacterium bovis BCG rpIP Fable 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0706 rplV Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0715 rplX Homologous gene Micrococcus luteus rplE Corynebacterium sp. H37Rv Rv0714 rplN sp:2DKG_CORSP sp:RS17_MYCBO sp:RL29 MYCBO sp:RL14_MYCTU sp:RL16_MYCBO sp:RL24_MYCTU Sp.RL22_MYCTU sp:RS3_MYCBO Sp:RLS_MICLU db Match ORF (bp) **Ferminal** Ē <u>E</u> o Z (DNA) SEO NO

ABC transporter ATP-binding protein molybdopterin-guanine dinucleotide biosynthesis protein alpha formate dehydrogenase chain D formate dehydrogenase H or chain 53.4 59.7 28.9 24.3 တ 26. 37. Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCGD3.29c Wolinella succinogenes fdhD Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1281c oppD Escherichia coli fdF Sp:FDHD_WOLSU sp:YC81_MYCTU SP.FDHF_ECOL gp:SCGD3_29

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	30S ribosomal protein S8	50S ribosomal protein L6	50S ribosomal protein L.18	30S ribosomal protein S5	50S ribosomal protein L30	50S ribosomal protein L15		methylmalonic acid semialdehyde dehydrogenase		novel two-component regulatory system	aldehyde dehydrogenase or betaine aldehyde dehydrogenase	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO		reductase	2Fe2S ferredoxin	p-cumic alcohol dehydrogenase	hypothetical protein	phosphoenolpyruvate synthetase	phosphoenolpyruvate synthetase	суtостоте Р450
15	Matched length (a a.)	405 h	150 հ	132 3	179 5	110 5	171 3	55 5	143 5		128 d		125 n	487 a		\neg	409	107 2	257 p	20 h	629 p	378 р	422 c
20	Similarity (%)	50.4	66.7	7.76	87.7	90.9	88.3	76.4	87.4		68.8		52.0	71.5			71.6	66.4	70.8	56.0	45.0	66.7	65.2
	Identity (%)	24.7	42.7	75.8	59.2	67.3	8.79	54.6	66.4		46.9		47.0	41.7			41.1	47.7	35.8	50.0	22.9	38.6	34.8
<i>25</i> (25)	s gene	idus AF1398	durans			rpIR	rpsE	2 rpmJ	rplO		color msdA		ense carR	ochrous 5			redA2	ulatus fdxE	da cymB	K1 APE0029	IS Vc1 DSM	IS Vc1 DSM	ropolis thcB
% S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Homologous gene	Archaeoglobus fulgidus AF1398	Deinococcus radiodurans DR0763	Micrococcus luteus	Micrococcus luteus	Micrococcus luteus rpIR	Micrococcus luteus rpsE	Escherichia coli K12 rpmJ	Micrococcus luteus rplO		Streptomyces coelicolor msdA		Azospirillum brasilense carR	Rhodococcus rhodochrous plasmid pRTL1 orf5			Sphingomonas sp. redA2	Rhodobacter capsulatus fdxE	Pseudomonas putida cymB	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE0029	Pyrococcus furiosus Vc1 DSM 3638 ppsA	Pyrococcus furiosus Vc1 DSM 3638 ppsA	Rhodococcus erythropolis thcB
35					_	İ							-				1		7,				
40	db Match	pir:E69424	gp:AE001931_13	pir. S29885	pir:S29886	Sp.RL18 MICLU	Sp. RSS_MICLU	Sp.RL30 ECOLI	Sp. RL15 MICLU		prf:2204281A		GP:ABCARRA_2	prf.2516398E			prf:2411257B	prf:2313248B	gp:PPU24215	PIR:H72754	pir.JC4176	pir.JC4176	prf.2104333G
	ORF (bp)	1182	468	396	534	402	633	183	444	729	321	363	456	1491	735	306	1266	318	744	213	1740	1080	1290
45	Terminal (nt)	552948	554452	555726	556282	556690	557366	557555	558008	556860	558197	558607	560260	559144	560634	562937	561368	562646	562993	564083	563732	565680	566799
50	Initial (nt)	554129	554919	555331	555749	556289	556734		1	557588		558969	559805	560634	561368	562632	562633	562963	563736	<u></u>	565471	566759	568088
	SEO NO.	4096	4097	4098	4099	4100	4101	4102	4103	4104	4105	4106	4107	4108	4109	4110	4111	4112	4113	4114	4115	4116	4117
55	SEQ NO.	296	597	598	599	009	5	602	603	904		909	607	809	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617

EP 1 108 790 A2

10	Function	transcriptional repressor	adenylate kinase		methionine aminopepudase	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	translation initiation factor IF-1	30S ribosomal protein S13	30S ribosomal protein S11	30S ribosomal protein S4	RNA polymerase alpha subunit		50S ribosomal protein L17	pseudouridylate synthase A	hypothetical membrane protein	12		hypothetical protein	cell elongation protein	cyclopropane-fatty-acyl-phospholipid synthase	hypothetical membrane protein
15	Matched length (a.a)		184	\top	253	7	22	122	134	132	311		122	265	786			485	505	423	100
20	Similarity (%)	0.99	81.0		74.7		86.0	91.0	93.3	93.9	77.8		77.1	61.1	51.2			53.8	50.9	56.0	29.0
_	Identity (%)	28.5	48.9		43.1		77.0	66.4	81.3	82.6	51.1		51.6	37.0	24.8			27.4	22.8	30.7	28.0
<i>25</i> (panu	ne	otovora			Q.			НВВ	or A3(2)	ulosis	٥Ą		Dio.	ηĄ	ulosis			ulosis	V DIM	fa	or A3(2)
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Erwinia carotovora carotovora kdgR	Micrococcus luteus adk		Bacillus subtilis 168 map		Bacillus subtilis infA	Thermus thermophilus HBB rps13	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G4.06. rpsK	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV3458C rpsD	Bacillus subtilis 168 rpoA		Escherichia coli K12 rplQ	Escherichia coli K12 truA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3779			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0283	Arabidopsis thaliana CV DIM	Escherichia coli K12 cfa	Streptomyces coeticolor A3(2) SCL2.30c
<i>35</i>	db Match	pri:2512309A	sp:KAD_MICLU		SP. AMPM_BACSU		pir.F69644	prf:2505353B	sp.RS11_STRCO	prf:2211287F	sp:RPOA_BACSU		sp:RL17_ECOLI	sp:TRUA_ECOL1	pir.G70695			pir.A70836	Sp:DIM_ARATH	Sp:CFA_ECOU	gp:SCL2_30
	ORF (bp)	804	543			828	216	366	402	603	1014	156	489	867	2397	456	303	1257	1545	1353	426
45	Terminal (nt)	568272	571316	570756	572267	573176	573622	574181	574588	575217	576351	575211	576898	577923	580429	580436	580919	582562	584228	585620	586248
50	Initial (nt)	569075	570774	571367	571476	572349	573407	573816	574187	574615	575338	575366	576410	577057	578033	580891	581221	581406	582684	_!	585823
	SEQ NO.	4118	4119	4120	4121	4122	4123	4124	4125	4126	4127	4128	4129	4130	4131	4132	4133	4134	4135	4136	4137
55	SEQ NO.	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637

EP 1 108 790 A2

	Γ	$\neg \tau$	T			T	T	\neg		÷	T		<u></u>	T		Т	Т		\neg	
5		Function	e proteinase	brane protein	brane protein				i	itigen target ESA	otein L13	otein S9	nine mutase		iin			in		sin
10		Fun	high-alkaline serine proteinase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein				hypothetical protein	early secretory antigen target ESAT- 6 protein	50S ribosomal protein L13	30S ribosomal protein S9	phosphoglucosamine mutase		hypothetical protein			hypothelical protein	alanine racemase	hypothetical protein
15	Matched	length (a.a.)	273	516	1260				103	80	145	181	450		318			259	368	154
20	Cimilority.	(%)	58.0	50.6	38.4				6.69	81.3	82.1	72.4	76.4		45.6			72.2	68.5	78.6
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(%)	31.3	24.0	65.0				31.1	36.3	58.6	49.2	48.9		29.3			44.0	41.6	48.7
25 (penuj		jenė		lor A3(2)	culosis				culosis	culosis	olor A3(2)	olor A3(2)	sn		C6803			eo	culosis	rcutosis
So Table 1 (continued)		Homologous gene	Bacillus atcalophilus	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SC3C3.21	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3447c				Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3445c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G4.12. rpIM	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G4.13. rpsl	Staphylococcus aureus femR315		Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 str1753			Mycobacterium leprae B229_F1_20	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV3423C alr	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3422c
35	-		8	8 8	ŽÏ Sï				<u>Ş</u> £	Σ	कें अ	8 8	ie St		S, IS			\$8	ΣÏ	ΣÏ
40		db Match	SP.ELYA_BACAO	pir:T10930	pir:E70977				pir.C70977	prf:2111376A	sp:RL13_STRCO	sp:RS9_STRCO	prf.2320260A		pir:S75138			pir.S73000	sp:ALR_MYCTU	sp:Y097_MYCTU
		ОR.F. (bp)	1359	1371	3567	822	663	906	324	288	441	546	1341	303	1509	573	234	855	1083	495
45	-	Terminal (nt)	586399	587645	592862	589590	589898	593761	594258	594580	595379	595927	597449	598194	599702	598778	599932	600022	602053	602574
50		Initial (nt)	587757	589015	589296	590411	590560	592862	593935	594293	594939	595382	596109	597892	598194	599350	669669	600876	600971	602080
	0.0	NO.	4138	4139	4140	4141	4142	4143	4144	4145	4146	4147	4148	4149	4150	4151	4152	4153	4154	4155
55	<u> </u>	NO.			640	641	642	} -	1	645	646	647	648	649	020	651	652	653	654	655

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	hypothetical membrane protein	proline iminopeptidase	hypothetical protein	ribosomal-protein-alanine N- acetyltransferase	O-sialoglycoprotein endopeptidase	hypothetical protein			heat shock protein groES	heat shock protein groEL	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	regulatory protein	RNA polymerase sigma factor		hypothetical protein	IMP dehydrogenase	hypothetical protein
		hypo	proj	hypo	acet	O-si	hypo		1	heat	heal	ğ	F S	reg	- N	_	δή.	ΜĀ	hyp
15	Matched length (a.a.)	550	411	207	132	319	57.1			100	537	76	138	94	174		116	504	146
20	Similarity (%)	66.2	77.6	75.4	59.8	75.2	59.4			94.0	85.1	56.0	45.0	88.3	81.6		69.8	93.9	53.0
	Identity S	28.9	51.3	52.2	30.3	46.1	38.4			76.0	63.3	50.0	34.0	64.9	55.2		41.4	80.8	39.0
<i>25</i> (p		ш	did iiubu	osis	-		losis			losis		losis	losis	atis	losis			6872	PH0308
& Sapple 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 yidE	Propionibacterium shermanii pip	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3421c	Escherichia coli K12 riml	Pasteurella haemolytica SEROTYPE A1 gcp	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3433c			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV3418C mopB	Mycobacterium leprae B229_C3_248 groE1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Mycobacterium smegmatis whiB3	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3414c sigD		Mycobacterium leprae B1620_F3_131	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 guaB	Pyrococcus horikoshii PH0308
<i>35</i>	db Match	sp:YIDE_ECOLI E			SP.RIMI_ECOLI E	sp.GCP_PASHA	sp:Y115_MYCTU			sp.CH10_MYCTU	sp.CH61_MYCLE	GP:MSGTCWPA_1	GP:MSGTCWPA_3	gp:AF073300_1	sp:Y09F_MYCTU		Sp:Y09H_MYCLE	gp:AB003154_1	PIR:F71456
			+	}:ds_	Sp.R					Sp:(1	-	†	1		 		
	ORF (bp)	1599	1239	675	507	1032	1722	429	453	297	1614	255	1158	297	564	1026	378	1518	627
45	Terminal (nt)	604409	605708	606392	606898	607936	609679	610175	609816	610644	612272	610946	611109	612418	613719	614747	614803	616853	615605
50	Initial (nt)	602811	604470	605718	606392	606905	607958	609747	610268	610348	610659	611200	612266	612714	613156	613722	615180	615336	616231
	SEO.	4156			4159	4160	4161	4162	4163	4164	4165	4166	4167	4168	4169	4170	4171	4172	4173
55		(DNA) 656 4		1	659	099	199	995	_	1	999	999	ī	1	699	670	671	672	673

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	IMP dehydrogenase	hypothetical membrane protein	glutamate synthelase positive regulator	GMP synthetase				hypothetical membrane protein	two-component system sensor histidine kinase	transcriptional regulator or extracellular proteinase response regulator				hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	381	274	262	517				513	411	218				201	563		275	288	
20		Similarity (%)	86.1	67.5	58.4	92.8				39.6	18.7	65.1				64.2	64.1		62.9	58.3	
		Identity (%)	70.9	38.0	29.0	81.6		-		20.5	26.8	33.5				30.9	37.5		33.8	27.8	
25	ntinued)	gene	C 6872	ybiF		A				olor A3(2)	color A3(2)	deg∪				erculosis	erculosis		color A3(2)	urans	
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872	Escherichia coli K12 ybiF	Bacillus subtilis gltC	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes guaA				Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2)	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6E10.15c	Bacillus subtilis 168 degU				Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3395c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3394c		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5B8.20c	Deinococcus radiodurans DR0809	
35 40		db Match	gp:AB003154_2	sp:YBIF_ECOLI	prf.1516239A	sp:GUAA_CORAM				gp:SCD63_22	.0	sp.DEGU_BACSU				pir 870975	pir.A70975		gp:SC5B8_20	gp:AE001935_7	
		ORF (bp)	1122	921	606	1569	663	441	189	1176	1140	069	324	489	963	825	1590	999	861	861	390
45		Terminal (nt)	618094	618093	619994	621572	620264	622157	622457	622460	624939	625674	626000	626070	626577	628551	630140	630151	631809	631824	632690
50		Initial (nt)	616973	619013	619086	620004	620926	621717	62229	623635	623800	624985	625677	626558	627539	627727	628551	630810	630949	632684	633079
		SEO NO.	4174	4175	4176	4177	4178	4179	4180	4181	4182	4183	4184	4185	4186	4187	4188	4189	4190	4191	4192
55		SEQ NO.	674	675	929	677	678	679	089	681		683	684	685	989	687	588	689	969	691	692

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	hypothetical membrane protein	phytoene desaturase	phytoene synthase	transmembrane transport protein	geranylgeranyl pyrophosphate (GGPP) synthase	transcriptional regulator (MarR family)	outer membrane lipoprotein	hypothetical protein	DNA photoiyase	glycosyl transferase	ABC transporter	ABC transporter		ABC transporter		ABC transporter	lipoprotein	DNA polymerase III	hypothetical protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)	95	524	288	722	367	188	145	462	497	205	897	223		206		346	268	1101	159
20		Similarity (%)	67.4	76.2	71.2	75.6	63.8	68.1	62.1	74.2	63.2	53.7	54.9	72.2		75.2	ļ	75.4	67.2	57.5	62.3
		Identity (%)	36.8	50.4	42.0	48.6	32.7	38.3	33.1	48.7	40.0	25.9	24.3	35.4		35.9		43.6	28.7	30.2	41.5
25	ontinued)	gene	unu	ns ATCC	ns ATCC	color A3(2)	ns crtE	Su	blc OS60 blc	ns	ns ATCC	cps1K	color A3(2)	9 yvrO		abcD		NP90 abc	enzae 4	s dnaE	icolor A3(2)
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium marinum	Brevibacterium linens ATCC 9175 crtl	Brevibacterium linens ATCC 9175 crtB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF43A.29c	Brevibacterium linens crtE	Brevibacterium linens	Citrobacter freundii blc OS60 blc	Brevibacterium linens	Brevibacterium linens ATCC 9175 cpd1	Streptococcus suis cps1K	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE25.30	Bacillus subtilis 169 yvrO		Helicobacter pylori abcD		Escherichia coli TAP90	Haemophilus influenzae SEROTYPE B hlpA	Thermus aquaticus dnaE	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE126.11
35		-	m.				1	-			S.			<u> </u>							
40		db Match	gp:MMU92075	gp:AF139916_3	gp:AF139916_2	gp:SCF43A_29	gp:AF139916_11	gp:AF139916_14	Sp.BLC CITFR			gp:AF155804_7		prf.2420410P		prf.2320284D		Sp. ABC_ECOLI	sp:HLPA_HAEIN	prf.2517386A	gp:SCE126_11
		ORF (bp)	396	1644	912	2190	1146	585	648	1425	1404	753	2415	717	153	999	846	1080	897	3012	447
45		Terminal (nt)	633079	633532	635178	636089	638317	640208	640232	642557	642556	644778	645176	647593	648315	648440	650187	649114	650392	654612	655122
50		Initial (nt)	633474	635175	636089	638278	639462	639624	640879	641133	643959	644026	647590	648309	648467	649105		650193	651288	651601	654676
		SEQ.	4193	4194	4195	4196	4197	4198	4199	1200	4201	4202	4203	4204	4205	4206	4207	4208	4209	4210	4211
5 5		SEQ NO.		-i	695	969	697	698	909	202	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function		hypothetical membrane protein		transcriptional repressor	protein		transcriptional regulator (Sir2 family)	l protein	iron-regulated lipoprotein precursor	/lase	methylenetetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase	hypothetical membrane protein	l protein		homoserine O-acetyltransferase	O-acetylhomoserine suifhydrylase	carbon starvation protein		l protein	
10			hypothetical		transcription	hypothetical protein		transcription	hypothetical protein	iron-regulat	rRNA methylase	methylenetetrah dehydrogenase	hypothetica	hypothetical protein		homoserine	O-acetylhor	carbon star		hypothetical protein	
15	Σ-	(aa)	468		203	264		245	157	357	151	278	80	489		379	429	069		20	
20	Similarity (%)		26.0		76.4	61.7		71.8	78.3	62.2	86.1	87.4	76.3	63.2		99.5	76.2	78.4		0.99	
	Identity (%)		26.1		50.3	34.9		42.5	45.2	31.1	62.9	70.9	31.3	34.0		99.5	49.7	53.9		40.0	
30 (benuituo) 1 elder	Homologous gene		elicolor A3(2)		ubercutosis sirR	elicolor A3(2)		ulgidus AF1676	elicolor A3(2)	n diphtheriae	luberculosis spoU	luberculosis folD	leprae	pelicolor A3(2)		n glutamicum	ari metY	K12 cstA		K12 yjiX	
30 ta	Homolog		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE9.01		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2788 sirR	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCGBA.05c		Archaeoglobus fulgidus AF1676	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5H1.34	Corynebacterium diphtheriae irp1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3366 spoU	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3356c folD	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1779, 16c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC66T3, 18c		Corynebacterium glutamicum metA	Leptospira meyeri metY	Escherichia coli K12 cstA		Escherichia coli K12 yjiX	
35	db Match		gp:SCE9_1		pir.C70884	gp:SCG8A_5		pir:C69459	gp:SC5H1_34	gp:CDU02617_1	pir.E70971	pir.C70970	gp:MLCB1779_8	gp:SC66T3_18		gp:AF052652_1	prf.2317335A	sp:CSTA_ECOU		sp:YJ:X_ECOLI	
	ORF		1413 gr	738	669 pi	798 97	138	774 pi	492 91	966	471 pi	852 pi	255 gi	1380 g	963	1131 g	1311 p	2202	609	! - i	609
45	-B	(ju)	656534 1	655097	657215	657205	658142	658928	659424	660538	09099	662017	662374	662382	564126	665183	098999	670465	669445	670672	671045
50	Initial	(nt)	655122	655834	656547	658002	658005	658155	658933	659543	661120	661166	662120	663761	665088	666313	022299	668264	670053	670472	671653
	SEQ	(a a.)	4212	4213	4214	4215	4216	4217	4218	4219	4220	4221	4222	4223	4224	4225	4226	4227	4228	4229	4230
<i>55</i>	SEQ	DNA)	712	713	714	715	716	717	7 18	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	hypothetical protein	carboxy phosphoenolpyruvate mutase	citrate synthase		hypothetical protein		L-malate dehydrogenase	regulatory protein		vibriobactin utilization protein	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	ABC transporter	ABC transporter	iron-regulated lipoprotein precursor	chloramphenicol resistance protein	catabolite repression control protein	hypothetical protein	
	<u>۔</u> و	Ę	S E	Ğ		È			ē		<u>=</u>	ΑĒ	¥	¥	irc	5	ca	h y	\vdash
15	Matched length (a.a.)	317	281	380		53		338	226		284	269	339	330	356	395	303	219	
20	Similarity (%)	86.4	76.2	81.3		62.3		5.78	62.8		54.2	1.28	86.4	88.2	82.3	9'69	58.1	85.8	le t
	Identity (%)	71.0	41.6	56.1		34.0		37.6	26.1		25.4	55.4	56.3	63.0	53.1	32.2	30.4	56.2	
onlinued)	деле	rculosis	scopicus	gmatis		yneC		vidus V24S	ophilus T-6		WA 395	ohtheriae	ohtheriae	ohtheriae	ohtheriae	uelae cmlv	jinosa crc	zae Rd	
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1130	Streptomyces hygroscopicus	Mycobacterium smegmatis ATCC 607 gltA		Escherichia coli K12 yneC		Methanothermus fervidus V24S mdh	Bacillus stearothermophifus T-6 uxuR		Vibrio cholerae OGAWA 395 viuB	Corynebacterium diphtheriae irp1D	Corynebacterium diphtheriae irp1C	Corynebacterium diphtheriae irp1B	Corynebacterium diphtheriae irp1	Streptomyces venezuelae cmlv	Pseudomonas aeruginosa crc	Haemophilus influenzae Rd H11240	
35	- · -	ZI	S						6 0 5		>>	0.⊵	ے. ن	C ii	O i=	S	Δ.		
10	db Match	pir.C70539	prf. 1902224A	sp.CISY_MYCSM		SP:YNEC_ECOL!		SP:MDH_METFE	prf:2514353L		sp:VIUB_VIBCH	gp:AF176902_3	gp:AF176902_2	gp:AF176902_1	gp:CDU02617_1	prf:2202262A	prf 2222220B	sp:YICS_HAEIN	
	(dg) টেখ্য	954	912	1149	930	192	672	1041	720	702	897	907	1059	966	1050	1272	912	657	195
45	lermina (m)	672653	673576	674756	672710	674799	675846	675082	676218	677047	680131	681040	681846	682871	683876	686380	687346	688007	688335
50	Initial (nt)	671700	672665	673608	673639	674990	675175	676122	676937	677748	681027	681846	682904	998899	684925	685109	586435	687351	688141
	SEO NO.	4231	4232	4233	4234	4235	4236	4237	4238	4239	4240	4241	4242	4243	424	4245	4245	4247	4248
55	SEO NO.	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function		ferrichrome ABC transporter	hemin parmease	tryptophanyl-tRNA synthetase	hypothetical protein		penicillin-binding protein 6B precursor	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein			uracii phosphoribosyltransferase	bacterial regulatory protein, lacl family	N-acyl-L-amino acid amidohydrolase or peptidase	phosphomannomutase	dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase	pyruvate carboxylase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	
			_	ferric	hemi	trypte	hypo	_	penic	hypo	hypo		-	nrac	bacter family	N-ac or p	bho	dihy		hyp	hyp	İ
15		Matched length (a a.)		244	346	331	278		301	417	323			209	77	385	561	468	1140	263	127	
20		Similarity (%)		73.8	69.1	79.8	72.3		57.5	70.7	52.6			72.3	66.2	80.5	53.8	65.0	100.0	60.1	6.99	
		Identity (%)		45.1	38.7	54.4	37.1		30.9	34.1	29.4			46.4	41.6	51.4	22.1	31.6	100.0	26.2	30.7	
25 9	llmca)	ene		theriae	hemU	Sdr	hjD		JM LT2	outosis	lor A3(2)			Q.	ilor A3(2)	culosis A	ER manB	ii ATCC	tamicum	culosis	olor A3(2)	
30 Section of Continued Co	nable (con	Homologous gene		Corynebacterium diphtheriae hmuV	Yersinia enterocolitica hemU	Escherichia coli K12 trpS	Escherichia coli K12 yhjD		Salmonella typhimurium LT2 dacD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3311	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G10.08c			Lactococcus lactis upp	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC1A2.11	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3305c amiA	Mycoplasma pirum BER manB	Halobacterium volcanii ATCC 29605 lpd	Corynebacterium glutamicum strain21253 pyc	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1324	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SCF11.30	
35		ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ			T					2 -	80						1	İ		İ		
40		db Match		gp:AF109162_3	oir S54438	SYW FCOIL	Sp.YHJD		sp:DACD_SALTY	pir.F73842	gp:SC6G10_			SP:UPP LACLA	gp.SC1A2_11	pir:H70841	SP. MANB MYCPI		prf.2415454A	sp:YD24_MYCTU	gp:SCF11_30	
		ORF (bp)	975	1	1017	·	100	903	1137	1227	858	195	351	633	384	1182	1725	1407	3420	870	486	
45		Terminal (nt)	688916	689917	807.08	602016	694110	695074	695077	696769	698065	699266	698922	699913	700381	703262	700384	704811	708630	709708	710278	
50		Initial (nt)	SRORON	969069	C01700	20100	693078	694172	696213	697995	698922	699072	699272	699281	866669	702081	702108	703405	705211	708839	709793	
		SEQ NO.	+		4364	1000	4254			4256	4257	4258	4259	4260	4261	4262	4263	4264	4265	4266	4267	
55		NO NO			-	1	76,7	1	1	756	757	758	759	7.60	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	!

EP 1 108 790 A2

	c								- 1			-								
5		Function	hypothetical protein	thioredoxin reductase	PrpD protein for propionate catabolism	carboxy phosphoenolpyruvate mutase	hypothetical protein	citrate synthase		hypothetical protein			thiosulfate sulfurtransferase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	detergent sensitivity rescuer or carboxyl transferase	detergent sensitivity rescuer or carboxyl transferase
15		Matched length (a.a.)	381	305	521	278	96	383		456			225	352	133	718	192	63	537	543
20		Similarity (%)	69.0	59.3	49.5	74.5	47.0	78.9		72.6			100.0	79.8	76.7	63.4	66.2	8.69	100.0	100.0
		Identity (%)	44.6	24.6	24 0	42.5	39.0	54.6		408			100.0	61.1	51.1	35.1	31.8	33.3	93.8	9.66
25	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	s 168 yciC	s 1858 trxB	himurium LT2	hygroscopicus	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE0223	n smegmatis		n tuberculosis 9c			Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 thtR	Campylobacter jejuni Cj0069	n leprae	n tuberculosis Sc	oli K12 yceF	Mycobacterium leprae B1308- C3-211	um glutamicum 2	Corynebacterium glutamicum AJ11060 dtsR1
30	Table	Homolo	Bacillus subtilis 168 yciC	Bacillus subtilis 1858 txB	Salmonella typhimurium LT2 prpD	Streptomyces hygroscopicus	Aeropyrum per	Mycobacterium smegmatis ATCC 607 gltA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1129c			Corynebacterium ATCC 13032 thtR	Campylobacte	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB4.27c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1565c	Escherichia coli K12 yceF	Mycobacteriun C3-211	Corynebacterium AJ11060 dtsR2	Corynebacteriu AJ11060 dtsR1
<i>35</i>		db Match	pir:B69760	sp:TRXB_BACSU	sp:PRPD_SALTY	prf: 1902224A	PIR:E72779	sp.CISY_MYCSM		pir.B70539			sp.THTR_CORGL	gp:CJ11168X1_62	gp:MLCB4_16	pir.G70539	sp:YCEF_ECOLI	prf.2323363CF	gp:AB018531_2	pir.JC4991
		ORF (bp)	1086 pi	924 \$1	1494 SF	14 888 pr	378 P	1182 SF	375	1323 pi	246	1359	903 sl	1065 g	414 g	2148 p	591 5	246 p	1611 9	1629 p
45		Terminal (nt)	710520	712647	714231	715145	714380	716283	716286	716687	718350	720016	720547	722841	722925	725559	725872	726470	726742	728696
50		Initial (nt)	711695	711724	712738	714258	714757	715102	716650	718009	718105	718658	721449	721777	723338	723412	726452	726715	728352	730324
		SEQ NO.	4268	4269	4270	4271	4272	4273	4274	4275	4276	4277	4278	4279	4280	4281	4282	4283	4284	4285
55		SEQ NO. (DNA)	768	769	770	177	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	bifunctional protein (biotin synthesis repressor and biotin acetyl-CoA carboxylase ligase)	hypothetical membrane protein	5-phosphoribosyl-5-amino-4- imidasol carboxylase	K+-uptake protein			5-phosphoribosyl-5-amino-4- imidasol carboxylase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	nitrilotriacetate monooxygenase	transposase (ISA0963-5)	glucose 1-dehydrogenase	hypothetical membrane protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)	293	165	394	628			147	152	255	426	303	256	96		175	142	
20	Similarity (%)	61.8	58.8	83.8	73.6			93.2	60.5	70.6	73.0	52.5	64.8	68.8		66.3	76.8	
	Identity (%)	28.7	23.0	0.69	41.1			85.7	36.2	42.8	43.2	23.4	31.3	29.2		28.6	35.9	_
25 (inued)	ene	oirA	culosis	5 6872	kup			C 6872	mnsc	olor A3(2)	ii ATCC	lus	IAM 1030	a MSB8		ywjB	olor A3(2)	
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 birA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3278c	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purk	Escherichia coli K12 kup			Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purE	Actinosynnema pretiosum	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF43A.36	Chelatobacter heintzii ATCC 29600 ntaA	Archaeoglobus fulgidus	Bacillus megaterium IAM 1030 gdhll	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM1408		Bacillus subtills 168 ywjB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ9A.21	
35 40	db Match	sp.BiRA_ECOLI	pir.G70979	sp:PURK_CORAM	SP KUP_ECOLI			sp.PUR6_CORAM	ap: APU33059 5	gp:SCF43A_36	sp:NTAA_CHEHE	pir.A69426	sp:DHG2_BACME	pir.A72258		sp.YWJB_BACSU	gp:SCJ9A_21	
	ORF (bp)	_;	486	1161	1872	615	357	495	453	792	1314	1500	789	369	342	567	420	222
45	Terminal (nt)	731299	731797	733017	734943	733183	735340	735896	736351	737204	737216	738673	740228	741765	742195	741818	742828	742831
50	Initial (nt)	730436	731312	731857	733072	733797	734984	•	735,800	<u> </u>	738529	740172		741397	741854	<u> </u>	!	743052
	SEO	(a.a.)	4287	4288	4289	4290	4291	4292	4703	4294	4295	4296	4297	4298	4299	1300	4301	4302
55	SEQ	(DNA)	787	788	789	790	791	792	102	794	795	796	797	798	799		801	802

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	trehalose/mattose-binding protein	trehatose/maltose-binding protein		trehalose/mattose-binding protein	Cicker College	ABC transporter A I P-binding protein (ABC-type sugar transport protein) or cellobiose/maltose transport protein		RNA helicase			hypothetical protein	hypothelical protein	DNA helicase II					RNA helicase	hypothetical protein	RNA polymerase associated protein (ATP-dependent helicase)
15	Matched length (a.a.)	271	306		417		332		1783			240	720	701					2033	869	873
20	Similarity (%)	75.3	70.3		62.4		73.9		49.9			59.2	62.5	41.1					45.8	53.2	48.6
	Identity (%)	42.4	37.3		30.9		57.2		25.1			31.7	30.0	20.7					22.4	24.4	23.1
otinued)	gene	lis malG	lis malF		ilis malE		i msiK		urans R1			erculosis	J99 jhp0462	2 uvrD					colar	NRC-1 H1130	2 hepA
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Thermococcus litoralis malG	Thermococcus litoralis malF		Thermococcus litoralis malE		Streptomyces reticuli msiK		Deinococcus radiodurans R1 DRB0135			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3268	Heficobacter pytori J99 jhp0462	Escherichia coli K12 uvrD	·				Streptomyces caelicolar SCH5.13	Halobacterium sp. NRC-1 plasmid pNRC100 H1130	Escherichia coli K12 hepA
40	db Match	prf 2406355C T			prf.2406355A 1		prf.2308356A		pir.B75633			pir.E70978	2433 pir.C71929	sp:UVRD_ECOLI					pir.T36671	pir.T08313	sp.HEPA_ECOLI
	ORF (bp)	834	1	468	1272	423	966	369	4800	372	3699	633	2433	1563	357	393	396	825	6207	4596	2886
45	Terminal (nt)	743067	743900	745046	745622	748442	747031	748814	748886	757434	753697	757630	758364	760906	762853	763122	762582	767367	763237	769547	774150
50	Initial (nt)	743900	744931	745513	746893	748020	748026	748446	753685	757063	757395	758262	760796	762468	762497	762730	762977	768191	769443	774142	777035
	SEO	4303	4304	4305	4306	4307	4308	4309	4310	4311	4312	4313	4314	4315	4316	4317	4318	4319	4320	4321	4322
55	SEQ	803	804	805	909	807	808	809	810	118	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	hypothetical protein	dTDP-Rha:a-D-GicNAc- diphosphoryl polyprenol, a-3-L- rhamnosyl transferase	mannose-1-phosphate guanylyltransferase	regulatory protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	phosphomannomutase	hypothetical protein	mannose-6-phosphate isomerase			pheromone-responsive protein		S-adenosyl-L-homocysteine hydrolase			thymidylate kinase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	527	289	353	94	139	136	460	327	420			180		476			209
20	Similarity (%)	71.4	9.77	6.99	81.9	74.8	71.3	66.3	56.3	66.2.			57.8		83.0			56.0
	Identity (%)	45.5	56.4	29.8	73.4	48.9	51.5	38.0	31.2	36.9			35.6		29.0			25.8
25 (panu	ine	losis	natis	siae	natis	ulosis	or A3(2)	o M40	ulosis	lanA			plasmid		WAA38			Is VC-16
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3267	Mycobacterium smegmalis mc2155 wbbL	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YDL055C MPG1	Mycobacterium smegmatis whmD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3259	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE34.11c	Salmonella montevideo M40 manB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3256c	Escherichia coli K12 manA			Enterococcus faecalis plasmid pCF10 prgC		Trichomonas vaginalis WAA38			Archaeoglobus fulgidus VC-16 AFGO61
35	db Match		gp:AF187550_1	sp:MPG1_YEAST	gp:AF164439_1			SP:MANB_SALMO		sp:MANA_ECOLI			4279K		sp.SAHH_TRIVA			sp:KTHY_ARCFU
40	dp	pir:D70978	gp. AF18	+	gp:AF1	pir.B70847	gp.SCE34_11		pir.B70594	;		-	prf: 1804279K		 			
	ORF (bp)	1554	897	1044	408	456	390	1374	1005	1182	150	360	564	351	1422	708	720	609
45	Terminal (nt)	777158	779910	781171	781875	782162	783101	784557	785639	786824	787045	787983	787170	788546	790093	788719	789002	790704
50	Initial (nt)	778711	779014	780128	781468	782617	782712	783184	784635	785643	786896	787624	787733	788196	788672	789426	789721	790096
	SEQ NO.	4323	4324	4325	4326	4327	4328	4329	4330	4331	4332	4333	4334	4335	4336	4337	4338	4339
55	SEQ NO.		824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	two-component system response regulator		two-component system sensor histidine kinase	lipoprotein	hypothetical protein		30S ribosomal protein or chloroplast precursor	preprotein translocase SecA subunit		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	5-enotpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase	hypothetical protein	5-enolpyruvylshikimate 3-phosphate synthase	hypothetical protein	RNA polymerase sigma factor
15	Matched length (a.a.)	224		484	595	213		203	845		170	322	461	180	23	380	188
20	Similarity (%)	9.06		78.9	65.6	72.8		61.6	9.66		78.8	82.9	0.66	63.9	100.0	42.4	87.2
	Identity (%)	73.7		53.1	29.6	38.0		34.5	99.1		47.1	64.6	99.0	38.3	100.0	21.6	61.2
55 Gontinued)	us gene	berculosis ntrA		bercutosis ntrB	berculosis pqB	berculosis		CV rps22	ıvum ı glutamicum)		berculosis	berculosis	glutamicum	iberculosis	glutamicum	berculosis	Iberculosis
Table 1 (Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3246c mtrA		Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv3245c mtrB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3244c IpqB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3242c		Spinacia oleracea CV rps22	Brevibacterium flavum (Corynebacterium glutamicum) MJ-233 secA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3231c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3228	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 aroA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3226c	Corynebacterium glutamicum	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0336	Mycobacterium tuberculosis sigH
35		ΣÏ		ΣÏ	ΣÏ	ΣI		S	<u>a</u> ∪∑		ΣI	ΣI	υ∢	≥ I		ΣI	≥ ∞
40	db Match	pri:2214304A		prf.2214304B	pir F70592	pir.D70592		sp.RR30_SPIOL	gsp:R74093		pir.A70591	pir.F70590	gp:AF114233_1	pir.D70590	GP:AF114233_1	pir.G70506	prf.2515333D
	ORF (bp)	678	684	1497	1704	588	156	663	2535	672	504	987	1413	480	123	1150	618
45	Terminal (nt)	791409	790738	793008	794711	795301	795292	796110	798784	799691	800200	800208	801190	803128	802565	803131	805025
50	Initial (nt)	790732	791421	791512	793008	794714	795447	795448	796250	799020	799697	801194	802602	802649	802687	804240	804408
	SEO NO.	4340	4341	4342	4343	4344	4345	4346	4347	4348	4349	4350	4351	4352	4353	4354	4355
55	SEO NO.	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	٠			-	ndent RNA				helicase		helicase							
10	Function	regulatory protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	DEAD box ATP-dependent RNA helicase		hypothetical prolein	hypothetical protein	ATP-dependent DNA helicase		ATP-dependent DNA helicase		potassium channel	hypothetical protein	DNA helicase II		hypothetical protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)	84	129	415	458		291	249	1155		1126		302	230	099		280	
20	Similarity (%)	96.4	65.1	62.2	64.0		69.8	62.9	48.9		65.7		64.2	58.3	58.8		49.3	
	Identity (%)	78.6	33.3	29.6	37.3		46.4	37.0	23.9		41.4		26.2	30.4	32.6		26.8	
25 (continued) 1 ald ET	us gene	berculosis hiB1	berculosis	berculosis	oniae CG43		Iberculosis	Iberculosis	iberculosis		iberculosis		annaschii JAL-	berculosis	(12 uvrD		berculosis	
30 Har	Homologaus gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3219 whiB1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3217c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3212	Klebsiella pneumoniae CG43 deaD		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3207c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3205c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3201c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3201c		Methanococcus jannaschii JAL- 1 MJ0138-1.	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3199c	Escherichia coli K12 uvrD		Mycobacterium tuberculosis 1137Rv Rv3196	
35		≥I	≥I	≥I			2 1	21	21		A						~ ~	
40	db Match	pir.070596	pir.B70596	pir.Ę70595	sp:DEAD_KLEPN		pir.H70594	pir.F70594	pir.G70951		pir.G70951		sp:Y13B_METJA	pir.E70951	sp:UVRD_ECOLI		pir:B70951	
	ORF (bp)	258	420	1200	1272	225	846	759	3048	780	3219	1332	1005	714	2034	591	816	603
45	Terminal (nt)	805535	806737	806740	807946	809510	810394	811163	814217	811386	817422	814210	818523	819236	821287	822669	821290	823391
50	Initial (nt)	805792	806318	807939	809217	809286	809549	810405	811170	812165	814204	815541	817519	818523	819254	822079	822105	822789
	SEQ NO.	4356	4357	4358	4359	4360	4361	4362	4363	4364	4365	4366	4367	4368	4369	4370	4371	4372
55	SEO	(DIVA)	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	965	866	867	868	698	870	871	872

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein			hypothetical protein	regulatory protein	ethylene-inducible protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		alpha-lytic proteinase precursor		DNA-directed DNA polymerase	major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor					monophosphatase
			hypothe	hypothe				regulato	ethylen	hypothe	hypothe		alpha-ly		DNA-di	major sec precursor				\neg	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	474	350			1023	463	301	81	23		408		208	363					255
20		Similarity (%)	76.4	74.9			73.5	57.7	0.68	53.0	73.6		44.4		51.4	51.5					74.9
		identity (%)	42.8	43.4			47.2	34.3	67.4	49.0	40.8		26.7		25.0	27.0					51.8
<i>25</i>	ontinued)	s gene	erculosis	erculosis			erculosis	durans	laticifer er1	K1 APE0247	в уааЕ		ogenes ATCC		redia LaBelle- plasmid	glutamicum avum) ATCC					oniger pur3
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3195	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3194			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3193c	Deinococcus radiodurans DR0840	Hevea brasiliensis laticifer er1	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE0247	Bacillus subtifis 168 yaaE		Lysobacter enzymogenes ATCC 29487	Đ.	Neurospora intermedia LaBelle- 1b mitochondrion plasmid	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1					Streptomyces alboniger pur3
35			ΣI	ΣI			>I		T				7		2-						
40		db Match	pir.A70951	pir:H70950			pir.G70950	gp:AE001938_5	SP.ER1_HEVBR	PIR: F72782	sp:YAAE_BACSU		pir.TRYXB4		pir.S03722	sp:CSP1_CORGL					prf.2207273H
		ORF (bp)	1446	1050	675	522	2955	1359	951	345	900	363	1062	501	585	1581	429	510	222	309	780
45		Terminal (nt)	822680	825239	825242	825996	829570	829627	831971	831578	832570	832795	834633	835388	835837	838892	839353	840139	840210	840437	841517
50		tnitial (nt)	824125	824190	825916	826517	826616	830985	831021	831922	831971	833157	833572	834888	835253	837312	838925	839630	840431	840745	842296
		SEO NO.	4373	4374	4375	4376	4377	4378	4379	4380	4381	4382	4383	4384	4385	4386	4387	4388	4389	4390	4391
55		SEQ NO.	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	986	887	888	889	830	168

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	myo-inositol monophosphatase	peptide chain release factor 2	cell division ATP-binding protein	hypothetical protein	cell division protein	small protein B (SSRA-binding protein)	hypothetical protein				vibriobactin utilization protein	Fe-regulated protein	hypothetical membrane protein	fertic anguibactin-binding protein precursor	ferrichrome ABC transporter (permease)	ferrichrome ABC transporter (permease)	ferrichrome ABC transporter (ATP-binding protein)
15		Matched length (a.a.)	243 п	359 p	226 c	72 h	301 c	145 P	116 h				272 v	319 F	191	325 fr	313 (312	250 t
20		Similarity (%)	59.3	88.6	91.2	54.0	74.8	75.9	73.3				52.9	58.3	71.2	61.5	80.8	76.0	82.0
		identity (%)	33.7	68.0	70.4	43.0	40.5	43.5	44.0				26.8	29.5	36.1	27.7	39.3	35.6	48.4
25 1	lable 1 (continued)	ıs gene	opersicus	licolor A3(2)	berculosis isE	K1 APE2061	berculosis tsX	12 smpB	12 yeaO				3AWA 395	ureus sirA	prae	775 fatB	38 yclN	38 yclO	38 yciP
30	lable 1 (c	Homologous gene	Streptomyces flavopersicus spcA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) prfB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3102c ftsE	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE2061	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3101c ftsX	Escherichia coli K12 smpB	Escherichia coli K12 yeaO				Vibrio cholerae OGAWA 395 viuB	Staphylococcus aureus sirA	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1243.07	Vibrio anguillarum 775 fatB	Bacillus subtilis 168 yclN	Bacillus subtilis 168 yclO	Bacillus subtilis 168 yciP
35			रू छ	ਲਫ਼	≨ï	Ae	ŹΪ		ű				÷ ₹	रु	22	5	8	<u> </u>	ă l
40		db Match	gp:U70376_9	sp:RF2_STRCO	pir:E70919	PIR:G72510	pir:D70919	sp:SMPB_ECOLI	Sp:YEAO_ECOLI				sp:VIUB_VIBCH	prf.2510361A	gp:MLCB1243_5	sp.FATB_VIBAN	pir.B69763	pir.C69763	pir.D69763
	į	ORF (bp)	819	1104	687	264	006	492	351	537	300	405	825	918	588	1014	666	942	753
45	!	Terminal (nt)	842306	844360	845181	844842	846097	846628	846982	846269	848026	847718	848499	849326	850412	852364	853616	854724	855476
50		Initial (nt)	843124	843257	844495	845105	845198	846137	846632	046005	847727	848122	849323	850243	850999	851351	852618	853783	854724
		SEQ NO.	4392	4393	4394	4395	4396	4397	4398	4399	4400	1401	4402	4403	4404	4405	4406	4407	4408
55		SEQ NO ONA)	892	893	894	895	968	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	806

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	in	in	/glutamine		ase	ein	ein		moting factor	Ę	ein	ransferase					3-2'-0.)- se		
10		Fun	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	kynurenine aminotransferase/glutamine transaminase K		DNA repair helicase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		resuscitation-promoting factor	cold shock protein	hypothetical protein	glutamine cyclotransferase			permease		rRNA(adenosine-2'-0-)- methyltransferase		
15	1000	Matched length (a.a.)	48	84	442		613	764	57		198	61	159	273			477		319		
20		Similarity (%)	72.0	66.0	64.9		62.3	65.2	62.0		64.7	75.4	58.5	67.8			79.3		51.7		ļ
		Identity (%)	0.99	61.0	33.5		30.7	36.1	44.0		39.4	42.6	28.3	41.8			43.6		27.9		
25 25	milineo)	gene	egiN m	niae	Rat)		revisiae AD25	erculosis	erculosis		rpf	cspB	rae	durans			icolor A3(2)	!	reus tsnR		
·	lable i (commuco)	Homologous gene	Chlamydia muridarum Nigg TC0129	Chlamydia pneumoniae	Rattus norvegicus (Rat)		Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YIL143C RAD25	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0862c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0863		Micrococcus luteus rpf	Lactococcus lactis cspB	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB57.27c	Deinococcus radiodurans DR0112			Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6C5.09		Streptomyces azureus tsnR		
40		db Match	PIR:F81737	GSP-Y35814	pir.S66270		sp:RA25_YEAST	pir F70815	pir.G70815		orf 2420502A	prt.2320271A	gp:MLCB57_11	gp:AE001874_1			6_326C5_9		SP.TSNR_STRAZ		
		ORF (bp)	147	273	1209	639	1671	2199	219	843	2 62	381	525	774	669	138	1473	912	82	876	
45		Terminal (nt)	860078	860473	862752	862753	863396	865119	867571	868630	200000	869318	869379	869918	870721	871660	873210	872016	874040	874069	ᅬ
50		Initial (nt)	860224	367030	861544	863391	865066	867317	867353	967799	007.00	868938	869903	870691	871419			7729278		874944	
		SEQ NO.	4409		44 10	4412	4413	4414	4415	9,7,7	44 10	4418	4419	4420	4421	4422	4423	4424	4425	90.00	
55		0 0 0	606	1	911	010	913	914	915	0,0	212	918	919	920	921	2 2	923	0.24	925	900	220

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	hypothetical protein	phosphoserine transaminase	acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase carboxy transferase subunit beta	hypothetical protein	sodium/proline symporter		hypothetical protein	fatty-acid synthase			homoserine O-acetyltransferase			glutaredoxin	dihydrofolale reductase	thymidylate synthase	ammonium transporter	ATP dependent DNA helicase	formamidopyrimidine-DNA glycosidase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	316	374	236	103	549		243	3026			335			62	171	261	202	1715	298
20	Similarity (%)	55.1	52.9	69.5	9.08	58.1		4.77	83.4			59.7			72.6	62.0	88.9	56.4	68.1	51.0
	Identity (%)	32.6	21.9	36.0	51.5	28.4		49.0	63.1			29.0			43.6	38.0	64.8	32.2	47.4	29.2
<i>25</i> (pend	ène.	ulosis	C 21783	CcD	or A3(2)	ens	:	ulosis				×			ans	folA	ıyA	ysQ	or A3(2)	atus
s Samuel (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0883c	Bacillus circulans ATCC 21783	Escherichia coli K12 accD	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCIB.08c	Pseudomonas fluorescens		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2525c	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes fas			Leptospira meyeri metX			Deinococcus radiodurans DR2085	Mycobacterium avium folA	Escherichia coli K12 thyA	Escherichla coli K12 cysQ	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC7C7.16c	Synechococcus elongatus naegeli mutM
<i>35</i>	db Match	sp:YZ11_MYCTU	pir:S71439	sp:AccD_EcoLI	gp:SCI8_8	pir.JC2382		pir.A70657	pir:S55505			prf.2317335B			gp:AE002044_8	prf:2408256A	sp:TYSY_ECOLI	sp.CYSQ_ECOLI	gp:SC7C7_16	sp:FPG_SYNEN
	ORF (bp)	933	1128	1473	339	1653	816	840	8907	489	186	1047	426	267	237	456	798	756	4560	768
45	Terminal (nt)	874951	875985	879642	881985	883647	884541	884549	894578	895191	895593	895596	896719	689268	897727	897979	898434	899253	904602	905382
50	Initial (nt)	875883	877112	881114	881647	881995	883726	885388	885672	894703	895408	896642	897144	897423	897963	898434	899231	900006	900043	904615
	SEQ NO	4427	4428	4429	4430	4431	4432	4433	4434	4435	4436	4437	4438	4439	4440	4441	4442	4443	4444	4445
55	SEQ.	927	928	626	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	hypothetical protein	alkaline phosphatase	integral membrane transporter		glucose-6-phosphate isomease	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	ATP-dependent helicase	ABC transporter	ABC transporter		peptidase	hypothetical protein		5-phosphoribosylglycinamide formyltransferase	5-phosphoribosyl-5-aminoimidazole- 4-carboxamide formyltransferase	citrate lyase (subunit)
15	Matched length (a.a.)	128	196	403		557	195		78	763	885	217		236	434		189	525	217
20	Similarity (%)	86.7	71.9	67.0		77.0	52.3		85.9	73.1	48.6	71.4		73.3	8.09		86.2	87.8	100.0
	Identity (%)	55.5	38.8	33.8		52.4	24.6		59.0	46.1	21.8	43.8		43.6	31.1		64.6	74.5	100.0
25 Table 1 (continued)	ns gene	berculosis	: MG1363 apl	ficolor A3(2)		M101 pgi	berculosis	J	ibercutosis	rmophilus	elicolor A3(2)	58 yvrO		iberculosis	ıberculosis		urN	urH	glutamicum
Tatle 1	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0870c	Lactococcus lactis MG1363 apl	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC128.06c		Escherichia coli JM101 pgi	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0336		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0948c	Bacillus stearothermophilus NCA 1503 pcrA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE25.30	Bacillus subtilis 168 yvrO		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0950c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0955		Corynebacterium ammoniagenes purN	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes purH	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 citE
35	db Match		LACLA							<u> </u>									gp:CGL133719_3
40	₽ P	pir:F70816	sp:APL_L	pir.T36776		pir.NUEC	pir:G70506		sp:YT26_MYCTU	sp:PCRA_BACST	gp:SCE25_30	prf.2420410P		pir:D70716	sp:YT19_MYCTU		gp:AB003159_2	gp:AB003159_3	gp:CGL1
	ORF (bp)	408	909	1173	717	1620	1176	381	309	2289	2223	999	507	711	1425	228	627	1560	819
45	Temmal (n:)	905796	905792	906559	909328	907759	909521	911223	910855	913514	913477	915699	916368	916970	919352	917827	919956	921526	922412
50	Initial (nt)	905389	906391	907731	908612	909378	910696	910843	911163	911226	915699	916364	916874	917680	917928	918054	919330	919967	921594
	SEU NO.	4446	4447	4448	4449	4450	4451	4452	4453	4454	4455	4456	4457	4458	4459	4460	4461	4462	4463
55	SEQ. NO.	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	980	961	962	963

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	repressor of the high-affinity (methyl) ammonium uptake system	hypothetical protein	0.00	30S ribasomal protein 319	30S ribosomal protein 3 14	50S ribosomal protein L33	50S ribosomal protein L28	transporter (sulfate transporter)	Zn/Co transport repressor	50S ribosomal protein L31	50S ribosomal protein L32		copper-inducible two-component regulator	two-component system sensor	proteinase DO precursor	molybdopterin biosynthesis cnx1 protein (molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis enzyme cnx1)		large-conductance mechanosensitive channel	hypothetical protein	5-tormyltetrahydrofolate cyclo-ligase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	222	109	;	/9	100	49	77	529	80	78	55		227	484	406	188		131	210	191
20	Similarity (%)	100.0	100.0		76.1	0.08	83.7	81.8	71.1	77.5	65 4	78.2		73.6	60.1	59.9	54.3		77.1	60.0	29.7
	identity (%)	100.0	100.0		52.2	54.0	55.1	52.0	34.4	37.5	37.2	0.09		48.0	24.4	33.3	27.7		50.4	28.6	25.1
25 52 Table 1 (continued)	ns gene	glutamicum R	glutamicum		paradoxa rps18	(12 rpsN	(12 rpmG	<12 rpmB	68 yvdB	aureus zntR	reyi rpmE	elicolor A3(2)		rringae copR	<12 baeS	<12 htrA	ana CV cnx1		uberculosis mscL	uberculosis	THES
Table 1.0	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 amtR	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 yjcC		Cyanophora para	Escherichia coli K12 rpsN	Escherichia coli K12 rpmG	Escherichia coli K12 rpmB	Bacillus subtilis 168 yvdB	Staphylococcus aureus zntR	Haemophilus ducreyi rpmE	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF51A,14		Pseudomonas syringae copR	Escherichia coli K12 baeS	Escherichia coli K12 htrA	Arabidopsis thaliana CV cnx1		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0985c mscL	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0990	Homo sapiens MTHFS
35 40	db Match	gp:CGL133719_2	gp:CGL133719_1		sp:RR18_CYAPA	Sp:RS14_ECOL!	sp:Rt33_ECOLI	pir.R5EC28		2A	3			sp:COPR_PSESM	SP.BAES ECOLI		\RATH		sp:MSCL_MYCTU	pir.A70601	pir.JC4389
40	ц. С		1 ~	1	_	!	 	+	Ť	1	\rightarrow	171 gp:8	12	(0)	1365 sp.f			86	2	651 pir.	0
	ORF (bp)	999	32	1 32	9 249	5 303	4 162	1 234		┰	┪	 -	9 44	2 69	1	1		7 19	0 40	+	13 57
45	Terminal (nt)	922396	923138	923981	924159	924425	924734	924901	1	+	+-	<u> </u>	927339	∔	930248	931648	ļ	932487	932570	933060	933733
50	Initial (nt)	923061	923464	923661	924407	924727	924895	925134	926935				927785		928884			932290		933710	934302
	SEO	(4 8.)	4465	4466	4467	4468	4469	4470	4471	4477	4472	4474	4475	4476	4477	4478	4479	4480	4481	4482	4483
5 5	SEQ	(DNA)	965	996	296	968	696	970	07.1	27.0	9/2	974	975	976	977	078	979	980	981	982	983

EP 1 108 790 A2

_				~—т			1							_			Т	7
10	Function	UTP-glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltansferase	molybdopterin biosynthesis protein	ribosomal-protein-alanine N- acetyltransferase	hypothetical membrane protein	cyanate transport protein		hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	cyclomaltodextrinase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	methionyl-tRNA synthetase	ATP-dependent DNA helicase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		transposase
		UTP P dy	moly	ribos	hypo	cyan		hypo	hypc	cyck	hypo	hypc	m et	ATP	нур	hyp	_	rau
15	Matched length (a.a.)	296	390	193	367	380		137	225	444	488	272	615	741	210	363		8
20	Similarity (%)	689	62.6	54.9	54.8	62.4		9.09	59.6	53.6	75.2	78.3	66.7	49.0	53.3	9.0		59.6
	identity (%)	42.2	31.8	29.0	30.3	26.6		32.1	25.3	26.8	43.0	54.0	33.8	26.2	27.6	30.0		33.0
<i>25</i> (pen		S	ans	J.	osis	×		Rd	osis	44	losis	losis	elta H		elta H	g		
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Xanthomonas campestris	Arthrobacter nicotinovorans moeA	Escherichia coli K12 rimJ	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0996	Escherichia coli K12 cynX		Haemophilus influenzae Rd H11602	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0093c	Bacillus sphaericus E-244 CDase	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1003	Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum Delta H MTH587 metG	Escherichia coli recQ	Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum Delta H MTH796	Bacillus subtilis 168 yxaG		Enterococcus faecium
35			Q E		= 1				1							SU		
40	db Match	pir.JC4985	prf:2403296B	sp:RIMJ_ECOLI	pir:G70601	SPICYNX ECOLI		sp:YG02_HAEIN	sp:Y05C_MYCTU	sp:CDAS_BACSH	pir.E70602	sp:Y19J_MYCTU	sp:SYM_METTH	prf. 1306383A	pir.B69206	sp.YXAG_BACSU		gp:AF029727_1
	ORF (bp)	897	1257	099	1020	1200	1419	405	714	1167	1560	825	1830	2049	633	1158	531	294
45	Terminal (nt)	935319	936607	937274	938401	939626	937799	940090	940754	941925	942381	944833	948669	950839	950828	951834	953043	954266
50	Initial (nt)	934423	935351	936615	937382	938427	939217	939686	940041	940759	943940	944009	946840	948791	951460	952991	953573	953973
	SEO	4484	4485	4486	4487	4488	4489	1490	4491	4492	4493	4494	4495	4496	4497	4498	4499	4500
55	SEO S	-i	985	986	987	988	686	 	991	392	993	994	995	966		866	666	1000

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EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	transposase	transposase subunit		D-lactate dehydrogenase	site-specific DNA-methyltransferase		transposase	transposase	transcriptional regulator	cadmium resistance protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	dimethyladenosine transferase	isopentenyl monophosphate kinase		ABC transporter	pyridoxine kinase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)	139	112		565	231		94	139	91	205		263	362	265	315		478	242	159	108
20	-	Similarity (%)	67.6	88.4		75.6	62.8		59.6	67.6	84.6	8.99		7.07	63.5	65.3	67.0		85.8	67.4	58.5	78.7
		Identity (%)	41.7	73.2		46.4	30.8		33.0	41.7	62.6	31.7		46.4	34.8	34.3	42.5		65.5	40.1	27.0	45.4
25	rued)	ne Tue		npA			OK8				ulosis	s cadD		ulosis	ulosis	sgA	ulosis		ythraea	dxK	sisoina	lor A3(2)
30	lacie i (conniced)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12	Brevibacterium linens tnpA		Escherichia coli dld	Klebsiella pneumoniae OK8 kpnIM		Enterococcus faecium	Escherichia coli K12	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1994c	Staphylococcus aureus cadD		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1008	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1009 rpf	Escherichia coli K12 ksgA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1011		Saccharopolyspora crythraea ertX	Escherichia coli K12 pdxK	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF1,02
35 40		db Match	pir TOECI3	55 1		prf.2014253AE	Z		gp.AF029727_1		YCTU	prf.2514367A		pir.C70603	pir:D70603	sp:KSGA_ECOLI	pir.F70603		pir:S47441	SP:PDXK_ECOLI	sp:YX05_MYCTU	gp:SCF1_2
		. Const. (Pp.)	47.7	1		1-	840	219		477	357	621	342	831	1071	879	933	642	1833	792	480	321
45		Terminal CORF (nt) (bp)	954753	055354	956774	955686	957844	959185	960374	960861	961653	962249	961321	963639	964934	965852	966784	965950	968660	969458	969461	970349
50		Initial (nt)	054277	054041	955911	957398		959403	960081	_		961629			963864	964974	965852	966591	966828	968667		970029
			96.0	5 5	4503	4504		4506	4507	4508		4510	_		4513	4514		4516		4518		4520
55		SEO NO.	(2007		1002	1004	1005	1006	1001	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	otein		rotein	fratase				major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor	transcriptional regulator (tetR family)	membrane transport protein	athionine:2- aquinone ase		rotein	rotein		peptide-chain-release factor 3	amide-urea transport protein
10		hypothetical protein	regulator	hypothetical protein	enoyl-CoA hydratase				major secreted precursor	transcriptional family)	membrane tra	S-adenosylmethionine: 2- demethylmenaquinone methyltransferase		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		peptide-chain-	amide-urea tra
15	Matched length (a.a.)	107	261	276	337				440	100	802	157		121	482		546	404
20	Similarity (%)	69.2	88.1	59.1	70.9				56.8	70.0	70.0	75.8		63.6	48.3		68.0	72.8
	Identity (%)	35.5	64.8	27.2	35.6				27.7	44.0	42.6	38.2		29.8	24.9		39.2	42.8
25 (penuitu	gene	olor A3(2)	color A3(2)	ухеН	erculosis				utamicum vum) ATCC	color A3(2)	color A3(2)	nzae Rd		dis NMA1953	erculosis		2 prfC	ylotrophus
35 Solutioned)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF1.02	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ1.15	Bacillus subtilis 168 yxeH	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv echA9				Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF56.06	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE 87, 17c	Haemophilus influenzae Rd H10508 menG		Neisseria meningitidis NMA1953	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1128c		Escherichia coli K12 prfC	Methylophilus methylotrophus fmdD
40	db Match	gp:SCF1_2	gp:SCJ1_15	sp:YXEH_BACSU	pir:E70893				sp.CSP1_CORGL	gp:SCF56_6	gp:SCE87_17	sp:MENG_HAEIN		gp:NMA622491_21	pir.A70539		pir:159305	prf:2405311A
	ORF (bp)	321	096	792	1017	654	777	1212	1386	579	2373	498	999	381	1551	936	1547	1269
45	Terminal (nt)	970738	971823	972244	974155	973304	974962	974965	977734	977800	978368	981490	982287	982294	984650	985845	984864	988007
50	Initial (nt)	970418	970864	973035	973139	973957	974186	976176	976349	978378	980740	980993	981622	982674	983100	984910	986510	986739
	SEQ NO.	4521	4522	4523	4524	4525	4526	4527	4528	4529	4530	4531	4532	4533	4534	4535	4536	4537
55	SEQ NO.	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029	1030	1031	1032	1033	1034	1035	1036	1037

EP 1 108 790 A2

nodulation ATP-binding protein

310

sufi protein precursor

909

61.7 64.8

30.8 35.8

Escherichia coli K12 sufl Rhizobium sp. N33 nodl

918 sp:NODI_RHIS3 1533 sp:SUFI_ECOLI

UDP-N-acetylglucosamine pyrophosphorylase

452

71.9

42.0

Bacillus subtilis gcaD

pir:S66080

1455

998455

606666

4551

1051

1227

1001242

4552

1002864 1000016

4553

1052 1053 1054

1003930

5	Function	amide-urea transport protein	amide-urea transport protein	high-affinity branched-chain amino acid transport ATP-binding protein	high-affinity branched-chain amino acid transport ATP-binding protein	peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase	2-nitropropane dioxygenase	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	peptidyi-tRNA hydrolase	50S ribosomal protein L25	lactoylglutathione lyase	DNA alkylation repair enzyme	ribose-phosphate pyrophosphokinase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	11	234	253	236	187	361	342	51	174	194	143	208	316
20	Similarity (%)	61.0	68.0	0.07	69.1	9.07	54.0	72.8	61.0	63.2	65.0	54.6	62.5	79.1
	Identity (%)	40.8	34.6	37.9	35.2	39.0	25.2	39.5	54.0	38.5	47.0	28.7	38.9	44.0
52 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Methylophilus methylotrophus fmdE	Methylophilus methylotrophus fmdF	Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO braF	Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO braG	Escherichia coli K12 pth	Williopsis mrakii IFO 0895	Streptomyces roseofulvus gap	Neisseria meningitidis	Escherichia coli K12 pth	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv rplY	Salmonella typhimurium D21 gloA	Bacillus cereus ATCC 10987 alkD	Bacillus subtilis prs
35	db Match	prf.2406311B fr	prf:2406311C n	SP.BRAF_PSEAE	sp:BRAG_PSEAE b	Sp:PTH_ECOLI	∝	i	GSP:Y75094	SP.PTH_ECOLI	pir:B70622	sp:LGUL_SALTY	prf.2516401BW	SP.KPRS_BACCL
	ORF (bp)	882	1077	726	669	612	1023	1065	369	531	909	429	624	975
45	Terminal (nt)	988904	086686	990705	991414	991417	993080	994613	994106	994845	995527	996830	996833	997466
50	Initial (nt)	988023	988904	989980	990716	992028	992058	993549	994474	995375	996126	996402	997456	998440
	SEQ NO.	-	4539	4540	4541	4542	4543	4544	4545	4546	4547	4548	4549	4550
55	SEQ NO.	1038	1039	1040	1041	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046	1047	1048	1049	1050

EP 1 108 790 A2

SEG Initial Terminal ORF db Match Homologous gene (%) Match (%)							Table 1 (continued)				
4556 1003953 1004783 831 pr.JN0850 Streptomyces lividans ORF2 30.2 63.2 272 459 4556 1004829 1006085 1257 sp.UHPB_ECOLI Escherichia coli K12 uhpB 246 48.4 459 459 4557 1006089 1006977 1006734 204 Escherichia coli K12 uhpB 246 67.3 202 4559 1006937 1006734 204 Escherichia coli K12 uhpB 246 67.3 202 4550 1006937 1006734 204 Escherichia coli K12 uhpB 31.5 64.5 349 4550 1006982 1006734 153 Escherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 67.0 57.3 4561 1010067 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium segmaits exit 44.0 74.0 57.3 45.6 666 46.0 46.0 57.3 45.6 46.0 46.0 57.2 45.6 46.0 57.0 45.6 46.0 46.0 46.0	SEQ.			Terminal (nt)	ORF (bp)	db Match	Homologous gene	Identity (%)	Similarity (%)	Matched length (a.a.)	Function
455B 1006089 1257 sp.UHPB_ECOLI Escherichia coli K12 UhpB 24 6 48.4 459 455B 1006089 1006097 609 prt.2107255A Streptomyces peucetius dnrN 36.6 67.3 202 455B 1006937 1006734 204 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) 31.5 64.5 349 455B 1006937 1010673 1759 pp.SCF15_7 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) 31.5 64.5 349 455B 1006938 1006734 175 pir.114180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 28.6 57.0 535 456B 1013067 1011797 1965 sp.GGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 gdt 32.4 58.6 686 456B 1014056 1014054 249 Fscherichia coli K12 gdt 32.4 58.6 686 456B 1014056 243 GPU-AF164956_23 TnpNC Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 456B 1015662 1015469 369 GPU-AF164956_23 TnpN	1055			1004783	1	pir.JN0850	Streptomyces lividans ORF2	30.2	63.2	272	hypothetical membrane protein
4557 1006089 1006097 609 prt.2107255A Streptomyces peucelius dnrN 36.6 67.3 202 4558 1006937 1006734 204 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) 31.5 64.5 349 4559 1006938 1008152 1155 gp.SCF15_7 Streptomyces glaucescens sitV 28.6 57.0 535 4560 1006952 1010061 1440 pir.S65587 Streptomyces glaucescens sitV 28.6 57.0 535 4561 1006652 10100651 101790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4562 10100657 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4563 10100657 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4564 1014046 1014284 249 58.0 58.6 68.6 68.6 68.6 68.6 68.6 68.6	1056			1006085		sp:UHPB_ECOLI	Escherichia coli K12 uhpB	24.6	48.4	459	two-component system sensor histidine kinase
455B 1006937 1008734 204 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) 31.5 64.5 349 455B 100693B 1008152 1155 gp.SCF15_7 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) 31.5 64.5 349 4560 10069BB 100817 1440 pir.S65587 Streptomyces glaucescens strV 28.6 57.0 553 4561 10068B 1008534 153 Freehorts Streptomyces glaucescens strV 28.6 57.0 573 4562 1010057 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4563 1014061 1014264 249 Fscherichia coli K12 gqt 32.4 58.6 686 4564 1014062 1014343 519 Colymbacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4565 1015652 1015146 243 GPU.AF164956_23 Colymbacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4567 1015652 1015146 243 GPU.AF164	1057	4557		1006697	609	prf.2107255A	Streptomyces peucetius dnrN	36.6	67.3	202	two component transcriptional regulator (luxR family)
4550 1006998 1008152 1155 Gp.SCF15_7 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) 31.5 64.5 349 4560 1006998 1008152 1155 gp.SCF15_7 Streptomyces glaucescens sity 28.6 57.0 535 4561 1008686 1008534 153 Mycpackerium sinegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4562 1010057 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium sinegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4562 1010057 1011797 1985 sp.GGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 666 4563 1014681 1014264 249 ASCGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 666 4564 1014081 1014343 519 ASCGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 666 4566 1014082 1015682 1015682 1015460 243 GPU.AF164956_23 TipNOC 27243 R-plasmid pAG1 linpB 39.6 100.0 236 <td>1058</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1006734</td> <td>204</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1058			1006734	204						
4560 1008622 1010061 1440 pir.S65867 Streptomyces glaucescens stry 28.6 57.0 535 4561 1008686 1008534 153 mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4562 1010057 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4563 1010057 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4563 1014016 1014264 249 Corynel Corynel Corynel Corynel Corynel Corynel Corynel A5.0 37 A5.0 37 A5.0	1059			1008152	1155	gp:SCF15_7	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF15.07	31.5	64.5	349	hypothetical membrane protein
4561 10086866 1008534 153 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4562 1010057 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4563 1013761 1011787 1965 sp.GGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 666 4564 1014016 1014284 249 C49 C49 <td>1060</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1010061</td> <td>1440</td> <td>pir.S65587</td> <td>Streptomyces glaucescens strV</td> <td>28.6</td> <td>57.0</td> <td>535</td> <td>ABC transporter</td>	1060			1010061	1440	pir.S65587	Streptomyces glaucescens strV	28.6	57.0	535	ABC transporter
4562 1010057 1011790 1734 pir.T14180 Mycobacterium smegmatis exit 44.0 74.0 573 4563 1013761 1011797 1965 sp.GGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 666 4564 1014016 1014264 249 Corymebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4565 1014861 1015450 243 GPU-AF164956_23 Corymebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4568 1015692 1015450 243 GPU-AF164956_23 Corymebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4569 1015852 1015145 708 gp.AF121000_8 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB 99.6 100.0 236 4579 1016857 1017018 462 Corymebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4571 1018002 1017274 597 Corymebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 36 4572 1018008 1017274 597 Sp. FETC_E	1061		1008686	!	153				,		
4563 1013761 1011797 1965 sp.GGT_ECOLI Fscherichia coli K12 ggt 32.4 58.6 666 4564 1014016 1014284 249 —	1062		1010057	1011790	1734	pir.T14180	Mycobacterium smegmatis exiT	44.0	74.0	573	ABC transporter
4564 1014264 249 Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4566 1014861 1014343 519 Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4566 1015652 1015450 243 GPU.AF164956_23 Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4569 1015652 1015145 708 gp.AF121000_8 222243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB 99.6 100.0 236 4570 1016557 1017018 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4571 1017870 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4572 1017870 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4572 1018082 1017018 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 49.6 100.0 236 4572 1018082 1018333 312 Corynebacterium glutamicum 59.6 100.0 236 4574 1019090	1063		1013761	1011797	1965	 	Fscherichia coli K12 ggt	32.4	58.6	999	gamma-glutamyltranspeptidase precursor
4565 1014861 1014343 519 Corynebactenium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4566 1015652 1015146 99 Corynebactenium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4568 1015692 1015450 243 GPU.AF164956_23 Corynebactenium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4569 1015852 1015145 708 gp.AF121000_8 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB 99.6 100.0 236 4570 1016557 1017018 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4571 1017870 1017274 597 Corynebacterium glutamicum 69.6 100.0 236 4572 1018082 1018393 312 Corynebacterium glutamicum 65.0 103 4574 1018090 1022716 55. MFD_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 36.2 65.1 1217 4575 1020613 1019390 1224 50.6 65.1 1217	1064			1014264	249						
4566 1014925 1015116 192 Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4568 1015652 1015450 243 GPU.AF164956_23 Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4568 1015652 1015145 708 gp.AF121000_8 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB 99.6 100.0 236 4570 1016557 1017018 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4571 1017670 1017274 597 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4572 1018082 1017274 597 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4573 1018082 1018393 312 Corynebacterium glutamicum 59.6 100.0 236 4574 1019090 1022716 5p.MFD_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 36.2 65.1 1217 4574 1020613 1019390 1224 59.6 65.1 1217	1065			1014343	519						
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4568 1015692 1015450 243 GPU.AF164956_23 Corynebacterium glutamicum 64.0 72.0 37 4569 1015852 1015145 708 gp.AF121000_8 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4570 1016557 1017018 462 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4571 1017870 1017274 597 Corynebacterium glutamicum 99.6 100.0 236 4572 1018082 1017274 597 Escherichia coli tetR 23.0 59.6 183 4573 1018090 1022716 3627 sp.MFD_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 36.2 65.1 1217 4574 1020613 1019390 1224 224 36.2 65.1 1217	1067	4567		1016560	606						
4569 1015852 1015145 708 gp.AF121000_8 Corynebacterium glutamicum gl	1068		3 1015692	1015450	243	GPU:AF164956_23		64.0	72.0	37	transposase protein fragment
4570 1016557 1017018 462 Company Compa	1069	$\overline{}$		 	708	gp:AF121000_8	Corynebacterium glutamicum 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB	9.66	100.0	236	transposase (IS1628 TnpB)
4571 1017870 1017274 597 657 657 657 657 657 800 657 800 657 800 <t< td=""><td>1070</td><td>--</td><td></td><td>1017018</td><td>462</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	1070	- -		1017018	462						
4572 1018082 1018393 312 59.6 183 4573 1018416 1019066 651 sp. MFD_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 36.2 65.1 1217 4574 1019090 1022716 36.2 65.1 1217 4575 1020613 1019390 1224 1224	1071	-	1017870	<u>! </u>	597						
1019066 651 sp:TETC_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 23.0 59.6 183 1022716 3627 sp:MFD_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 36.2 65.1 1217 1019390 1224 36.2 65.1 1217	1072	-		1	312						1
1022716 3627 sp:MFD_ECOLI Escherichia coli mfd 36.2 65.1 1217 1019390 1224	1073				651	sp:TETC_ECOU	Escherichia coli tetR	23.0	59.6	183	transcriptional regulator (TetR- family)
1019390	1074			-!	1	+	Escherichia coli mfd	36.2	65.1	1217	transcription/repair-coupling protein
	1075	4575	5 1020613		1						

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		C.	es predicted to r vaccines and	like ATP- type transport		ne protein						glycerate spho-D- e)				sphatase or		se	
10		Function	Neisserial polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	multidrug resistance-like ATP- binding protein, ABC-type transport protein	ABC transporter	hypothetical membrane protein		hypothetical protein			IpqU protein	enolase (2-phosphoglycerate dehydratase)(2-phospho-D- glycerate hydro-lyase)	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	guanosine pentaphosphatase or exopolyphosphatase		threonine dehydratase	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	92	632	574	368		183			241	422	41	191	153	329		314	
20		Similarity (%)	0.69	62.7	81.9	100.0		57.4			689	86.0	58.0	55.0	77.8	55.0		64.7	
		Identity (%)	48.0	31.3	50.2	100.0		33.4			46.5	64.5	68.0	31.9	59.5	25.2		30.3	
25	Table 1 (continued)	us gene	oeae	dlB	berculosis	glutamicum		Nde			iberculosis iqU	Ou	K1 APE2459	rberculosis	berculosis	Vdd		dcB	
30	Table 1 (Homologous gene	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Escherichia coli mdlB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1273c	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 orf3		Bacillus subtilis yabN			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1022 IpqU	Bacillus subtilis eno	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE2459	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1024	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1025	Escherichia coli gppA		Escherichia coli tdcB	
35		db Match	GSP:Y75301	sp:MDLB_ECOLI E	Sp.YC73_MYCTU	sp:YLI3_CORGL		Sp.YABN_BACSU			pir.A70623	sp:ENO_BACSU	PIR:B72477	pir:C70623	pir:D70623	sp.GPPA_ECOLI		sp:THD2_ECOLI	
		ORF (bp)	228 G	1968 sı	1731 5	2382 \$	297	1 -	426	378	786 p	1275 s	144	540 p	546 p	963	984	930	195
45		Terminal (nt)	1021078	1022699	1024666	1026505	1032181	1032780	1032760	1033269	1034739	1036223	1036016	1036855	1037445	1038410	1036498	1038721	1039977
50		Initial (nt)	1021305	1024666	1025396	1028886	1031885	!		1033646		1034949	1036159	 -	1036900	1037448	1037481		1039783
		SEO	(a.a.)	4577	4578	4579	4580	4581		-		4585	4586		4588	4589	4590		4592
55		SEO	1076	1077	1078	1079	10BO	108	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092

EP 1 108 790 A2

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SEQ NO. (DNA)	SEQ NO.	Initial (nt)	Terminal (nt)	ORF (bp)	db Match	Homologous gene	Identity (%)	Similarity [%]	Matched length (a.a.)	Function
1093	4593	1039996	1040325	330						
1094	4594	1040494	1040682	189	pir:872287	Thermotoga maritima MSB8	46.3	74.1	56	hypothetical protein
1095	4595	1040925	1041917	993	sp:RHAR_ECOLI	Escherichia coli rhaR	24.8	55.8	242	transcription activator of L-rhamnose operon
1096	4596	1042027	1042842	816	pir:F70893	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1072	57.8	80.1	282	hypothetical protein
1097	4597	1043236	1042850	387						
1098	4598	1043747	1043298	450	gp:SCF55_39	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF55.39	30.0	57.1	140	hypothetical protein
1099	4599	1044295	1043774	522	sp.GREA_ECOLI	Escherichia coli greA	35.0	60.1	143	transcription elongation factor
1100	4600	1044959	1044477	483	pir:G70894	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1081c	34.3	72.1	140	hypothetical protein
1101	4601	1045158	1046030	873	pir:S44952	Streptomyces lincolnensis ImbE	31.7	56.3	300	lincomycin-production
1102	4602	1046073	1046390	318						
1103	4603	:046610	1047707	1098	sp.AROG_CORGL	Corynebacterium glutamicum aroG	99.2	99.5	367	3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptulosonate-7- phosphate synthase
104	4604	1047452	1046820	633						
1105	4605	1047827	1048501	675	sp.YARF_CORGL	Corynebacterium glutamicum CCRC18310	96.0	97.3	97	hypothetical protein or undecaprenyl pyrophosphate synthetase
1106	4606	1048356	1048529	174	SP:YARF_CORGL	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum)	100.0	100.0	28	hypothetical protein
1107	4607	1048525	1049043	519						
1108	4608	1049385	1049068	318						
1109	4609	1050362	1049427	936	sp:COAA_ECOLI	Escherichia coli coaA	53.9	79.9	308	pantothenate kinase
1110	4610	1050624	1051925	1302	gsp:R97745	Brevibacterium flavum MJ-233 glyA	99.5	100.0	434	serine hydroxymethyl transferase
1111	4611	1052021	1053880	1860	sp:PABS_STRGR	Streptomyces griseus pabS	47.6	70.1	969	p-aminobenzoic acid synthase
1112		4612 1053880	1054602	723		-				

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function			interest distriction and in	phospinioninchi resistance promi	hypothetical protein		nypourencer protein	lactam utilization protein	hypothetical membrane protein			transcriptional regulator		tumarate nydratase precursor	NAUH-dependent Finin oxydoreductase			reductase	dibenzothiophene desulfurization enzyme A	dibenzothiophene desulfurization enzyme C (DBT sulfur dioxygenase)	dibenzothiophene desulfurization enzyme C (DBT sulfur dioxygenase)		
15	Matched	(a.a.)		70,	CQL	300	100	C77	276	165			204	1	456	159			184	443	372	391		
20	Sir	(%)			28.8	29.0		9/.8	52.2	81.2			63.2		79.4	65.4			81.0	67.7	51.3	61.6		
	identity	(%)			30.3	30.3		37.8	30.8	40.6			26.0		52.0	32.7			55.4	39.1	25.8	28.9		
25 (pənu		<u>u</u>			α				<u>ھ</u>) fumH	olis			or A3(2)	S8 soxA	SB soxC	S8 soxC		
% Se Table 1 (continued)		ariah spoholouou			Alcaligenes faecalis ptcR	Escherichia coli ybgK		Escherichia coli ybgJ	Emericella nidulans lamB	Bacillus subtilis ycsH			Bacillus subtilis ydhC		Rattus norvegicus (Rat) fumH	Rhodococcus erythropolis IGTSB dszD			Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) StAH10.16	Rhodococcus sp. IGTS8 soxA	Rhodococcus sp. IGTS8 soxC	Rhodococcus sp. IGTS8 soxC		
35 40		db Match			gp:A01504_1	sp:YBGK_ECOLI		sp:YBGJ_ECOLI	sp:LAMB_EMENI	_			sp:YDHC_BACSU		Sp:FUMH_RAT	gp.AF048979_1			gp:SCAH10_16	sp.SOXA_RHOSO	sp:SOXC_RHOSO	sp:SOXC_RHOSO		
	ORF	(pb)	864	393	537	879	1056	699	756	591	672	603	681	1278	1419	489	261	447	564	1488	1080	1197	780	9
45	Terminal	(tu)	1055722	1054640	1056319	1056322	1058628	1057200	1057843	1058624	1059889	1059962	1060792	1062146	1062211	1064424	1064478	1064754	1065304	1067570	1068649	1069845	1068913	1069119
50	leilia	(te)	1054859	1055032	1055783	1057200	1057573	1057868	1058598	1059214	1059218	1059360	1060112	1060869	1063629	1063936	1064738	1065200	1065867	1066083	1067570	1068649	1069692	4634 1069808
	SEQ	(a. a.)	4613	4614	4615	4616	4617	4618	4619			4622	4623	4624	4625		4627	4628	4629	4630	4631	4632	4633	
55	SEO	NO.	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134

EP 1 108 790 A2

exodeoxyribonuclease small subunit exodeoxyribonuclease large subunit polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics protein ornithine carbamoyltransferase transmembrane efflux protein 5 virulence-associated protein major secreted protein PS1 precursor FMNH2-dependent aliphatic sulfonate monooxygenase sodium-dependent proline Function GTP-binding protein glycerol metabolism hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein penicitiin tolerance 10 transporter permease 15 Matched length 466 311 338 552 75 301 143 397 325 211 227 361 131 82 62 Similarity 78.8 47.0 63.9 80.0 58.8 56.4 60.0 6 ဖ 61.4 67.7 73.1 8 75. 8 99 55. 88 69 20 Identity (%) 27.5 29.6 39.2 30.0 50.2 26.3 57.3 44.3 40.3 33.0 30.3 45.3 ထ 29 20. <u>ب</u> 36 Rattus norvegicus (Rat) SLC6A7 ntpR 25 Pseudomonas aeruginosa argF Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH24.37 Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 xseB Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 Table 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1100 Dichelobacter nodosus intA Escherichia coli K12 ssuD Escherichia coli K12 perM Homologous gene Bacillus subtilis 168 ykkB Escherichia coli K12 glpX Escherichia coli K12 lytB Neisseria gonorrhoeae Bacillus subtilis ywmD Bacillus subtilis yyaF 30 17965 csp1 35 sp:YKKB_BACSU sp:OTCA_PSEAE gp:ECO237695_3 Sp.YYAF BACSU SP.PERM ECOLI sp:VAPI_BACNO sp:CSP1_CORGL sp.GLPX_ECOLI Sp:LYTB_ECOLI sp:EX7S_ECOLI sp:EX7L_ECOLI sp:NTPR_RAT db Match gp:SCH24_37 GSP: Y75421 pir:H70062 pir:B70897 40 1233 1902 975 1320 1083 501 570 1251 429 1737 822 225 243 297 963 285 828 ORF (bp) 180 45 1071479 1086087 1073245 1073340 1075933 1077306 1078319 1080972 1086917 1087044 1075329 1079221 1080786 1085462 Terminal 1071134 1075641 1075667 1078271 1082951 Ξ 1075241 1079146 1085791 1087544 1077297 1086096 1069959 1072676 1075553 1075909 1077183 1077734 1080540 1080965 1082708 1084183 1084380 1072441 (at) 50 4644 4653 4639 4640 4642 4645 4647 4649 4650 4652 4635 4636 4638 4641 4643 4646 4648 4651 SEQ. 4637 1138 1140 1143 1145 1147 1150 1151 1152 1153 (DNA) 1136 1137 1142 1144 1146 1149 1139 1141 55

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	9-cis retinol dehydrogenase or oxidoreductase	transposase/integrase (IS110)	hypothetical membrane protein	N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase			transposase (insertion sequence IS31831)	transposase	transposase				oxidoreductase or morpyine-6- dehydrogenase (naloxone reductase)	4-carboxymuconolactone decarboxlyase			frenolicin gene cluster protein involved in frenolicin biosynthetic
15	Matched length (a.a.)	198	396	1153	259			97	125	48				264	108			146
20	Similarity (%)	9.09	73.0	52.2	47.1			93.8	94.4	95.8				66.3	63.9			66.4
	Identity (%)	33.8	42.2	23.0	22.8			92.5	79.2	87.5				37.5	33.3			34.9
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mus musculus RDH4	Streptomyces coelicolor SC3C8.10	Escherichia coli K12 yegE	Rhizobium meliloti nodC			Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 31831	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) ATCC 13869	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium factofermentum) ATCC 13869				Pseudomonas putida M10 norA	Acinetobacter calcoaceticus dc4c			Streptomyces roseofulvus frnS
35		Mus mu	Strepto SC3C8	Escher	Rhizob			Corynebacter ATCC 31831	Corynebacter (Brevibacteriu ATCC 13869	Corynebacteric (Brevibacteric ATCC 13869				 	Acineto dc4c			Strepto
40	db Match	gp:AF013289_1	sp.YIS1_STRCO	sp:YEGE_ECOLI	SP:NODC_RHIME			pir:S43613	pir.JC4742	pir.JC4742				sp:MORA_PSEPU	sp:DC4C_ACICA			gp:AF058302_19
	ORF (bp)	630	1206	3042	765	219	333	291	375	144	141	366	498	843	321	663	195	654
45	Terminal (nt)	1087664	1088535	1093216	1094693	1094911	1095384	1095387	1095719	1096188	1096331	1096746	1097726	1098592	1098929	1099750	1099015	1099115
50	Initial (nt)	1088293	1089740	1090175	1093929	1094693	1095052	1095677	1096093	1096331	1096471	11097111	1097229		1098609	1099088	1099209	
	SEQ.	(a.a.) 4654	4655	4656	_1	4658	4659	4660	4661	4662	4663	4664	4665	4666	4667	4668	4669	
55	SEQ NO.	(DNA)	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	biolin carboxylase						hypothetical protein	magnesium chelatase subunit	2,3-PDG dependent phosphoglycerate mutase	hypothetical protein	carboxyphosphonoenolpyruvate phosphonomutase	tyrosin resistance ATP-binding protein	hypothetical protein	alkylphosphonate uptake protein	transcriptional regulator	multi-drug resistance efflux pump	transposase (insertion sequence IS31831)
15	Matched length (a.a.)	563						655	329	160	292	248	593	136	111	134	367	436
20	Similarity (%)	78.5						80.3	52.6	62.5	60.7	59.3	54.1	6.99	82.0	62.7	59.4	8.66
	Identity (%)	48.1						57.9	27.7	33.8	38.2	29.4	31.7	29.4	55.0	32.1	22.6	99.5
30 (Continued)	ws gene	sp. PCC 7942						uberculosis	aeroides ATCC	ethanolica pgm	uberculosis	groscopicus	diae tIrC	uberculosis	<12 MG1655	68 уха	neumoniae	ı glutamicum actofermentum)
	Homologous gene	Synechococcus sp. PCC 7942 accC						Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0959	Rhodobacter sphaeroides ATCC 17023 bchl	Amycolatopsis methanolica pgm	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2133c	Streptomyces hygroscopicus SF1293 BcpA	Streptomyces fradiae ttrC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2923c	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 phnA	Bacillus subtilis 168 yxaD	Streptococcus pneumoniae pmrA	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) ATCC 31831
	db Match	gp:SPU59234_3					i	sp.YT15_MYCTU	Sp.BCHI_RHOSH	gp:AMU73808_1	pir.A70577	gp:STMBCPA_1	sp:TLRC_STRFR	sp:Y06C_MYCTU	sp.PHNA_ECOL!	sp:YXAD_BACSU	gp:SPN7367_1	pir.S43613
	1 6		7	8	2	3	6			: -		i —				_	8	60
45	of ORF	3 1737	9 597	2 498	4 345	3 153	1 639	3 1956	6 1296	11 642	5 705	4 762	2 1641	396	342	474	9 121	130
	Terminal (nt)	1101653	1102639	1103192	1103524	1104103	1105561	1104103	1106086	1108201	1108905	1109754	1111432	1111425	1112230	1112484	1114319	1115793
50	Initial (nt)	1099917	1102043	1102695	1103180	1103951	1104923	1106058	1107381	1107560	1108201	1108993	1109792	1111820	1111889	1112957	1113102	1114486
	SEQ NO.	4671	4672	4673	4674	4675	4676	4677	4678	4679	4680	4681	4682	4683	4684	4685	4686	4687
55	SEO NO.	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185	1186	1187

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	cysteine desulphurase	nicotinate-nucleotide pyrophosphorylase	quinolinate synthetase A	DNA hydrolase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	lipoate-protein ligase A	alkylphosphonate uptake protein and C-P lyase activity	transmembrane transport protein or 4-hydroxybenzoate transporter	p-hydroxybenzoate hydroxylase (4- hydroxybenzoate 3- monooxygenase)	hypothetical membrane protein	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	hypothetical membrane protein		Ca2+/H+ antiporter ChaA	hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)	376	283	361	235	192	214	108	216	148	420	395	191	532	250	ł.	339	236	221
20		Similarity (%)	73,4	68.9	9'22	6.09	54.7	66.4	74.1	60.7	60.8	64.3	68.6	9 69	47.6	61.6		0.69	57.6	61.1
		Identity (%)	43.9	42.1	49.3	37.0	23.4	36.0	41.7	30.1	29.7	28.8	40.8	36.7	24.8	25.6		33.3	28.4	27.6
25	ontinued)	e dene	efaciens ase gene	erculosis	JA.	color	durans R1	icolor	2 MG1655	12 lplA	12 phnB	ida pcaK	uginosa phhy	8 ykoE	天	8 ykoC		JaA	i Orsay	vaF
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Ruminococcus flavefaciens cysteine desulphurase gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Bacillus subtilis nadA	Streptomyces coelicolor SC5B8.07	Deinococcus radiodurans R1 DR1112	Streptornyces coelicolor SC3A7.08	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 ybdF	Escherichia coli K12 IplA	Escherichia coli K12 phnB	Pseudomonas putida pcaK	Pseudomonas acruginosa phhy	Bacillus subtilis 168 ykoE	Escherichia coli yijK	Bacillus subtilis 168 ykoC		Escherichia coli chaA	Pyrococcus abyssi Orsay PAB1341	Bacillus subtilis ywaF
35		db Match	gp:RFAJ3152_2	sp.NADC_MYCTU	pir.E69663	7.	gp:AE001961_5	gp:SC3A7_e	sp:YBDF_ECOLI	gp:AAA21740_1	Sp.PHNB_ECOLI	sp:PCAK_PSEPU	Sp:PHHY_PSEAE	pir.A69859	Sp.YJJK ECOLI	pir.G69858		sp:CHAA_ECOLI	pir.C75001	sp:YWAF_BACSU
		ORF (bp)	1074 g	837 8	1182	642	009	600	342	789	+	1293	1185	588	1 00		i	1050	708	723
45		Terminal (nt)	1115832	1116908	1117751	1119086	1120804	1120833	1121468	1121818	1123461	1123534	1124836	1127009	1128350	1129102	1129832	1130704	1131428	1131401
50		Initial (nt)	1116905	1117744	1118932		1120205	1121432	1121809	1122606		1124826		1126422		-			1130721	1132123
		SEQ NO.	4688	4689	4690	4691	4692	4693	4694	4695	4696	4697	- 	1600	_	- i -		_		4705
55		SEQ.	1188	1189	1100	1191	1192	1193	1194	1105	1196	1197	1198	1100	5 6	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	excinuclease ABC subunit A	thioredoxin peroxidase			hypothetical membrane protein	oxidoreductase or thiamin biosynthesis protein		:			chymotrypsin Bl1	arsenate reductase (arsenical pump modifier)	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	GTP-binding protein (tyrosine phsphorylated protein A)	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		ferredoxin [4Fe-4S]
15	Matched length (aa)	946 e)	164 th			318 hy	282 (b)					27.1 ct	111 ar	340 hy	147 h	221 hy	614 G	506 hy	315 h		103 fe
20	Similarity (%)	58.7	81.7			72.0	49.0					51.3	72.1	62.4	71.4	62.9	76.7	54.9	61.9		91.3
	Identity (%)	35.5	57.3			39.9	34.0					28.8	43.2	23.5	43.5	35.8	46.3	27.9	38.7		78.6
52 Table 1 (continued)	ns gene	shilus unrA	iberculosis			edL	elicator A3(2)					ıei		уаО	ıberculosis	ubercutosis	(12 typA	uberculosis	ıberculosis		seus fer
con Table 1 (Homologous gene	Thermus thermophilus unrA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv tpx			Escherichia coli yedl	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2)					Penaeus vannamei	Escherichia coli	Bacillus subtilis yyaD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1632c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1157c	Escherichia coli K12 typA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1166	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1170		Streptomyces griseus fer
35	db Match	sp:UVRA_THETH T	Sp.TPX_MYCTU H			sp:YEDI_ECOLI E						sp.CTR2_PENVA P	sp:ARC2_ECOLI E	0 sp:YYAD_BACSU B			sp.TYPA_ECOLI E				STRGR
40	ਝ		sp. TPX			sp:YED	gp:SCF76_2			_		sp:CTR	sp:ARC	sp:YYA	pir:F70559	pir.F70555		pir.F70874	pir:B70875		Sp:FER_
	ORF (bp)	2340	495	216	1776	954	006	366	297	261	387	834	345	1200	537	714	1911	1506	870	438	315
45	Terminal (nt)	1132133	1135055	1135691	1135058	1136938	1138859	1139245	1139492	1139617	1139635	1140028	1140901	1142472	1142479	1143026	1146028	1147602	1148461	1148882	1149267
50	Initial (nt)	1134472	1134561	1135476	1136833	1137891	1137960	1138880	1139196	1139357	1140021	1140861	1141245	1141273	1143015	1143739	1144118	1146097	1147592	1148445	1148953
	SEO NO.		4707	4708	4709	4710	4711	4712	4713	4714	4715	4716	4717	4718	4719	4720	4721	4722	4723	4724	4725
55	SEQ NO.	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	aspartate aminotransferase			tetrahydrodipicolinate succinylase of succinylase of succinylation of piperidine-2,6-dicarboxylate		l protein	dihydropteroate synthase	I protein	ıl protein	antigen TbAAMK, useful in vaccines tor prevention or treatment of tuberculosis	mycinamicin-resistance gene	sucrose-6-phosphate hydrolase	ADPglucosestarch(bacterial glycogen) glucosyltransferase	phosphate	sterase	RNA polymerase sigma factor (sigma-24); heat shock and oxidative stress	
10		aspartate ar			tetrahydrodipi succinylation dicarboxylate		hypothetical protein	dihydropter	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	antigen TbA for preventio tuberculosis	mycinamici	sucrose-6-1	ADPglucos glycogen) g	glucose-1-phosphate adenylyltransferase	methyltransferase	(sigma-24); hea	
15	Matched length	397			229		211	273	245	66	47	286	524	433	400	93	194	
20	Similarity (%)	52.9			100.0		100.0	0.69	73.1	67.7	91.5	67.8	51.0	51.3	81.8	62.4	57.2	
	Identity (%)	25.9			100.0		100.0	29.0	45.7	31.3	72.3	39.2	23.5	24.7	61.0	25.8	27.3	
<i>25</i> (penu		2 aat			ımicum		smicum.	or A3(2)	u17561	ulosis	utosis	eorubida	ceus scrB	MG1655	lor A3(2)	ofaciens		
30 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Baciltus sp. strain YM-2 aat			Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 dapD		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ort2	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) dhpS	Mycobacterium leprae u1756l	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1209	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Micromonospora griseorubida myrA	Pediococcus pentosaceus scrB	Escherichia coll K12 MG1655 glgA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) gigC	Streptomyces mycarofaciens MdmC	Escherichia coli rpoE	
35	-		1				04	0.0	14				i	<u> </u>	 	-		
10	db Match	DAC TANGE	abi. A		gp:CGAJ4934_1		pir.S60064	gp:SCP8_4	qp:MLU15180	pir:G70609	gsp:W32443	sp:MYRA_MICGR	SD:SCRB PEDPE	sp:GLGA_ECOLI	sp:GLGC_STRCO	sp:MDMC_STRMY	sp:RPOE_ECOL!	
	ORF	id S	5 6	1185	168	663	768	R31	729	306	165	864	1494	1227	1215	639	639	492
45	lai	(III)	1130373	1152370	1152373	1155875	1157669	1158524	1159252	1159572	1159799	1160728	1160738	1162379	1164916	1164974	1166384	1167067
50	Inthal			11511R6	1153263	1156537	1156902	1157694	1158524	1159267	1159635	1159865	1162231		1163702	1165612	1165746	1166576
	SEG	_+	_	4727 4778		4730	4731	4732	4733		4735	4736	47.37	4738	4739	4740	4741	4742
<i>55</i>	SEO			1227		1230		1232	1222	1234	1235	1236	1227	1238	1239	1240	1241	1242

EP 1 108 790 A2

tetracycline resistance protein

61.4

27.1

Escherichia coli transposon Tn1721 tetA

sp:TCR1_ECOLI

metabolite export pump of tetracenomycin C resistance

64.2

32.4

Streptomyces glaucescens tcmA

sp:TCMA_STRGA

4759 1187043

ABC transporter or multidrug resistance protein 2 (P-glycoprotein 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase shikimate dehydrogenase para-nitrobenzyl esterase Function hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein ATPase Matched length Similarity (%) 96.8 61.2 64.7 77.0 60.4 72.0 87.1 73.2 72.1 Identity (%) 25.5 35.7 28.8 45.5 43.6 57.9 Corynebacterium glutamicum Table 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1249c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1224 Mycobacterlum tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1231c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1232c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1234 Cricetulus griseus (Chinese hamster) MDR2 Homologous gene Bacillus subtilis pnbA Escherichia cofi aroE Escherichia cofi mrp AJ12036 odhA Sp.PNBA_BACSU sp:MDR2_CRIGR sp:AROE_ECOLI sp:MRP_ECOLI db Match prf.2306367A pir:C70508 pir: B70509 pir.C70509 pir.A70952 pir:H70953 RP(명) Terminal £ (F) SEQ No. (a.a) (DNA)

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	5- methyltetrahydropteroytriglutamate- homocysteine S-methyltransferase		thiophene biotransformation protein						ABC transporter	ABC transporter	cytochrome bd-type menaquinol oxidase subunit II	cytochrome bd-type menaquinol oxidase subunit l	helicase		mutator mutT protein ((7,8-dihydro-8-oxoguanine-triphosphatase)(8-oxo-dGTPase)(dGTP pyrophosphohydrolase)		proline-specific permease
15	Matched length (a.a.)	774		444						929	551	333	512	402		86		433
20	Similarity (%)	72.2		79.5						63.5	58.4	93.0	99.0	55.0		65.6		85.0
	Identity (%)	45.2		55.2						28.7	29.4	92.0	9.66	26.4		36.9		51.3
os continued)	ns gene	eus metE		es strain KGB1						.12 MG1655	.12 MG1655	glutamicum sclofermentum)	glutamicum aclofermentum)	.12 MG1655		nutT		nutritum proV
Table 1 ((Homologous gene	Catharanthus roseus metE		Nocardia asteroides strain KGB1						Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 cydC	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 cydD	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) cydB	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) cydA	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 yejH		Proteus vulgaris mutT		Salmonoffa typhimurium prov
<i>35</i>	db Match	2235 pir.S57636 (0		gsp: Y29930						sp:cYDC_ECOL!	sp:cydd_ecot	gp:AB035086_2	gp:AB035086_1	sp:YEJH_ECOLI		sp:MUTT_PROVU		sp:PROY_SALTY
	ORF (bp)	235 pir	456	1398 gs	324	945	792	1647	192	1554 sp	1533 sp	16 666	1539 gp	2265 sp	342	393 sp	765	1404 SF
45	Terminat (nt)	1188388 2	1191542	1193807	1194190	1195109	1195125	1197620	1197815	1197990	1199543	1201090	1202094	1203916	1206657	1206831	1208138	1208212
50	Initial (nt)	1190622	1191087	1192410	1193867	1194165	1195916	1195974	1197624	1199543	1201075	1202088	1203632	1206180	1206316		1207374	1209615
	SEO		4762	4763	4764	4765	4766	4767	4768	4769	4770	4771	4772	4773	4774		4776	1277 4777
55	SEQ		1262	1263	1264	1265	1266	1267	1268	1269	1270	1271	1272	1273	1274	1275	1276	1277

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	-dependent R	tory protein, te	nol 4- e	eductase	xygenase		otein	egulator		otein	9,	otein			Se		
10	ű.	DEAD box ATP-dependent RNA helicase	bacterial regulatory protein, tetR family	pentachlorophenol monooxygenase	maleylacetate reductase	catechol 1,2-dioxygenase		hypothetical protein	transcriptional regulator		hypothetical protein	phosphoesterase	hypothetical protein			esterase or lipase		
15	Matched length (a.a.)	643	247	595	354	278		185	878		203	395	915			220		
20	Similarity (%)	74.3	47.4	47.7	72.0	59.4		58.4	55.4		56.2	67.3	59.6			64.6		
	identity (%)	48.1	24.7	24.5	40.4	30.6		31.9	24.9		29.6	39.2	29.7			37.3		
Table 1 (continued)	us gene	oniae CG43 ependent RNA	prae	ıva pcpB	B13 clcE	coaceticus		bercutosis	erevisiae		licolar A3(2)	berculosis	berculosis			fing bacterium		
30 Table 1 ()	Homologous gene	Klebsiella pneumoniae CG43 DEAD box ATP-dependent RNA helicase deaD	Mycobacterium leprae B1308_C2_181	Sphingomonas flava pcpB	Pseudomonas sp. B13 clcE	Acinetobacter calcoaceticus catA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2972c	Saccharomyces cerevisiae SNF2		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) orfZ	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1277	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1278			Petroleum-degrading bacterium HD-1 hde		
<i>35</i>	db Malch	sp:DEAD_KLEPN [prf.2323363BT	sp.PCPB_FLAS3	SPICICE_PSESB			pir.A70672	sp.SNF2_YEAST		gp:SCO007731_6	pir.E70755	sp:Y084_MYCTU			gp.AB029896_1		
	ORF (bp)	2196 s	д 789	1590 s	1068 s	885 8	471	540 p	3102 s	1065	858 g	1173 р	2628 s	306	318	774 g	378	786
45	Terminal (nt)	1212129	1212429	1214858	1215938	1216836	1216904	1217443	1222996	1221841	1223843	1225059	1227693	1227282	1227340	1228636	1229095	1229935
50	Initial (nt)	1209934	1213115	1213269	1214871	1215952	1217374	1217982	1219895	1222905	1222986	1223887	1225066	1227587	1227657	1227863	1228718	1229150
	SEQ NO.	4778	4779	4780	4781	4782	4783	4784	4785	4786	4787	4788	4789	4790	4791	4792	4793	4794
55	SEQ NO ONA)	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	1290	1291	1292	1293	1294

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	short-chain fatty acids transporter	regulatory protein			tumarate (and nitrate) reduction regulatory protein	mercuric transort protein periplasmic component precursor	zinc-transporting ATPase Zn(II)- translocating P-type ATPase	GTP pyrophosphokinase (ATP:GTP 3-pyrophosphotransferase) (ppGpp synthetase I)	tripeptidyl aminopeptidase			homoserine dehydrogenase			pitrate reductase gamma chain	mineral action of the chain	וה ובחחרומאב חבוומ ביומייו	nitrate reductase beta chain	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	nitrate reductase alpha chain	nitrate extrusion profein
			short	regul			regul	merc	zinc- trans	GTP 3'-py synth	tripe			hod			1		B	a La	hyp	hyp	盲	nitra
15	Matched	length (aa)	122	166			228	81	605	137	601			24			220	727	c/L	505	137	83	1271	461
20		(%)	69.7	56.6			67.9	66.7	70.6	58.4	49.3			080	23		9 09	0.80	63.4	83.4	48.0	55.0	73.8	67.9
	<u> </u>	(%)	37.7	24.7			25.0	33.3	38.0	32.9	26.6			05.0	2.50		0 34	43.0	30.3	56.6	36.0	36.0	46.9	32.8
25 De		a)		တ္သ			1655 far	merP	1655		۾			E	ujcari)				ļ		PE1291	PE1289		Ę
30 Table 1 (Confinued)		Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor SC1C2.14c atoE	Erwinia chrysanthemi recS			Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 far	Shewanella putrefaciens merP	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 atzN	Vibrio sp. S14 relA	Streptomyces lividans tap				Corynepactenum giutarnicum			Baciltus subtilis narl	Bacillus subtilis nard	Bacillus subtilis narH	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE1291	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE1289	Bacillus subtilis narG	Escherichia coli K12 narK
<i>35</i>		db Match	sp:ATOE_ECOL!	Sp: PECS_ERWCH			Sp.FNR_ECOLI	SP.MERP_SHEPU			0sp. R80504				GSP: P61449			sp:NARI_BACSU	sp:NARJ_BACSU	Sp:NARH_BACSU	PIR:D72603	PIR: B72603	sp:NARG_BACSU	sp:NARK_ECOLI
40			Sp:A	Sp.P		-	Sp:F	Sp. A				$\overline{}$	1		_	.		\neg	_	. 	+			1 -
		ORF (bp)	537	486	222	519	750	234	1875	630	1581	8	3 3	15	<u></u>	1260	069	777	732	1593	594	273		1350
45		Terminat (nt)	1229180	1230480	1230831	1230914	1232479	1232836	1234881	1235612	1738545	1241554	r00147	1242156	1243728	1243942	1244843	1245720	1246508	.247199	1250444	1251817	1248794	1252557
50		Initiał (nt)	1229716	1229995	1230610	<u> </u>	1	1232603	1233007	1234983	1000106	1210021	0012421	1242275			1245532	1246496	1247239	1248791	1249851	1251545	1252537	
		SEQ NO.		4796	_	+-		4800	4801				4004	4805	4806	4807	4808	4809	4810	4811	4812	A B 13	4814	4815
55	-	SEQ.		1296		+		1300						1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	_	$\overline{}$			1315

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	synthesis cnx1 um cofactor me cnx1)	e protease		brane protein	brane protein	molybdopterin guanine dinucleotide synthase	ynthesis protein	synthsisi protein isybdenum is enzyme)	acid-CoA ligase					ase factor 1	en oxidase		in	sphate alpha-N- /transferase
10	Fun	molybdopterin biosynthesis cnx1 protein (molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis enzyme cnx1)	extracellular serine protease precurosor		hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	molybdopterin gua synthase	moybdoptein biosynthesis protein	molybdopterin biosynthsisi protein Moybdenume (mosybdenum cofastor biosythesis enzyme)	edium-chain fatty acid-CoA ligase	Rho factor				peptide chain release factor	protoporphyrinogen oxidase		hypothetical protein	undecaprenyl-phosphate alpha-N- acetylglucosaminyltransferase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	157	738		334	472	178	366	354	572	753				363	280		215	322
20	Similarity (%)	65.0	45.9		62.6	60.2	52.3	58.2	73.7	65.7	73.8				71.9	57.9		0.98	58.4
	Identity (%)	32.5	21.1		30.8	31.6	27.5	32.8	51.4	36.7	50.7				41.9	31.1		62.3	31.1
52 Zable 1 (continued)	us gene	na CV cnx1	ins strain IFO-		berculosis	berculosis	lida mobA	berculosis noeA	na cnx2	ovorans	s rho				12 RF-1	12		berculosis	12 rfe
Table 1 (Homologous gene	Arabidopsis thaliana CV cnx1	Serratia marcescens strain IFO- 3046 prtS		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1841c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1842c	Pseudomonas putida mobA	Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv0438c moeA	Arabidopsis thaliana cnx2	Pseudomonas oleovorans	Micrococcus luteus rho				Escherichia coli K12 RF-1	Escherichia coli K12		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1301	Escherichia coli K12 rfe
	db Match	Sp:CNX1_ARATH	SERMA		sp:Y0D3_MYCTU	sp:Y0D2_MYCTU	gp:PPU242952_2	sp:MOEA_ECOL!	sp.CNX2_ARATH	Sp. ALKK_PSEOL	sp:RHO_MICLU				sp:RF1_ECOU	Sp:HEMK_ECOLI		sp:YD01_MYCTU	Sp.RFE_ECOLI
40	용	sp:CNX	sp:PRTS_		<u></u>	sp:Y0D	gp:PPC			<u> </u>						sp:HEN		sp:YD0	
	ORF (pp)	489	1866	684	1008	1401	561	1209	1131	1725	2286	603	969	1023	1074	837	774	648	1146
45	Terminal (nt)	1254634	1254737	1257750	1255851	1257865	1259429	1259993	1261688	1262886	1267427	1266267	1265611	1265427	1268503	1269343	1268267	1270043	1271192
50	Initial (nt)	1254146	1256602	1257067	1257858	1259265	1259989	1261201	1262818	1264610	1265142	1265665	1266306	1266449	1267430	1268507	1269040	1269396	1270047
	SEQ NO.		4817	4618	4619	4620	4621	4622	4823	4824	4625	4826	4827	4828	4629	4830	4831	4832	4833
55	SEO NO.	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332	1333

EP 1 108 790 A2

10	Function		hypothetical protein	ATP synthase chain a (protein 6)	H+-transporting ATP synthase lipid- binding protein. ATP synthase C chane	H+-transporting ATP synthase chain b	H+-transporting ATP synthase delta chain	H+-transporting ATP synthase alpha chain	H+-transporting ATP synthase gamma chain	H+-transporting ATP synthase beta chain	H+-transporting ATP synthase epsilon chain	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	putative ATP/GTP-binding protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	thioredoxin
15	Matched length (a.a.)		80 hy	245 AT	7. F. g. f.	151 H	274 H	516 ch	320 H-	483 H	122 H	132 hy	230 hy	95 pt	134 hy	101 hy	301 th
20	Similarity (%)		0.66	26.7	85.9	6.99	67.2	88.4	76.6	100.0	73.0	67.4	85.7	56.0	68.7	79.2	71.4
	Identity (%)		98.0	24.1	54.9	27.8	34.3	6.9	46.3	99.8	41.0	38.6	70.0	45.0	35.8	54.5	37.9
52 Zable 1 (continued)	is gene		glutamicum	12 atpB	ans atpL	lans atpF	lans atpD	lans atpA	lans atpG	glutamicum	Jans atpE	berculosis	berculosis	licolor A3(2)	jic	berculosis	berculosis
Se Table 1 (c	Homologous gene		Corynebacterium glutamicum atpl	Escherichia coli K12 atpB	Streptomyces lividans atpL	Streptomyces lividans atpF	Streptomyces lividans atpD	Streptomyces lividans atpA	Streptomyces lividans atpG	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 atpB	Streptomyces lividans atpE	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1312	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1321	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2)	Bacillus subtilis yqjC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1898	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1324
35	db Match		GPU:AB046112_1	Sp. ATP6 ECOLI		SP.ATPF_STRLI	STRLI	STRLI	STRLI	CORGL	SP.ATPE_STRLI	sp:Y02W_MYCTU	sp:Y036_MYCTU	GP:SC26G5_35	BACSU	sp:YC20_MYCTU	sp:YD24_MYCTU
40				+-			sp:ATPD_	4 SP.ATPA_	sp:ATPG_	9 sp:ATPB_			-	-	s sp:YQJC		+
	ORF (bp)	486	249	810	+	564	813	1674	975	1449	372	471	069	285	453	312	921
45	Terminal (nt)	1271698	1272119	1273149	1273525	1274122	1274943	1276648	1277682	1279136	1279522	1280240	1280959	1281251	1281262	1282105	1283114
50	Initial (nt)	1271213	1271871	1272340		1273559	1274131	1274975	1276708	1277688	1279151	1279770	1280270	1280967	1281714		1282194
	SEQ NO (a a.)	4834	4835	4836		4838	4839	4840	4841	4842	4843	4844	4845	4846	4847	4848	4849
55	SEQ NO.	1334	1335	1336		1338	1339	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	FMNH2-dependent aliphatic sulfonate monooxygenase	alphatic sulfonates transport permease protein	alphatic suffonates transport permease protein	sulfonate binding protein precursor	1,4-alpha-glucan branching enzyme (glycogen branching enzyme)	alpha-amylase		ferric enterobactin transport ATP- binding protein or ABC transport ATP-binding protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		electron transfer flavoprotein beta- subunit	electron transfer flavoprotein alpha subunit for various dehydrogenases		nitrogenase cofactor sythesis protein		hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	366	240	228	311	710	467		211	260	367		244	335		375		397
20	Similarity (%)	74.3	75.8	72.8	62.1	72.7	50.5		87.6	68.5	70.0		64.8	61.8		67.7		55.7
	Identify (%)	50.3	40.8	50.4	35.1	46.1	22.9		31.8	39.6	43.1		31.2	33.1		35.2		29.5
25 (Continued)	Homologous gene	i K12 ssuD	i K12 ssuC	i K12 ssuB	K12 ssuA	tuberculosis c glgB	nermophilum		i K12 fepC	tuberculosis c	tuberculosis c		iloti fixA	lloti fixB		nelandii nifS		Rhizobium sp. NGR234 plasmid pNGR234a y4mE
·	Homolo	Escherichia coli K12 ssuD	Escherichia coli K12 ssuC	Escherichia coli K12 ssuB	Escherichia coli K12 ssuA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1326c glgB	Dictyoglomus thermophilum amyC		Escherichia coli K12 fepC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3040c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3037c		Rhizobium meliloti fixA	Rhizobium meliloti fixB		Azotobacter vinelandii nifS		Rhizobium sp. NG pNGR234a y4mE
40	db Malch	gp:ECO237695_3	sp.SSUC_ECOL!	sp:SSUB_ECOLI	sp:SSUA_ECOLI	sp:GLGB_ECOLI	sp.AMY3_DICTH		sp.FEPC_ECOU	pir.C70860	pir.H70859		sp:FIXA_RHIME	sp:FIXB_RHIME		sp:NIFS_AZOVI		sp:Y4ME_RHISN
	ORF (bp)	1143	768	729	957	2193	1494	348	879	804	1056	612	786	951	615	1128	312	1146
45	Terminal (nt)	1284466	1285284	1286030	1286999	1287281	1289514	1291373	1292577	1294025	1295206	1294436	1296220	1297203	1297093	1298339	1298342	1299000
50	Initial (nt)	1283324	1284517	1285302	1286043	1289473	1291007	1291026	1291699	1293222	1294151	1295047	4861 1295435	1296253	1296479	1297212	1298653	1300145
	SEQ NO.	4850	4851	4852	4853	4854	4855	4856	4857	4858	4859	4860	4861	4862	4863	4864	4865	4966
55	SEQ NO.	1350	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	transcriptional regulator	acetyltransferase				tRNA (5-methylaminomethyl-2- thiouridylate)-methyltransferase		hypothetical protein	tetracenomycin C resistance and export protin		DNA ligase (polydeoxyribonucleotide synthase [NAD+]	hypothetical protein	glutamyl-tRNA(Gln) amidotransferase subunit C	glutamyl-tRNA(Gln) amidotransferase subunit A	vibriobactin utilization protein / iron- chelator utilization protein	hypothetical membrane protein	pyrophosphate-fructose 6- phosphate 1-phosphotransrelase
15		Matched length (a a)	59	181				361	ŀ	332	500		21.9	220	97	484	263	96	358
20		Similarity (%)	76.3	55.3				80.9	ļ	0.99	65.8		70.6	70.9	64.0	83.0	54.0	79.2	77.9
		Identity (%)	47.5	34.8				61.8		33.7	30.2		42.8	40.0	53.0	74.0	28.1	46.9	54.8
30 telder	anic - (commaca)	Homologous gene	Rhizobium sp. NGR234 plasmid pNGR234a Y4mF	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 yhbS				Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3024c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3015c	Streptomyces glaucescens tcmA		Rhodothermus marinus dnlJ	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3013	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) gatC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv gatA	Vibrio vulnificus viuB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE6.24	Amycolatopsis methanolica pfp
35	-	Ι	Rhizobiu pNGR23	Escheric yhbS				Mycobacterium 1 H37Rv Rv3024c		Mycobacterium to H37Rv Rv3015c	Strepton		Rhodoth	Mycobacterium H37Rv Rv3013	Strepton	Mycobacteri H37Rv gatA	Vibrio vu	Streptom SCE6.24	Amycola
40		db Match	sp:Y4MF_RHISN	sp:YHBS_ECOLI				pir.C70858		pir:B70857	sp:TCMA_STRGA		sp:DNLJ_RHOMR	pir:H70856	sp:GATC_STRCO	sp.GATA_MYCTU	sp:VIUB_VIBVU	gp:SCE6_24	sp:PFP_AMYME
		ORF (bp)	225	504	942	1149	396	1095	654	066	1461	735	2040	663	297	1491	849	306	1071
45		Terminal (nt)	1300145	1301055	1300988	1301975	1303694	1304923	1303883	1305921	1305924	1307462	1310369	1310435	1311616	1313115	1314118	1314470	1316083
50		Initial (nt)	1300369	1300552	1301929	1303123	1303299	1303829	1304536	1304932	1307384	1308196		1311097	1311320	1311625	1313270	1314775	1315013
		SEQ NO.	4867	4868	4869	4870	4871	4872	4873	4874	4875	4876	4877	4878	4879	4880	4881	4882	4883
55		SEQ NO.	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376		1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function		glucose-resistance amylase regulator (catabolite control protein)	ripose transport ATP-binding protein	high affinity ribose transport protein	periplasmic ribose-binding protein	high affinity ribose transport protein	hypothetical protein	iron-siderophore binding lipoprotein	Na-dependent bile acid transporter	RNA-dependent amidotransferase B	putative F420-dependent NADH reductase	hypothetical protein	hypolhetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein		dihydroxy-acid dehydratase	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)		328	499	329 1	305 F	139	200	354 i	268 1	485 F	172 F	317	234 h	325		613 0	105
20	Similarity (%)		31.4	76.2	76.9	77.7	68.4	58.0	60.2	61.9	71.8	61.1	6.99	62.4	52.6		99.4	68.6
	Identity (%)		31.4	44.7	45.6	45.9	41.7	31.0	31.4	35.8	43.1	32.6	39.8	39.3	27.4		99.2	33.3
720 Table 1 (continued)	auab snobolouioH		Bacillus megaterium ccpA	Escherichia coli K12 rbsA	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 rbsC	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 rbsB	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 rbsD	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YIR042c	Streptomyces coelicolor SCF34, 13c	Rattus norvegicus (Rat) NTCI	Staphylococcus aureus WHU 29 ratB	Methanococcus jannaschii MJ1501 f4re	Escherichia coli K12 yajG	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2972c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3005c		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 itvD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3004
35	!		Bacillus	Escher	Escher rbsC	Escher rbsB	Escher rbsD	Sacchard YIR042c	Strepto SCF34	Rattus	Staphy ratB	MJ1501 f4re	Escher	Mycobi H37Rv	Mycobi H37Rv		Coryne ATCC	Mycoba H37Rv
40	db Match		sp:CCPA_BACME	sp:RBSA_ECOLI	sp:RBSC_ECOLI	sp:RBSB_ECOLI	sp:RBSD_ECOLI	sp:YIW2_YEAST	gp:SCF34_13	sp:NTCL_RAT	gsp:W61467	sp:F4RE_METJA	sp. YaJG_ECOLI	pir.A70672	pir:H70855		gp:AJ012293_1	pir:G70855
	(đą) હોઈ	630	1107	1572	972	942	369	636	1014	1005	1479	672	1077	774	1056	237	1839	564
45	Ternscal (nl)	1315325	1317444	1319005	1319976	1320942	1321320	1322111	1323406	1324537	1326256	1327049	1329891	1331875	1333008	1333188	1333442	1335412
50	(nt)	1315954	1316338	1317434	1319005	1320001	1320952	1321476	1322393	1323533	1324778	1326378	1330967	1331102	1331953	1333424	1335280	1335975
	SEO NC. (a.a.)	4884	4885	4886	4887	4888	4889	4890	4891	4892	4893	4894	4895	4896	4897	4898	4899	4900
55	SEQ NO.	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400

EP 1 108 790 A2

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	Function	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein		nitrate transport ATP-binding potein	mal:ose/maltodextrin transport ATP- binding protein	nitrate transporter protein			actinorhodin polyketide dimerase	cobalt-zinc-cadimium resistance protein			hypothetical protein		D-3-phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase	hypothetical serine-rich protein			hypothetical protein	
	Matched length (a.a.)	62	99		167	87	324			142	304			642		530	105			620	
	Similarity (%)	100.0	95.0		80.8	78.2	56.8			73.2	72.7			53.7		100.0	52.0			63.1	
	Identity (%)	100.0	45.0		50.9	46.0	28.1			39.4	39.1			22.9		96.8	29.0			32.9	
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 yilV	Sulfolobus solfataricus		Synechococcus sp. mtD	Enterobacter aerogenes (Aerobacter aerogenes) malK	Anabaena sp. strain PCC 7120 nrtA			Streptomyces coelicolor	Ralstonia eutropha czcD			Methanococcus jannaschii		Brevibacterium flavum serA	Schizosaccharomyces pombe SPAC11G7.01			Rhodobacter capsulatus strain SB1003	
	db Match	1473 sp:YILV_CORGL	GP:SSU18930_26 3		Sp NRTD_SYNP7	sp:MALK_ENTAE	sp.NRTA_ANASP			Sp:DIM6_STRCO	sp:CZCD_ALCEU			sp:Y686_METJA		gsp:Y22646	SP:YEN1_SCHPO			pir.T03476	
	ORF (bp)	1473	231	909	498	267	882	447	369	486	954	153	069	1815	1743	1590	327	867	1062	1866	402
	Terminal (nt)	1336095	1338379	1342677	1341960	1342461	1342794	1344464	1344808	1345420	1346439	1345335	1345642	1348272	1350076	1352444	1351727	1353451	1354540	1357554	1356853
	Initiat (nt)	1337567	1338609	1342072	1342457	1342727	1343675	1344018	1344440	1344935		1345487	1346331	1346458	1348334	1350855	1352053	1352585	1355601	1355689	1356452
	SEO NO.	:	4902	4933	4664		4906	4937	4908	6067	4910	4911	4912	4913	4914	4915	4916	4917	4918	4919	4920
	SEQ NO.	1401	1402	1403			1406	1407	1408	1409	1410	1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416	1417	1418	1419	1420

EP 1 108 790 A2

,						$-\tau$	$-\tau$	- 1		7		т-		7	1	1	T	\neg		
5	F6		te catabolism ylase [includes: diene-1,7-dioate nerase); 5- 1-hex-3-ene-1,7- etopet	-9 3-O-	ase	retase	ator													s protein
10	Function		homoprotocatechiuate catabolism bifunctional isomerase/decarboxylase [includes: 2-hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase(hhdd isomerase); 5- carboxymethyl-2-oxo-hex-3-ene-1,7- dioate decarboxylase(opet	methyltransferase or 3- demethylubiquinone-9 3-O- methyltransferase	isochorismate synthase	glutamyl-tRNA synthetase	transcriptional regulator													thiamin biosynthesis protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)		228	192	371	485	67													299
20	Similarity (%)		59.2	25.7	70.4	69.7	0.06													81.0
	Identity (%)		33.3	23.4	38.0	37.3	77.0													65.1
25 (D		_					13(2)													္ဌ
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		II C hpcE	E K12	s dhbC	s gitX	coelicolar A													s thiA or th
·	Homolc		Escherichia coli C hpcE	Escherichia coli K12	Bacillus subtilis dhbC	Bacillus subtilis gitX	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2)													Bacillus subtilis thiA or thiC
35				 	1						- +	1								_1
40	db Match		sp:HPCE_ECOLI	sp:UBIG_ECOLI	Sp. DHBC BACSU	88 SP. SYE BACSU	gp:SCJ33_10													sp:THIC_BACSU
	ORF (bp)	654	804	618	1128	1488	213	516	522		+	33	180	330	213	183	318	1152	324	1761
45	Terminal (nt)	1358210	1359062	1359669	1360168	1362848	1362926	1363142	1363732	1365256	1364340	1364878	1365217	1366137	1367505	1367888	1368395	1369551	1369874	1369877
50	Initial (nt)	1357557	1358259	1359052	1361295			1363657	1364253	1364915	1364960	1365180	1365396	1365808	1367293	1368070	1368078	1368400	1369551	4939 1371637
	SEO NO.	4921	4922	4923	7664			4927	4928	4929	4930	4931	4932	4933	4934	4935	4936	4937	4938	
55	SEQ NO. (DNA)	1421	1422	1423	1474	1425	1426	1427	1428	1429	1430	1431	1432	1433	1434	1435	1436	1437	1438	1439

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Lo					lase				ane protein		diphosphate) 3'-	otein	ehydratase large	ehydratase smal		n ((7,8-dihydro- isphatase)(8- p ase)		nt hosphate	ligase
10		Function			lipoprotein		glycogen phosphorylase			hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein		guanosine 3',5'-bis(diphosphate) 3'- pyrophosphatase	acetate repressor protein	3-isopropylmalate dehydratase large subunit	3-isopropylmalate dehydratase small subunit		mutator mutT protein ((7,8-dihydro- 8-oxoguanine-triphosphatase)(8- oxo-dGTPase)(dGTP pyrophosphohydrolase)		NAD(P)H-dependent dihydroxyacetone phosphate reductase	D-alanine-D-alanine ligase
15		Matched length (a.a.)			44	T	797			299	256		178	257	473	195		294		331	374
20		Similar ty (%)			74.0		74.0			52.8	64.8		60.1	60.7	87.5	89.2		71.4		72.2	67.4
		Identity (%)			61.0		44.2			25.4	25.4		29.8	26.1	68.1	67.7		45.9		45.0	40.4
25	ued)	a)									hii Y441	;	<u> </u>	~	eticus			osis			31655
30	Table 1 (confinued)	Homologous gene			Chlamydia trachomatis		Rattus norvegicus (Rat)			Bacillus subtilis yrkl-	Methanococcus jannaschii Y441		Escherichia coli K12 spoT	Escherichia coli K12 iclR	Actinoplanes teichomyceticus leu2	Salmonella typhimurium		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv MLCB637.35c		Bacillus subtilis gpdA	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 ddIA
35					5	_	S.			Ba	ž		Es	ES	Actin leu2	Sa	-	H. 35			8 8
40		db Match			GSP: Y37857		sp:PHS1_RAT			Sp: YRKH_BACSU	sp. Y441_METJA		sp:SPOT_ECOLI	Sp.ICLR_ECOLI	sp.LEU2_ACTTI	sp:LEUD_SALTY		gp:MLCB637_35		sp:GPDA_BACSU	sp:DDLA_ECOLI
		OR7 (bp)	348	531	132	936	2427	183	156	1407	750	477	564	705	1443	591	318	954	156	966	1080
45		Termina (nt)	1371979	1373131	1373929	1375491	1373350	1375805	1375933	1376149	1377666	1378466	1379566	1379555	1381882	1382492	1382502	1382845	1384085	1385125	1386232
50		Inciai (nt)	1372326	1372601	1373798	1374556	1375776	1375987	1376088	1377555	1378415	1378942		1380259		1381902	1382819	1383798	1383930	1384130	1385153
		SEO NO.	4940	4941	4942	4943	4944	4945	4946	4947	4948	4949	4950	4951	4952	4953	4954	4955	4956	4957	4958
55		SEQ NO. (DNA)	1440	1441	1442	1443	1444	1445	1446			$\overline{}$		1451		1453	1454		1456		1458

							 -		- 1	40	1							1	
5			ase	e precursor		nelicase	to be useful	protein		e biosynthesis		s predicted to vaccines and	Itamine ABC Ing protein	tein	tein precursor		e protein		
10	Function		thiamin-phosphate kinase	uracit-DNA glycosylase precursor	hypothetical protein	ATP-dependent DNA helicase	polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	biotin carboxyl carrier protein	methylase	lipopolysaccharide core biosynthesis protein		Neisserial polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	ABC transporter or glutamine ABC transporter, ATP-binding protein	nopaline transport protein	glutamine-binding protein precursor		hypothetical membrane protein		phage integrase
15	Matched length (aa)		335	245	999	693	108	29	167	155		65	252	220	234		322		223
20	Similarity (%)		57.6	59.6	56.3	0.09	48.0	67.2	63.5	78.7		74.0	78.6	75.0	29.0		60.3		52.5
	Identity (%)		32.2	38.8	23.1	35.4	31.0	38.8	37.1	42.6		0.79	56.4	32.7	27.4		28.6		26.9
ontinued)	gene		thiL		ium (SGC3)	recG	įį	eudenreichii	yhhF	MG1655		sa e	ophilus	faciens	2 MG1655		m MTH465		J vin T
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Escherichia coli K12 thil	Mus musculus ung	Mycoplasma genitalium (SGC3) MG369	Escherichia coli K12 recG	Neisseria meningitidis	Propionibacterium freudenreichii subsp. Shermanii	Escherichia coli K12 yhhF	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 kdtB		Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Bacillus stearothermophilus glnQ	Agrobacterium tumefaciens nocM	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 glnH		Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum MTH465		Bacteriophage L54a vinT
35			Es	$\overline{}$	ļ			i	İ			Ž	T				ΣĒ		ě
40	db Match		Sp:THIL_ECOLI	sp:UNG_MOUSE	sp:Y369_MYCGE	sp:RECG_ECOLI	GSP:Y75303	SP: BCCP_PROFR	Sp:YHHF_ECOLI	sp.KDTB_ECOLI		GSP:Y75358	sp:GLNQ_BACST	sp:NOCM_AGRT5	Sp:GLNH_ECOLI		pir:H69160		sp:VINT_BPL54
	ORF (bp)	978	993	762	1581	2121	324	213	582	480	1080	204	750	843	861	807	978	408	756
45	Terminal (nt)	1386293	1388324	1389073	1390788	1392916	1391638	1393151	1393735	1394221	1395933	1395097	1394800	1395568	1396561	1398468	1398557	1401333	1400185
50	Initial (nt)	1387270	1387332	1388312	1389208	1390796	_i	1392939	1393154	1393742	1394854		1395549	1396410	1397421	1397662	1399534	1400926	1400945
	SEO NO.	4959	4960	4961	4962	4963	4964	4965	4966	4967	4968	4969	4970	4971	4972	4973	4974	4975	4976
55	SEQ NO. (DNA)	1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468	1469	1470	1471	1472	1473	1474	1475	1476

EP 1 108 790 A2

10	Function						insertion element (IS3 related)		hypothetical protein										DNA polymerase I	cephamycin export protein	DNA-bInding protein	morphine-6-dehydrogenase	
	T						insertion		hypothet										DNA poly	cephamy	DNA-bln	rnorphine	
15	Matched length (a.a.)						97		37										968	456	283	284	
20	Similarity (%)						86.2		0'26						,				80.8	67.8	65.4	76.1	
	Identity (%)						88.5		0.68										56.3	33.8	41.3	46.5	
z5 (panutiung)	gene						tamicum		tamicum										culosis	durans	Nor A3(2)	morA	
os Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene						Corynebacterium glutamicum orf2		Corynebacterium glutamicum										Mycobacterium tuberculosis polA	Streptomyces lactamdurans cmcT	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ9A.15c	Pseudomonas putida morA	
40	db Match						pir:S60890		PIR:S60890										sp:DPO1_MYCTU	sp: CMCT_NOCLA	gp:SCJ9A_15	sp:MORA_PSEPU	
	ORF (bp)	744	432	207	864	219	192	855	111	369	315	321	375	948	306	564	222	291	2715	1422	606	873	159
45	Terminal (nt)	1402076	1402703	1402368	1403991	1404215	1404694	1405320	1406999	1407167	1407559	1408703	1409428	1410064	1411119	1411437	1412572	1412626	1416459	1416462	1418870	1419748	1419878
50	initial (nt)	1401333	4978 1402272	1402874	1403128	1403997	1404885	1406174	1407109	1407535	1407873	1409023	1409802	1411011	1411424	1412000	1412351	1412916	1413745	1417883	1417962	1418876	1420036
	SEO NO.	4977		4979	4980	4981	4982	1983	4984	4985	4986	4987	4988	4989	4990	4991	4992	4993	4994	4995	4996	4997	4998
55	SEQ NO.	1477	1478	1479	1480	1481	1482	1483	1484	1485	1486	1487	1488	1489	1490	1491	1492	1493	1494	1495	1496	1497	1498

								Ţ			soside)							-	Ì				
5	Function		orotein	al protein S1		orotein					inosine-uridine preferring nucleoside hypolase (purine nucleosidase)	aniseptic resistance protein		criplic asc operon repressor, ranscription regulator		excinuclease ABC subunit B	protein	protein	protein		protein	protein	
10			hypothetical protein	30S ribosomal protein		hypothetical protein					inosine-uridin hypolase (pu	aniseptic res	ribose kinase	criptic asc operon rep ranscription regulator		excinuclease	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hydrolase
15	Matched	(a.a.)	163	451		195					310	517	293	337		671	152	121	279		839	150	214
20	Similarity	(%)	58.3	71.4		93.9					81.0	53.8	9'29	65.6		83.3	59.2	80.2	77.1		47.2	68.0	58.4
	Identity	<u>@</u>	31.9	39.5		80.5					61.9	23.6	35.5	30.0		57.4	33.6	38.8	53.8		23.2	32.7	30.4
25 (continued)	is dene	,	licolor	12 rpsA		tofermentum					ta iunH	ureus	12 rbsK	12 ascG		eumoníae ıvrB	nnaschii	12 ytfH	12 yttG		/gS	dicator A3(2)	12 ycbL
30 t elder	Homologous gene		Streptomyces coelicolor SCH5, 13 yafE	Escherichia coli K12 rpsA		Brevibacterium lactofermentum ATCC 13859 yacE					Crithidia fasciculata iunH	Staphylococcus aureus	Escherichia coli K12 rbsK	Escherichia coli K12 ascG		Streptococcus pneumoniae plasmid pSB470 uvrB	Methanococcus jannaschii MJ0531	Escherichia coli K12 ytfH	Escherichia coli K12 ytfG		Bacillus subtilis yvgS	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SC9H11.26c	Escherichia coli K12 ycbL
35			_								-	 		<u> </u>							a)		
40	dh Match		sp:YAFE_ECOLI	Sp.RS1_ECOLI		sp:YACE_BRELA					sp.IUNH_CRIFA	SP. QACA_STAAU	Sp. RBSK_ECOLI	sp.ASCG_ECOLI		sp.UVRB_STRPN	sp:Y531_METJA	SP.YTFH_ECOU	sp:YTFG_ECOLI		pir:H70040	gp:SC9H11_26	sp:YCBL_ECOU
	ORF	(pb)	654		1476	009	1098	582	246	957	936	1449	921	1038	798	2097	441	381	846	684	2349	912	600
45	Terminal	(nt)	1420071	1422556	1421096	1425878	1427354	1427376	1427804	1429246	1428224	1429194	1430659	1431575	1433547	1436201	1436775	1436869	1438201	1440026	1438212	1440675	1441793
50	Initial	(nt)	1420724	1421099	1422571	1425279	1426257	1427957	1428049	1428290	1429159	1430642	1431579	1432612	1432750	1434105	1436335	1437249	1437356	1439343	1440560	1441586	1442392
	SEO	(a.a.)	4999	2000	5001	·	5003	5004	5005	5006	2002	5008	_		5011	5012	5013	5014	5015	5016	5017	5018	5019
55	SEG	iona)	1499	1500	1501	1502	1503	1504	1505	1506	1507	1508	1509	1510	1511	1512	1513	1514	1515	1516	1517	1518	1519

EP 1 108 790 A2

10	Function	excinuclease ABC subunit A	hypothetical protein 1246 (uvrA region)	hypothetical protein 1248 (uvrA region)			translation initiation factor IF-3	50S ribosomal protein L35	50S ribosomal protein L20			sn-glycerol-3-phosphate transport system permease protein	sn-glycerol-3-phosphate transport system protein	sn-glycerol-3-phosphate transport system permease proein	sn-glycerol-3-phosphate transport ATP-binding protein	hypothetical protein	glycerophosphoryl diester phosphodiesterase	IRNA(guanosine-2'-0-)- methlytransferase	phenylalanyl-tRNA synthetase alpha chain
15	Matched length (a.a.)	952 ex	100 hy	142 hyl		寸	T	60	117 50			292 sy	270 sn	436 sy	393 sn	74 hy	244 gl)	153 tR	4 5
20	Similarity N	90.6	57.0	47.0			78.2	76.7	92.7			71.6	70.4	57.6	71.3	56.0	50.0	71.2	
	Identity (%)	56.2	40.0	31.0			52.5	41.7	75.0			33.2	33.3	26.6	44.0	47.0	26.2	34.0	
25 D							infC		>			655	1655	1655	1655	E0042		1655	
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 uvrA	Micrococcus Intens	Micrococcus luteus			Rhodobacter sphaeroides infC	Mycoplasma fermentans	Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae			Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 ugpA	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 upgE	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 ugp8	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 ugpC	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE0042	Bacillus subtilis glpQ	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 trmH	Bacillus subtilis 168 syfA
35		1		=				İ			i				<u> </u>			T T	
40	db Match	SP.UVRA ECOLI	PIR:JQ0406	PIR:JQ0406			Sp.IF3_RHOSH	SP. RL35_MYCFE	sp:RL20_PSESY			sp:UGPA_ECOLI	sp:UGPE_ECOLI	Sp:UGPB_ECOLI	sp:UGPC_ECOLI	PIR:E72756	sp:GLPQ_BACSU	SP.TRMH_ECOLI	sp:SYFA_BACSU
	ORF (bp)	2847		450	717	2124	567	192	381	822	567	903	834	1314	1224	249		594	1020
45	Terminal (nt)	1445333	1443810	1444944	1446874	1445323	1448358	1448581	1449025	1449119	1450692	1451820	1452653	1454071	1455338	1454102	1455350	1456948	1458066
50	Initial (nt)	1442487	1444115	1445393	1446158	1447446	1447792	1448390	1448645	1449940	1450126	1450918	1451820	1452758	1454115	1454350		1456355	1457047
	SEO NO.	5020		5022	5023	5024	5025		5027	5028	5029	5030	5031	5032	5033	5034		5036	5037
55	SEO NO	(UNA)	1521	. 522	1523	1524	.525	1526	1527	1528	1529	1530	1531	:532	,533	1534	1535	1536	1537

EP 1 108 790 A2

				-		_		—т			Т			-	_	$\overline{}$			\neg	
5	on .	ynthetase beta			ansferase		semialdehyde	ansferase	otransferase	nthetase		ase					se (tyrosine		4	
10	Function	phenylalanyl-IRNA synthetase beta chain		esterase	macrolide 3-O-acyltransferase		N-acetylglutamate-5-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	glutamate N-acetyltransferase	acetylornithine aminotransferase	argininosuccinate synthetase		argininosuccinate lyase				hypothetical protein	tyrosyl-tRNA synthase (tyrosine tRNA ligase)	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	343		363	423		347	388	391	401		478				20	417	149		42
20	Similarity (%)	71.7		55.1	56.3		99.1	66.7	99.2	99.5		0.08				72.0	79.6	64.4		75.0
	Identity (%)	42.6		26.5	30.0		98.3	99.5	99.0	99.5		83.3				48.0	48.4	26.9		71.0
25 (pancipue	s gene	2 MG1655		ies estA	arofaciens		lutamicum	lutamicum	lutamicum	iutamicum		lutamicum				2 ycaR	1,	nnaschii		rum Nigg
30 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 syf8		Streptomyces scabies estA	Streptomyces mycarofaciens mdmB		Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 argC	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 argJ	Corynebaclerium glutamicum ATCC 13032 argD	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 argG		Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 argH		:		Escherichia coli K12 ycaR	Bacillus subtilis syy1	Methanococcus jannaschii MJ0531		Chlamydia muridarum Nigg TC0129
40	db Match	Sp.SYFB_ECOLI S		sp.ESTA_STRSC S	sp:MDMB_STRMY 8		gp:AF005242_1 C	Sp:ARGJ_CORGL A	Sp.ARGD_CORGL C	SP.ASSY_CORGL		gp:AF048764_1 C				sp:YCAR_ECOLI E	sp:SYY1_BACSU E	sp:Y531_METJA		PIR:F81737 C
	ORF (bp)	2484 sp:9	77.1	972 sp.E	1383 sp:P	402	1041 gp:/	1164 sp:/	1173 sp./	1203 sp:/	1209	1431 gp:/	1143	1575	612	177 sp:	1260 sp.:	465 sp.	390	141 PIR
45	Terminal O	1460616 2	1458196 7	1462128 9	1453516 1	1463934 4	+	1466373 1	1468548 1	1471413 1	1470154 1	1472907 1	1474119 1	1475693 1	1476294	1476519	1477809 1	14/7929	1478503	1483335
50	Initial (nt)	1458133	1458966	1461157	1462134	5042 1463533		1465210	1467376	1470211	1471362	1471477	1472977	1474119	1475683	1476343	1476550	1478393	1478892	1483475
	SEQ.	5038	5039	5040	5041	5042	5043	5044	5045	5046	5047	5048	5049	5050	5051	5052	5053	5054	5055	5056
55	SEO	1538	1539		1541	1542	1543	1544	1545	1546	1547	1548	1549	1550	1551	1552	1553	1554	1555	1556

5	Function	rie destriction in the	nypotnetical protein	translation initiation lactor in 2	hypotnetical protein	Lateration profess	nypotnetical protein	hypothetical protein	DNA repair protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical prolein	CTP synthase (UTP-ammonia ligase)	hypothetical protein	tyrosine recombinase	tyrosin resistance ATP-binding	protein	chromosome partitioning protein of ATPase involved in active partitioning of diverse bacterial plasmids	hypothetical protein		thiosulfate sulfurtransferase	hypothetical protein	ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase B
15	Matched	(a.a.)	\top	T	311	18	760	225	574	394	313	549	157	300		551	258	251		270	172	229
20	<u>\$</u>	(%)	66.0	67.0	60.1	1	69.6	31.6	63.4	73.1	68.1	7.97	71.3	717		59.7	73.6	64.5		67.0	65.7	72.5
	<u>></u>	(%)	61.0	36.3	29.6		38.5	31.6	31.4	41.9	30.4	55.0	36.3	7 00	3	30.5	44.6	28.3		35.6	33.1	45.9
25 Q								sis	z	osis	osis	ပ		Ç	אַפוני	ب	parA					
30 tolder		Homologous gene	Chlamydia pneumoniae	Borrelia burgdorferi IF2	Bacillus subtilis yzgD		Bacillus subtilis yaxC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1695	Escherichia coli K12 recN	Nycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1697	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Escherichia coli K12 pyrG		Bacillus suorilis yand	Staphylococcus anieus xein	Streptomyces fradiae tlrC	Caulobacter crescentus parA	Bacillus subtilis ypuG		Datisca glomerata tst	Bacillus subtilis ypuH	Bacillus subtilis rluB
35 40		db Match	GSP: Y35814	Sp. IF2 BORBU	2		sp:Yaxc_BACSU		SD:RECN ECOLI	pir.H70502	pir.A70503				gp:AF093548_1	sp:TLRC_STRFR	gp.CCU87804_4	SP:YPUG BACSU	+-	an. AF109156 1		 -
	100	<u>a</u>	273	1353	984	162	819	873	1779	1191	963		\rightarrow	-	912	1530	783	765	+	+	-	
45	Logical	(nt)	1483724	1486027	1487025	1487193	1488056	1489018	1490881	1492134	1493109	1495174		1495861	1496772	1496795	1499645	1500695	1500911			
50	-	(nt)	1483996	+	—	1487032	ļ		1400103	1490944	1492147	1403513	4000	1495205	1495861	1498324	5070 1498863	1,400031	:_			1503483
	SEO	02.5		_			 -						0000	2067	5068	6905		5071				5075
55	SEO		-	- CC -			÷	1		1564	15.65	5	1200	1567	1568	1569	1570	1671		13/2	1573	15/4

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	cytidylate kinase	GTP binding protein			methyltransferase	ABC transporter	ABC transporter		hypothetical membrane protein		Na+/H+ antiporter			hypothetical protein	2-hydroxy-6-oxohepta-2,4-dienoate hydrolase	preprotein translocase SecA subunit	signal transduction protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	220	435			232	499	602		257		499			130	210	805	132	234	133
20	Similarity (%)	736	74.0	į		67.2	60.1	56.3		73.2	ļ	61.5			57.7	63.8	61.7	93.2	74.4	63.2
	Identity (%)	38.6	42.8			36.2	29.7	31.2		39.7		25.7			36.9	25.2	35.2	75.8	41.9	30.8
Table 1 (continued)	s gene	¥	ر ا			erculosis	triatum M82B	triatum M82B		12 ygiE		rcc 9372			12 o249#9	gidus AF0675	ξŞ	negmatis garA	berculosis	bercutosis
Table 1 (c	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis cmk	Bacillus subtilis yphC			Mycobacterium tuberculosis Rv3342	Corynebacterium striatum M82B tetA	Corynebacterium striatum M82B tetB		Escherichia coli K12 ygiE		Bacillus subtilis ATCC 9372 nhaG			Escherichia coli K12 o249#9 ychJ	Archaeoglobus fulgidus AF0675	Bacillus subtilis secA	Mycobacterium smegmatis garA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1828	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1828
35	-F		1							ECOLI						4	 			1
40	db Match	SP.KCY BACSU	sp:YPHC_BACSU			sp:YX42_MYCTU	prf.2513302B	prf.2513302A		sp:YGIE_EC		gp:AB029555_1			sp:YCHJ_ECOLI	pir.C69334	sp.SECA_BACSU	gp. AF173844_2	sp:Y0DF_MYCTU	sp:Y0DE_MYCTU
	ORF (bp)	990	1557	999	498	813	1554	1767	825	789	189	1548	186	420	375	1164	2289	429	756	633
45	Terminal (nt)	1504945	1506573	1506662	1507405	1507917	1510366	1512132	1510843	1512977	1514693	1512980	1514974	1515815	1515408	1515799	1519458	1520029	1520945	1521589
50	In:tial (nt)	1504256	1505017	1507327	1507902	1508729	5081 1508813	1510366	1511667	1512189	1514505	1514527	1515159	1515396	1515782	1516962	1517170		1520190	1520957
	SEO NO.	2076	5077		5079	5080	5081	5082	5083	5084	5085	5086	5087	5088	5089	2090	5091	5092	5093	5094
55	SEQ			$\overline{}$	1579	1580	1581	1582	1583	1584	1585	1586	1587	1588	1589	1590	1591	1592	1593	1594

EP 1 108 790 A2

55		50	45		40	30 35	25		20	15	5
						Table 1 (continued)	inued)				
SEQ NO.	SEQ NO.	Initial (nt)	Terminal (nt)	ORF (bp)	db Match	Homologous gene		Identity (%)	Similarity (%)	Matched length (a.a)	Function
1595		1521771	1522343	573	sp:YODE_MYCTU	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1828	ulosis	71.4	84.3	178	hypothetical protein
1596	5096	1522941	1522432	510							
1597	5097	1524500	1523052	1449							
1598	5098	1525374	1525973	600							
1599	5099	1525497	1524568	930							0.11
1600	5100	1526534	1525473	1062	Sp:YHDP_BACSU	Bacillus subtilis yhdP		33.9	0.69	342	hemolysin
1601			1526534	1380	sp:YHDT_BACSU	Bacillus subtilis yhdT		31.4	65.5	65	hemolysin
1602	5102	1527968	1528186	219							
1603	5103	1529330	1527987	1344	gp:TTHERAGEN_1	Thermus thermophilus herA	, her A	41.2	69.5	374	DEAD box RNA helicase
1604		1529485	1530220	735	sp:YD48_MYCTU	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1348	ulosis	34.3	66.1	245	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein
1605	5105	1531816	1530341	1476	gsp:W27613	Brevibacterium flavum		99.0	99.2	492	6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase
1606			1532394	462	pir.G70664	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1847	ulosis	39.7	67.8	121	thioesterase
1607	5107	1532322	1532996	675							
1608		1533041	1533781	741	sp:NODI_RHIS3	Rhizobium sp. N33 nodl	īd!	39.6	68.1	235	nodulation ATP-binding protein I
1609	:	1533781	1534521	741	pir:E70501	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1686c	ulosis	43.1	76.3	232	hypothetical membrane protein
1610	5110	1535401	1534529	873	SP:YFHH_ECOU	Escherichia coli K12 yfhH	фН	26.7	63.9	277	transcriptional regulator
1611		1536227	1535382	846	Sp:PHNE_ECOL!	Escherichia coli K12 phnE	hnE	29.9	63.4	281	phosphonates transport system permease protein
1612	5112	1537030	1536227	804	sp.PHNE_ECOLI	Escherichia coli K12 phnE	hnE	27.2	62.3	268	phosphonates transport system permease protein
1613	5113	1537833	1537030	804	sp:PHNC_ECOLI	Escherichia coli K12 phnC	ohnC	44.8	72.0	250	phosphonates transport ATP-binding protein
1614	5114	1538759	1538968	210						<u> </u>	
1615	5115	1538919	1537870	1050							

apolipoprotein N-acyltransferase

527

55.6

25.1

Escherichia coli K12 Int

Sp.LNT_FCOLI

1635

secretory lipase

392

55.6

23.7

Candida albicans lip1

5	lion		midine kinase	kinase		acyl-phospholipid	r 4-methyl-o- permease	syltransferase		anslocation pump		-							-	mannose	the state of the state of
10	Function		phosphomethylpyrimidine kinase	hydoxyethylthiazole kinase	in function (in	cyclopropane-fatty-acyl-phospholipid synthase	sugar transporter or 4-methyl-o- phthalate/phthalate permease	purine phosphoribosyltransferase	hypothetical protein	arsenic oxyanion-translocation pump membrane subunit		hypothetical protein	sulfate permease	hypothetical protein					hypothetical protein	dolichol phosphate mannose synthase	- 14 - 1 - 1
15	Matched length	(a.a)	262	249	Ĉ.	451	468	156	506	361		222	469	97					110	217	-
20	Similarity (%)	,	70.2	77.5	5.	55.0	66.9	59.0	68.5	54.6		83.8	83.6	50.0					87.3	71.0	1
	Identity (%)		47.3	9 94	200	28.6	32.5	36.5	39.8	23.3		62.2	51.8	39.0					71.8	39.2	
25 (parsojjac			Cidt min	urium LT2		erculosis	sia Pc701	-62 gpt	2 yebN	As4 arsB		icolor A3(2)	R9 ORFA	R9 ORFG					oerculosis	equod saz/	
30 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Calmondia trobimining	Salmonella typhimurium LT2	thiM	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv ufaA1	Burkholderia cepacia Pc701 mop8	Thermus flavus AT-62 gpt	Escherichia coli K12 yebN	Sinorhizobium sp.		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCI7.33	Pseudomonas sp.	Pseudomonas sp.					Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2050	Schizosaccharomyces pombe dpm1	
35 40	db Match				sp:THIM_SALTY	pir.H70830	prf 2223339B	prf 2120352B	SP YEBN ECOLI	gp.AF178758_2		gp:SCI7_33	gp.PSTRTETC1_6	GP:PSTRTETC1_7					pir.A70945	prf:2317468A	
	SAF.		702		808 804	1314	1386	474	609	9	483	3	1455	426	615	207	189	750	396	810	
45		(m)	1538963	1539620	1542119	1546289	1546307	1547967	1549349	1550398	1550951	1552237	1553972	1553297	1554070	1555067	1554891	1555086	1556771	1557014	
50	Initial	(la)	1539664	1541403	1542922	1544976	5120 1547692	1548440	1548651	1549403	1550469	5125 1551545	5126 1552518	1553722	1554684	5129 1554861	1555079	1555835	1556376	5133 1557823	
	SEG	_		511/	5118	5119	5120	5121			5124	- 1	5126	5127	5128		5130	5131	5132	_	
55	SEQ			1617	1618	1619	1620	1621	1622	1623	1624	1625	1626	1627	1628	1629	1630	1631	1632	1633	

EP 1 108 790 A2

ſ		$\neg \neg$		$\neg \Gamma$	T	$\neg \top$	T	T	$\neg \neg$	9			Ī					\neg
5	vo	ınsterase					dipeptidase		A helicase	otein translocas								
10	Function	precorrin 2 methyltransferase	precorrin-6Y C5, 15. methyltransferase			oxidoreduclase	dipeptidase or X-Pro dipeptidase		ATP-dependent RNA helicase	sec-independent protein translocase protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothelical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	291	411			244	382		1030	268	85	317	324	467		61	516	159
20	Similarity (%)	56.7	80.8			75.4	61.3		55.7	62.7	69.4	61.2	64.8	77.3		80.3	74.2	50.0
	Identity (%)	31.3	32.4			54.1	36.1		26.5	28.7	44.7	31.9	32.4	53.1		54.1	48.6	42.0
<i>25</i>		s				S.	-		a :			.s		is		is	sis	2014
35 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv cobG	Pseudomonas denitrificans SC510 cobL			Mycobacterium tuberciilosis H37Rv RV3412	Streptococcus mutans LT11 pepQ		Saccharomyces cerevisiae YJL050W dob1	Escherichia coli K12 latC	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB2533.27	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2095c	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB2533.25	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2097c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2111c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2112c	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE2014
40	db Match	pir.C70764	sp:coal_PSEDE			sp:YY12_MYCTU	gp.AF014460_1		sp:MTR4_YEAST	sp:TATC_ECOLI	sp:YY34_MYCLE	sp:YY35_MYCTU	sp:YY36_MYCLE	sp:YY37_MYCTU		pir;870512	pir.C70512	PIR:H72504
	ORF (bp)	774	1278	366	246	738	1137	639	2787	1002	315	981	972	1425	249	192	1542	480
45	Terminal (nt)	1562553	1562525	1564237	1564482	1564565	1565302	156/106	1567117	1569932	1571068	1571506	1572492	1573491	1575205	1574945	1575406	1577806
50	Initial (nt)	1561780	1563802	1563872	1564237	1565302	1566438	1566468	1569903	1570933	1571382	1572486	1573463	1574915	1574957	1575136	1576947	1577327
	SEO NO.	5137	5138	5139		5141	5142	5143		5145	5146	5147	5148	5149	5150	-	5152	5153
55	SEO	1637	1638	1639	1640	1641	1642	1643	1644	1645	1646	1647	1648	1649	1650	1651	1652	1653

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	AAA family ATPase (chaperone-like function)	protein-beta-aspartate methyltransferase	aspartyl aminopeptidase	hypothetical protein	virulence-associated protein	quinolon resistance protein	aspartate ammonia-lyase	ATP phosphoribosyltransferase	beta-phosphoglucomutase	5-methyltetrahydrofolate homocysteine methyltransferase		alkyl hydroperoxide reductase subunit F	arsenical-resistance protein	arsenate reductase	arsenate reductase		cysteinyl-tRNA synthetase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	545	281	436	269	69	385	526	281	195	1254		366	388	129	123		387
20 .	Similarity (%)	78.5	79.0	67.2	71.4	72.5	61.0	8.8	97.5	63.1	62.4		49.5	63.9	64.3	75.6		64.3
	Identity (%)	51.6	57.3	38.1	45.4	40.6	21.8	8.66	8.96	30.8	31.6		22.4	33.0	32.6	47.2		35.9
25 (p		s arc	F .		Sis	198	orA23	icum MJ233	icum	SB8	Ξ		is ahpF	ae	plasmid	osis		SS
S S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Rhodococcus erythropolis arc	Mycobacterium leprae pimT	Homo sapiens	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2119	Dichelobacter nodosus A198 vapl	Staphylococcus aureus norA23	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) MJ233 aspA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 hisG	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM1254	Escherichia coli K12 melH		Xanthomonas campestris ahpF	Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YPR201W acr3	Staphylococcus aureus plasmid pl258 arsC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv arsC		Escherichia coli K12 cysS
35	db Match	prf.24223820		qp: AF005050_1		sp:VAPI_BACNO	prf:2513299A	RGL	gp:AF050166_1	pir:H72277	sp:METH_ECOL!		sp:AHPF_XANCH	sp:ACR3_YEAST	sp.ARSC_STAAU	pir:G70964		sp SYC_ECOLI
40			pir:S72844			- 1			+	+					+		80	1
	ORF (bp)	1581	834	1323		264	1209		843	693	3 3663	570	1 1026	1176	1 420	623	4 378	11
45	Terminal (nt)	1576951	1578567	1579449	1581640	1582114	1582273	1583913	1585603	1586812	1587573	1591912		1594512	1594951	1595668	1595844	1 1
50	Initial (nt)	1578531	1579400	1580771	1580807	1581851	1583481		1586445	1587504	1591235	1591343		1593337	1594532	1595030	1596221	
	SEO	(a.a.) 5154	I	5156		5158	5159	5160	5161	5162	5163	5164	5165	5166	5167	5168	5169	5170
55		(DNA)		1656		1658	1659	1660	1661	1562	1663	1664	1665	1666	1667	1660	1669	1670

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	bacitracin resistance protein	oxidoreductase	ein	dihydroorotate dehydrogenase			sase		bio operon ORF I (biotin biosynthetic enzyme)	Neisserial polypeptides predicted to the useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics		ABC transporter		ABC transporter		puromycin N-acetyltransferaso	LAO(lysine, arginine, and ornithine)/AO (arginine and ornithine)transport system kinase	methylmalonyl-CoA mutase alpha subunit
15	hed gth a)	\Box						360 transposase		152 bio opero enzyme)	Neisserial p 198 he useful ar diagnostics		597 ABC tr	ļ	535 ABC tr		56 purom	339 ornithii	741 methyl subuni
	Matched length (a.a.)	255	326	359	334		_	98	-	16	51	_	26		55		2	 	72
20	Similarity (%)	69.4	62.6	53.5	67.1			55.3		75.0	33.0		68.7		67.1		56.4	72.3	87.5
	Identity (%)	37.3	33.4	27.0	44.0			34.7		44.1	26.0		43.6		36.8		32.4	43.1	72.2
25 C				s				ď					M82B		M82B		()		sis
30 30 Lable 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 bacA	Agrobacterium tumefaciens mocA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv lppL	Agrocybe aegerita ura1			Pseudomonas syringae tnpA		Escherichia coli K12 ybhB	Neisseria meningitidis		Corynebacterium striatum M82B tetB		Corynebacterium striatum M82B tetA		Streptomyces anulatus pac	Escherichia coli K12 argK	Streptomyces cinnamonensis A3823.5 mutB
40	db Match	sp:BACA_ECOLI	prf.2214302F	pir:F70577	SP PYRD AGRAE			1110 gp:PSESTBCBAD_		Sp:YBHB_ECOLI	GSP:Y74829		prf.2513302A		prf.2513302B		pir.JU0052	sp:ARGK_ECOLI	2211 Sp.MUTB_STRCM
	CRF.	879	948	666	1113	351	807	1110	486	531	729	603	1797	249	1587	351	69	1089	2211
45	1ermina: ORE (nt) (bp)	1597745	1599614	1600677	1601804	1601931	1603466	1604629	1604830	1605281	1606689	1608248	1605861	1609335	1507661	1609842	1610844	1611150	1612234
50	nitial (nt)	1598623	1598667	1599679	1600692	1602281	1602660	1603520	1605315		1605061	1607646	1607657	1609087	1609247	1610192	1610236	1	161444
	SEC			5173	5174	5175	5176	5177	5178	5179	5180	5181	5182	5183	5184	5105	5186	5187	5188
55		(Driv.)		1673	1674	1675	1676	1677	1678	1679	1680	1681	1682	1683	1684	1605	1686	1687	1588

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		و	nutase beta	ne protein		ne protein	ine protein	j						ator						
. 10		Function	methylmalonyl-CoA mutase beta subunit	hypothetical membrane protein		hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein		ferrochelatase	invasin		aconitate hydratase	transcriptional regulator	GMP synthetase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	
15	Matched	length (a.a)	610	224		370	141	261		364	611		959	174	235	221	98	,	446	
20		Similarity (%)	68.2	70.1		0.78	78.7	72.8		65.7	56.5		85.9	81.6	51.9	62.0	80.2		86.1	į
		Identity (%)	41.6	39.7		64.1	44.7	51.0		36.8	25.5		6.69	54.6	21.3	32.6	37.2		61.2	
<i>25</i>	nen	ay.	ensis	osis		osis	losis	r A3(2)		denreichii 1			ilosis	losis	chii	or A3(2)	schii		MC58	
30 Edder	IBDE COUNTY	Homologous gene	Streptomyces cinnamonensis A3823.5 mutA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1491c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1488	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1487	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCC77.24		Propionibacterium freudenreichii subsp. Shermanii hemH	Streptococcus faecium		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv acn	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1474c	Methanococcus jannaschii MJ1575 guaA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCD82.04c	Methanococcus jannaschii MJ1558		Neisseria meningitidis MC58 NMB1652	
40		db Match	sp:MUTA_STRCM	sp:YS13_MYCTU		sp:YS09_MYCTU	pir:B70711	gp.SCC77_24		sp.HEMZ_PROFR	Sp.P54_ENTFC		pir.F70873	pir.E70873	pir:F64496	gp;SCD82_4	pir:E64494		gp:AE002515_9	
	-	ORF (bp)	1848	723	597		435	843	783	1110	1800	498	2829	564	756	663	267	393	1392	
45		Terminal (nt)	1614451	1617300	1617994	1618321	1619672	1620167	1621838	1621841	1623027	1625428	1629107	1629861	1630668	1530667	1631926	1631353	1633324	
50		Initial (nt)	1616298	1616578	1617398		1620106	1621009	1621056	1622950	1624826	1625925	5199 1626279	1629298	1629913	1631329	1631660	1631745		
		Seo	(a.a.) 5189	5190	5.101		5193	5194	2105		5197	5 198		5200	5201	5202	5203	5204		
55			(DNA)	1690	1001	-	1693	1694	1000	1696	1697	1698	1699	1700	1701	1702	1703	1704	1705	

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	antigenic protein	antigenic protein	cation-transporting ATPase P		hypothetical protein					host cell surface-exposed lipaprotein	integrase	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein		sialidase	transposase (IS1628)	transposase protein fragment	hypothetical protein		dTDP-4-keto-L-rhamnose reductase	nitrogen fixation protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	i	152	883		120					107	154	497		387	236	37	88		107	149
20	Similarity (%)	0.09	0.69	73.2		58.3					73.8	60.4	64.4		72.4	100.0	72.0	43.0		70.1	85.2
	Identity (%)	54.0	59.0	42.6		35.8					43.0	34.4	32.8		51.9	9.66	64.0	32.0		32.7	63.8
55 55 Table 1 (continued)	ns gene	oeae ORF24	oeae	PCC6803		licolor A3(2)					ermophilus	1L int	c12 yijK		viridifaciens IA	glutamicum pAG1 tnpB	glutamicum			si Orsay	eprae U7
Table 1 (Homotogous gene	Neisseria gonorrhoeae ORF24	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 sll1614 pma1		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC3D11.02c					Streptococcus thermophilus phage TP-J34	Corynephage 304L int	Escherichia coli K12 yjjK		Micromonospora vindifaciens ATCC 31146 nedA	Corynebacterium glutamicum 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB	Corynebacterium glutamicum TnpNC	Plasmid NTP16		Pyrococcus abyssi Orsay PAB1087	Mycobacterium leprae MLCL536.24c nifU7
<i>35</i>	db Match	GSP:Y38838 h	GSP:Y38838 n	sp.ATA1_SYNY3		gp:SC3D11_2					prf.2408488H	prf.2510491A	sp:YJJK_ECOLI	٠	sp:NANH_MICVI	gp:AF121000_8	GPU:AF164956_23	GP:NT1TNIS_5		pir.875015	pir.S72754
	ORF (bp)	480 G	456 G	2676 sp	783	489 9	1362	357	156	162	375 pi	456 pi	1629 sı	1476	1182 si	708 91	243 G	261 G	585	423 p	447 p
45	Terminal (nt)	1632109	1632682	1636241	1633781	1635244	1638442	1638776	1639520	1639817	1640155	1641001	1641046	1642743	1644318	1646368	1645063	1645601	1647133	1547212	1647651
50	Initial (nt)	1632588	1633137	1633566	1634563	1636732	1637081	1639132	1639365	1639656	1639781	1640546	1642674	1644218	1645499	1645661	1645821	1645861	1646549	1647634	1648097
	SEQ NO.		5207		5209	5210	5211			5214	5215	5216	5217	5218	5219	5220	5221	5222	5223	5224	5225
55	SEQ NO.	1706	1707	1708	1709	1710	1711	1712	1713	1714	1715	1716	1717	1718	1719	1720	1721	1722	1723	1724	1725

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		
tion otein TP-binding prote in in in in in heme O heme O		
Function hypothetical protein nitrogen fixation protein ABC transporter ATP-binding protein hypothetical protein DNA-binding protein hypothetical membrane protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein evytochrome oxidoreductase cytochrome oxidoreductase cytochrome oxidoreductase cytochrome oxidoreductase cytochrome oxidoreductase cytochrome oxidoreductase sssembly factor / heme O	transketolase transaldolase	
Matched tength (a.a.) 52 217 217 217 217 217 217 291 291 291 295 295	675 358	
89.3 89.3 89.3 77.3 77.3 74.8 74.6 66.8 66.8	100.0	
1dentity (%) 48.0 64.7 70.2 55.2 41.0 41.0 41.0 43.0 23.4 37.5	100.0	
ontinued) i. gene (1.1 APE2025 ae nif5 color A3(2) color A3(2) color A3(2) erculosis rae rae aeculosis erculosis aeculosis aeculosis aeculosis	glutamicum prae	
Table 1 (continued) Homologous gene Homologous gene Aerapyrum pernix K1 APE2025 Mycobacterium leprae nifS SCC22.04c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1462 Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 sir0074 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 sir0074 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1459c Mycobacterium leprae MLCL536.31 Mycobacterium leprae MLCL536.32 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1456c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1456c Escherichia coli K12 qor Nitrohacter winogradskyi coxC	Corynebacterium gluta ATCC 31833 tkt Mycobacterium leprae Mt Cl 536 39 tal	
35		
db Match pir.C72506 pir.S72761 gp.SCC22_4 pir.A70872 sp.Y074_SYNY3 gp.SCC22_8 pir.F70871 pir.S72783 pir.S72788 pir.C70871 gp.SCC22_8 pir.C70871 gp.NWCOXABC_3 gp.NWCOXABC_3	gp:AB023377_1 sp:TAL_MYCLE	
ORF (bb) 11263 1263 1443 693 1020 804 999 995 995 969	2100	1164
1648709 1648709 1648367 1650249 1651433 1651433 1655871 1655871 1658675 1658675 1658675 1658675 1658675	1666502	1666601
1659508 1659502 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 1651424 165143 16514 16	1664403	1667764
SEQ NO. (a.a.) 5226 5227 5229 5230 5231 5234 5234 5235 5236 5236 5239 5239 5239 5239	5240	
SEO NO. (DNA) 1726 1727 1729 1730 1734 1735 1736 1739 1739 1739 1739 1739 1739 1739 1739	1740	1742

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase	oxppcycle protein (glucose 6- phosphate dehydrogenase assembly protein)	6-phosphogluconolactonase	sarcosine oxidase	transposase (IS1675)	sarcosine oxidase				triose-phosphate isomerase	probable membrane protein	phosphoglycerate kinase	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	excinuclease ABC subunit C
15	Matched length (a.a.)		318 pl	258 6		500	205			1	259 tı	128 р	405	333	324	309	281	701
20	Similarity M	100.0	7.17	58.1	57.8	46.6	100.0				9.66	51.0	98.5	99.7	87.4	82.5	76.2	61.5
	Identity (%)	8.66	40.6	28.7	35.2	24.6	100.0				99.2	37.0	98.0	99.1	63.9	56.3	52.0	34.4
25 G			isī	aı			E T				mn:	9	mno	cum	sis	sis	sis	803
Table 1 (conlinued)	Homologous gene	Brevibacterium flavum	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1446c opcA	Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YHR163W sol3	Bacillus sp. NS-129	Rhodococcus erythropolis	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 soxA				Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 tpiA	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YCR013c	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASD19 ATCC 13059 pgk	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 gap	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1423	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1422	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1421	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 uvrC
35 40	db Match	gsp:W27612		sp. SOL3_YEAST	SP.SAOX BACSN	281_1	gp:CGL007732_5				sp:TPIS_CORGL	SP.YCQ3_YEAST	sp:PGK_CORGL	sp.G3P_CORGL	pir.D70903	sp:YR40_MYCTU	sp:YR39_MYCTU	sp:UVRC_PSEFL
	ORF		957	705	405	1401	840	174	687	981	777	408	1215	1002	981	1023	927	2088
45	Terminal	1669401	1670375	167 1099	1671273	1673123	1673266	1677384	1678070	1680128	1680332	1681670	1681190	1682624	1684117	1685110	1686152	1687103
50	Initial			1670395	1671677	1671723	1674105	1677211	1678756	1679148	1681108	1681263	1682404	1683625	1685097	1686132	1687078	1689190
	SEO	0 0		5245	524R			5249	1	5251	5252	5253	5254	5255	5256	5257	5258	5259
55	SEQ	- F		1745	37.7			1749	1750	1751	1752	1753	1754	1755	1756	1757	1758	1759

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	Function	hypothetical protein	6,7-dimethyl-8-ribityllumazine synthase	polypeptide encoded by rib operon	riboflavin biosynthetic protein	polypeptide encoded by rib operon	GTP cyclohydrolase II and 3, 4- dihydroxy-2-butanone 4-phosphate synthase (riboflavin synthesis)	riboflavin synthase alpha chain	ascaimach chilichean an an an an an an an an an an an an a	ribonavin-specific dearningse	ribulose-phosphate 3-epimerase	nucleolar protein NOL 1/NOP2 (eukaryotes) family	methionyl-tRNA formyltransferase	polypeptide deformylase	primosomal protein n	S-adenosylmethionine synthetase	DNA/pantothenate metabolism flavoprotein	hypothetical protein	guanylate kinase	integration host factor
	Matched length (a.a.)	150	154	72	217	106	404	211	3	365	234	448	308	150	725	407	409	8	186	103
	Similarity (%)	68.7	72.1	68.0	48.0	52.0	84.7	79.2		62.7	73.1	60.7	67.9	72.7	46.3	99.5	6.08	67.7	74.7	90.3
	Identity (%)	32.7	43.5	59.0	26.0	44.0	65.6	47.4		37.3	43.6	30.8	41.6	44.7	22.9	99.3	58.0	70.4	39.8	80.6
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Escherichia coli K12	Bacillus subtilis	Oppillate emptilie	Contraction of the contraction o	Mycobacterium tuberculosis ribA	Actinobacillus	pleuropheumoniae 130-170 IIDE	Escherichia coli K12 ribD	Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YJL121C rpe1	Escherichia coli K12 sun	Pseudomonas aeruginosa fint	Racillus subtilis 168 def	Escherichia coli priA	Brevibacterium flavum MJ-233	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV1391 dfp	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1390	Saccharomyces cerevisiae guk1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1388 m!HF
	db Match	sp:YR35_MYCTU	<u> </u>				336 GSP: 783273 1266 gp: AF001929_1	sn. RISA ACTPL		Sp. RIBD_ECOLI			CAST DOCAF	SPINE BACSII	Sp. DRIA FCOLL	Sp. 1787_ESSE		sp:YD90_MYCTU	picKIBYGU	
	ORF (bp)	579	477		ç ;		336	833		984	-	1332	370	2 2	2067	1221	1260	291	627	318
	Terminal (nt)	1689201	1689869	,000	1260691	1691421	1691347 1690360	1601630	000	1692275	1693262	1693967	007,007	1090499	1090400	109/1004	1700508	1702032	1702411	
	Initial (nt)	1689779					5264 1691012 5265 1691625	1,000	2200 122601	1693258	1693918				7/69691	1099147	1701767	1702322	1703037	
	SEQ.	(a a.) 5260				5263	5264	36	2500	5267		i -			5271	2775	5273	5275	5276	
		(DNA)			1762	1763	1764	1	99/	1767		1769	3	1//0	17.7	1772	1773	1775	8773	1777

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	orotidine-5'-phosphate decarboxylase	carbamoyl-phosphate synthase large chain	carbamoyl-phosphate synthase small chain	dihydroorotase	asparlate carbamoyltransferase	phosphoribosyl transferase or pyrimidine operon regulatory protein	cell division inhibitor				N utilization substance protein b (regulation of rRNA biosynthesis by transcriptional antitermination)	elongation factor P	cytoplasmic peptidase	3-dehydroquinate synthase	shikimate kinase	type IV prepilin-like protein specific leader peptidase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	276	1122	381	402	311	176	297				137	187	217	361	166	142
20	Similarity (%)	73.6	77.5	70.1	67.7	79.7	80.1	73.4				69.3	98.4	100.0	99.7	100.0	54.9
	Identity (%)	51.8	53.1	45.4	42.8	48.6	54.0	39.7	-			33.6	97.9	99.5	98.6	100.0	35.2
7able 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv uraA	Escherichia coli carB	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15692 carA	Bacillus caldolyticus DSM 405 pyrC	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15692	Bacillus caldolyticus DSM 405 pyrR	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2216			***	Bacillus subtilis nusB	Brevibacterium lactofermentum ATCC 13869 efp	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 pepQ	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 aroB	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 aroK	Aeromonas hydrophila tapD
35 40	db Match	Sp.DCOP_MYCTU H	pir.SYECCP E	SP.CARA_PSEAE A	Sp:PYRC_BACCL by	Sp.PYRB_PSEAE A	SP.PYRR_BACCL P)	SP.YOOR_MYCTU H				sp:NUSB_BACSU B	sp:EFP_BRELA A	gp:AF124600_4	gp:AF124600_3 A	gp.AF124600_2	sp:LEP3_AERHY A
	ORF (bp)	834	3339	1179	1341	936	576	1164	477	462	210	681	561	1089	1095	492	1 = 4
45	Terminal (nt)	1703517	1704359	1707706	1709017	1710413	1711352	1713759	1714306	1714760	1714950	1715382	1716132	1716780	1717938	1719107	1720971
50	Initial (nt)	1704350	1707697	1708884	1710357	1711348	1711927	1712596	1713830	1711299	1714741	1716062	1716692	1717868	1719032	1719598	1721381
	SEO	5278	5279	5280	5281	5282	5283	5284	5285	5286	5287	5288	5289	5290	5291	5292	5293
55		1778	1779	1780	1781	1782	1783	1784	1785	1786	1787	1788	1789	1790	1791	1792	1793

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	bacterial regulatory protein, arsR family	ABC transporter	-	iron(III) ABC transporter, periplasmic-binding protein	ferrichrome transport ATP-binding protein	shikimate 5-dehydrogenase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	alanyl-tRNA synthetase	hypothetical protein		aspartyl-tRNA synthetase	hypothetical protein	glucan 1,4-alpha-glucosidase	phage infection protein		transcriptional regulator
15	Matched length (a.a.)	83	340		373	230	259	395	161	894	454		591	297	839	742		192
20	Similarity (%)	68.7	73.2		50.7	71.7	0.09	70.1	69.6	71.8	84.8		89.2	74.1	53.6	54.0		62.0
	Identity (%)	45.8	35.9		23.6	38.3	20.0	41.8	52.8	43.3	65.4		71.1	46.1	26.1	23.1		29.2
<i>25</i> ປີພ		\3(Z)	riae				sis	sis	Sis	ATCC	Sis	_	spS	sis	9			A3(2)
35 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC1A2.22	Corynebacterium diphtheriae hmuU		Pyrococcus abyssi Orsay PAB0349	Bacillus subtilis 168 fhuC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv aroE	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2553c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2554c	Thiobacillus ferrooxidans ATCC 33020 alaS	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2559c		Mycobacterium leprae aspS	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2575	Saccharomyces cerevisiae \$288C YIR019C sta1	Bacillus subtilis yhgE		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE68.13
40	db Match	gp:SC1A2_22	gp:AF109162_2		pir.A75169	sp:FHUC_BACSU	pir: D70660	pir.E70660	pir:F70660	sp:SYA_THIFE	sp:Y0A9_MYCTU		Sp.SYD_MYCLE	sp:Y0BQ_MYCTU	Sp.AMYH_YEAST	sp:YHGE_BACSU		gp.SCE68_13
	ORF (bp)	303	1074	909	957	753	828	1167	546	2664	1377	1224	1824	891	2676	1857	648	594
45	Terminal (nt)	1721423	1722853	1722202	1723826	1724578	1724612	1725459	1726625	1727385	1730166	1731599	1732988	1735946	1736004	1738713	1740572	1741906
50	Initial (nt)	1721725	1721780	1722807	1722870	1723826	1725439	1726625	1727170	1730048	1731542	1732822	1734811	1735056	1738679	1740559	1741219	1741313
	SEO	(a.a)	5295	5296		5298	5299	5300	5301	5302	5303	5304	5305	5306	5307	5308	5309	5310
55	SEO	(DNA)	1795	1796	1797	1798	1799	1800	1801	1802	1803	1804	1805	1806	1807	1808	1809	1810

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function		oxidoreductase		NADH-dependent FMN reductase	L-serine dehydratase		alpha-glycerolphosphate oxidase	histidyl-tRNA synthetase	lase	cyclophilin		hypothetical prolein		GTP pyrophosphokinase	adenine phosphoribosyltransferase	dipeptide transport system	hypothetical protein	protein-export mombrane protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)		371 oxido		116 NADI	462 L-ser		598 alpha	421 histid	211 hydrolase	175 cyclo		128 hуро		760 GTP	185 aden	49 dipep	558 hуро	332 prote	
20	Similarity Ma (%)		1.88		9.77	71.4		53.9	72.2	62.1	61.1		100.0		6.66	100.0	98.8	6.09	57.2	
-	Identity (%)		72.8		37.1	46.8		28.4	43.2	40.3	35.4		98.4		6'66	99.5	98.0	30.7	25.9	
25 (continued)	Homologous gene		Streptomyces coeficolor A3(2) SCE15.13c		Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAO1 slfA	Escherichia coli K12 sdaA		Enterococcus casseliflavus glpO	Staphylococcus aureus SR17238 hisS	Campylobacter jejuni NCTC11168 Cj0809c	Streptomyces chrysomalius sccypB		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 orf4		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 rel	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 apt	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 dc/AE	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2585c	Escherichia coli K12 secF	
·	ĭ 		Streptom SCE15.1:		Pseudom slfA	Escherich		Enteroco			Streptom sccypB		Corynebacterium ATCC 13032 orf4		Corynebacteriun ATCC 13032 rel	Corynebacterium ATCC 13032 apt	Coryneba ATCC 13	Mycobacterium to H37Rv Rv2585c	Escherich	
<i>40</i>	db Match		gp:SCE15_13		sp:SLFA_PSEAE	sp:SDHL_ECOLI		prf.2423362A	sp:SYH_STAAU	gp:CJ11168X3_12 7	prf.2313309A		gp:AF038651_4		gp:AF038651_3	gp:AF038651_2	gp:AF038651_1	sp.Y0BG_MYCTU	sp:SECF_ECOLI	
	ORF (bp)	714	1113	126	495	1347	861	1686	1287	639	507	237	555	342	2280	555	150	1743	1209	630
45	Terminal (nt)	1742606	1743813	1743968	1744519	1746230	1747588	1746233	1747990	1749325	1750933	1751200	1752051	1752527	1752615	1754925	1755599	1755486	1757589	1760336
50	Initial (nt)	1741893	1742701	1743843	1744025	1744884	1746728	1747918	1749276	1749963	1750427	1750964	1751497	1752186	1754894	1755479	1755/48	1757228	1758797	1759707
	SEQ NO (a a.)	5311	5312	5313	5314	5315	5316	5317	5318	5319	5320	5321	5322	5323	5324	5325	532E	5327	5328	5329
	SEQ NO.	1811	1812	1813	1814	1815	1816	1817	1818	1819	1820	1821	1822	1823	1824	1825	1826	1827	1828	1829

EP 1 108 790 A2

			_			7-			,											
5		Function	protein-export membrane protein	hypothetical protein	holliday junction DNA helicase	holliday junction DNA helicase	crossover junction endodeoxyribonuclease	hypothetical protein	acyl-CoA thiolesterase	hypothelical protein	hypothetical protein	hexosyltransferase or N- acetylglucosaminyl- phosphatidylinositol biosynthetic protein	acyltransferase	CDP-diacylglycerol-glycerol-3- phosphate phosphatidyltransferase	histidine triad (HIT) family protein	threonyl-tRNA synthetase	hypothetical protein			
15		Matched length (a.a.)	616	106	331	210	180	250	283	1.2	170	414	295	78	194	647	400	1		
20		Similarity (%)	52.0	66.0	81.9	74.3	63.3	78.4	68.6	61.3	61.2	49.3	67.8	78.0	78.4	68.9	61.8			
		Identity (%)	24.4	39.6	55.3	45.2	35.6	49.2	38.5	31.5	38.2	21.7	46.4	48.2	54.6	42.0	34.3			
25	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Rhodobacter capsulatus secD	leprae	i K12 ruvB	leprae ruvA	i K12 ruvC	K12 ORF246	K12 tesB	oelicolor A3(2)	tuberculosis c	cerevisiae	oelicolor A3(2)	tuberculosis pgsA	tuberculosis	thrZ	ywbN			
30	Table	Homolo	Rhodobacter ca	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1259.04	Escherichia coli K12 ruvB	Mycobacterium leprae ruvA	Escherichia coli K12 ruvC	Escherichia cali K12 ORF246 yebC	Escherichia coli K12 tesB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC10A5.09c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2609c	Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C spt14	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCL2.16c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2612c pgsA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2613c	Bacillus subtilis thrZ	Bacillus subtilis ywbN			
35		db Match	prf.2313285A	sp.Y08D_MYCLE	sp:RUVB_ECOLI	sp:RUVA_MYCLE	sp:RUVC_ECOLI	sp:YEBC_ECOLI	sp:TESB_ECOLI	gp:SC10A5_9	pir.H70570	sp:GPl3_YEAST	gp:SCL2_16	pir:C70571	pir:D70571	sp:SYT2_BACSU	sp:YWBN_BACSU			
	İ	ОЯР (bp)	1932 p	363 s	1080 s	618 s	663 s	753 s	846 s	474 g	462 p	1083 sı	963 9	657 pi	660 pi	2058 sp	1206 sp	564	546	735
45		Termina (nt)	1758803	1761005	1761419	1762517	1763177	1763990	1765015	1756442	1766487	1766948	1768034	1769022	1769681	1770327	1772658	1774444	1773893	1774457
50	!	In.fral (nl)	1760734	1761367		1763134	1763839	1764742	1765860	1765969	1766948	1768030	1768996	1769678	1770340	1772384	1773863	1773881	1774438	1775191
		SEO NO.	5330	5331	5332	5333	5334	5335	5336	5337	5338	5339	5340	5341	5342	5343	5344	5345	5346	5347
		SEQ NO (DP!A)	1830	1831	1832	1833	1834	1835	1836	1837	1838	1839	1840	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847

EP 1 108 790 A2

10	Function						puromycin N-acetyltransferase											ferric transport ATP-binding protein					pantothenate metabolism flavoprotein		***************************************
15	Matched length (a.a.)						190											202					129		
20	Similarity (%)						64.2											28.7					66.7		
	Identity (%)						36.3											28.7					27.1		
55 (panuluuru)	gene						ius pac		-									ıfuc					dfp		
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene						Streptomyces anulatus pac											Actinobacilfus pleuropneumoniae afuC					Zymomonas mobilis dfp		
<i>35</i>	db Match						sp:PUAC_STRLP											sp.AFUC_ACTPL					gp:AF088896_20		
	ORF (bp)	378	594	1407	615	399	567 s	1086	1101	669	2580	1113	1923	483	189	312	459	597 8	666	159	1107	420	591 6	864	420
45	Terminal (nt)	1777646	1778037	1778102	1779554	1780507	1781019	1782790	1784381	1783382	1782894	1785732	1786907	1789562	1789768	1790057	1790461	179243R	1793426	1793496	1794820	1795621	1796181	1797049	1797769
50	Initial (nt)	1777269	1777444	1779508	1780168	1780905	1781585	1781705	1783281	1784080	1785473	1786844	1788829	1789080	1789580	1789746	1790889	1791842	1792428	1793654	1793714	1795202	1795591	1796186	1797350
	SEO NO.	5348	5349	5350	5351	5352	5353	5354	5355	5356	5357	5358	5359	5360	5361	5362	5363	5364	5365	5366	5367	5368	5369	5370	5371
55	SEQ NO (DNA)	1848	1849	1850	1851	1852	1853	1854	1855	1856	1857	1858	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866	1867	1868	1869	1870	1871

EP 1 108 790 A2

10	Function																			transposon TN21 resolvase			protein-tyrosine phosphatase		
15	Matched length (a.a.)						-													186 tra			164 pr		
20	Similarity (%)																			78.0			51.8		
	Identity (%)																			51.1			29.3		
25 (panu)	ane																		.]				isiae		
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene																			Escherichia coli tnpR			Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YIR026C yvh1		
35						_																			
40	db Match																			sp:TNP2_ECOL!			sp:PVH1_YEAST		
	ORF (bp)	120	735	225	894	156	474	753	423	687	429	465	237	681	096	48(681	285	375	612			477	726	423
45	Terminal (nt)	1797850	1798023	1799406	1800366	1800449	1801307	1802096	1802155	1803419	1803893	1804598	1804865	1805599	1806586	1807396	1808113	1808421	1808832	1810372	1811545	1811938	1812691	1813606	1812460
50	Initial (nt)	1797969	1798757	1799182	1799473	1800604	1800834	1801344	1802577	1802733	1803465	1804134	1804629	1804919	1805727	1806917	1807433	1808137	1808458		1810541	1811564	1812215	1812881	1812882
	SEQ NO. (a.a.)	5372	5373	5374	5375	5376	5377	5378	5379	5380	5381	5382	5383	5384	5385	5386	5387	5388	5389	5390	5391	5392	5393	5394	5395
55	SEQ NO.	1872	1873	1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	sporulation transcription factor						المعاقبة في المعالمة في المعال			hypothelical protein					hypothetical protein	insertion etement (IS3 related)	insertion element (IS3 related)			single-stranded-DNA-specific exonuclease		primase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	216 sp									545 h		!		一	166 h)	298 in	101 in			622 si		381 pi
20	Similarity (%)	65.7									55.2					75.0	95.6	84.2			50.6		64.3
	Identity (%)	34.3									22.6					63.0	87.9	72.3			24.0		31.8
25 (pan	e e	r A3(2)									1588					nicum	nicum	nicum			ا ا		hi-01205
% Tab'e 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) whiH									Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM1189					Corynebacterium glutamicum	Corynebacterium glutamicum orf2	Corynebacterium glutamicum orf 1			Erwinia chrysanthemi recJ		Streptococcus phage phi-O1205 ORF13
35 40	db Match	gp:SCA32WHIH_6									pir.C72285					PIR:S60891 (pir.S60890	pir.S60889			Sp.RECJ_ERWCH E		pir.T13302
	(dg)	738	789	456	186	672	417	315	369	207	2202	1746	219	144	429	534	894	294	213	1299	1878	780	1650
45		1814517	1815651	1816128	1816636	1817803	1818219	1818774	1819166	1819748	1820181	1824322	1824589	1824927	1825178	1826557	1825751	1826644	1829688	1832063	1834044	1834149	1838324
50	Initial (nt)	1813780	1814863	1815673	1816451	1817132	1817803	1818460	1818798	1819954	1822382	1822577	1824371	1824784	1825606	1826024	1826644	1826937	1829900	1830765	1832167	1834928	1836675
	SEO NO.		5397	5398	5399	5400	5401	5402	5403	5404	5405	5406	5407	5408	5409	5410	5411	5412	5413	5414	5415	5416	5417
55	SEO NO.	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function				helicase		phage N15 protein gp57										actin binding protein with SH3 domains					ATP/GTP binding protein		ATP-dependent Clp proteinase ATP-binding subunit
15		Matched length (a.a.)				620		109										422					347		630
20		Similarity (%)				44.7		64.2										49.8					52.5		61.0
		Identity (%)				22.1		36.7										28.7	<u> </u>				23.6		30.2
25	itinued)	jene				niae ATCC		ene57										s pombe				j j	or		Adk
	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene				Mycoplasma pneumoniae ATCC 29342 yb95		Bacteriophage N15 gene57										Schizosaccharomyces pombe SPAPJ760.02c					Streptomyces coelicolor SCSC7.14		Escherichia coli K12 clpA
<i>40</i>		db Match				sp:Y018_MYCPN		pir.T13144										9p:SPAPJ760_2					gp:SC5C7_14		1965 sp.CLPA_ECOLI
		ORF (bp)	3789	447	534	1839	375	336	366	618	537	528	798	186	372	438	576	1221	852	1395	594	180	1257	1854	1965
45		Terminal (nt)	1842137	1842681	1843337	1845356	1845857	1846207	1846333	1847932	1848474	1849036	1849785	1849966	1850406	1849978	1850474	1852440	1852324	1853873	1854854	1855237	1856788	1858738	1860727
50	į	Initial (nt)	1838349	1842235	1842804	1843518	1845483	1845972	1846698	1847315	1847938	1848509	1848988	1849781	1850035	1850415	1851049	1851220	1851473	1852479	1854261	1855058	1855532	1856885	1858763
		SEQ NO. (a.a.)	_	5419	5420	5421	5422	5423	5424	5425		5427	5428	5429	5430	5431	5432	5433	5434	5435	5436	5437	5438	5439	5440
55		SEQ NO (DNA)	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function					ATP-dependent helicase					hypothetical protein	deoxynucleotide monophosphate kinase					type II 5-cytosoine methyltransferase	type II restriction endonuclease			hypothetical protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)					693					224	208					363	358			504	
20	Similarity (%)					45.9		-			47.8	61.5					99.7	99.7			45.8	
	identity (%)					21.4					25.9	31.7					99.2	99.7			24.6	
25 Continued)	ns gene					ureus SA20					elicolor A3(2)	i-C31 gp52					glutamicum M	glutamicum R			elicolar A3(2)	
Table 1	Homologous gene					Staphylococcus aureus SA20 pcrA					Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH17.07c	Bacteriophage phi-C31					Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 cgllM	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 cgilR			Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC1A2.16c	
<i>35</i>	db Match					Sp.PCRA_STAAU p					gp:SCH17_7	prf:2514444Y					prf.2403350A	pir.A55225			gp:SC1A2_16	
	# 6	77	9	14	12	52	88	80	465	264	777 gp:9	702 prf.:	52	2166	273	02	1089 prf.	1074 pir.	1521	17	1818 gp:	186
45	nal ORF (bp)	25 47	75 156	19 324	99 31	23	22 55	19 37	 	┼	├		2,			80 6507			i —	20 71	1	
	Terminal (nt)	1861225	1861475	1861519	1862399	1865299	1865822	1866219	1866792	1867095	1867874	1868587	1868671	1868927	1871101	1871380	1879400	1880485	1882470	1884220	1887047	1887590
50	Initial (nt)	1850752	1861320	1861842	1862088	1862945	1865265	1865842	1866328	1866832	1867098	1867886	1868895	1871092	1871373	1877886	5456 1878312	1879412	1883990	1884936	1885230	5461 1887405
	SEO NO.	5441	5442	5443	5444	5445	5446	5447	5448	5449	5450	5451	5452	5453	5454	5455	 -	5457	5458	5459	5460	5461
55	SEQ NO. DNA)	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1955	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961

EP 1 108 790 A2

						,		, - -	,			,					,									
5		Function	case-refated	i		in				p ATP-binding							paratus protein									
10		Fur	SNF2/Rad54 helicase-related protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein				endopeptidase Clp ATP-binding chain B							nuclear mitotic apparatus protein									
15		Matched length (a.a.)	06	163		537				724							1004									
20		Simitarity (%)	70.0	56.4		47.9				52.5							49.1									
		Identity (%)	46.7	33.1		20.7				25.3							20.1									
25	illuedy	ene	ans	hi-gle		32-16																				
30	lane i	Homologous gene	Deinococcus radiodurans DR1258	Lactobacillus phage phi-gle Rorf232		Bacillus anthracis pXO2-16				Escherichia coli clpB							Homo sapiens numA									
35 40		db Match	gp:AE001973_4	pir.T13226		gp:AF188935_16				sp.CLPB_ECOLI							pir.S23647									
		ORF (bp)	351	864	330	1680	1206	1293	2493	1785	621	1113	846	981	879	198	2766	900	1251	969	714	1008	1659	1488	339	1509
45		Terminal (nt)	1887688	1888231	1889859	1890028	1891832	1893388	1894739	1897374	1899233	1899804	1901066	1902955	1902005	1903225	1903113	1905973	1906664	1907965	1908785	1909501	1910642	1912333	1913973	1914725
50		Initial (nt)	1888038	1889094	1889530	1891707	1893037	1894680	1897231	1899158	1899853	1900916	1901911	1901975	1902883	1903028	1905878	1906572	1907914	1908660	5480 1909498	1910508	1912300	1913820	1914371	1985 5485 1916233
		SEQ NO (a.a)	5462	5463	5464	5465	5456	5467	5468	5469	5470	5471	5472	5473	5474	5475	5476	5477	5478	5479	5480	5481	5482	5483	5484	5485
55	Į	SEQ NO.	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function										ıucin			lase					ı				; ;		
10	Fun					10					submaxillary apomucin			modification methylase					hypothetical protein			hypothetical protein			
15	Matched length (a.a.)										1408			61					114			328			
20	Similarity (%)										49.2			65.6					58.8			54.6			
	Identity (%)										23.2			42.6					38.6			27.1			
25 (piùned)	Jene	***												4					culosis			schii			
8 % Samura Samur	Homologous gene										Sus scrofa domestica			Escherichia coli ecoR1					Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1956			Methanococcus jannaschii MJ0137			
35	atch		-												_				-						
40	db Match										pir. T03099			Sp:MTE1_ECOLI					pir:H70638			sp:Y137_METJA			
	ORF (bp)	360	222	312	645	759	549	930	908	357	4464	579	945	171	375	1821	201	468	381	507	837	942	624	210	534
45	Terminat (nt)	1916733	1917165	1917329	1917564	1918703	1919646	1920347	1925695	1926038	1921547	1926259	1927245	1928381	1928908	1929059	1930990	1931421	1931935	1932373	1933522	1934971	1936849	1937411	1937486
50	Initial (nt)	1916374	1916944	1917640	1918208	1919461	1920194	1921276	1925390	1925682	1926010	1926837	1928189		1928534	1930879	1931190	1931888	1932315	1932879	1934358	1935912	1936226	1937202	1938019
	SEO NO.	5486	5487	5488	5489	5490	5491	5492	5493	5494	5495	5496	5497	5498	5499	0033	5501	5502	5503	5504	5055	5506	2207	5508	5509
55	SEQ NO (DNA)	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function										surface protein				major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor			DNA topoisomerase III					major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor	
15	Matched length (a.a.)										304		_		270			597	! ! 			-	344 P	
20	Similarity (%)										44.1				54.4			50.9					54.7	
	Identity (%)										23.0				30.7			23.8					29.7	
os Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene										ecalis esp				n glutamicum flavum) ATCC	•		topB					glutamicum flavum) ATCC	
7able 1	Homolog										Enterococcus faecalis esp				Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1			Escherichia coli topB					Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1	
<i>35</i>	db Match										prf:2509434A			-	sp.CSP1_CORGL			sp:TOP3_ECOLI					sp:CSP1_CORGL	
	ORF (bp)	1191	534	588	444	753	303	216	309	885	828 prf	297	381	429	1581 sp.	2430	867	2277 sp.	2085	891	432	744	1887 sp.	291
45	Terminal (nt)	1940135 1	1938531	1940844	1941550	1941732	1942812	1943310	1943653	1944564	1944608	1945595	1945952	1946609	1947070 1	1949021 2	1951619	1952546 2	1956203 2	1958450 8	1959765	1960371	1961114 1	1963139
50	Initial (nt)	1938945	1939064	1940257	1941107	1942484	1942510	1943095	1943345	1943680	1945435	1945891	1946332	1947037	5523 1948650	1951450	1952485	1954822	1958287	1959340	1960196	1961114	1963000	1963429
	SEQ NO.	5510	5511	5512	5513	5514	5515	5516	5517	5518	5519	5520	5521	5522		5524	5525	5526	5527	5528	5529	5530	5531	5532
55	SEQ NO.	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Ę														binding proteir							i i					
10		Function				thermonuclease										single stranded DNA-binding protein								serine protease				
15		Matched length (a.a.)				227										225								249				
20		Similarity (%)				57.7										59.1								52.6				
		Identity (%)				30.4										24.9			_					25.7				
25	ned)	e e				unc																		SP24D				
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homolognus gene				Staphylococcus aureus nuc										Shewanella sp. ssb								Anopheles gambiae AgSP24D				
35		db Match				STAAU										prf.2313347B								sp:S24D_ANOGA /				
40			0	ဟ		sp:NUC			2			6																
		ORI (bp	123	117	357	4 684	9 147	7 564	145	459	122	0 1419	7 591	396	3 237	624	579	3 462	507	9 588	1 333	7 558	3 570	5 912	7 693	366	747	180
45		Terminal (nt)	1963514	1964727	1965911	1966984	1967289	1968167	1969715	1970203	1971474	1973090	1973737	1974204	1974503	1975794	1976494	1976983	1977549	1978329	1978721	1979217	1979809	1980885	1981657	1982028	1982817	1981912
50		initial (nt)	1964743	1965902	1966267	1966301	1967435	1967604	1968264	1969745	1970254	1971672	1973147	1973809	1974267	1975171	1975916	1976522	1977043	1977742	1978389	1978660	1979239	1979974	1980965	1981663	1982071	1982091
		SEQ NO. (a.a.)	5533	5534	5535	5536	5537	5538	5539	5540	5541	5542	5543	5544	5545	5546	5547	5548	5549	5550	5551	5552	5553	5554	5555	5556	5557	
55		SEQ NO. (DNA)	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	202	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2050

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function								integrase	transposase (divided)	transposase (divided)		transposition repressor	insertion element (IS3 related)	transposase					major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor	integrase
15	Matched length (a.a.)								406	124	117		31	43	270					153	223
20	Similarity (%)								55.9	94.4	84.6		96.8	88.4	53.7					37.0	56.1
	Identity (%)								29.6	83.9	70.9		80.7	74.4	31.1					25.0	28.7
25 (panujuo	e de de								ge L5 int	ofermentum	ofermentum		ofermentum	lutamicum	color A3(2)		:			lutamicum vum) ATCC	ige L5 int
S S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene								Mycobacterium phage L5 int	Brevibacterium lactofermentum CGL2005 (SaB1	Brevibacterium lactofermentum CGL 2005 ISaB1		Brevibacterium lactofermentum CGL2005 ISaB1	Corynebacterium glutamicum orf1	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ11.12					Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1	Mycobacterium phage L5 int
<i>35</i>	db Match								Sp:VINT_BPML5	gsp:R23011	gsp:R23011		gsp:R21601	pir.S60889	gp:SCJ11_12					sp:CSP1_CORGL	687 Sp.VINT_BPML5
	ORF (bb)	363	273	264	234	342	273	303	1149 S	390	417 g	207	114 9	135 р	828 g	354	891	432	744	1584 s	687 s
45	Terminal (nt)	1983548	1983883	1984181	1984450	1984728	1985364	1985071	1985442	1987507	1987887	1988589	1988370	1988530	1988778	1991020	1989874	1991189	1991795	1992538	1994608
50	Initial (nt)	1983186	1983611	1983918	1984217	1984387	1985092	1985373	1986590	1987896	1988303	1988383	1988483	1988664	1989605	1990667	1990764	1991620	1992538	1994121	5578 1995294
	SEQ NO.		5560	5561	5562	5563	5564	5565	5566	5567	5568	5569	5570	5571	5572	5573	5574	5575	5576	5577	
55	SEQ NO. (CNA)	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078

5		Function	sodium-dependent transporter	rotein			riboflavin biosynthesis protein	potential membrane protein	methionine sulfoxide reductase		rotein	rotein	0	1-deoxy-D-xylulose-5-phosphate synthase	ansferase		ırotein	deoxyuridine 5'-triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase	orotein	
10			sodium-depen	hypothetical protein			riboflavin bios	potential mem	methionine su		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	ribonuclease D	1-deoxy-D-xyl synthase	RNA methyltransferase		hypothetical protein	deoxyuridine 5'-triph nucleotidohydrolase	hypothetical protein	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	88	92			233	384	126		232	201	371	618	472		268	140	150	
20		Similarity (%)	76.1	81.5			64.4	71.9	67.5		77.2	786	52.8	78.5	52.3		62.7	82.1	70.7	
		Identity (%)	39.8	48.9			33.5	42.5	41.3		55.2	55.7	25.9	55.3	25.4		38.1	55.0	46.0	
25	Table 1 (continued)	us gene	ri 26695	caA			rberculosis bD	berculosis	rdonii msrA		berculosis	uberculosis	uenzae Rd s	CL190 dxs	lima MSB8		uberculosis	elicolor A3(2)	uberculosis	
30	Table 1 (Homologous gene	Helicobacter pylori 26695 HP0214	Bacillus subtilis yxaA			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2671 ribD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2673	Streptococcus gordonii msrA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2676c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2680	Haemophilus influenzae Rd KW20 H10390 md	Streptomyces sp. CL190 dxs	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM1094		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2696c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC2E9.09 dut	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2698	
35		db Match	pir.F64546	sp:YXAA_BACSU			pir:C70968	pìr:E70968	gp:AF128264_2		pir:H70968	pir:C70528	sp.RND_HAEIN	gp:AB026631_1	pir:E72298		pir:C70530	sp.DUT_STRCO	pir:E70530	
		ORF (bp)	306	432	345	336	969	1254	408	426	969	624	1263	1908	1236	282	861	447	549	207
45		Terminal (nt)	1995783	1996537	1997112	1997503	1998240	1999542	1999949	1999707	2000521	2002112	2003334	2003402	2005462	2006979	2006777	2007738	2008798	2008876
50		Initial (nt)	1996088	1996106	1996768	1997168	1997545	1998289	1999542	2000132		2001489	2002002	2005309	2006697	2006698		2008184	2008250	2009082
		SEQ NO.	5579	5580	5581	5582	5583	5584	5585	5586		5588	5589	5590	5591	5592		5594	5595	5596
55		SEQ NO ONA)	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	hypothetical protein	extragenic suppressor protein	polyphosphate glucokinase	sigma factor or RNA polymerase transcription factor	hypothetical membrane protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	transferase	hypothetical protein	iron dependent repressor or diphtheria toxin repressor	putative sporulation protein	UDP-glucose 4-epimerase		hypothetical protein	ATP-dependent RNA helicase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	100	198	248	200	422		578	127	9/	523	144	228	77	329	,	305	661
20	Similarity (%)	81.0	68.2	80.2	98.6	51.4		80.8	59.1	85.5	61.2	100.0	9.66	64.0	99.3		79.0	50.7
	Identity (%)	58.0	38.4	54.4	08.0	23.9		61.3	32.3	65.8	33.5	97.2	98.7	62.0	99.1	ļ	45.3	24.4
25 ontinued)	s gene	erculosis	2 suhB	erculosis gK	lutamicum	.0		erculasis	erculasis	oerculosis	icolor A3(2)	jlutamicum 1	glutamicum	ofaciens	glutamicum zibacterium alE		oerculosis 	srevisiae
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2699c	Escherichia coli K12 suhB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2702 ppgK	Corynebacterium glutamicum sigA	Bacillus subtilis yrkO		Mycobacterium tuberculasis H37Rv Rv2917	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2709	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2708c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH5.08c	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 ORF1	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 dbR	Streptomyces aureofaciens	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 (Brevibacterium Iactofermentum) galE		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2714	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YJL050W dob1
<i>35</i>	db Match	pir.F70530	SP. SUHB_ECOLI	sp:PPGK_MYCTU	prf.2204286A	sp.YRKO_BACSU		sp:Y065_MYCTU	pir:H70531	pir.G70531	gp:SCH5_8	prf.2204286C	pir.140339	GP:AF010134_1	sp:GALE_BRELA		pir:E70532	sp:MTR4_YEAST
	ORF (bp)	291 p	816 s	828	1494 p	1335 s	537	1710 \$	636 p	237 p	1533 g	432 p	684 р	234 G	s 786	1323	957 p	2550 s
45	Terminal (nt)	2009280	2009724	2011382	2013356	2014162	2015585	2016257	2018754	2017966	2020276	2020724	2022949	2022313	2023945	2023948	2026379	2029043
50	Initial (nt)	2009570	2010539	2010555	2011863	2015496	2016121	2017966	2018119	2018202	2018744	2020293	2022266	2022546	2022959	2025270	2025423	2026494
	SEQ NO.	5597	5598	5599	2600	5601	5602	5603	5604	5605	9099	2607	5608	5609	5610	5611	5612	5613
55	SEQ NO.	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113

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10	
15	
20	
25	ntinued)
30	Table 1 (continued)
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45	
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	Function	hydrogen peroxide-inducible genes activator		ATP-dependent helicase	regulatory protein		SOS regulatory protein	galactitol utilization operon repressor	phosphofructokinase (fructose 1- phosphate kinase)	phosphoenolpyruvate-protein phosphotransferase	glycerol-3-phosphate regulon repressor	1-phosphofructokinase or 6- phosphofructokinase	PTS system, fructose-specific IIBC component	phosphocarrier protein		uracil permease	ATP/GTP-binding protein			diaminopimelate epimerase
	Matched length (a a)	299		1298	145		222	245	320	592	262	345	549	18		407	419			269
	Similarity (%)	65.6		76.2	86.2		71.6	67.8	55.6	64.0	62.6	55.7	9.69	71.6		70.5	90.C			64.7
	Identity (%)	35.8		49.2	61.4		46.9	33.9	27.2	34.3	26.7	33.0	43.0	37.0		39.1	54.4			33.5
lable 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli oxyR		Escherichia coli hrpA	Streptomyces clavuligerus nrdR		Bacillus subtilis dinR	Escherichia coli K12 gatR	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE22.14c	Bacillus stearothermophilus ptsl	Escherichia coli K12 glpR	Rhodobacter capsulatus fruK	Escherichia coli K12 fruA	Bacillus stearothermophilus XL- 65-6 ptsH		Bacillus caldolyticus pyrP	Streptomyces fradiae orf11*			Haemophilus influenzae Rd KW20 HI0750 dapF
:	db Match	sp:OXYR_ECOLI		sp:HRPA_ECOLI	gp:SCAJ4870_3		sp:LEXA_BACSU	SP.GATR_ECOLI	gp:SCE22_14	sp:PT1_BACST	sp:GLPR_ECOLI	sp:K1PF_RHOCA	sp:PTFB_ECOLI	sp.PTHP_BACST		SP:PYRP_BACCL	gp:AF145049_8			SP.DAPF_HAEIN
	ORF (bp)	981	1089	3906	450	420	969	777	096	1704	792	066	1836	267	582	1287	1458	785	537	831
	Terminal (nt)	2030157	2930277	2035383	2035431	2035990	2037507	2038591	2039550	2039618	2042519	2043508	2045571	2046028	2046714	2047320	2048650	2051106	2051842	2051845
	Initial (nt)	2029177	2031365	2031478	2035880	2036409	2036812	2037815	2038591	2041321	2041728	2042519	2043736	2045762	2047295	2048606	2050107	2050321	2051306	2052675
	SEQ NO.	5614	5615	5616	5617	5618	5619	5620	5621	5622	5623	5624	5625	5626	5627	5628	5629	5630	5631	5632
	SEQ NO.	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120		2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132

5	Function	tRNA delta-2- isopentenylpyrophosphate transferase		hypothetical protein			hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	glutamate transport ATP-binding protein	Neisserial polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	glutamate transport system permease protein	glutamate transport system permease protein	regulatory protein	hypothetical protein		biotin synthase	putrescine transport ATP-binding protein	hypothetical membrane protein
· 15	Matched length (a.a.)	300		445			190	494	242	7.1	225	273	142	29		197	223	228
20	Sımılanty (%)	68.7		75.7			63.7	86.4	9.66	73.0	100.0	9.66	6.99	71.6		61.4	69.5	58.8
	Identity (%)	40.0		48.5			29.0	68.4	93.66	99.0	100.0	99.3	34.5	40.3		33.0	33.2	24.6
25 (pວກເ	ė.	аА		losis			losis		nicum		nicum	nicum) ATCC	ecX	losis		,	tG	
so os Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 miaA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2731			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2732c	Mycobacterium leprae B2235_C2_195	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 gluA	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 gluC	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 13032 gluD	Mycobacterium leprae recX	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2738c		Bacillus sphaericus bioY	Escherichia coli K12 potG	Bacillus subtilis ybaF
40	db Match	sp:MIAA_ECOLI		pir:870506			pir:C70506	sp:Y195_MYCLE	sp:GLUA_CORGL	GSP:Y75358	sp:GLUC_CORGL	sp:GLUD_CORGL	sp:RECX_MYCLE	pir:A70878		sp:BIOY_BACSH	sp:POTG_ECOLI	pir:F69742
	(pp)	903	675	1359	1020	1023	699	1566	726	219	684	819	265	234	738	576	669	609
15	Termina [©] (nt)	2052684	2053609	2055761	2054724	2056787	2057120	2057855	2060499	2060196	2062312	2063259	2063298	2065394	2065667	2067141	2067866	2068474
50	ritial (nt)	2053586	2054283	2054403	2055743	2055765	2057788	2059420	2059774	2060414	2061629	2062441	2063894	2065627	2066404	2066566	2067168	2067866
	SEO NO (a.a.)		5634	5635	5636	5637	5638	5639	5640	5641	5642	5643	5644	5645	5646	5647	5648	5649
55	SEQ NO (DNA)	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein (35kD protein)	regulator (DNA-binding protein)	competence damage induced proteins	phosphotidylglycerophosphate synthase	hypothetical protein	surface protein (Peumococcal surface protein A)		tellurite resistance protein	stage III sporulation protein E	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein			guanosine pentaphosphate synthetase	30S ribosomal protein S15	nucleoside hydrolase
15	P	hypothe	hypothe	regulato	compete	phosphot synthase	hypothe	surface surface		T	stage	hypoth						30S rik	\neg
	Matched length	228	269	83	165	160	117	93		358	845	216	645	250			742	88	319
20	Similarity (%)	78.5	89.6	78.3	68.5	72.5	52.1	0.07		59.8	64.6	61.0	99.4	99.6			85.3	88.8	63.3
	Identity (%)	41.7	72.5	54.2	41.8	38.8	24.8	60.0		31.0	38.0	33.3	99.1	99.2			65.4	64.0	35.1
25 (juned)		culosis	culosis	culosis	oniae R6X	nes pgsA		noniae			spolllE	olor A3(2)	itamicum	itamicum ofermentum)			oticus gpsl		
os Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2744C	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2745c	Streptococcus pneumoniae R6X	Streptococcus pyogenes pgsA	Arabidopsis thaliana ATSP T16118.20	Streptococcus pneumoniae DBL5 pspA		Escherichia coli terC	Bacillus subtilis 168 spolllE	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC4G6.14	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 orf4	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) ATCC 13869 orf2			Streptomyces antibioticus gpsl	Bacillus subtilis rpsO	Leishmania major
<i>35</i>	db Match	oir 860176	AYCTU	pir.H70878	Sp.CINA_STRPN	Ī	pir.T10688	gp:AF071810_1		ort.2119295D	SS		Sp.YOR4_CORGL	sp:YDAP_BRELA			prf:2217311A	pir.F69700	24
	ORF	 -	- -	321 pir.t	516 sp:(603 prt.	85	117 gp.	813	+		633 gp:	2154 sp.	ds 052	669	264		267 pir	+
45	Terminal Of	3	 	2069616	2069997		2071599 2	2071740	2072878	\neg	7	 	2077122	2080387	2082813	2082105	2082932	2085436	2085879
50		(iii)		2069936	2070512		2071315	2071624	2072068	2072905	2076056	2077024	2079275	2081136	2082115	2082368		2085702	2086826
	SEO		5651	5652	5653	5654	5655		5667		$\overline{}$		5661	5662	5663			SARR	2999
55	SEO	(DNA)	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2367	1012	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	bifunctional protein (riboflavin kinase and FAD synthetase)	tRNA pseudouridine synthase B	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	phosphoeslerase	DNA damaged inducible protein f	hypothetical protein	ribosome-binding factor A	translation initiation factor IF-2	hypothetical prolein	n-utilization substance protein (transcriptional termination/antitermination factor)		hypothetical protein	peptide-binding protein	peptidetransport system permease	oligopeptide permease	peptidetransport system ABC- transporter ATP-binding protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)	329 b	303 tt	47 h	237 h	273 p	433	308	108	1103 t	83	352		165	534	337	292	552
20		Similarity (%)	79.0	61.7	73.0	62.5	68.9	78.8	70.8	70.4	629	66.3	71.0		65 5	609	9 69	69 2	813
		Identity (%)	56.2	32.7	65.0	42.2	46.9	51.0	36.7	32.4	37.7	44.6	42.3		34.6	25.3	37.7	38.4	57.6
25	Table 1 (continued)	ns gene	TCC 6872 ribF	38 truB		slicolor A3(2)	ıberculosis	uberculosis dinF	berculosis	68 rbfA	itiaca DW4 infB	elicolor A3(2)	68 nusA		uberculosis	68 фррЕ	K12 dppB	po0KC	uberculasis dppD
30	Table 1 (Homologous gene	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 ribF	Bacillus subtilis 168 truB	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5A7.23	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2795c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2836c dinF	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2837c	Bacillus subtilis 168 rbfA	Stigmatella aurantiaca DW4 infB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5H4.29	Bacillus subtilis 168 nusA		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2842c	Bacillus subtilis 168 dppE	Escherichia coli K12 dppB	Bacillus subtilis spo0KC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3663c dppD
<i>35</i>		db Match	Sp.RIBF_CORAM	sp:TRUB_BACSU		gp:SC5A7_23	pir.B70885	pir:G70693	pir:H70693	SP. RBFA BACSU	sp.IF2_STIAU	gp:SC5H4_29	sp:NUSA_BACSU		pir.E70588	Sp.DPPE BACSU	SP. DPPB_ECOLI	prf. 1709239C	pir:H70788
		ORF (bp)	1023 s	891 s	228 F	651 9	804	1305	966	447	3012	336	966	1254	534	1602			1731
45		Terminal (nt)	2086919	2088853	2087954	2089218	2089861	2090751	2092051	2093055	2093712	2096844	2097380	2099815	2098412	2101841	2102946		2105703
50		Initial (nt)	2087941	2087973	2088181	2089868	2090664	2092055	2093046	2093501	2096723	2097179	2098375	2098562	2098945	2100240			2103973
		SEO NO.		5669		5671	5672	5673	5674	5675	5676		5678	5679		5681	5682	5683	5684
55		SEQ NO.		2169		2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184
		1				4		- C											-

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	prolyl-IRNA synthetase	hypothetical protein	magnesium-chelatase subunit	magnesium-chelatase subunit	uroporphyrinogen III methyltransferase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	giutathione reductase					methionine aminopepinase	penicillin binding protein	response regulator (two-component system response regulator)	two-component system sensor histidine kinase	hypothetical membrane protein
15	-	Matched length (a.a.)	578	243		342	237	488	151	338	466					252	630	216	424	360
20		Similarity (%)	84.6	0.59	60.7	9.69	73.8	68.7	62.3	65.7	76.6					75.8	56.5	72.2	56.8	58.1
		Identily (%)	67.0	39.5	32.4	46.5	49.0	41.2	35.1	37.6	53.0					47.2	27.3	44.0	29.5	24.4
30 February 1	olullaca)	is gene	perculosis roS	licolor A3(2)	eroides ATCC	lis bchl	freudenreichii	igens NCIB	licolor A3(2)	berculosis	icia AC1100					(12 map	vuligerus pcbR	diphtheriae	diphtheriae	odurans
30	ומחוב ו	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2845c proS	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCC30.05	Rhodobacter sphaeroides ATCC 17023 bchD	Heliobacillus mobilis bchl	Propionibacterium freudenreichii cobA	Clostridium perfringens NCIB 10662 ORF2	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5H1.10c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2854	Burkholderia cepacia AC1100 gor					Escherichia coli K12 map	Streptomyces clavuligerus pcbR	Corynebacterium diphtheriae chrA	Corynebacterium diphtheriae chrS	Deinococcus radiodurans DRA0279
35			<u> </u>	20.00	 	ゴ	<u> </u>		000	, SI	 						S	0 6	0 0	
40		db Match	sp:SYP_MYCTU	gp:scc30_5	sp.BCHD_RHOSH	prf.2503462AA	prf.2108318B	sp:YPLC_CLOPE	gp:SC5H1_10	pir:A70590	SP.GSHR_BURCE					SP:AMPM_ECOLI	prf.2224268A		prf.2518330A	gp:AE001863_70
		ORF (bp)	1764	735	759	1101	750	1422	006	1014	1395	942	474	357	729	789	1866	630	1149	957
45		Terminal (nt)	2105801	2108386	2108389	2109155	2110434	2112659	2112717	2116774	2118310	2117015	2119080	2119495	2120356	2120359	2121296	2123219	2123848	2126045
50		Initial (nt)	2107564	2107652	2109147	2110255		2111238	2113616	2115761	2116916	21:7956	2118607	2119139	2119628	2121147	2123161		2124996	2125089
		SEQ NO.	5685	5686	5687	SARR	5689	2690		5695	5693	5694	5695	2696	5697				5701	5702
55		SEQ.	2185	2186	2187	218B	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202

5	Function	ABC transporter	1	hypothetical protein (gcpE protein)		hypothetical membrane protein	polypeplides can be used as vaccines against Chlamydia trachomatis	1-deoxy-D-xylulose-5-phosphate reductoisomerase				ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	pyruvate formate-lyase 1 activating enzyme	hypothetical membrane protein	phosphatidate cylidylylfransferase	ribosome recycling factor	uridylate kinase		elongation factor Ts	30S ribosomal protein S2
15	Matched length (a.a)	225		359		405	147	312				245	356	94	294	185	109		280	254
20	Similarity (%)	71.1		73.8		73.6	43.0	42.0				75.1	78.0	74.5	56.5	84.3	43.1		76.8	83.5
	Identity (%)	37.3		44.3		43.0	36.0	22.8				37.1	66.0	41.5	33.3	47.0	28.4		49.6	54.7
25 (par				ш		sis						388	sis	osis	es.		sa pyrH		A3(2)	
35 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis 168 yvrO		Escherichia coli K12 gcpE		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2869c	Calamydia trachomatis	Escherichia coli K12 dxr				Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM0793	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3760	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15692 cdsA	Bacillus subtilis 168 frr	Pseudomonas aeruginosa pyrH		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC2E1.42 tsf	Bacillus subtilis rpsB
40	db Match	prf.2420410P		sp.GCPE_ECOLI		pir:G70886	GSP:Y37145	sp:DXR_ECOLI				pir:B72334	sp:YS80_MYCTU	pir:A70801	sp:CDSA_PSEAE	sp.RRF_BACSU	prf:2510355C		sp:EFTS_STRCO	pir.A69699
	ORF (bp)	980	162	1134	612	1212	645	1176	441	480	1578	855	1098	258	855	555	729	861	825	816
45	Terminal (nl)	2126753	2126926	2127350	2129461	2128569	2130950	2129903	2131762	2131247	2131825	2134260 2133406	2134454	2136141	2136235	2137286	2137936	2139854	2139003	2140071
50	Initiat (nt)	2126064	2127087	2128483	2128850	2129880	2130306	2131078	2131322	2131726	2133402		2135551	2135884	2137089	2137840	2138664	2138994	2139827	2140886
	SEQ NO.	<u> </u>	5704	5705	5706	5707	5708	5709	57.10	5711	5712		5714	5715	5716	5717	5718	5719	5720	5721
55	SEQ.	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221

EP 1 108 790 A2

thiamine biosynthetic enzyme thiG protein

thiamine biosynthetic enzyme thiS

(thiG1) protein

62

74.2

37.1

Escherichia coli K12 thiS

Sp:THIS_ECOLI

195

2152329

2152135

5736

2236

oxidoreductase

376

..

34.0

Streptomyces coelicofor A3(2) SC6E10.01

gp:SC6E10_1

1080

2152118

2151039

5735

2235

6

60

Bacillus subtilis 168 thiE

SP:THIE_BACSU

663

2150997

2150335

5734

2234

molybdopterin biosynthesis protein

437

30.2

251

92 28

48.2

Escherichia coli K12 thiG Emericella nidulans cnxF

sp:THIG_ECOL!

780

2153113

2152334

5737

2237

1134 prf:2417383A

2154191

2153058

5738

2238

Mg(2+) chelatase family protein 5 site-specific recombinase 50S ribosomal protein Function Fe-regulated protein thiamine phosphate pyrophosphorylase hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein signal peptidase ribonuclease HII 10 Matched length (a.a) 15 225 323 77 285 120 395 8 297 50 5 Similarity (%) 75.8 96.0 m 58.0 68.7 9 59 88. 72. 69 99 20 Identity (%) 70.3 42.6 32.3 25.4 28.4 68.3 46.0 40.3 6 39 46 Bacillus stearothermophilus rplS 25 Table 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2897c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2898c Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2891 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2896c Haemophilus influenzae Rd H11059 rnhB Streptomyces lividans TK21 sipY Staphylococcus aureus sirA Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2901c Homologous gene Proteus mirabilis xerD 30 35 sp:YS91_MYCTU sp:YX27_MYCTU sp:YX28_MYCTU sp:YX29_MYCTU sp:YT01_MYCTU SP:RNH2_HAEIN Sp.RL19_BACST db Match prf:2514288H prf:2510361A prf:2417318A 40 1182 786 339 936 213 1521 504 924 366 303 627 유연(학 792 2148022 Terminal (nt) 2141760 2146566 2147261 2149166 2149359 2149634 2142885 2145576 2141763 2144066 2146264 45 2148046 2146566 2149571 2149972 2147192 2148231 2147231 2142686 2144066 2145586 2145941 2141257 Initial (nt) 50 5732 5725 5726 5727 5728 5729 5730 5731 5733 5722 5723 5724 8 2230 2229 2231 2232 2228 DNA) 2225 2222 2223 2224 2226 2227 SEQ NO.

152

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	transcriptional accessory protein	sporulation-specific degradation regulator protein	dicarboxylase translocator	2-oxoglutarate/malate translocator	3-carboxy-cis, cis-muconate cycloisomerase				RRNA (guanine-N1)- methyltransferase	hypothetical protein	16S rRNA processing protein	hypothetical protein	30S ribosomal protein S16	U		ABC transporter	signal recognition particle protein				cell division protein
	eq)				2-oxog					-			hypoth	30S rib	inversin							
15	Matched length (a.a.)	776	334	456	92	350				273	210	172	69	83	196	256	318	559	İ			505
20	Similarity (%)	78.7	65.3	78.3	80.0	66.3				64.8	57.6	72.1	66.7	79.5	61.7	69.1	63.8	78.2				66.1
	Identity (%)	56.6	27.0	45.8	40.0	39.1				34.8	30.5	52.3	29.0	47.0	32.1	26.6	35.5	58.7		-		37.0
os Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	ssis TOHAMA I	168 degA	oneumoniae	ea chloroplast	outida pcaB				K12 trmD	oelicolor A3(2)	leprae mM	Helicobacter pylori J99 jhp0839	168 rpsP	אר	igafactiae cyfB	Pyrococcus horikoshii OT3 mtrA	168 ffh	,			K12 ftsY
Se Table 1	Homolog	Bordetella pertussis TOHAMA tex	Bacillus subtilis 168 degA	Chlamydophila pneumoniae CWL029 ybhl	Spinacia oleracea chloroplast	Pseudomonas putida pcaB				Escherichia coli K12 trmD	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF81.27	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB250.34. rimM	Helicobacter pyl	Bacillus subtilis 168 rpsP	Mus musculus inv	Streptococcus agalactiae cylB	Pyrococcus hori	Bacillus subtilis 168 ffh				Escherichia coli K12 ftsY
<i>35</i>	db Match	sp TEX_BORPE	pir.A36940	pir.H72105	prf.2108268A	sp.PCAB_PSEPU				sp.TRMD_ECOLI	gp:SCF81_27	sp.RIMM_MYCLE	pir.B71881	pir.C47154	pir:T14151	prf:2512328G	prf.2220349C	sp:SR54_BACSU				sp:FTSY_ECOLI
	ORF (bp)	2274 s	975 p	1428 p	219 p	1251 s	66	393	069	819 \$	648 9	513 s	348 p		576 p	867 p	876 p	1641 s		417	699	1530 s
45	Terminal (nt)	2154460	2156747	2157754	2159019	2159287	2160768	2161111	2161507	2162196	2163745	2163748	2164737	2164815	2166098	2166124	2166990	2167944	2171058	2172131	2172877	2173759
50	Initial (nt)	2156733	2157721	2159181	2159237	2160537	2160670	2161503	2162196	2163014	2163098	2164260	2164390	2165303	2165523	2166990	2167865	2169584	2170425	2171715	2172209	5759 2175283
	SEQ NO.		5740	5741	5742	5743	5744	5745	5745	5747	5748	5749	5750	5751	5752	5753	5754	5755	5756	5757	5758	
55	SEQ NO (DNA)	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259

5		uo	
10		Function	
15		Matched length	(20)
20		Identity Similarity Matched (%) (%)	
		Identity (%)	
25	linued)	ene	
30	Table 1 (continued)	Hamologaus gene	
35			
40		db Match	
		ORF	159
45		In tial Terminal	2175888
50		SEQ Intial	(a.a.) (III) (III) (1175888 5750 2175888
		SEQ NO	(a.a.) 5760
		i	- :-

۲	- 1	<u> </u>			\neg			Т	\top	T	\neg	7	Т		1	1	1	T	\neg		\neg
	Function			glucan 1,4-alpha-glucosidase or glucoamylase S1/S2 precursor		chromosome segregation protein	acylphosphatase		transcriptional regulator	hypothetical membrane protein			cation efflux system protein	formamidopyrimidine-DNA glycosylase	ribonuclease III	hypothetical protein	hypothelical protein	transport protein	ABC transporter	hypothetical protein	
	Matched length (a.a.)			1144		1206	92		305	257			188	285	221	176	238	559	541	388	
	Similarity (%)			46.2		72.6	73.9		0.09	73.5			76.6	66.7	76.5	62.5	76.9	55.6	58.8	62.6	
	Identity (%)			22.4		48.3	51.1		23.9	39.3			46.8	36.1	40.3	35.8	50.0	28.3	26.6	35.3	
lable I (collinace)	Homologous gene			Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YIR019C sta1		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2922c smc	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2922.1C		Escherichia coli K12 yfeR	Mycobacterium leprae MLCL581,28c			Dichelobacter nodosus gep	Escherichia coli K12 mutM or fog	Bacillus subtilis 168 rncS	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2926c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2927c	Streptomyces verticillus	Escherichia coli K12 cydC	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SC9C7.02	
	db Match			sp:AMYH_YEAST		sp:Y06B_MYCTU	sp.ACYP_MYCTU		sp:YFER_ECOU	pir:S72748			gp:DNINTREG_3	sp:FPG_ECOLI	pir:869693	sp:Y06F_MYCTU	sp:Y06G_MYCTU	prf:2104260G	Sp.CYDC_ECOLI	gp:SC9C7_2	
	ORF (bp)	159	702	3393	963	3465	282	1854	858	931	183	447	615	858	741	534	789	1644	1530	1122	441
	Terminal (nt)	2175888	2177103	 	2181880	2179628	2183110	2183405	2185351	2187129	2187342	2187233	2187692	2188313	2189166	2189906	2190540	2193165	2194694	2198004	2198007
	In tial (nt)	2176046	2176402	2179502	2180918	2183092	2183391	2185258	2186208		2187160	2187679	2188306	2189170	2189906		2191328	2191522			2198447
	SEQ.	5760		_	5763	5764	5765	5766	5767	5768	5769	5770	5771	5772	5773	57.74	5775	5778		5778	5779
	SEQ NO.	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279

5	Function	hypothetical protein	peplidase	sucrose transport protein		molecularin phoenhorulaes /	glycogen phosphorylase	hypothetical protein	prolipoprotein diacylglyceryl transferase	indole-3-glycerol-phosphate synthase / anthranilate synthase component II	hypothetical membrane protein	phosphoribosyl-AMP cyclohydrolase	cyclase	inositol monophosphate phosphatase	phosphoribosylformimino-5- aminoimidazole carboxamide ribotide isomerase	glutamine amidotransferase	chloramphenicol resistance protein or transmembrane transport protein
15	Matched length	i	353	133			814	295	264	169	228	68	258	241	245	210	402
20	Similarity (%)	43.7	64.3	51.9			67.4	66.4	65.5	62.1	58.8	79.8	97.7	94.0	97.6	92.4	54.0
	Identity (%)	21.0	32.9	27.1			36.1	33.9	31.4	29.6	29.4	52.8	97.3	94.0	95.9	86.7	25.6
25 G			O				<u>a</u>		JA 485		sis	ATCC	mno	mmo	wn:	E D	cmIR
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous ginne	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM0896	Campylobacter jejuni ATCC 43431 hipO	Arabidopsis thaliana SUC1			Thermococcus litoralis malP	Bacillus subtilis 168 yfiE	Staphylococcus aureus FDA 485	Emericella nidulans trpC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1610	Rhodobacter sphaeroides ATCC 17023 hisl	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 hisF	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 impA	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 hisA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 FisH	Streptomyces lividans 66 cmlR
<i>40</i>	db Match	pir.A72322	SP:HIPO_CAMJE	pir.S38197			prf.2513410A	SD: YFIE BACSU		7	pir:H70556	sp:HIS3_RHOSH	sp:HIS6_CORG	prf.2419176B	gp.AF051846_1	gp:AF060558_1	sp:CMLR_STRLI
	ORF		1263	336	135	276	2550	900	948	801	657	354	774	825	738	633	1266
45	Terminat	2199758	2201070	2201073	2201450	2201594	2201992	2204591	2207302	2208367	2209232	2209920	2210273	2211051	2211882	2212641	2214321
50	Initial	(nt) 2198475	2199808	2201408	2201584	2201869	2204541	2205497	2208249	2209167	2209888	2210273	2211046	2211875	2212619	2213273	2215586
	SEQ	-10	5781	5782		5784	5825	57BB	5787		5789	5790	5791	5792	5793	5794	5795
55	SEO	— :—-		2282	2283	2284	2285	2386	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295

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5		_		sphate		ıse	otein			d phosphatase		enzyme			ogenase	eron represso	ATP-binding ABC				
10		Function		imidazoleglycerol-phosphate dehydratase	histidinol-phosphate aminotransferase	histidinol dehydrogenase	serine-rich secreted protein			histidine secretory acid phosphatase	tet repressor protein	glycogen debranching enzyme	hypothetical protein	oxidoreductase	myo-inositol 2-dehydrogenase	galactitol utilization operon repressor	ferrichrome transport ATP-binding protein or ferrichrome ABC transporter	hemin permease	iron-binding protein	iron-binding protein	hypothetical protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)		198	362	439	342			211	204	722	258	268	343	329	246	332	103	182	113
20		Similarity (%)		81.8	79.3	85.7	54.4			59.7	60.8	75.5	76.0	55.2	6.09	64.4	68.3	71.1	68.0	9.79	73.5
		Identity (%)		52.5	57.2	63.8	27.2			29.4	28.9	47.4	50.0	29.9	35.0	30.4	32.9	36.8	30.1	34.6	38.1
25	ntinued)	gene		olor A3(2)	olor A3(2)	gmatis	es ротbe			ni SAcP-1	smid RP1	darius treX	ercutosis	olor A3(2)	oti idhA	galR	fhuC		yvrC	yvrC	2 ytfH
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) hisB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) hisC	Mycobacterium smegmatls ATCC 607 hisD	Schizosaccharomyces pombe SPBC215.13			Leishmania donovani SAcP-1	Escherichia coli plasmid RP1 tetR	Sulfolobus acidocaldarius treX	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2622	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC2G5.27c gip	Sinorhizobium meliloti idhA	Escherichia coli K12 galR	Bacillus subtilis 168 fhuC	Vibrio cholerae hutC	Bacillus subtilis 168 yvrC	Bacillus subtilis 168 yvrC	Escherichia coli K12 ytfH
35					İ					٦	m to	เร	ΣÏ	ळळ	S		-	>	œ.	Ö	
40		db Match		sp:HIS7_STRCO	sp:HIS8_STRCO	sp:HISX_MYCSM	gp:SPBC215_13			pri:2321269A	pir.RPECR1	prf.2307203B	pir.E70572	gp:SC2G5_27	prf.2503399A	Sp.GALR_ECOLI	sp:FHUC_BACSU	prf:2423441E	pir:G70046	pir:G70046	SP:YTFH_ECOLI
		ORF (bp)	225	909	1098	1326	1200	651	309	642	561	2508	801	774	1011	966	798	1038	348	594	441
45		Terminal (nt)	2215639	2215869	2216494	2217600	2220358	2220459	2221919	2221187	2222518	2225035	2225949	2225990	2226769	2228901	2229099	2229900	2230947	2231339	2232016
50		Initial (1r)	2215863	2216474	2217591	2218925	2219159	2221109	2221611	2221828	2221958	2222528	2225149	2226763	2227779	2227906	2229896	2230937		2231932	
		SEQ NO.	5796	5797	5798	5799	5800	5801	5805	5803	5804	5805		5807	5808			5811		5813	
55		SEQ NO.	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	DNA polymerase III epsilon chain		maltooligosyl trehalose synthase	hypothetical protein					alkanal monooxygenase alpha chain	hypothetical protein		maltooligosyltrehalose trehalohydrolase	hypothetical protein	threonine dehydratase			Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019	DNA polymerase III	chloramphenicol sensitive protein	histidine-binding protein precursor	hypothetical membrane protein
15	Matched tength (a.a)	355		814	322					375	120		568	214	436			415	1183	279	149	198
20	Similarity (%)	50.1		68.6	52.6					54.4	79.2		72.4	72.4	99.3			49.6	80.5	73.8	55.7	64.7
	Identity (%)	23.4		42.0	27.6					20.5	58.3		46.3	36.5	99.3			22.7	53.3	37.6	21.5	22.7
25 (panu	ene	or A3(2)		reY	งกร					cens	or A3(2)		.eZ		тісит			netE	or A3(2)	ırD	272 hisJ	s AF2388
% Table 1 (continued)	Homologaus gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCI8.12		Arthrobacter sp. Q36 treY	Deinococcus radiodurans DR1631					Photorhabdus luminescens ATCC 29999 luxA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC7H2.05		Arthrobacter sp. Q36 treZ	Bacillus subtilis 168	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ilvA			Catharanthus roseus metE	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) dnaE	Escherichia coli K12 rarD	Campylobacter jejuni DZ72 hisJ	Archaeoglobus fulgidus AF2388
40	db Match	gp:SCI8_12		pir S65769	gp:AE002006_4					sp:UXA1_PHOLU	gp:SC7H2_5		pir.S65770	sp:YVYE_BACSU	sp:THD1_CORGL			pir.S57636	prf 2508371A	sp:RARD_ECOLI	sp:HISJ_CAMJE (pir:D69548
	ORF (bp)	1143	909	2433	1023	399	198	189	1056	1044	378	231	1785	651	1308	507	156	1203	3582	840	468	918
45	Terminal (nt)	2234070	2234763	2237284	2238353	2238694	2239845	2240058	2239508	2241724	2241738	2242129	2244819	2242393	2244864	2246892	2246295	2247006	2248358	2252856	2253659	2254642
50	Initial (nt)	2232928	2234158	2234852	2237331	2239092	2240042	2240246	2240563	2240681	2242115	2242359	2243035	2243043	2246171	2246386	2246450	2248208	2251939	5833 2252017	5834 2253192	2253725
	SEQ NO.	5815	5816	5817	5818	5819	5820	5821	5822	5823	5824	5825	5826	5827	5828	5829	5830	5831	5832	5833	5834	5835
55	SEQ NO (DNA)	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335

5	Function	rogenase or Mein	DAP)			ubunit nthase D	peptidase		istance protein		ain		ucible protein P	brane protein	gulator		ein	nthetase		
10	Fun	short chain dehydrogenase or general stress protein	diaminopimolate (DAP) decarboxylase	cysteine synthase		ribosomal large subunit pseudouridine synthase	lipoprotein signal peptidase		oleandomycin resistance protein		hypothetical protein	L-asparaginase	DNA-damage-inducible protein P	hypothetical membrane protein	transcriptional regulator		hypothetical protein	isoleucyl-tRNA synthetase		
15	Matched length (a.a.)	280	445	314		326	154		550		158	321	371	286	334		212	1066		
20	Similarity (%)	80.0	47.6	64.3		61.0	61.7		64.0		57.6	62.0	60.7	61.5	73.1		67.0	65.4		
	Identity (%)	48.2	22.9	32.8		36.5	33.8		36.4		36.7	31.2	31.8	31.5	44.3		42.0	38.5		
25 (panuji	ene	daD	nosa lysA	s CH34		Onl	scens NCIB		ticus oleB		polis orf17		dinP	ybiF	ilor A3(2)		olor A3(2)	visiae 1		
% Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis 168 ydaD	Pseudomonas aeruginosa lysA	Alcaligenes eutrophus CH34 cysM		Escherichia coli K12 rluD	Pseudomonas fluorescens NCIB 10585 lspA		Streptomyces antibioticus oleB		Rhodococcus erythropolis orf17	Bacillus licheniformis	Escherichia coli K12 dinP	Escherichia coli K12 ybiF	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF51.06		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF51.05	Saccharomyces cerevisiae A364A YBL076C ILS1		
35 40	db Malch	sp.GS39_BACSU	sp:DCDA_PSEAE	sp:CYSM_ALCEU		sp:RLUD_ECOLI	sp:LSPA_PSEFL		pir.S67863		prf.2422382P	Sp:ASPG_BACLI	Sp.DINP_ECOLI	sp:YBIF_ECOLI	gp:SCF51_6		gp:SCF51_5	sp:SYIC_YEAST		
	ORF (bp)	876	1287	951	579	930	534	1002	1650	303	909	975	1401	858	1002	132	627	3162	216	1095
45	Terminal (nt)	2254683	2255738	2258362	2259421	2260002	2260934	2262689	2264499	2265298	2264509	2266394	2266897	2268388	2269260	2270435	2270258	2270988	2274473	2274767
50	Initial (nt)	2255558	2257024	2259312	2259999		2261467	2261688		2264996		2265420	2268297	2269245	2270261	2270304	2270884	2274149	2274688	2275861
	SEO NO.	5836	5837	5838	5839		5841	5842						5848	-	5850		5852	5853	5854
55	SEQ NO.	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346		2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354

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	Function	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein (putative YAK 1 protein)	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	cell division protein	cell division initiation protein or cell division protein	UDP-N-acetylmuramatealanine ligase	UDP-N-acetylglucosamine-N- acetylmuramyl-(pentapeptide) pyrophosphoryl-undecaprenol N- acetylglucosamine pyrophosphoryl- undecaprenol N-acetylglucosamine	cell division protein	UDP-N-acetylmuramoylalanine-D- glutamate ligase			phospho-n-acetylmuramoyl- pentapeptide	UDP-N-acetylmuramoylalanyl-D- glutamyl-2,6-diaminopimelate-D- alanyl-D-alanyl ligase
	Matched length (a.a.)	82	152	221	246	117	442	222	486	372	490	110			365	494
	Similarily (%)	73.2	99.3	9.66	100.0	51.0	98.6	100.0	93.8	99.5	99.6	99.1			63.8	64.2
<u> </u>	Identity (%)	46.3	99.3	97.7	99.2	39.0	98.6	9.66	99.4	98.9	99.4	99.1			38.6	35.0
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2146c	Brevibacterium lactofermentum orf6	Corynebacterium glutamicum	Brevibacterium lactofermentum yfih	Mus musculus P4(21)n	Brevibacterium lactofermentum fts.2	Corynebacterium glutamicum ftsQ	Corynebacterium glutamicum murC	Brevibacterium lactofermentum ATCC 13869 murG	Brevibacterium lactofermentum ATCC 13869 ftsW	Brevibacterium lactofermentum ATCC 13869 murD			Escherichia coli K12 mraY	Escherichia coli K12 murF
[db Match	pir:F70578	gp:BLFTSZ_6	sp:YFZ1_CORGL	prf.2420425C	GP.AB028868_1	sp:FTSZ_BRELA	gsp:W70502	gp:AB015023_1	gp:BLA242646_3	gp:BLA242646_2	gp:BLA242646_1			sp:MRAY_ECOLI	sp:MURF_ECOLI
	CRF (bp)	285	456	663	738	486	1326	999	1458	1116	1650	468	384	333	1098	1542
!	Terminal (nt)	2276353	2276881	2277416	2278122	2279640	2278890	2280470	2281166	2282661	2283782	2285437	2286655	2286831	2286862	2287969
:	Initial (nt)	2276637	2277336	2276078	2278859	2279155	5860 2280215	2281135	2282623	2283776	2285431	2285904	2286272	2286499	2287959	2289510
	SEQ NO.	5855	5856	5857	5858	5859	5860	5861	5862	5863	5864	5865	5866	5867	586B	5869
	SEQ NO.	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2358	2369

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	חו	oytalanyl-D- pimelate-D-	lein	tein			ine protein				hydrofolate	nsferase	ane protein			ain kinase		ane protein
10	Function	UDP-N-acetylmuramoylalanyl-D- glutamyl-2,6-diaminopimelate-D- alanyl-D-alanyl ligase	penicilin binding protein	penicillin-binding protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	5, 10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase	dimethylallyltranstransferase	hypothetical membrane protein		hypothetical protein	eukaryotic-type protain kinase		hypothetical membrane protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	491	57	650		323	143	137		190	303	329	484		125	684		411
20	Similarity [%)	67.6	100.0	58.8		79.3	88.8	69.3		65.3	70.6	62.0	9.69		68.8	62.4		58.4
	Identity (%)	37.7	100.0	28.2		55.1	72.0	39.4		36.3	42.6	30.1	35.7		43.2	34.2		30.7
25 9		l w	entum	за рррВ		osis		osis			326	(1050			osis	A3(2)		
s & Continued)	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis 168 murE	Brevibacterium lactofermentum ORF2 pbp	Pseudomonas aeruginosa pbpB		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2165c	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB268, 11c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2169c		Mycobacterium leprae MLCB268.13	Streptomyces lividans 1326 metF	Myxococcus xanthus DK1050 ORF1	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB268.17		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2175c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) pkaF		Mycobacterium leprae MLCB268.23
35	db Match	sp:MURE_BACSU	GSP:Y33117	pir:S54872		pir:A70581	gp:MLCB268_11	pir:C70935		gp:MLCB268_13	sp:METF_STRLI	pir.S32168	gp:MLCB268_16		pir.A70936	gp:AB019394_1		gp:MLCB268_21
	ORF (bp)	1551	225	1953	795	1011	429	387	423	573	978	1113	1470	507	369	2148	651	1236
45	Terminal (nt)	2289523	2290973	2291212	2293323	2294117	2295376	2296512	2297231	2298438	2298451	2300636	2302175	2302685	2302251	2304980	2303040	<u>i </u>
50	Initial (nt)	2291073	2291197	2293164	2294117	2295127	2295804	2296898	2297653		2299428	2299524	2300706	2302179	<u> </u>	2302833	2303690	
	SEO No	5870	5871	5872	5873	5874	5875	5876	5877	5878	5879	5880	5881	5882		5884	5885	
55	SEQ	(DNA) 2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2277	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386

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	Function	hypothetical membrane protein	3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptulosonate-7- phosphate synthase	l protein	hypothetical membrane protein	major secreted protein PS1 protein precutsor		***************************************	hypothetical membrane protein	ase	nsferase	protein P60 precursor (invasion- associated-protein)	protein P60 precursor (invasion- associated-protein)	ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase cytochrome b subunit	ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase iron-sultur subunit (Rieske (eFe-2S) iron-sultur protein cyoB	ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase cytochrome c
		hypothetica	3-deoxy-D-arabino-h phosphate synthase	hypothetical protein	hypothetica	major secre precursor			hypothetica	acyltransferase	glycosyl transferase	protein P60 precurs associated-protein)	protein P60 precurs associated-protein)	ubiquinol-cytochrome cytochrome b subunit	ubiquinol-cy iron-sulfur s iron-sulfur p	ubiquinol-cyto cytochrome c
	Matched length (a.a.)	434	462	166	428	440			249	245	383	296	191	201	203	278
	Similarity (%)	62.0	87.9	7.77	64.5	57.1			100.0	100.0	75.7	8.09	61.3	64.7	57.1	83.1
	Identity (%)	30.4	6.99	58.4	35.1	28.2			100.0	100.0	50.1	26.4	33.0	34.3	37.9	58.6
Table 1 (continued)	Homolagous gene	Mycobacterium Iuberculosis H37Rv Rv2181	Amycolatopsis mediterranei	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB268.21c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2181	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1			Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G10.05c	Listeria ivanovii iap	Listeria grayi iap	Heliobacillus mobilis petB	Streptomyces lividans qcrA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2194 qcrC
	db Match	pir.G70936	gp:AF260581_2	gp:MLCB268, 20	pir:G70936	sp:CSP1_CORGL			gp:AF096280_3	gp:AF096280_2	gp:SC6G10_5	sp:P60_LISIV	sp:P60_LISGR	prf.2503462K	gp:AF107888_1	sp:Y005_MYCTU
	ORF (bp)	1308	1386	504	2418	1449	204	177	1188	735	1143	1047	627	1602	672	885
	Terminat (nt)	2307621	2307697	2309173	2312252	2313808	2314036	2313915	2314236	2315678	2317633	2318804	2319968	2321472	2323088	2324311
	tnitial (nt)	2306314	2309082	2309676	2309835	2312360	2313833	2314092	2315423	2316412	2318775	2319850	2320594	2323073	2323759	2325195
Į.	SEQ NO. (a.a.)	5887	5888	5889	5890	5891	5892	5893	5894	5895	5896	5897	5898	5899	2900	5901
	SEQ NO. (DNA)	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401

EP 1 108 790 A2

dihydrolipoamide acetyltransferase

691 97

68.5 67.0

48.9

Streptomyces seculensis pdhB Saccharopolyspora erythraea ORF1

gp:AF047034_2

2025

234:293

2417 2416

prf:2110282A

393

2338748

2339140

5916

40.2

lipoyltransferase

210

65.7

36.7

Arabidopsis thaliana

gp:AB020975_1

753 1365

2418 | 5918 | 2340804 | 233944U | 2419 | 5919 | 2341412 | 2342164

hypothetical protein

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5	Function	cytochrome c oxidase subunit III		hypothetical membrane protein	cytochrome c oxidase subunit II	glutarnine-dependent amidotransferase or asparagine synthetase (lysozyme insensitivity protein)	hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	cobinamide kinase	nicolinate-nucleotide dimethylbenzimidazole phosphoribosyltransferase	cobalamin (5'-phosphate) synthase		clavulanate-9-aldehyde reductase	branched-chain amino acid aminotransferase	leucyl aminopeptidase
15	th (1														
	Matched length (a.a.)	188		145	317	640	114	246	172	341	305		241	364	493
20	Similarity (%)	7.07		71.0	53.9	8.66	100.0	60.2	64.0	6.99	49.8		68.5	70.3	62.9
	Identity (%)	36.7		38.6	28.7	99.7	100.0	35.0	43.0	37.8	25.3		38.6	40.1	36.3
52 (continued)	Homologous gene	s vulcanus		tuberculosis c	Rhodobacter sphaeroides ctaC	m glutamicum	m glutamicum	leprae	Rhodobacter capsulatus cobP	denitríficans	Pseudomonas denitrificans cobV		lavutigerus car	BCAT1	putida ATCC
·	H:omolo	Synechococcus vulcanus		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2199c	Rhodobacter sp	Corynebacterium glutamicum KY9611 IIsA	Corynebacterium glutamicum KY9611 orf1	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB22.07	Rhodobacter ca	Pseudomonas denitrificans cobU	Pseudomonas		Streptomyces clavuligerus car	Mus musculus BCAT1	Pseudomonas putida ATCC 12633 pepA
40	db Match	sp:COX3_SYNVU		sp:Y00A_MYCTU	sp.COX2_RHOSH	120 gp: AB029550_1	gp:AB029550_2	gp:MLCB22_2	pir.S52220	sp.coBU_PSEDE	sp.COBV_PSEDE		prf 2414335A	sp:ILVE_MYCTU	1500 gp:PPU010261_1
	CRF (bp)	615 5	153	429 s	1077 s	1920 9	342 g	768 9	522 p	1089 s	921 s	237	714 p	1137 s	1500 g
45	lernina (nt)	2325273	2326121	2326472	2326921	2330435	2330586	2331967	2332495	2333600	2334535	2334481	2335028	2335915	2338734
50	Initial (nt)	2325887	2326273	2326900	2327997	5906 2328516	2330927	2331200	5909 2331974	2332512	2333615	5912 2334717	2335741	2337051	2337235
	SEQ NO.		5903	5904	5905	5906	5907	2908		5910	5911	. –	5913	5914	5915
55	SEQ NO.	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415

162

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	hetase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	3Cg2)		hypothetical membrane protein		lomain protein	otein		alkanal monooxygenase alpha chain (bacterial luciferase alpha chain)	is inhibitor iation inhibitor)			4-hydroxyphenylacetate permease	transmembrane transport protein	transmembrane transport protein		
10	u_	lipoic acid synthetase	hypothetical me	hypothetical me	(ransposase (ISCg2)		hypothetical me		mutator mutT domain protein	hypothetical protein		alkanal monoo: (bacterial lucife	protein synthesis inhibitor (translation initiation inhibitor)			4-hydroxyphen	transmembrane	transmembrane		
15	Matched length (a.a.)	285	257	559	401		157		145	128	:	220	111			433	158	118		
20	Similarity (%)	6.07	76.7	8.79	100.0		63.7		44.0	65.6		6.09	73.0	_		53.4	72.8	66.1		
	Identity (%)	44.6	45.5	32.9	100.0		41.4		31.0	36.7		25.0	40.5			21.9	42.4	31.4		
25 (Juliuned	gene	cus GRA BD	rculosis	yidE	ıtamicum		olor A3(2)			a MSB8			a MSB8			×	olor A3(2)	olor A3(2)		
% % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	Homologous gene	Pelobacter carbinolicus GRA BD 1 lipA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2219	Escherichia coli K12 yidE	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 tnp		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5F7.04c			Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM1010		Vibrio harveyi luxA	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM0215			Escherichia coli hpaX	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCGD3.10c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCGD3 10c		
40	db Match	sp.LIPA_PELCA	sp:Y00U_MYCTU	sp:YIDE_ECOLI	gp.AF189147_1		gp:SC5F7_34			pir.B72308		sp:LUXA_VIBHA	pir:A72404			prf:2203345H	gp:SCGD3_10	gp:SCGD3_10		
	ORF (bp)	1044	780	1617	1203	300	471	213	975	399	900	849	393	243	261	1323	561	444	195	405
45	Terminal (nt)	2343347	2344258	2346047	2346289	2347804	2348078	2350408	2351996	2350912	2351310	2352828	2353225	2355398	2355180	2356843	2357354	2357707	2357290	2358130
50	Initiat (nt)	2342304	2343479	2344431	2347491	2347505	2348548	2350620	2351022	2351310	2351909	2351980	2352833	2355156	2355440	2355521	2356794	2357264	2357484	2357726
	SEQ NO. (a.a.)	5920	5921	5922	5923	5924	5925	5926	5927	5928	5929	5930	5931	5932	5933	5934	5935	5936	5937	5938
55	SEO NO. (DNA)	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function			nia-ligase se	ase	in	in	sin		ited protein		in (ribonuclease H erate mutase)		ein	ein	e phosphatase	eight protein- stase	ein	1 (1S402)
10		Fun		heme oxygenase	glutamate-ammonia-ligase adenylyttransferase	glutamine synthetase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	galactokinase	virulence-associated protein		bifunctional protein (ribonuclease and phosphoglycerate mutase)		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	phosphoglycolate phosphalase	low molecular weight protein- tyrosine-phosphatase	hypothetical protein	insertion element (1S402)
15	Matched	length (a.a.)		214	608	441	392	601	54	374	358		382		249	378	204	156	281	129
20		Similarity (%)		78.0	67.0	73.0	54.1	58.2	55.6	53.7	54.5		75.1		58.6	76.2	54.4	63.5	65.5	56.6
		Identity (%)		57.9	43.4	43.5	26.8	33.4	38.9	24.9	27.1		54.7		26.5	49.2	26.0	46.2	40.9	32.6
<i>25</i>	lineco)	ane ane		heriae C7	or A3(2)	MSB8	or A3(2)	ulosis	or A3(2)				ulosis		ulosis	ulosis	hdı	or A3(2)	ulosis	
30 + O	IdDIC 1 (colu	Homologous gene		Corynebacterium diphtheriae C7 hmuO	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) ginE	Thermotoga maritima MSB8 ginA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE9.39c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2226	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCC75A, 11c.	Homo sapiens galK1	Brucella abortus vacB		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2228c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2229c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2230c	Escherichia coli K12 gph	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCQ11.04c ptpA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2235	Burkholderia cepacia
40		db Match		Sp:HMUO_CORDI h	gp:SCY17736_4	sp:GLNA_THEMA g	gp:SCE9_39	Sp.Y017_MYCTU	gp:SCC75A_11	SP.GAL1 HUMAN	1645_1		sp:Y019_MYCTU		sp:Y01A_MYCTU	sp:Y01B_MYCTU	Sp.GPH_ECOLI	STRCO	sp:Y01G_MYCTU	sp:YI21_BURCE
		ORF (bp)	543	645 \$	3135 9	1338 s	1104 g	1827 s	180	1293 s			1146	729		1140	554	471	954	393
45		Terminal (nt)	2358153	2358772	2359614	2362818	2365455	2367413	2367473	2369083	2369116	2370908	2371412	2373289	2372573	2373323	2375197	2375684	2376720	2376998
50		Initial (nt)	2358695	2359416	2362748	2364155	2364352	2365587	2367652	2367791				2372561		2374462	2374544		2375767	5956 2377390
		SEO NO.	5939	5940	5941	5942	5943	5944	5945	5946	5947	5948		5950		5952	5953		5955	
55		SEO NO. (DNA)	2439		2441	2442	2443	2444	2445	2446	2447	2448	2449	2450	2451	2452	2453	2454	2455	2456

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5	Function		transcriptional regulator		hypothetical protein		pyruvate dehydrogenase component		ABC transporter or glutamine transport ATP-binding protein		ribose transport system permease protein	hypothetical protein	calcium binding protein		lipase or hydrolase	acyl carier protein	N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate deacetylase	hypothetical protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)		135		134	\neg	910		261		283	286	125		352	. 75	253	289	
20	Similarity (%)		57.8		77.6		78.9		62.8		58.7	62.9	55.2		55.7	0.08	75.5	65.7	
	Identity (%)		30.4		55.2		55.9		33.7		25.4	26.2	41.6		29.6	42.7	43.9	33.6	
25 (panujun	, gene		color A3(2)		erculosis		lensis pdhA		2 glnQ		3 rbsC	kii Madrid E	ideum AX2		color A3(2)	xanthus ATCC	2 nagC	durans	
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Streptomyces caelicolor A3(2) SCBF4,22c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2239c		Streptomyces seoutensis pdhA		Escherichia coli K12 glnQ		Bacillus subtilis 168 rbsC	Rickettsia prowazekii Madrid E RP367	Dictyostelium discoideum AX2 cbpA		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G4.24	Myxococcus xanth 25232 acpP	Escherichia coli K12 nagD	Deinococcus radiodurans DR1192	
35			<i>3</i> 5 55				4 St	 i			BACSU B	α α					ECOLI		
40	db Match		gp:SC8F4_22		sp:Y01K_MYCTU		gp:AF047034		sp.GLNQ_ECOLI		sp:RBSC_BA(pir:H71693	sp:CBFA_D(CD)		gp:SC6G4_24	sp.ACP_MYXXA	sp:NAGD_EC	gp:AEC01968_4	
	ORF (bp)	243	378	198	429	345	2712	1476	789	963	888	939	810	372	1014	291	825	1032	47.1
45	Terminal (nt)	2377484	2378276	2378489	2378884	2379770	2382744	2380765	2382827	2385426	2383622	2384509	2386580	2385913	2386614	2387957	2388821	2389869	2390434
50	Initial (nt)	2377726	2377899	2378292	2379312	2379426	2380033	2382240	2383615	2384464		2385447	2385771	2386284	2387627	2387667	2387997	2388838	2390904
	SEQ NO (a.a.)	5957	5958	5959	2960	5961	5965		5964	5965		5967	5968	5969	5970	5971	5972	5973	5974
55	SEQ NO.	2457	2458	2459	2460	2461	2462	2463	2464	2465	2466	2467	2468	2469	2470	2471	2472	2473	2474

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	hypothetical protein						alkaline phosphatase D precursor		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		DNA primase	ribonuclease Sa			L-glutamine: D-fructose-6-phosphate amidotransferase			deoxyguanosinetriphosphate triphosphohydrolase	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	271					寸	530		594	89		633	98			969			414	171
20	Similarity (%)	75.3						64.7		73.1	72.1		82.9	67.4			82.2			76.3	59.7
	Identity (%)	52.4						34.2		44.4	41.2		59.1	49.0			59.1			54.6	30.4
25 (continued) 1 able 1	Homologous gene	oelicator A3(2)						168 phoD		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCI51.17	tuberculosis		smegmatis	Streptomyces aureofaciens BMK			ısmegmatis			Mycobacterium smegmatis dgt	Neisseria meningitidis NMA0251
	Homolo	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SC4A7.08			:			Bacillus subtilis 168 phoD		Streptomyces o	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2342		Mycobacterium smegmatis dnaG	Streptomyces			Mycobacterium smegmatis mc2155 glmS			Мусоbacterium	Neisseria meni
40	db Match	gp:SC4A7_8						sp:PPBC_BACSU		gp:SCI51_1/	pir:G70661	1	pri:2413330B	gp:XXU39467_1			gp:AF058788_1			prf.2413330A	gp:NMA1Z2491_23
	ORF (bp)	825 96	492	771	246	465	342		714	92	240 pi	675	1899 pi	462 gl	243	929	1869 9	324	1152	1272 pi	675 9
45	Terminal (nt)	2391184	2392075	2392579	2393970	2393973	2394935	:	2395273	2399099	2399397	2399668	 	2401834	2402080	2402530	2402144	2404846	2406822	2404987	2406262
50	Initial (nt)	2392008	2392566	2393349	2393425	2394437	2394594		2395986	2397264	2399158	2400342		2401373	2401838	2403165	2404012	2404523	2405571		2406936
	SEQ.	5975	9265		5978	5979	5980		5982	5983	5984	5985		5987	5988	5989	5990	5991	5992	5993	5994
5 5	SEO	2475	2476	2477	2478	2479	2480	2481	2482	2483	2484	2485	2486	2487	2488	2489	2490	2491	2492	2493	2494

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		glycyl-tRNA synthetase	bacterial regulatory protein, arsR family	ferric uptake regulation protein	hypothetical protein (conserved in C. glutamicum?)	hypothetical membrane protein	undecaprenyl diphosphate synthase	hypothetical protein	Era-like GTP-binding protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	Neisserial polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	phosphate starvation inducible protein	hypothetical protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)	692	138	1	508	89	132	529	224	233	245	296	432	157	85	344	248	
20	Similarity (%)	63.6	54.4		6.69	73.0	70.5	46.7	67.0	71.2	74.3	70.3	82.4	86.0	50.0	84.6	75.4	
	Identity (%)	31.1	24.6		46.1	49.4	34.9	24.8	40.6	43.4	45.7	39.5	52.8	0.59	45.0	61.1	44.0	
25 ontinued)	s gene	erculosis	gaster		НВ8	vercutosis B	2 fur	serculosis	icolor A3(2)	s B-P 26 uppS	oerculosis .	umoniae era	berculosis	berculosis	tidis	berculosis hoH	licolor A3(2)	
6 Table 1 (continued)	Homalogous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2345	Drosophila melanogaster CG10592		Thermus aquaticus HB8	Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv2358 furB	Escherichia coli K12 fur	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1128c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) h3u	Micrococcus luteus B-P 26 uppS	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2362c	Streptococcus pneumoniae era	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2366	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2367c	Neisseria meningitidis	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2368c phoH	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SCC77.19c.	
35		ΣI			-	≥I		ZI		MICLU	21		i					
40	db Match	pir.B70662	gp:AE003565_26		pir. S58522	pir.E70585	Sp.FUR_ECOLI	pir.A70539	gp:AF162938_1	sp.UPPS_M	pir.A70586	gp:AF072811_1	sp:Y1DE_MYCTU	sp:YN67_MYCTU	GSP:Y75650	sp:PHOL_MYCTU	gp:SCC77_19	
	ORF (bp)	2037	486	582	1383	369	432	1551	792	729	726	915	1320	588	264	1050	723	942
45	Terminal (nt)	2409029	2409779	2410280	2410956	2412948	2413423	2415118	2415298	2416371	2417222	2417969	2418990	2420313	2421236	2420900	2421975	2423791
50	Initial (nt)	2406993	2410264	2410861			2412992		2416089	2417099		2418883	2420309	2420900	2420973	2421949	2422697	2422850
	SEQ NO.		5996	5997	5998	5999	0009	6001	6002	6003		6005		6007	6009	6009	6010	6011
55	SEQ NO	2495	2496	2497	2498	2499	2500	2501	2502	2503	2504	2505	2506	2507	2508	2509	2510	2511

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	Function	heat shock protein dnaJ	heat-inducible transcriptional repressor (groEL repressor)	oxygen-independent coproporphyrinogen III oxidase	agglutinin attachment subunit precursor			long-chain-fatty-acidCoA ligase	4-aipha-glucanotransferase	ABC transporter, Hop-Resistance protein	Neisserial polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics			peptidyl-dipeptidase	carboxylesterase	glycosyl hydrolase or trehalose synthase	hypothetical protein
	Matched length (a.a.)	380	334	320	134			611	738	604	89	107			069	453	594	449
	Similarity (%)	77.4	79.6	64.1	64.9			75.1	55.4	64.4	51.0	53.0			68.3	45.7	84.9	58.8
	Identity (%)	47.1	48.2	33.1	36.6			48.0	28.3	29.5	44.0	47.0			40.3	24.1	65.2	32.1
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces albus dnaJ2	Streptomyces albus hrcA	Bacillus stearothermophilus hemN	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YNR044W AGA1		-	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G10.04	Escherichia coli K12 malQ	Lactobacillus brevis plasmid horA	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	Neisseria meningitidis			Salmonella typhimurium dcp	Anisopteromalus calandrae	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0126	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0127
	db Match	prf:2421342B	prf:2421342A	prf.2318256A	sp:AGA1_YEAST			gp:SC6G10_4	sp:MALQ_ECOLI	gp:AB005752_1	GSP:Y74827	GSP:Y74829			sp:DCP_SALTY	gp:AF064523_1	pir:G70983	pir:H70983
	ORF (bp)	1146	1023	990	519	693	378	1845	2118	1863	255	333	180	204	2034	1179	1794	1089
	Terminal (nt)	2422700	2423915	2424965	2426699	2426776	2427807	2428184	2432413	2434370	2433614	2433875	2434440	2434573	2434805	2438049	2439906	2440994
	initial (nt)	2423845	2424937	2425954	2426181	2427468	2428184	2430028	2430296		2433868	2434207	2434619	2434776	2436838	2436871	2438113	6028 2439906
	SEO NO.		6013	6014	6015	6016	6017	6018	6019		6021	6022	6023	6024	6025	6026	6027	6028
	SEQ NO.			2514	2515	2516	2517	2518	2519	2520	252!	2522	2523	2524	2525	2526	2527	2528

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	isopentenyl-diphosphate Delta- isomerase						beta C-S tyase (degradation of aminoethylcysteine)	branched-chain amino acid transport system carrier protein (isoleucine uptake)	alkanal monooxygenase alpha chain		porter	se subunit	egulator		otein		heme-binding pratein A precursor (hemin-binding lipoprotein)	IC transporter	oort system sin	oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein
10	Ē.	isopentenyl-dipl isomerase						beta C-S Iyase (deg aminoethylcysteine)	branched-chain system carrier p uptake)	alkanal monoo		malonate transporter	glycolate oxidase subunit	transcriptional regulator		hypothetical protein		heme-binding protein A pre (hemin-binding lipoprotein)	oligopeptide ABC transporter (permease)	dipeptide transport system permease protein	oligopeptide tra protein
15	Matched tength (a.a.)	189						325	426	343		324	483	203		467		546	315	27.1	372
20	Similarity (%)	57.7						100.0	100.0	49.0		60.5	55.1	65.0		57.6		55.5	73.3	74.5	66.4
	Identity (%)	31.8						99.4	8.66	21.6		25.9	27.7	25.6		22.5		27.5	40.0	43.2	37.4
Table 1 (continued)	ons gene	reinhardtii ipi1						n glutamicum cD	n glutamicum nO	χĄ		neliloti mdcF	K12 glcD	K12 ydfH		imurium ygiK		luenzae Rd	168 appB	K12 dppC	K12 oppD
Table 1	Homologous gene	Chlamydomonas reinhardiii ipi1						Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 aecD	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 brnQ	Vibrio harveyi luxA		Sinorhizobium meliloti mdcF	Escherichia coli K12 glcD	Escherichia coli K12 ydfH		Salmonella typhimurium ygiK		Haemophilus influenzae Rd H10853 hbpA	Bacillus subtilis 168 appB	Escherichia coli K12 dppC	Escherichia coli K12 oppD
35	db Match	pir.T07979						gp:CORCSLYS_1	sp:BRNQ_CORGL	sp:LUXA_VIBHA		gp:AF155772_2	sp:GLCD_ECOLI	sp:YDFH_ECOLI		sp:YGIK_SALTY		sp.HBPA_HAEIN	sp:APPB_BACSU	sp.DPPC_ECOLI	pri.2306258MR
40	ORF (bp)	2	22	438	1755	099	19	LO.	1278 sp:E	978 sp:L	522	927 gp:/	2844 sp:C	711 sp:\	282	1347 sp:\	423	8	966 sp./	828 sp.C	37
45	Terminal O (h)	2441005 58	2441890 22	2442792 4	2441602 1	2443356 6	2444033 51	2445709 97	2446993 11	2447998 5	2450323	2450859 9	2451794 2	2455435 7	2455452 2	2455720 1	2457337 4	2459371 156	2460336	2461167 E	2462599 14
		+						!	1	-	!	!		 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		 	! -		
50	Initial (nt)	2441589	2441669	2442355	2443356	2444015	2444551	6035 2444735	2445716	7 2447021	3 2450844	9 2451785	6040 2454637	1 2454725	2 2455733	3 2457066	1 2457759	5 2457863	2459371	7 2460340	3 2461163
	SEQ NO.		6030	6031	6032	6033	6034	, 	6036	6037	6038	6039		6041	6042	6043	6044	6045	6046	6047	6048
55	SEQ NO.	2529	2530	2531	2532	2533	2534	2535	2536	2537	2538	2539	2540	2541	2542	2543	2544	2545	2546	2547	2548

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	Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	ribose kinase	hypothetical membrane protein		sodium-dependent transporter or odium Bite acid symporter family	apospory-associated protein C		thiamine biosynthesis protein x	hypothetical protein	glycine betaine transporter				large integral C4-dicarboxylate membrane transport protein	small integral C4-dicarboxylate membrane transport protein	C4-dicarboxylate-binding periplasmic protein precursor	extensin l	GTP-binding protein
	Matched length (a.a.)	106	157	300	466		284	295		133	197	601				448	118	227	46	603
	Similarity (%)	44.0	58.0	65.0	64.6		61.6	51.2		100.0	65.5	7.17				71.9	73.7	59.0	73.0	83.6
	Identity (%)	35.0	29.3	41.0	39.9		31.3	28.5		100.0	42.6	39.8				34.6	33.9	28.2	63.0	58.7
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE1580	Aquifex aeolicus VF5 aq_768	Rhizobium etli rbsK	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCM2.16c		Homo sapiens	Chlamydomonas reinhardtii		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 thiX	Mycobacteriophage D29 66	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 betP				Rhodobacter capsulatus dctM	Klebsiella pneumoniae dctO	Rhodobacter capsulatus B10 dctP	Lycopersicon esculentum (tomato)	Bacillus subtilis 168 lepA
i	db Match	PIR:G72536	pir.D70367	prt.2514301A	gp:SCM2_16		sp:NTCI_HUMAN	gp:AF195243_1		SP:THIX_CORGL	sp:VG66_BPMD	sp.BETP_CORGL				pri:2320266C	gp:AF186091_1	sp:DCTP_RHOCA	PRF:1806416A	sp.LEPA_BACSU
	ORF (bp)	507	549	903	1425	303	972	846	366	570	588	1890	966	1508	384	1311	480	747	243	1845
	Terminal (nt)	2461543	2462602	2464143	2465768	2465465	2466038	2467922	2470678	2472819	2472893	2475542	2477492	2479251	2479762	2479898	2481213	2481734	2484087	2482548
	Initial (nt)	2462049	2463150	2463241	2552 6052 2464344	2465767	6054 2467009	2467077	2470313	2472250	2473480	2473653	2476497	6061 2477644	6062 2479379	2563 6063 2481208	2481692	2482480	6066 2483845	2567 6067 2484392
	SEO NO.	6049	6050	6051	6052	6053	6054	6055	6056	2509	8058	6909	0909			6063	6064	6065		2909
	SEQ SEQ NO. NO.	2549	2550	2551	2552	2553	2554	2555	2556	2557	2558	2559	2560	2561	2562	2563	2564	2565	2566	2567

EP 1 108 790 A2

	T						Po Po	ed for										
10	Function	hypothetical protein	30S ribosomal protein S20	thrreonine efflux protein	ankyrin-like protein	hypothetical protein	late competence operon required for DNA binding and uptake	tate competence operon required for DNA binding and uptake		hypothetical protein	phosphoglycerate mutase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		gamma-glutamyl phosphate reductase or glutamate-5-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	D-isomer specific 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase		GTP-binding protein
		dy.	308	ŧ	a Ar	gy.	late ON	DN		hyp	됩	ξή	A A	_	gar red	ē ⊡	-	<u>6</u>
15	Matched length (a.a.)	185	85	210	129	313	527	195		273	235	117	197		432	304		487
20	Similarity (%)	69.7	72.9	67.1	80.6	74.1	49.7	63.6		66.3	66.4	86.3	85.3		8.66	100.0		78.2
	iden:ity (%)	41.6	48.2	30.0	61.2	46.0	21.4	30.8		34.8	46.8	55.5	68.0		99.1	99.3		58.9
25 (panuju	gene	rculosis	rpsT	rhtC	olor A3(2)	rculosis	comEC	comEA		olor A3(2)	rculosis	rculosis	olor A3(2)		utamicum	utamicum		olor A3(2)
So Salar Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv2405	Escherichia coli K12 rpsT	Escherichia coli K12 rhtC	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6D7.25.	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2413c	Bacillus subtilis 168 comEC	Baciltus subtilis 168 comEA		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCC123.07c.	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2419c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2420c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCC123.17c.		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 17965 proA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 17965 unkdh		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) obg
35		2.1		_	0, 0,	21	1	†		0,0,						†		
40	db Match	pir.H70683	Sp.RS20_ECOLI	SP.RHTC_ECOLI	gp:SC6D7_25	pir:H70684	sp:CME3_BACSU	sp:CME1_BACSU		gp:SCC123_7	pir.F70685	pir:G70685	gp:SCC123_17		sp:PROA_CORGL	sp:YPRA_CORGL		gp:D87915_1
	03F (dd)	609	261	699	405	975	1539	582	822	822	708	471	678	1023	1296	912	711	1503
45	Terminal (nt)	2485269	2485733	2485801	2486477	2486910	2487912	2489573	2491732	2490290	2491151	2491873	2492501	2493215	2494339	2495696	2497513	2498009
50	forteal (nt)	2484561	2485473		2486881	2487884	2489450	2490154	2490911	2491111	2491858	2492343	2493178	2494237	6081 2495634	2496607	2496803	2499511
	SEQ NO (a.a.)	<u> </u>	6909		6071	6072	6073	6074	6075	9209	2209	8209	6029	6080	6081	6082	6083	6084
55	SEQ NO.		2569		-	2572	2573	2574	2575		2577	2578	2579	2580	2581	2582	2583	2584

EP 1 108 790 A2

										_		_								
5	د		acid reductase			רבחר	n L21						n sequence			ate kinase				
10	Function	xanthine permease	2,5-diketo-D-gluconic acid reductase			50S ribosomal protein L27	50S ribosomal protein L21	ribonuclease E				hypothetical protein	Iransposase (insertion sequence IS31831)	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	nucleoside diphosphate kinase		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	422	276			91	101	986				195	436	117	143	134		92	112	118
20	Similarity (%)	77.3	81.9			92.6	82.2	56.6				82.6	100.0	76.9	67.8	9.58		67.4	64.3	68.6
	Identity (%)	39.1	61.2			80.3	56.4	30.1				61.0	99.1	51.3	37.8	70.9		34.8	36.6	33.9
25 (penuitu	gene	pbuX	, ATCC			us IFO13189	ıs IFO13189	2 rne				color A3(2)	utamicum	color A3(2)	color A3(2)	egmatis ndk		Jurans R1	erculosis	ercutosis
So Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis 168 pbuX	Corynebacterium sp. ATCC 31090			Streptomyces griseus IFO13189 rpmA	Streptomyces griseus IFO13189 obg	Escherichia coli K12 rne				Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF76.08c	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 31831	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF76.08c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF76.09	Mycobacterium smegmatis ndk		Deinococcus radiodurans R1 DR1844	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1883c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2446c
<i>35</i>	db Match	SD: PBUX BACSU	1			sp.RL27_STRGR	prf:2304263A	SP.RNE_ECOLI				gp:SCF76_8	pir:S43613	gp:SCF76_8	gp:SCF76_9	gp:AF069544_1		gp:AE002024_10	pir.H70515	pir,E70863
	ORF (bp)	-		621	396		303	2268	549	573	747	609	1308	378	450	408	380	342	465	423
45	Terminal (nt)	2501669	2501735	2503355	2504265	2503984	2504300	2504831	2507663	2507710	2508840	2509530	2509523	2511423	2511876	2511949	2512409	2513144	2513154	2513692
50	Initiat	2499783	2502577	2502735	2503870	2504247	2504602	2507098	6092 2507115	2507138	2508094		2510830	2511046	2511427	2512356	2512768		2513618	2514114
	SEO	(a.a.)	9809	6087	8809	6809	0609	6091	-+	6093	5094		9609	6097	8609	6609		6101	6102	6103
55	SEQ.	(DNA)		2587	2588	2589	2590	2591	2592	2593	2594	2595	2596	2597	2598	2599	2600	2601	2602	2603

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	folyl-polyglutamate synthetase				valyl-tRNA synthetase	oligopeptide ABC transport system substrate-binding protein	heat shock protein dnaK	lysine decarboxylase	malate dehydrogenase	transcriptional regulator	hypothetical protein	vanillate demethylase (oxygenase)	pentachlorophenol 4- monooxygenase reductase	transport protein	malonate transporter	class-III heat-shock protein or ATP-dependent protease	hypothetical protein	succinyl CoA.3-oxoadipate CoA transferase beta subunit	succinyl CoA:3-oxoadipate CoA transferase alpha subunit
15	Matched length (a a)	451				915	521	508	170	319	207	208	357	338	444	286	430	366	210	251
20	Similarity (%)	79.6				72.1	58.5	54.9	71.2	76.5	56.5	51.4	9.89	59.2	76.8	58.4	85.8	73.0	85.7	84.5
	Identity (%)	55.4				45.5	24.2	26.2	42.9	56.4	24.6	26.0	39.5	32.8	40.8	28.0	59.8	45.6	63.3	60.2
os (continued)	us gene	elicolor A3(2)				68 balS	68 oppA	68 dnaK	ans ATCC	us ATCC 33923	elicolar A3(2)	phA	vanA	ava ATCC	vanK	oniae mdcF	Χqt	elicotor A3(2)	. 2065 pcaJ	. 2065 pcal
Table 1	Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) folC				Bacillus subtilis 168 balS	Bacillus subtilis 168 oppA	Bacillus subtilis 168 dnaK	Eikenella corrodens ATCC 23824	Thermus aquaticus ATCC 33923 mdh	Streptomyces coelicolar A3(2) SC4A10.33	Vibrio cholerae aphA	Acinetobacter sp. vanA	Sphingomonas flava ATCC 39723 pcpD	Acinetobacter sp. vanK	Klebsiella pneumoniae mdcF	Bacillus subtilis clpX	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCF55.28c	Streptomyces sp.	Streptomyces sp. 2065 pcal
35	db Match	prf.2410252B				sp:SYV_BACSU	pir.A38447	sp.DNAK_BACSU	gp:ECU89166_1	Sp:MDH_THEFL	gp:SC4A10_33	gp:AF065442_1	prf.2513416F	gp.FSU12290_2	prf.2513416G	gp:KPU95087_7	prf:2303274A	gp:SCF55_28	gp:AF109386_2	gp:AF109386_1
40	RF op)		2	4	3		1575 pir.A.	1452 sp:Di	85 gp:E	184 sp:M	S:dg 777	576 gp:A	128 prf.2	75 gp:F	1425 prf.2	30 gp:K	1278 prf.2	1086 gp:S	633 gp:A	50 gp:A
	0=	14 1374	73 612	56 714	51 663	37 2700		1	- L	- 00	'	i –	-		1	65	1	 	 	
45	Terminal (nt)	2514114	2516273	2516956	251775	2515637	2518398	2521660	2521667	2522265	2524337	2524340	2526226	2527207	2528559	2528551	2529484	2531976	2531969	2532604
50	Initial (nt)	2515487	2515662	2516243	2517089	2518336	2519972	2520209	2522251	2523248	2523561	2524915	2525099	2526233	2527135	2529480		2530891	2532601	2533353
	SEQ NO.		6105	9019	6107	6108	6109	6110	6111	6112	6113	6114	6115	6116	6117	6118		6120	6121	2622 6122
55	SEQ NO.	2604	2605	2606	2607	2608	2609	2610	2611	2612	2613	2614	2615	2616	2617	2618	2619	2620	2621	2622

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	protocatechuate catabolic protein	beta-ketothiolase		3-oxoadipate enol-lactone hydrolase and 4-carboxymuconolactone decarboxylase	transcriptional regulator	3-oxoadipate enol-lactone hydrolase and 4-carboxymuconolactone decarboxylase		3-carboxy-cis, cls-muconate cycloisomerase	protocatechuate dioxygenase alpha subunit	protocatechuate dioxygenase beta subunit	hypothetical protein	muconolactone isomerase		muconate cycloisomerase		catechol 1,2-dioxygenase		toluate 1,2 dioxygenase subunit
15	Matched length (a.a.)	251	406		256	825	115		437	214	217	273	92		372		285		437
20	Similarity (%)	82.5	71.9		76.6	43.0	89.6		63.4	70.6	91.2	48.7	81.5		84.7		88.4		85.6
	Identity (%)	58.2	44.8		50.8	23.6	78.3		39.8	49.5	74.7	26.4	54.4		60.8		72.3		62.2
25 (panciju	gene	s 1CP pcaR	oktB		s pcaL	olor A3(2)	s pcal.		s pcaB	s pcaG	s pcaH	rculosis	rculosis		s 1CP calB		chrous catA		a plasmid
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Rhodococcus opacus 1CP pcaR	Ralstonia eutropha bktB		Rhodococcus opacus pcaL	Streptcmyces coelicolor A3(2) SCM1.10	Rhodococcus opacus pcal		Rhodococcus opacus pcaB	Rhodococcus opacus pcaG	Rhodococcus opacus pcaH	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0336	Mycobacterium tuberculosis catC		Rhodococcus opacus 1CP calB		Rhodococcus rhodochrous catA		Pseudomonas putida plasmid pDK1 xylX
35 40	db Match	prt:2408324F	prf:2411305D		.prf:2408324E	gp:SCM1_10	prf.2408324E		prf:2408324D	prt:2408324C	prf.2408324B	pir:G70506	prf:2515333B		sp.CATB_RHOOP		prf:2503218A		gp:AF134348_1
	03F (bp)	792	1224	912	753	2061	366	678	1116	612	069	1164	291	771	1119	909	855	141	1470
45	Terminal (nt)	2534182	2535424	2534257	2536182	2538256	2538248	2540230	2538616	2539709	2540335	2541187	2542512	2543813	2542818	2544867	2544022	2544928	2546784
50	Initial (nt)	2533391	2534201	2535168	2535430	2536196	2538613	2539553	2539731	2540320	2541024	2542350	2542802	2543043	2543936	2544262	2544876	2545068	2640 6140 2545315
	SEQ NO.	6123	6124	8125	6126	6127	6128	6129	6130	6131	6132	6133	6134	6135	6136	6137	6138	6139	6140
55	SEQ NO.	2623	2624	2625	2626	2627	2628	2629	2630	2631	2632	2633	2634	2635	2636	2637	2638	2639	2640

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		ç	se subunit	se subunit	xa-3,5-dien Jenase	ily with ATF	port protein ansporter	transport	orotease	protease		somerase)		ein						
10		Function	toluate 1,2 dioxygenase subunit	toluate 1,2 dioxygenase subunit	1,2-dihydroxycyclohexa-3,5-diene carboxylate dehydrogenase	regulator of LuxR family with ATP- binding site	transmembrane transport protein or 4-hydroxybenzoate transporter	benzoate membrane transport protein	ATP-dependent Clp protease proteolytic subunit 2	ATP-dependent Clp protease proteolytic subunit 1	hypothetical protein	trigger factor (prolyl isomerase) (chaperone protein)	hypothelical protein	penicitlin-binding pratein	hypothetical protein		transposase		hypothetical protein	transposase
15		Matched length (a.a.)	161	342	277	979	435	388	197	198	42	417	160	336	115		142		35	75
20		Similarity (%)	83.2	81.0	61.4	48.6	64.4	66.2	88.3	85.9	71.4	66.4	63.1	50.9	58.3		73.2		82.9	78.7
		Identity (%)	60.3	51.5	30.7	23.3	31.3	29.9	69.5	62.1	42.9	32.1	32.5	25.3	27.8		54.2		57.1	50.7
25 (Panijinos) 1 aug	John Haday	is gene	ida plasmid	ida plasmid	ida plasmid	hropolis thcG	oaceticus	oaceticus	licolor M145	licolor M145	ous ORF154	18 tig	licolar A3(2)	urans LC411	181		striatum ORF1		striatum ORF1	striatum ORF1
30	וממוב ו (ו	Homologous gene	Pseudomonas putida plasmid pDK1 xylY	Pseudomonas putida plasmid pDK1 xyl2	Pseudomonas putida plasmid pDK1 xylL	Rhodococcus erythropolis thcG	Acinetobacter calcoaceticus pcaK	Acinetobacter calcoaceticus benE	Streptomyces coelicolor M145 clpP2	Streptamyces coelicolor M145 clpP1	Sulfolobus islandicus ORF154	Bacillus subtilis 168 tig	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCD25.17	Nocardia lactamdurans LC411 pbp	Mus musculus Moa1		Corynebacterium striatum ORF1		Corynebacterium striatum ORF1	Corynebacterium striatum ORF1
35		!	<u>a a</u>	0.2	0. 0.	02			N G	w z		_ -	SS		2		0		9	
40		db Match	gp:AF134348_2	gp:AF134348_3	gp:AF134348_4	gp:REU95170_1	sp.PCAK_ACICA	sp:BENE_ACICA	gp:AF071885_2	gp;AF071885_1	gp:SIS243537_4	sp:TIG_BACSU	gp:SCD25_17	sp.PBP4_NOCLA	prf.2301342A		prf:2513302C		prf:2513302C	prf.2513302C
		ORF (bp)	492	1536	828	2685	1380	1242	624	603	150	1347	495	975	456	249	438	150	126	264
45		Terminal (nt)	2547318	2548868	2549695	2552455	2553942	2555267	2555317	2555978	2556748	2556760	2559103	2560131	2560586	2561363	2561483	2562242	2561990	2562078
50		Initial (nt)	2546827	2547333	2548868	2549771	2552563	2554026	2555940	2556580	2556599	2558106	2558609	2559157	2560131	2561115	2561920	2562093	2562115	2562341
		SEQ NO.	6141	6142	6143	6144	6145	6145	6147	6148	6149	6150	6151	6152	6153	6154	6155	6156	6157	6158
55		SEQ NO.	2641	2642	2643	2644	2645	2646	2647	2648	2649		2651	2652	2653	2654	2655	2656	2657	2658

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function			galactose-6-phosphate isomerase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	aminopeptidase N	hypothetical protein				phytoene desaturase			phytoene dehydrogenase	phytoene synthase	multidrug resistance transporter		ABC transporter ATP-binding proteir	dipeptide transport system permease protein	nickel transport system permease protein	
15		Matched length (a.a.)			140	248	199	890	358		:		104			381	290	392		538	286	316	
20		Similarity (%)			71.4	58.1	80.9	70.5	58.1				81.7			63.8	58.6	47.7		71.6	73.8	62.0	
		Identity (%)			40.0	26.2	9.99	47.5	25.1				61.5			31.2	31.4	25.8		41.3	38.8	33.2	
25	itinued)	gene	ļ		us NCTC	icus ORF2	culosis	s pepN	3B0852				s ATCC			DK1050	s JA3933	nes IItB		gatus	dppC	nikB	
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene			Staphylococcus aureus NCTC 8325-4 lac8	Bacillus acidopullulylicus ORF2	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2466c	Streptomyces lividans pepN	Borrelia burgdorferi BB0852				Brevibacterium linens ATCC 9175 cttl			Myxococcus xanthus DK1050 carA2	Streptomyces griseus JA3933 crtB	Listeria monocytogenes IItB		Synechococcus elongatus	Bacillus firmus OF4 dppC	Escherichia coli K12 nikB	
<i>35</i>		db Match			sp:tACB_STAAU	sp:YAMY_BACAD	pir.A70866	SP. AMPN_STRLI	pir.B70206				gp:AF139916_3			sp:CRTJ_MYXXA	sp.CRTB_STRGR	gp:LMAJ9627_3		gp:SYOATPBP_2	sp:DPPC_BACFI	pir:S47695	
		ORF (bp)	330	885	471	969	609	2601	1083	1152	999	156	327	171	378	1206	876	1119	1233	1641	882	939	1707
45		Terminal (nt)	2562387	2563847	2563932	2564550	2565623	2568945	2570293	2570309	2572175	2572348	2572351	2572807	2573393	2572659	2573843	2574780	2575981	2577232	2578879	2579769	2580711
50		Initial (nt)	2562776	2562963	2564402	2565245	2566231	2566345		2571460	2571510	2572193	2572677	2572977	2573770	2573864	2574718	2575898	2577213	2578872	2579760	2580707	6:79 2582417
		SEO NO.	6159	6160	6161	6162	6163	6164	6165	6166	6167	6168	6169	6170	6171	6172	6173	6174	6175	6176	6177	6178	
55		SEO NO.	2659	2660	2661	2662	2663	2664	2665	2666	2667	2668	2669	2670	2671	2672	2673	2674	2675	2676	2677	2678	2679

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function		ninotransferase	in	ibrane protein	reductase	transcriptional regulator, TetR family	polypeptides predicted to be useful antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein		ort protein	ein	ein		ein	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	ein	nbrane protein	stase
10	Fun		acetylornithine aminotransferase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	acetoacetyl CoA reductase	transcriptional reg	polypeptides predicted to antigens for vaccines and diagnostics	ABC transporter	globin	chromate transport protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	ABC transporter	hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	alkaline phosphatase
15	Matched length (a.a.)		411	482	218	235	240	94	238	126	396	196	127		55	563	172	700	536
20	Similarity (%)		63.5	47.9	79.4	0.09	55.0	47.0	65.1	77.0	60.4	68.9	61.4		0.09	79.6	62.2	56.7	52.6
	tdentity (%)		31.4	25.1	49.1	28.1	26.7	38.0	31.1	53.2	27.3	37.8	36.2		36.4	52.8	31.4	28.C	28.C
Table 1 (continued)	us gene		glutamicum	Iberculosis	berculosis	sum D phbB	elicolor actII	itidis	ıtida GM73	eprae	eruginosa i chrA	uberculosis	elicolor A3(2)		x K1 APE1182	K12 yjjK	uberculosis	eprae o659	эроВ
Table 1	Homologous gene		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 argD	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1128c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0364	Chromatium vinosum D phbB	Streptomyces coelicolor actll	Neisser:a meningitidis	Pseudomonas putida GM73 ttg2A	Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1610.14c	Pseudomonas aeruginosa Plasmid pUM505 chrA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2474c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6D10.19c		Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE1182	Escherichia coli K12 yjjK	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2478c	Mycobacterium leprae o659	Bacillus subtilis phoB
40	db Match		SP.ARGD_CORGL C	N pir.A70539	sp:YA26_MYCTU	Sp.PHBB_CHRVI C	_	7.5	gp.AF106002_1	gp:MLCB1610_9	sp:CHRA_PSEAE	pir.A70867	gp:SC6D10_19		pir.B72589	1703	pir.E70867	Sp:Y05L_MYCLE	pir.C69676
	ORF (bp)	1941	1314 sp	1584 pi	747 SI	708 5	738 p		792 g	393 g	1128 \$	627 p	465 g	621	162	1668 s	615	2103	1419
45	Terminal (nt)	2584504	2585926	2587763	2588722	2588725	2590302	2591137	2591574	2592794	2593965	2593968	2594597	2595188		┵-		2598662	
50	Initial (nt)	2582564	2584613	2586180	2587976	2589432			2592365	2592402	2592838	2594594	2595061	2595808				2600764	
	SEQ NO.		-	6182	6183	6184		6186	6187	6188	6189	6190	6191	6192				6196	
<i>55</i>	SEQ NO.	$\overline{}$		2682	2683	2684	2685	2686	2687	2688	2689	2690	2691	2692	2693	2694	2695	2696	2697

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function			multiple sugar-binding transport system permease protein	multiple sugar-binding transport system permease protein		maltose-binding protein		ABC transporter ATP-binding protein (ABC-type sugar transport protein) or cellobiose/maltose transport protein	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	dolichol phosphate mannose synthase		aldehyde dehydrogenase	circadian phase modifier		hypothetical membrane protein	glyoxylate-induced protein	ketoacyl reductase	oligoribonuclease
15		Matched Icngth (a.a.)			279	292		462		386		154		207	183		412	255	258	179
20		Similarity (%)			76.3	67.5		63.2		79.8		72.7		89.4	73.8		64.6	69.4	57.0	78.8
		Identity (%)			39.1	27.4		28.8		59.1		37.7		67.2	48.6		35.0	41.2	40.0	48.0
25	ed)									<i></i>		nbe		ı,	942		38		.si	
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene			Streptococcus mutans INGBRITT msmG	Streptococcus mutans INGBRITT msmF		Thermoanaerobacterium thermosul amyE		Streptomyces reticuli msiK		Schizosaccharomyces pombe dpm1		Rhodococcus rhodochrous plasmid pRTL1 orf5	Synechococcus sp. PCC7942 cpmA		Thermotoga maritima MSB8 TM0964	Escherichia coli K12 gip	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1544	Escherichia coli K12 orn
40		db Match			sp:MSMG_STRMU	sp.MSMF_STRMU		prf.2206392C		prf.2308356A		prf.2317468A		prf:2516398E	prf:2513418A		pir:A72312	sp:GIP_ECOLI	pir:E70761	sp:ORN_ECOLI
		ORF (bp)	930	639	912	843	1674	1329	1242	1128	750	684	069	789	762	345	1182	750	798	657
45		Terminal (nt)	2605502	2603945	2604609	2605527	2608117	2606561	2608185	2609512	2612272	2610848	2613151	2614500	2615410	2615795	2615939	2617995	2618869	2619538
50		Initial (nt)	2604573	2604583	6200 2605520	2606369	2606444	2607889	2609426	2610639	2611523	2611531	2612462	2613712	2614649	2615451	2617120	2617246	2618072	2618882
		SEQ NO. (a.a.)	6198	6199		6201	6202		6204	6205	6206	6207	6208	6208	6210	6211	6212	6213	6214	6215
55		SEQ NO.	2698	2699	2700	2701	2702	2703	2704	2705	2706	2707	2708	2709	2710	2711	2712	2713	2714	2715

EP 1 108 790 A2

bacterioferritin comignatory protein bacterial regulatory protein, tetR family

Escherichia coli K12 bcp

sp:BCP_ECOLI

pir:E70870

gp:SCI11_1

H37Rv Rv2520c

ŝ

Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SC111.01c

hypothetical protein

80.0

42.7

sporulation-specific degradation regulator protein pyrazinamidase/nicotinamidase ferric enterochelin esterase transcriptional regulator Function transposase (IS1207) hypothetical protein uronate isomerase glutaminase lipoprotein Matched length (a a) Similarity 50.9 71.9 69.3 60.9 45.0 74.6 63.4 72.2 Identity 26.0 48.5 32.8 35.2 29.0 32.0 99.5 42.3 Salmonella typhimurium KP1001 cytR Rattus norvegicus SPRAGUE-DAWLEY KIDNEY Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 21086 Table 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2518c tppS Mycobacterium tuberculosis Zea diploperennis perennial teosinte Mycobacterium avium pncA Escherichia coli K12 uxaC Homologous gene Bacillus subtilis 168 degA Salmonella enterica iroD sp:UXAC_ECOL gp:SCU53587_1 gp:AF085235_1 sp:GLSK_RAT db Match prf.1814452C prf:232444A prf:2409378A pir:C70870 pir.A36940 ORF (bp) Terminal £ Initial Ê SEQ. (a.a) (DNA) 27.16 SEQ.

4:

EP 1 108 790 A2

		1		\neg	Т	T							į	T		Т			Т	٦
5		Function	phosphopantethiene protein transferase	lincomycin resistance protein	hypothetical membrane protein		fatty-acid synthase	hypothetical protein	peptidase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	ribonuclease PH				hypothetical membrane protein	transposase (IS1628)		arylsulfatase
15	Matched	Pength (a.a.)	145	473	113		3029	404	230	112	113	202	236				428	175		250
20		Similarity (%)	75.9	85.6	54.0		83.6	55.2	6.09	67.9	0.69	76.7	81.4				58.2	97.2		74.4
		Identity (%)	56.6	52.4	30.1		62.3	25.3	40.4	40.2	37.2	55.0	60.2				29.0	92.1		46.0
25 6	llucu)	ne	6871 ppt1	micum	56803			or A3(2)	ulosis	ulosis		ulosis	nosa				culosis	amicum 31 tnpB		s ats
30 today	ianie i com	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6871 ppt1	Corynebacterium glutamicum ImrB	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803		Corynebacterium ammoniagenes fas	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC4A7.14	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0950c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1343c	Mycobacterium leprae B1549_F2_59	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1341	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15692 rph				Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv SC8A6.09c	Corynebacterium glutamicum 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB		Mycobacterium leprae ats
35			-	ļ	0,	-						i					CTU,	8_0		
40		db Match	gp:BAY15081	gp:AF237667_1	pir:S76537		pir:S2047	gp:SC4A7_14	pir:D70716	sp:Y077_MYCT	Sp:Y076_MYCLE	sp:Y03Q_MYCTU	SP.RNPH_PSEAE				sp:Y029_MYCTU	gp:AF121000_8		sp:Y03O_MYCLE
		ORF (bp)	405	1425	324	414	8979	1182	615	462	354	618	735	246	693	585	1362	534	999	765
45		Terminal (nt)	2634747	2635165	2637168	2637240	2638649	2648235	2650164	2650902	2651339	2651420	2652067	2653009	2653326	2654079	2654875	2656985	2656974	2657736
50		Initial (nt)	2635151	2636589	2636845	2637653		2649416	2649550	2650441	2650986	2652037	2652801	2653254	2654018	2654660	2656236	2656452	2657633	2658500
		SEO NO.	6235	6236	6237	6238	6239	6240	6241	6242	6243	6244	6245	6246	5247	6248		6250	6251	
55		SEQ NO.	2735	2736	2737	2738	2739	2740	2741	2742	2743	2744	2745	2746	2747	2748	2749	2750	2751	2752

EP 1 108 790 A2

				en, mark	protein		noate						e	pratein		atase		hain I	
	Function	D-glutamate racemase		bacterial regulatory protein, mark family	hypothetical membrane protein		endo-type 6-aminohexanoate oligomer hydrolase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein		ATP-dependent helicase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	phosphoserine phosphatase		cytochrome c oxidase chain I	
	Matched length (a.a.)	284		147	225		321	200	105		428		647	313	222	310		575	
	Similarity (%)	99.3		70.8	69.3		58.3	58.5	77.1		80.8		53.3	60.1	52.0	61.0		74.4	
	Identity (%)	99.3		44.2	38.2		30.2	35.0	57.1		61.2		25.2	29.7	39.0	38.7		46.8	_
Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 murl		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE22.22	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1337		Flavobacterium sp. nylC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1332	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1331		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1330c		Escherichia coli dinG	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2560	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC1B5.06c	Escherichia coli K12 serB		Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv3043c	
	db Match	prf:2516259A		gp:SCE22_22	sp:Y03M_MYCTU		pir.A47039	sp:Y03H_MYCTU	sp:Y03G_MYCTU		sp.Y03F_MYCTU		prf:1816252A	sp:Y0A8_MYCTU	pir.T34684	Sp.SERB_ECOLI		pir.D45335	
	ORF (bp)	852	636	1	747	168	1	537	300	624	1338	306	1740	891	723	1017	1596	1743	_
	Terminal (nt)	2658506	2660131	2660147	2660671	2662455	2661417	2662331	2662883	2664060		2565992	<u> </u>	2667870	2668839	2669557	ь.	2671063	_
	Initial (nt)	2659457	2659496	2660638	2661417	2661565		2662867	2663182	2663437	2664060	2665687	6264 2666115	2668760	2669561	2670573			
	SEO		6254		6256	6257	6258	6229	6260	1908		6263			6266	6267			
	SEO NO.	2753	2754	2755	2755	7757	2758	2759	2760	2761	2762	2763	2764	2765	2766	2767	2768	2769	_

EP 1 108 790 A2

Bacillus subtilis mmg (for mother cell metabolic genes)

459

56.0

27.0

Bacillus subtilis 168 mmgE

sp:MMGE_BACSU

1371 834

2686289 2687148 2687449 2688389

2684919 2686315 2688240

6286 6287 6288 6288

hypothetical protein

284

8

33.

20

Arabidopsis thaliana T6K22.

pir:T05174

phosphoglesseutase

556

80.6

61.7

Escherichia coli K12 pgm

Sp.PGMU_ECOL!

1662

2690050

2788 2789

2787

792

alcohol dehydrogenase

337

52.8

38

Bacillus stearothermophilus DSM 2334 adh

sp:ADH2_BACST

1020

2683627

2684646

6285

2785

NH3-dependent NAD(+) synthetase beta-chain cold shock protein TIR2 precursor ribonucleotide reductase alpha-chain hypothetical membrane protein sporulation transcription factor 5 iron dependent repressor or diptheria toxin repressor 50S ribosomal protein L36 ribonucleotide reductase Function hypothetical protein hypothetical protein 10 ferritin 15 Matched length (a.a) 334 159 256 225 279 124 707 257 20 4 96 Similarity 64.2 60.2 86.0 79.0 56.4 68.8 60.4 78.1 8 6 62 9 20 dentity 31.5 58.0 32.8 24.2 50.0 55.6 9 41.7 % 99 8 99 27 25 Archaeoglobus fulgidus AF0251 Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) whiH Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 nrdF Corynobacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 dtxR Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 nrdE Fable 1 (continued) Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3129 Saccharomyces cerevisiae YPH148 YOR010C TIR2 Bacillus subtilis 168 nadE Homalogous gene Escherichia coli K12 find Rickettsia prowazekii 30 sir1563 35 gp:SCA32WHIH_4 sp:NADE_BACSU SP:RL36_RICPR SP.FTNA_ECOLI sp:TIR2_YEAST gp:AF112535_3 gp;AF112536_1 db Match pir:C69281 pir:S76790 pir:G70922 pir:140339 40 1002 486 438 276 2121 141 831 ORF (bp) 660 498 288 750 315 747 93 2675289 2680784 2673338 2676918 2677478 2681223 2682376 2682379 45 2676240 2683616 2676243 2677377 i erminal 2681464 2683131 Ξ 2680470 2681363 2683125 2683418 2674339 2676940 2677193 2679598 2681546 2681556 2683119 2675491 2676902 2674804 $\hat{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}}$ 50 6271 6272 6273 6274 6275 6276 6229 6280 6281 6282 6283 6284 SEO (a.a.) 2779 (DNA) 2775 2778 2780 2781 2783 2772 2774 2776 2777 2784 SEO

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Soit		srane protein	orane protein	U	(92	stein PS1 protein				76)		tamate symport				ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	u	u		dehydrogenase
10	coitonia		hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	transposase (IS1676)	major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor				transposase (1S1676)		proton/sodium-glutamate symport protein		ABC transporter		ABC transporter A	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		oxidoreductase or dehydrogenase
15	Matched	(a.a)	84	122	254	496	355				200		438		873		218	84	42		196
20	Similarity	(%)	64.3	61.5	79.1	48.6	49.6				46.6		66.2		0.69		79.8	67.0	75.0		54.1
	dentity	(%)	41.7	25.4	51.2	24.2	24.8				24.6		30.8		33.0		45.4	60.0	71.0		28.1
25	iningen)	депе	rculosis	199 jhp1146	ycsl	opolis	utamicum um) ATCC				ropolis				color A3(2)		sna	umoniae	ggjw wr		us Tu 1892
	ומחום ו (החוווחבה)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3069	Helicobacter pylori J99 jhp1145	Bacillus subtilis 168 ycsl	Rhodococcus erythropolis	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 csp1				Rhodococcus erythropolis		Bacillus subtilis 168		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE25.30		Staphylococcus aureus	Chlamydophila pneumoniae AR39 CP0987	Chlamydia muridarum Nigg TC0129		Streptomyces collinus Tu 1892 ans G
40		db Match	pir:F70650	pir:D71843	ACSU		RGL				gp:AF126281_1		sp:GLTT_BACCA		gp:SCE25_30		gp:SAU18641_2	PIR:F81516	PIR:F81737		prf.2509388L
	ä	(gd)	288	324	792	1365	1620	354	165	447	1401	768	1338	693	2541	891	708	273	141	678	672
45		(rt)	2690437	2690760	2691564	2693053	2694918	2695279	2695718	2695320	2697212	2697383	2698194	2701612	2699926	2703356	2702487	2704586	2704975	2710555	2711308
50	3	(nt)	2690150	2690437	2690773	2691689	2693299	2694926	2695554	_		2698150		2700920	2702466	2702466	2703194	2704314	2704835	2709878	2710637
	SEO	NO.		6291				6295	5296					6301	6302	6303	6304		6306	6307	6308
55	SFO	ON G	2790	2791		2793	2794	2795	2796	2797	2798	2799	2800	2801	2802	2803	2804	2805	2806	2807	2808

10	Function	methyltransferase	hypothetical protein	hypothelical protein		UDP-N-acetylglucosamine 1- carboxyvinyltransferase	hypothetical protein	transcriptional regulator		cysteine synthase	O-acetylserine synthase	hypothetical protein	succinyl-CoA synthetase alpha chain	hypothetical protein	succinyl-CoA synthetase beta chain		frenolicin gene E product		succinyl-CoA coenzyme A transferase	transcriptional regulator
15	Matched length (a.a.)	205	84	42		417	190	281		305	172	83	291	75	400		213		501	321
20	Similarity (%)	51.2	0.99	75.0		75.3	84.2	0.69		84.6	7.67	65.1	79.4	43.0	73.0		71.8		8.77	68.5
	identity (%)	25.9	61.0	71.0		44.8	6.3	45.9		57.1	61.1	36.1	52.9	42.0	39.8		38.5		47.9	38.6
25 9		sis		56		sn:	sis	43(2)			sE2	s R1	e Ph I	E1069			s frnE		cal1	TCC
30 30 Leight	Homologous gend	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0089	Chlamydia pneumoniae	Chlamydia muridarum Nigg TC0129		Acinetobacter calcoaceticus NCIB 8250 murA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1314c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC2G5.15c		Bacillus subtilis 168 cysK	Azotobacter vinelandii cysE2	Deinococcus radiodurans R1 DR1844	Coxiella burnetii Nine Mile Ph sucD	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE1069	Bacillus subtilis 168 sucC		Streptomyces roseofulvus finE		Clostridium kluyveri cat1 cat1	Azospirillum brasilense ATCC 29145 rtrC
40	db Match	sp:Y089_MYCTU	GSP:Y35814	PIR:F81737		sp:MURA_ACICA	sp:Y02Y_MYCTU	gp:SC2G5_15		sp:CYSK_BACSU	prf:2417357C	gp:AE002024_10	sp:suco_cox8u	PIR:F72706	sp:SUCC_BACSU		gp:AF058302_5		sp:CAT1_CLOKL	sp:NIR3_AZOBR
	78.C (4a)	525	273	141	195	1254	570	843	408	924	546	288	882	225	1194	360	735	819	1539	1143
45	Terminal (In)	2712374	2713453	2713842	2717993	2718436	2720319	2720385	2721295	2722857	2723609	2723770	2724478	2725843	2725384	2726786	2727399	2728207	2729378	2732518
50	Irritial (nt)	2711850	2713181	2713702	2718187	2719689	2719750	2721227	2721702	2721934	2723064	2724057	2725359	2725619	2726577	2727145	2728133	2729025	2730916	2731376
	SEO NO.	6309	6310	6311	6312	6313	6314	6315	6316	6317	6318		6320	6321	6322	6323	6324	6325		6327
55	SEQ.	2809	2010	2811	2812	2813	2814	2815	2816	2817	2818	2819	2820	2821	2822	2823	2824	2825	2826	2827

EP 1 108 790 A2

			$\neg \top$		E	E						İ			120le	Se
5	Function		phosphate transport system regulatory protein	phosphate-specific transport component	phosphate ABC transport system permease protein	phosphate ABC transport system permease protein	phosphate-binding protein S-3 precursor	acetyltransferase		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	branched-chain amino acid aminotransferase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	5'-phosphoribosyl-5-aminoimidazole synthetase	amidophosphoribosyl transferase
15	Matched length (a.a.)		213	255	292	325	369	315		344	225	259	352	58	347	482
20	Similarity (%)		81.7	82.8	82.2	78.5	56.0	0.09		55.2	74.2	56.0	79.0	81.0	94.2	89.0
	Identity (%)		46.5	58.8	51.4	50.2	40.0	34.3		24.7	44.9	28.6	58.5	58.6	81.0	70.3
30 (continued)	s gene		erculosis hoY-2	uginosa pstB	perculosis tA1	serculosis tC2	perculosis	licolor A3(2)		8 bmrU	berculosis	ım BCAT2	TCC 6872	berculosis	TCC 6872	TCC 6872
30 (a)	Homologous gene		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0821c phoY-2	Pseudomonas aeruginosa pstB	Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv0830 pstA1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0829 pstC2	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv phoS2	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCD84, 18c		Bacillus subtilis 168 bmrU	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0813c	Solanum tuberosum BCAT2	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 ORF4	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0810c	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purM	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purF
35		<u> </u>	ĮŽÏ	l &	Į <u>≨̃¥</u>	ΣÏ	ΣÏ	क्र क्र		Н	ΣÏ			ΣI		
40	db Match		pir:E70810	pir.S68595	gp:MTPSTA1_1	pir.A70584	pir:H70583	gp:SCD84_18		sp:BMRU_BACSU	pir.E70809	gp:AF193846_1	gp:AB003158_6	pir.B70809	gp:AB003158_5	gp:AB003158_4
	ORF (bp)	807	732	897	921	1014	1125	876	783	1095	687	942	1101	213	1074	1482
45	Terminal (nt)	2731424	2733367	2733455	2734264	2735202	2736414	2737836	2739553	2739556	2741356	2741636	2743785	2744222	2744881	2746083
50	Initial (nt)	2732230	2732636	2734351	2735184	2736215	2737538	2738711	2738771	2740650	2740670	2742577	2742685	2744010	2745954	6342 2747564
	SEO NO.		6329	6330	6331	6332	6333	6334	6335	6336	6337	6338	6339	6340	6341	
55	SEQ NO.			2830	2831	2832	2833	2834	2835	2836	2837	2838	2839	2840	2841	2842

EP 1 108 790 A2

5				e protein		nthetase		nthetase							porter	lase
10	Function	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein	5'-phosphoribosyl-N- formylglycinamidine synthetase		5-phosphoribosyl-N- formylglycinamidine synthetase	hypothetical protein		gluthatione peroxidase	extracellular nuclease		hypothetical protein	C4-dicarboxylate transporter	dipeptidyl aminopeptidase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	124	315	217	42	763		223	79		158	965		211	414	697
20	Similarity (%)	75.8	94.0	87.1	71.0	89.5		93.3	93.7		77.9	51.5		68.7	81.6	70.6
	Identity (%)	57.3	75.9	67.7	64.0	77.6		80.3	81.0		46.2	28.0		37.4	49.0	41.8
25 Pə		sis	72	72		72		72	72			1P636		sis	.12	dapb1
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0807	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 ORF2	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 ORF1	Sulfolobus solfataricus	Corynebacterlum ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purL		Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purQ	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purorf		Lactococcus lactis gpo	Aeromonas hydrophila JMP636 nucH		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0784	Salmonella typhimurium LT2 dctA	Pseudomonas sp. WO24 dapb1
35		2I										∢ ⊏		ΣI		Δ.
40	db Match	pir:H70536	gp:AB003158_2	gp:AB003158_1	GP:SSU18930_21	9p:AB003162_3		gp:AB003162_2	gp:AB003162_1		prt:2420329A	prf:2216389A		pir:C70709	sp.DCTA_SALTY	prf:2408266A
	ORF (bp)	375	1017	741	186	2286	720	699	243	522	477	2748	276	687	1338	2118
45	Terminal (nt)	2747683	2749111	2749162	2752103	2750027	2753121	2752327	2752995	2753819	2753328	2756739	2757126	2757129	2757863	2759532
50	Initial (nt)	2748057	2748095	2749902	2751918	2752312	2752402	2752995	2753237	2753298	2753804	2753992	2756851	2757815	2759200	2761649
	SEQ NO.		6344	6345	6346	6347	6348	6349	6350	6351	6352	6353	6354	6355	6356	6357
55	SEQ NO.	2843	2844	2845	2846	2847	2848	2849	2850	2851	2852	2853	2854	2855	2855	2857

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function		5-phosphoribosyl-4-N- succinocarboxamide-5-amino imidazole synthelase	adenylosuccino lyase	aspartate aminotransferase	5'-phosphoribosylglycinamide synthetase	histidine triad (HIT) family protein		hypothetical protein	di-/tripeptide transpoter	adenosylmethionine-8-amino-7- oxononanoate aminotransferase or 7,8-diaminopelargonic acid aminotransferase	dethiobiotin synthetase	two-component system sensor histidine kinase	two-component system regulatory protein	transcriptional activator	metal-activated pyridoxal enzyme or low specificity D-Thr aldolase	
15	Matched length (a.a.)		294	477	395	425	136		243	469	423	224	335	231	249	382	
20	Similarity (%)		89.1	95.0	62.3	86.4	80.2		56.4	67.6	99 99 99	9.66	70.5	72.7	69.5	53.9	
	Identity (%)		70.1	85.3	28.1	71.1	53.7		26.8	30.1	95.7	98.7	31.3	42.0	37.4	30.9	
25 (panujungq)	gene		SC 6872	SC 6872	cus ATCC	CC 6872	гае u296а		rkeri orf3	subsp. lactis	ilutamicum vum) MJ233	lutamicum vum) MJ233	M71plasmid	ma drrA	ans tipA	K-38	
. 66 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purC	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purB	Sulfolobus solfataricus ATCC 49255	Corynetacterium ammoniagenes ATCC 6872 purD	Mycobacterium leprae u296a		Methanosarcina barkeri orf3	Lactococcus lactis subsp. lactis dipT	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) MJ233 bioA	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) MJ233 bioD	Lactococcus lactis M71plasmid pND306	Thermologa maritima drrA	Streptomyces lividans tipA	Arthrobacter sp. DK-38	
40	db Match		gp:AB003161_3 a	gp:AB003161_2	sp:AAT_SULSO	gp:AB00316*_1	Sp:YHIT_MYCLE		pir:S62195	sp:DTPT_LACLA	1269 sp:BIOA_CORGL	sp:BIOD_CORGL	gp:AF049873_3	prf.2222216A	SP:TIPA STRLI	prf.2419350A	
	ORF (bp)	624	891	1428	1158	1263	414	435	753	1356	1269	672	1455	705	753	+	
45	Terminal (nt)	2761829	2761785	2763504	2764978	2766158	2767993	2767703	2768343	2769156	2771982	2772660	2772644	2774110	2774937	. 1	
50	Initial (nt)	2762452	2762675	2764931	2766135	2767420	2767580				2770714	2771989	2774098	2774814	2775689		
	SEQ.	 -		6350	6361	6362	6363	8364			5367	6368	6369	6370	6371		
55	SEO NO.	2858	2859	2860	2861	2862	2863	2064	2865	2865	2867	2868	2869	2870	2871	2872	

family transcription initiation factor sigma trehalose-6-phosphate synthase high-affinity zinc uptake system protein hypothetical membrane protein hypothetical membrane protein 5 transcriptional regulator, LysR 3-ketosteroid dehydrogenase glucose-resistance amylase regulator transcriptional regulator trehalose-phosphatase multidrug efflux protein Function hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein pyruvate oxidase 10 15 Matched length 278 245 574 40 155 344 353 303 232 288 464 504 421 487 92 Similarity (%) 57.6 69.0 64.0 75.8 78.4 50.7 3 62.1 . 99 46. 20 68. 68 52 55. S 8 Identity (%) 28.6 32.3 30.4 45.6 37.1 28.4 26.7 36.0 27.4 24.7 38 22 46 33 34. 25 Staphylococcus aureus plasmid pSK23 qacB Rhodococcus erythropolis SQ1 kstD1 Schizosaccharomyces pombe tps1 Oryctolagus cuniculus kidney cortex rBAT Table 1 (continued) Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2508c Mycobacterium tuberculosis Haemophilus influenzae Rd HI0119 znuA Streptomyces griseus hrdB Escherichia coli K12 poxB Escherichia coli K12 ycdC Bacillus megaterium ccpA Escherichia coli K12 otsB Homologous gene Bacillus subtilis 168 alsR Bacillus subtilis 168 ykrA H37Rv Rv3298c lpqC 30 H37Rv Rv3737 35 sp:ccPA_BACME gp:ECOPOXB8G_ sp:ALSR_BACSU Sp.TPS1_SCHPO SP.OTSB_ECOLI sp:ZNUA_HAEIN sp:YCDC_ECOLI gp:AF096929_2 db Match prf:2212334B pir:B70798 pir.C70982 pir. C69862 pir:S41307 pir.D70551 pir.A45264 40 1503 1455 1074 1482 1320 168 1737 531 942 2142 096 705 813 813 327 513 ORF (bp) 459 399 2794812 2782315 2788587 2792448 2792857 2794327 2795676 2797806 Terminal (nt) 2780446 2782340 45 2780969 2784656 2790550 2795637 2776768 2788594 2785651 2789477 2794300 2790152 2792873 2794870 2796749 2796865 2787782 2789935 2790946 2792531 2786355 2789399 2778965 2780439 2780996 2784481 2785615 2778504 Initial (nt) 50 6376 6379 6380 6381 6383 6384 6385 6387 6388 6389 6390 6374 6375 6377 6378 6382 6373 SEO. (a.a.) 2890 2879 2880 2885 2888 2889 2876 2877 2881 2887 2873 2874 2875 2878 2882 2884 55

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	ABC transporter	hypothetical membrane protein	transposase (ISA0963-5)		3-ketosteroid dehydrogenase		lipopolysaccharide biosynthesis protein or oxidoreductase or dehydrogenase	dehydrogenase or myo-inositol 2- dehydrogenase	shikimate transport protein	shikimate transport protein	transcriptional regulator	ribosomal RNA ribose methylase or tRNA/rRNA methyltransferase	cysteinyl-tRNA synthetase	PTS system, enzyme II sucrose protein (sucrose-specific IIABC component)	sucrose 6-phosphate hydrolase or sucrase	glucosamine-5-phosphate Isomerase	N-acetylalucosamine-6-phosphate deacetylase
15	P _	ABC	hypo	tran	-	3-ke	-	lipor prot dehy			\neg							
	Matched length (a.a.)	223	135	303		561		204	128	292	130	212	334	464	899	473	248	368
20	Similarity (%)	63.2	87.4	52.5		62.0		56.4	69.5	67.5	80.8	55.7	47.3	8.89	77.0	56.9	69.4	60.3
	Identity (%)	31.4	60.0	23.4		32.1		34.3	35.2	30.5	43.1	32.6	22.8	42.2	47.0	35.3	38.3	30.2
25 G		25-4	S			Sg 1		38	Dio Dio			3(2)	a)			E		anD
30 September 1 Continued	Homologous gene	Staphylococcus aureus 8325-4 mreA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2060	Archaeoglobus fulgidus		Rhodococcus erythropolis SQ1 kslD1		Thermotoga maritima MSB8 bplA	Bacillus subtilis 168 idh or iolG	Escherichia coli K12 shiA	Escherichia coli K12 shiA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC5A7.19c	Saccharomyces cerevisiae YOR201C PET56	Escherichia coli K12 cysS	Lactococcus lactis sacB	Clostridium acetobutylicum ATCC 824 scrB	Escherichia coli K12 nagB	Vibrio furnissii SR1514 manD
35			51	Q		2	-	F B	 		Г							
40	db Match	gp:AF121672_2	pir:E70507	pir: A69426		gp:AF096929_		pir:872359	sp:MI2D_BACSU	SP.SHIA ECOLI	sp.SHIA_ECOLI	gp:SC5A7_19	sp:PT56_YEAST	SP.SYC ECOLI	prf.2511	gp:AF205034_4	sp:NAGB_ECOLI	sp:NAGA_VIBFU
	ORF (bp)	969	555	1500	201	1689	747	618	435	855	426	654	939	1380	1983	1299	759	1152
45	Terminal (nt)	2798509	2799391	2801034	2801313	2801558	2803250	2804074	2804676	2805113	2806016	2806599	2807426	2808399	2809824	2811960	2813279	2814081
50	Initial (nt)	2797820	2798837	2799535	2801113	2803246	2803996	2804691	2805110	2805967			2808364	2809778		2813258	2814037	2815232
	SEO	(a.a) 6391	6392	6393		6395	6396		6398	6399			6402	6403		6405	6406	6407
55	SEQ NO.	(DNA) 2891	2892	2893	2894	2895	2896	2897	2898	2899	2900	2901	2902	2003	2904	2905	2906	2907

5	د	nthase		s-6-phosphale			se aperon	protein or	stem	ATP-binding	ATP-binding	n lactone ype	gulatory				
10	Function	dihydrodipicolinate synthase	glucokinase	N-acetylmannosamine-6-phosphate epimerase		sialidase precursor	L-asparagine permease operon repressor	dipeptide transporter protein or heme-binding protein	dipeptide transport system permease protein	oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein	oligopeptide transport ATP-binding protein	homoserine/homoserin lactone efflux protein or lysE type translocator	leucine-responsive regulatory protein		hypothetical protein	hypothelical protein	transcription factor
15	Matched length (a.a.)	298	321	220		439	222	260	342	314	258	193	142		152	235	157
20	Similarity (%)	62.1	57.6	68.6		50.3	57.2	51.4	64.3	78.3	7.87	62.7	66.2		86.2	71.5	91.1
	Identity (%)	28.2	28.7	36.4		24.8	26.6	22.5	31.9	46.5	43.4	28.5	31.0		55.9	46.4	73.3
25 Q			3(2)	этс		sus							ı lrp		is	sis	sis
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 dapA	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SC6E10 20c glk	Clostridium perfringens NCTC 8798 nanE		Micromonospora viridifaciens ATCC 31146 nadA	Rhizobium etli ansR	Bacillus firmus OF4 dppA	Bacillus firmus OF4 dappB	Bacillus subtilis 168 oppO	Lactococcus lactis oppF	Escherichia coli K12 rhtB	Bradyrhizobium japonicum Irp		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3581c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3582c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3583c
35				2 ₩						 	1		Ē		ΣI		ΣI
40	db Match	SP. DAPA_ECOL	sp:GLK_STRCO	prf.2516292A		sp:NANH_MICVI	gp:AF181498_1	gp:BFU64514_1	sp:DPPB_BACF	sp:OPPD_BACSU	sp:OPPF_LACLA	sp:RHTB_ECOLI	prf:2309303A		pir:C70607	sp:Y18T_MYCTU	pir:H70803
	ORF (bp)	936	606	969	177	1215	729	1608	951	1068	816	621	483	360	480	768	594
45	Terminal (nt)	2816393	2817317	2818058	2818137	2818350	2819557	2822191	2823337	2825341	2826156	2826215	2827404	2827458	2827904	2828379	2829156
50	tnitial (nt)	2815458	2816409	2817363	2818313	2819564	2820285	2820584	2822387	2824274	2825341	2826835	2826922	2827817	2828383	2829146	2829749
	SEQ NO	6408	6409	6410	6411	6412	6413	6414	6415	6416	6417	6418	6419	6420	6421	6422	6423
55	SEQ NO.	2908	2909	2910	2911	2912	2913	2914	2915	2916	2917	2918	2919	2920	2921	2922	2923

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	uo	em response	em sensor		RadA			lyde		nate	e glycosylase			hydrogenase					i i	
10	Function	two-component system response regulator	two-component system sensor histidine kinase		DNA repair protein RadA	hypothetical protein	hypothefical protein	p-hydroxybenzaldehyde dehydrogenase		mitochondrial carbonate dehydratase beta	A/G-specific adenine glycosylase			L-2.3-butanediol denydrogenase				hypothetical protein	virulence factor	virulence factor
15	Matched length (a.a.)	223	341		463	345	231	471		210	283			258				97	66	72
20	Similarity (%)	70.0	67.7		74.3	73.3	53.3	85.1		66.2	7.07			99.6				69.1	63.0	55.0
	Identity (%)	43.5	29.3		41.5	40.3	29.4	59.5		36.7	48.4			99.2				48.5	57.0	54.0
25 Pa		sis					sis	MB		ftii ca 1	MRU			yticum				sis	60	ā
35 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3246c mtrA	Escherichia coli K12 baeS		Escherichia coli K12 radA	Bacillus subtilis 168 yack	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3587c	Pseudomonas putida NCIMB 9866 plasmid pRA4000		Chlamydomonas reinhardtii ca 1	Streptomyces antibioticus IMRU 3720 mutY			Brevibacterium saccharolyticum				Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3592	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ORF24222	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ORF25110
40	db Match	prf:2214304A	sp.BAES_ECOU		sp.RADA_ECOLI	Sp:YACK_BACSU	1	gp.PPU96338_1		pir:T08204	gp:AF121797_1			gp:AB009078_1				pir:E70552	GSP:Y29188	GSP:Y29193
	ORF (bp)	723	1116	582	1392	1098	687	1452	147	621	879	1155	306	774	324	741	312	291	420	213
45	Terminal (nt)	2830779	2831894	2832666	2834181	2835285	2835283	2836048	2837591	2837956	2839521	2840716	2840758	2841848	2842453	2843233	2843716	2843432	2845558	2846101
50	Initial (nt)	- 	6425 2830779	2832085	2832790	6428 2834188	2835969	2837499	2837737	2838576	2838643	2839562	2841063	2841075	2842130	2842493	2843405	2843722	2845139	2845889
	SEO	6424	6425	6426	6427	6428	6429	6430	6431		6433	6434		6436	6437		6439		6441	6442
55		2924	2925	2926	_+			2930	2031	2932	2933	2934	2935	2936	2937	2938	2939	2940	2941	2942

	_		 ,																		_
5				ohatase /			es					otein			igase			protein	eridine	Se	eų.
10		Function	virulence factor	CIpC adenosine triphosphatase / ATP-binding proteinase	inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase	transcription factor	phenol 2-monooxygenase					lincomycin resistance protein	hypothetical protein	lysyl-tRNA synthetase	pantoatebeta-alanine ligase			hypothetical membrane protein	2-amino-4-hydroxy-6- hydroxymethyldihydropteridine pyrophosphokinase	dihydroneopterin aldolase	dihydropteroate synthase
15		Matched length (a.a.)	55	832	469	316	680					481	240	511	268			138	158	118	268
20		Similarity (%)	75.0	86.2	70.2	62.7	6.09					100.0	55.8	71.2	52.6			9.69	69.0	69.5	75.0
		Identity (%)	74.0	58.5	37.1	24.7	33.5					100.0	26.7	41.7	29.9			29.0	42.4	38.1	51.5
25	Itinuea)	gene	inosa	песВ	mpdh	hrous nitR	um ATCC					tamicum	rculosis	ophilus lysS	Itamicum			ė	dorquens	folB	ie folP
30	lable 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ORF25110	Bacillus subtilis 168 mecB	Bacillus cereus ts-4 impdh	Rhodococcus rhodochrous nitR	Trichosporon cutaneum ATCC 46490					Corynebacterium glutamicum ImrB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3517	Bacillus stearothermophilus lysS	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 panC			Mycobacterium leprae MLCB2548.04c	Methylobacterium extorquens AM1 folK	Bacillus subtilis 168 folB	Mycobactetium toprae fold
35			å Ö	i 	ä	œ	F 4					ŏΕ	ΣI	8	υ¥	<u> </u>		ΣΣ	:		
40		db Match	GSP:Y29193	sp:MECB_BACSU	gp;AB035643_1	pir.JC6117	Sp:PH2M_TRICU					gp:AF237667_1	pir:G70807	gp:AB012100_1	gp:CGPAN_2			gp:MLCB2548_4	SP.HPPK_METEX	sp:FOLB_BACSU	gp:AB028656_1
		ORF (bp)	321	2775	1431	1011	1785	1715	1941	1722	162	1443	951	1578	798	693	798	465	477	390	837
45		Terminal (nt)	2846506	2844166	2848659	2849779		2853732	2855709	2857516	2859205	2857613	2859195	2860505	2862132	2862929	2863624	2864384	2864867	2865346	2865731
50		Initial (nt)	2846186	2846940	2847229	2848769	2850031	2852017	2853769	2855795	2859044	2859055	2860145	2862082	2862929	2863621	2864421		2865343	2865735	2866567
		SEO NO.	6443	6444	6445	6446		6448	6449	6450	6451	6452	6453	6454	6455	6456	6457	6458	6429	6460	6461
55		SEQ NO.		2944	2945	2946		2948	2949	2950	2951	2952	2953	2954	2955	2956	2957	7		2960	

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	GTP cyclohydrolase I		cell division protein FtsH	hypoxanthine	phosphoribosyltransterase	cell cycle protein interval of cyclosing deaminase-related protein	D-alanyl-D-alanine carboxypeptidase	inorganic pyrophosphatase			spermidine synthase	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	PTS system, beta-glucosides- permease II ABC component		ferredoxin reductase	hypothetical protein	hacterial regulatory protein, mark	family
15	Matched		188		782	165		310	459	159			507	132	144		173	202	68		411	97		135
20	<u> </u>	Similarity (%)	86.2		69.0	0.58	0.70	66.8	51.4	73.6	2		80.7	86.4	63.2		60.1	72.3	59.6		9.69	73.2		59.3
	_	Identity (%)	9.09		56.0	7 7	0.10	41.0	27.2	40.7	5		56.0	38.6	36.8		36.4	44.6	30.3		38.0	7 97	2	26.7
25 G			¥			m GP660		ulosis	dac		E d		culosis	culosis	culosis		culosis	culosis	ogiP		7 phdD	olor A3(2)		mallei ORF
30 F	nino) (alde)	Homologous gene	Bacillus subtilis 168 mtrA			Salmonella tvohimurium GP660	hpri	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Actinomadura sp. R39 dac		Escherichia coli K12 ppa		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv speE	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	H37Rv Rv2599	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv RV2598	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2597	Bacillus subtilis 168 bglP		Nocardioides sp. KP7 phdD	Streetomyces coelicolor A3(2)	SCH69.09c	Burkholderia pseudomallei ORF E
<i>35</i>		db Match	BACSU B	Ť			gp;AF008931_1	Sp.YZC5_MYCTU	\top		Sp.IPYR_ECOLI		pir:H70886	CO. YOR1 MYCTU		sp:Y0B2_MYCTU	sp:Y083_MYCTU	sp:Y0B4_MYCTU	sp.PTBA_BACSU		4047706 2	_ 13	gp:SCH69_9	prf.2516298U
		ORF (bp)	_ +	3	915	2580	582 g	891 \$		1233 S	474 S	219		300		11	498	609			, S	1233	288	444
45		Terminal (nt)	- 	0000007	-	2867169	2869863	2870499	2010/07	2871445	2873399	2873393	2873905	7875424	FCFC 107	2875870	2876280	2876777		00000	CRC//97	2878478	2880252	2880987
50		Initial (nt)		286/1/3		2869748	2870444	2871789		2872677	2872926	2873611	- 	200	28/9832	2876280	2876777	7877385				2879710	2879965	2880544
		SEO No		6462 2	6463 2	6464	6465			6467	6468	6460			6471	6472	5473	5474	6475	3	6476	5477	6478	6479
55		SEQ 8		2962	2963 (2964	2965		9967	2967	2968	0000			2971	2972	2973	2074	7000	0167	2976	2977	2978	2979

	_																					
5		Function	peptide synthase		phenylacetaldehyde dehydrogenase	hypothelical protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	heat shock protein or chaperon or gro£L protein							hypothetical protein			peptidase			Na+/H+ antiporter or multiple resistance and pH regulation related protein A or NADH dehydrogenase
15		Matched length (a.a.)	1241 p	_	488 p	241 h	54 h	31 h	548 h							1236 h			447 p			N 797
20		Similarity (%)	51.6		63.7	7.67	63.0	80.0	100.0							42.3			68.0			68.3
		Identity (%)	28.4		35.0	57.3	62.0	74.0	99.5							21.7			37.1			35.6
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces roseosporus cpsB		Escherichia coli K12 padA	Campylobacter jejuni Cj0604	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Brevibacterium flavum MJ-233							Homo sapiens MUC5B			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2522c			Staphylococcus aureus mnhA
35			Str				1 My		Bre				-			Hor			∓33€			Sta
40		db Match	prf:2413335A		prf:2310295A	gp:CJ11168X2_25	GP:MSGTCWPA_1	GP:MSGTCWPA_1	gsp:R94368							prf:2309326A			pir:G70870		,	3057 prf:2504285B
		ORF (bp)	3885	1461	1563	918	162	177	1644	180	1209	963	1986	2454	2799	3591	2775	612	1371	579	909	3057
45		Terminal (nt)	2884882	2881844	2884935	2886916	2890346	2890553	2888897	2890751	2890930	2892138	2893100	2895072	2897528	2900330	2903964	2906639	2908885	2909788	2909231	2913228
50		Initial (nt)	2880998	2883304	2886497	2887833	2890185	2890377	2890540	2890930	2892138	2893100	2895085	2897525	2900326	2903920	2906738	2907250	2907515	2909210	2909830	6499 2910172 2913228
		SEQ NO.	6480	6481	6482	6483	6484	6485	6486	6487	6488	6489	6490	6491	6492	6493	6494	6495	6496	6497	6498	6489
55		SEQ NO.	2980	2981	2982	2983	2984	2985	2986	2987	2988	2989	2990	2991	2992	2993	2994	2995	2996	2997	2998	2999

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	Na+/H+ antiporter or multiple resistance and pH regulation related protein C or cation transport system protein	Na+/H+ antiporter or multiple resistance and pH regulation related protein D	Na+/H+ antiporter or multiple resistance and pH regulation related protein E	K+ efflux system or multiple resistance and pH regulation related protein F	Na+/H+ antiporter or multiple resistance and pH regulation related protein G	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		polypeptide deformylase	hypothetical protein	acetyltransferase (GNAT) family or N terminal acetylating enzyme			exodeoxyribonuclease III or exonuclease	cardiolipin synthase
15		Na+/H+ resistan protein protein	Na+ resis	Na+ resi	K+ 6 resi	Na+ resi	hyp	hyp		g	hyp	Z ac	$\frac{1}{1}$:	6 8 6 8	car
	Matched length (a.a.)	104	523	161	7.7	121	178	334		184	7	339		_	31	513
20	Similarity (%)	81.7	72.1	6.09	66.2	63.6	54.5	61.7		6.09	70.4	54.2			59.9	62.0
	dentity (%)	44.2	35.2	26.7	32.5	25.6	24.7	27.0		37.5	47.9	31.3			30.8	27.9
25				:		<u>5</u>	s		Ì		ç	s			12	
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Bacillus firmus OF4 mrpC	Bacillus firmus OF4 mrpD	Bacillus firmus OF4 mrpE	Rhizobium meliloti phaF	Staphylococcus aureus mnhG	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv lipV	Escherichia coli K12 ybdK		Bacillus subtilis 168 def	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0430	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0428c			Salmonella typhimurium LT2 xthA	Bacillus firmus OF4 cls
35				 -	i er	01						= -				
10	db Match	gp:AF097740_3	gp:AF097740_4	gp:AF097740_5	prf.2416476G	prf:2504285H	pir:D70594	Sp:YBDK_ECOLI		sp.DEF_BACSU	pir:D70631	pir:870631			gp:AF108767_1	500 gp:BFU88888_2
	ORF (bp)	489	1668	441	273	378	594	1128	663	579	252	1005	699	630	789	1500
45	Terminal (nt)	2913723	2915416	2915922	2916201	2916582	2917024	2917630	2918819	2920293	2919490	2921290	2919808	2920220		2923617
50	Initial (nt)	6500 2913235	2913749	2915482	2915929	6504 2916205	2917617	2918757	·			2920286	2920476			2922118
	SEQ.	6500	6501	6502	6503		6505	6506	6507	6508	6209	6510	6511	6512		6514
55	<u> </u>	3000	3001	3002	3003	3004	3005	3006	3007	3008	3009	3010	3011	3012	3013	3014

(continued)
Table 1

	Function		membrane transport protein or bicyclomycin resistance protein	sodium dependent phosphate pump	phenazine biosynthosis protein		ABC transporter	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	mutator mutT protein	hypothetical membrane protein	glulamine-binding protein precursor	serine/threonine kinase		ferredoxin/lerredoxin-NADP reductase	acetyltransferase (GNAT) family				phosphoribosylgiycinamide formyltransferase	
	Matched length (a.a.)		393	382	289		255	309	168	423	270	805		457	156				379	
	Similarity (%)		67.2	68.9	56.4		60.8	66.3	68.5	70.2	64.8	63.5		67.8	60.3				82.6	
	Identity (%)		31.6	28.5	38.8		24.3	36.9	47.6	35.0	31.5	41.2		37.2	34.0				59.1	
(Homologous gene		Escherichia coli K12 bcr	Vibrio cholerae JS1569 nptA	Pseudomonas aureofaciens 30- 84 phzC		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCEB 16c	Bacillus licheniformis ATCC 9945A bcrA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0413	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0412c	Bacillus stearothermophilus NUB36 glnH	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0410c pknG	,	Bos taurus	Escherichia coli K12 elaA				Bacillus subtilis 168 pur	
	db Match		sp:3CR_ECOLI	gp:VCAJ10968_1	sp:PH2C_PSEAR		gp:SCE8_16	sp:BCRA_BAC!	pir:C70629	pir:B70629	sp:GLNH_BACST	pir:H70628		sp:ADRO_BOVIN	sp:ELAA_ECOLI				sp:PURT_BACSU	
	ORF (bp)	654	1194	1164	840	633	768	936	501	1386	1032	2253	747	1365	546	1062	1029	399	1194	988
	Terminal (nl)	2924844	2923954	2926704	2926707	2927651	2927551	2928302	2929256	2931336	2932371	2934829	2932652	2939767	2940452	2940447	2941472	2942609	2943012	2945639
ļ	Initial (nt)	2924191	2925147	2925541	2927546	2928283	2928318	2929237	6522 2929756	2929951	2931340	2932577	2933398	2938403	2939907	2941508	2942500	6531 2943007	2944205	2946526
	SEQ NO.	6515		6517	6518	6519	6520	6521		6523	6524	6525	9256	6527	6528	6259	6530	6531	6532	6533
	SEQ NO (DNA)	3015	3016	3017	3018	3019	3020	3021	3022	3023	3024	3025	3026	3027	3028	3029	3030	3031	3032	3033

EP 1 108 790 A2

							,								\top			7		٦
5		related)	.	related)	sensor			hetase			e protein	aldolase			yltransferase					
10	Function	insertion element (IS3 related)		insertion element (IS3 related)	two-component system sensor histidine kinase	transcriptional regulator		adenylosuccinate synthetase	hypothetical protein		hypothetical membrane protein	fructose-bisphosphate aldolase	hypothetical protein	methyltransferase	orotate phosphoribosyltransferase	hypothetical protein	3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase			
15	Matched length	-	-	99	349	218		427	204		359	344	304	182	174	250	294			
20	Similarity (%)	0 00	80.8	84.3	51.3	65.6		95.3	59.3		100.0	100.0	100.0	91.2	65.5	90.09	56.1			
	Identity (%)		9.77	67.4	22.4	31.7		89.7	34.3		100.0	99.7	100.0	76.9	39.1	27.6	29.6			
25 - Q	3	E		En:	scens	26		· · · ·	sis		icum F3	icum	icum F1	sis		osis				
30 table 1	Homologous gene	morphotogram dutamicum	orf2	Corynebacterium glutamicum orf1	Streptomyces thermoviolaceus opc-520 chiS	Bacillus brevis ALK36 degU		Corynebacterium ammoniagenes purA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0358		Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 ORF3	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 fda	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 ORF1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0380c	Pyrococcus abyssi pyrE	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0383c	Homo sapiens mpsT			
<i>35</i>	db Match		pir.S60890	DIT S60889	gp:AB016841_1 0	SPIDEGU BACBR B		gp:AB003160_1	pir:G70575		sp:YFDA_CORGL	pir.S09283	gp:CGFDA_1	pir.G70833	gp: AF058713_1		sp.THTM_HUMAN			
	ORF	(dq)	894 p	267 p	1140	618	2	8	759	264	+	1032	951	618	552	- 65	852	720	279	399
45	ig.	(ug)	2946698	2947620	2948049	2040265	2950431	2950434	2952691	2053073	2952975	2954241	2955523	2956830	2957485	2958139	2959520	2960468	2962730	2963198
50	Initial	(at)	2947591	2947886		000000			2951933		2954141	2955272	2956473	2957447	2958036	2959110	2960371	2961187		
	SEO	(a.a.)	6534	6535			2000	6539	6540		6542	6543	6544	6545	6546		6548	6549		
55		(DNA)	3034	3035	3036		3037	3039	3040		3047	3043	3044	3045	30,05	3047	3048	3049	3020	3051

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	virulence factor	virulence factor	virulence factor	sodium/glutamate symport carrier protein	cadmium resistance protein	cation efflux system protein (zinc/cadmium)	monooxygenase or oxidoreductase or steroid monooxygenase	alkanal monooxygenase alpha chain		cystathionine gamma-lyase	bacterial regulatory protein, lacl family	rifampin ADP-ribosyl transferase	rifampin ADP-ribosyl transferase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	oxidoreductase
15	Matched length (a.a.)	59	200	132	489	108	283	476	399		375	184	68	99	361	204	386
20	Simitarity (%)	82.0	55.0	63.0	54.8	71.3	63.3	45.4	47.4		62.4	67.9	65.2	87.5	56.2	64.7	9.09
	Identity (%)	76.0	38.0	62.0	24.7	37.0	23.7	22.5	21.1		36.5	40.2	49.4	73.2	30.5	33.8	31.9
25 (panuipue	: gene	ginosa	ginosa	ginosa	CC6803	reus cadC	Orsay	schrous	redi symbiont		2 metB	color A3(2)	color A3(2)	color A3(2)	erculosis	erculosis	erculosis
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ORF24222	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ORF23228	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ORF25110	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 slr0625	Staphylococcus aureus cadC	Pyrococcus abyssi Orsay PAB0462	Rhodococcus rhodochrous IFO3338	Kryptophanaron alfredi symbiont luxA		Escherichia coli K12 metB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC1A2.11	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE20.34c arr	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE20.34c arr	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0837c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0836c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0385
35	<u>. </u>	0.0	a 0	<u>a 0</u>	(Q) 20		ם מ	<u></u>				SS	S	တတ	≥I	≥I	≥I
40	db Match	GSP-Y29188	GSP: Y29182	GSP:Y29193	pir.S76683	Sp.CADF_STAAU	pir.H75109	gp:AB010439_1	sp:LUXA_KRYAS		sp:METB_ECOLI	gp:SC1A2_11	gp:SCE20_34	gp:SCE20_34	pir.E70812	pir:D70812	pir.D70834
	(pg)	177	762	396	1347	387	858	1170	1041	762	1146	567	240	183	1125	732	1179
45	Terminal (nt)	2964434	2965837	2965583	2966458	2968789	2969808	2971003	2972057	2971338	2972060	2973230	2974200	2974382	2975591	2976360	2977774
50	Initial (nt)	2964258	2965076	2965188	2967804	2968403	2968951	2969834	2971017	2972099	2973205	2973796	2973961	2974200	2974467	2975629	2976596
	SEQ NO.	6552	6553	6554	6555	6556	6557	6558	6559	6560	6561	6562	6563	6564	6565	6566	2959
55	SEQ NO.	3052	3053	3054	3055	3056	3057	3058	3059	3060	3061	3062	3063	3064	3065	3066	3067

5	, ,	Function	N-carbamoyl-D-amino acid amidohydrolase		hypothetical protein	novel two-component regulatory system	aldehyde dehydrogenase	heat shock transcription regulator	heat shock protein dnaJ	nucleotide exchange factor grpE protein bound to the ATPase domain of the molecular chaperone DnaK	heat shock protein dnaK	hypothetical membrane protein	5-methylthioadenosine nucleosidase and S- adenosyltomocysteine nucleosidase			chromosome segregation protein				alcohol dehydrogenase
15	700	Matched length (a.a.)	275		289	108	507	135	397	212	618	338	195			1311				334
20		Similarity (%)	67.3		55.4	44.0	90.3	70.4	80.1	66.5	8.66	79.0	90.09			48.4			-	81.7
		Identity (%)	32.0		28.0	38.0	9.69	47.4	29.7	38.7	8.66	42.6	27.2			18.9			_	20.0
25 3	ntinued)	gene	nı Delta H		color A3(2)	nse carR	ropolis thcA	s G hspR	erculosis	icolor grpE	/um MJ-233	icolor A3(2)	HP0089 mtn			yces pombe				rmophilus
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum Delta MTH1811		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC4A7.03	Azospirillum brasilense carR	Rhodococcus erythropolis theA	Streptomyces albus G hspR	Mycobacterium tuberculosis	Streptomyces coelicolor grpE	Brevibacterium flavum MJ-233	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2)	Helicobacter pylori HP0089 mtn			Schizosaccharomyces pombe	cut3			Bacillus stearothermophilus DSM 2334 adh
35			Z ÷ Z		<i>ts ss</i>	 	- -	2	2		10 3	1000		-		Ť				
40	,	db Match	pir:869109		gp:SC4A7_3	GP. ABCARRA_2	0000000	pri 2 1043530 pri SAL143299	SP. DNAJ_MYCTU	sp.GRPE_STRCO	qsp:R94587	ap:SCF6 8	Sp. PFS_HELPY				Sp:color_sp:color.ds			sp.ADH2_BACST
		ORF (bp)	798	243	1134	330	- 15	1518 A3B	35	636	1854	1332	633	000	_		3333	636	1485	1035
45		Terminal (nt)	2977847	2978979	2980115	2981216		2980181	2982495	2983887	2084544	2988164	2988214	- 1		2992602	2989954	2993286	2993921	2995747
50		Initial (nt)	44	2978737	+				2983679	2984522	708307					T	2993286	2993921	2995405	
		SEQ.	(a.a.) 6568	6560		6571			6574		27.20	00.0					6581	6582		
55			(DNA)	3060					3073	3075	20.76	505	3078		3079	3080	3081	3082	3083	3084

EP 1 108 790 A2

5						ne protein			erase, subunit	erase small	nosphosulfate	nctase	NADP				ake protein		nase		
10	Function					hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical protein		sulfate adenylyltransferase, subunit 1	sulfate adenylyltransferase small chain	phosphoadenosine phosphosulfate reductase	ferredoxinnitrate reductase	ferredoxin/ferredoxin-NADP reductase	huntingtin interactor			alkylphosphonate uptake protein and C-P lyase activity	hypothetical protein	ammonia monooxygenase		
15	Matched length (a.a.)					301	252		414	308	212	502	487	144			142	80	161		
20	Similarity (%)					70.1	53.2		78.3	70.1	64.2	65.5	61.4	59.7			59.9	66.3	76.4		
	identity (%)					43.5	32.5		47.3	46.1	39.2	34.5	30.8	32.6			26.8	50.0	39.1		
25 1							A3(2)		7]	7942	96				æ	A3(2)	MZ ID		
30 side T	Homologous gene					Bacillus subtilis ytnM	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC7A8,:0c		Escherichia coli K12 cysN	Escherichia coli K12 cysD	Bacillus subtilis cysH	Synechococcus sp. PCC 7942	Saccharomyces cerevisiae FL200 arh1	Homo sapiens hypE			Escherichia coli K12 phnB	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCE68.10	Pseudomonas putida DSMZ ID 88-260 amoA		
35						8	क ४		İ	i				Ĭ			İ	88	.g. 88		
40	db Match					pir.F69997	gp:SC7A8_10		sp:CYSN_ECOLI	sp:cysp_Ecol	sp:CYH1_BACSU	SP.NIR SYNP7	sp:ADRO_YEAST	prf:2420294J			sp:PHNB_ECOL!	gp:SCE68_10	gp:PPAMOA_1		
	ORF (bp)	216	207	189	261	927	723	915	1299	912	693	1683	1371	1083	237	534	414	366	522	321	486
45	Terminal (nt)	2997366	2997481	2997876	2997963	2998528	2999478	3002426	3000241	3001542	3002453	3003480	3006915	3008376	3008453	3009303	3008749	3009607	3009710	3010979	3010441
50	Initial (nt)	2997151	2997687	2997688	2998223	2999454	3000200	3001512	3001539	3002453	3003145	3005162		3007294	3008689	3008770	3009162	3009242	3010231	3010659	3010926
	SEQ NO.	<u></u>	6586		6588	6589	9659	6591	6592	6593	6594	6595	+	6597	6598	6538		6601	6602	6603	5604
55	SEQ NO.	3085	3086	3087	3088	3089	3090	3091	3092	3093	3094	3095	3096	3097	3098	3099	3100	3101	3102	3103	3104

EP 1 108 790 A2

5		Function	hypothetical protein		hypothetical protein	nsporter	nsporter	metabolite transport protein homolog			succinyl-diaminopimelate desuccinylase				dehydrin-like protein	maltose/maltodextrin transport ATP- binding protein		cobalt transport protein	NADPH-flavin oxidoreductase	inosine-uridine preferring nucleoside hydrolase	hypothetical membrane protein	DNA-3-methyladenine glycosylase	flavohemoprotein	
			hypothe		hypothe	ABC transporter	ABC transporter	metabol			succinyl-diamir desuccinylase				dehydrii	maltose/maltod binding protein		cobalt t	NADPI	inosine-ur hydrolase	hypoth	DNA-3-	flavohe	
15		Matched length (a.a.)	99		337	199	211	416			466				114	373		179	231	317	276	179	406	
20		Similarity (%)	58.0		57.9	64.8	73.0	67.8			48.5				46.0	50.1		67.6	71.4	59.3	59.4	78.8	63.8	
		Identity (%)	41.0		26.1	35.7	39.3	30.8			21.5				33.0	24.9		30.2	37.2	28.4	31.2	50.3	33.5	
25	able 1 (confinued)	is gene	s ORFZ3		ihus H16	enzae hmcB	enzae hmcB	eG			12 msgB					12 malK		s Plasmid cbiM	V frp	ta iunH	elicator A3(2)	(12 tag	phus H16 fhp	
30	able 1 (c	Homologous gene	Agrobacterium vitis ORFZ3		Alcaligenes eutrophus H16 ORF7	Haemophilus influenzae hmcB	Haemophilus influenzae hmcB	Bacillus subtilis ydeG			Escherichia coli K12 msgB				Daucus carota	Escherichia coli K12 malK		Lactococcus lactis Plasmid pNZ4000 Orf-200 cbiM	Vibrio harveyi MAV frp	Crithidia fasciculata iunH	Streptomyces coelicalor A3(2) SCE20.08c	Escherichia coli K12 tag	Alcaligenes eutrophus H16 fhp	
35		db Match	AGRVI		sp:YGB7_ALCEU O	H 6.68399 H. rdg					Sp.DAPE_ECOLI E				GPU:DCA297422_ D	Sp:MALK_ECOL! E		gp: AF036485_6 L	Sp. FRP VIBHA		gp:SCE20_8	Sp. 3MG1 ECOLI E	15	٦.
40			SP:YTZ3				1					10				1			 -	+	5 gp:SC		B Sp. HW	
		ORF (bp)	285	564	1002	693	714	1209	822	587	1323	1905	774	762	954	1068	642	618	816	- 	97	588	4Ξ	4
45		Terminal (nt)	3011273	3011242	3011808	3013106	3013837	3015824	3014648	3016924	3015827	3019220	3018312	3017420	3018123	3019542	3020561	3021208	3022113	3022998	3025353	3026139	_!	
50		Initial (nt)	3010989	3011805	3012809	3013798	3014550	3014616	3015469	3016238	3017149	3017316	3017539	3018181	3019076	3020609	3021202		3022928		3024379	1025552		
		SEQ.	6605	9099	6607	6608	6099	6610	6611	6612	6613	6614	6615	9199	6617	6618	6619	6620	6621	6622	6623	6624	6625	}
55			3105		+	3108	-		3111		-	3114				3118	3119	3120	1121	3122	3123	3124	7125	1

5						ator or beta- latory protein		idase		idase	rase			e protein		jenase	hate				ninidase
10		Function		oxidoreductase		transcription antiterminator or betagincoside positive regulatory protein		6-phospho-beta-glucosidase		6-phospho-beta-glucosidase	aspartate aminotransferase		transposase (ISCg2)	hypothetical membrane protein		UDP-glucose dehydrogenase	deoxycytidine triphosphate deaminase		hypothetical protein		beta-N-Acetylglucosaminidase
15		Matched length (a.a.)		210		192		167		99	402		401	399		442	188		229		410
20		Similarity (%)		63.8		69.3		59.9		78.8	80.9		100.0	70.2		72.2	72.3		59.4		58.1
		identity (%)		34.8		28.1		43.7		43.9	53.7		100.0	33.6		40.5	43.6		30.6		28.5
<i>25</i>	nued)	ле		ır A3(2)		ည		n B6405		n B6405	itus aat		micum	ır A3(2)		rkpK	þ.		r A3(2)		olaceus
	Table 1 (confinued)	Homologous gene		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) mmyQ		Escherichia coli K12 bglC		Clostridium longisporum B6405 abgA		Clostridium longisporum B6405 abgA	Methylobacillus flagelfatus aat		Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 tnp	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCQ11.10c		Sinorhizobium meliloti rkpK	Escherichia coli K12 dcd		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCC75A.16c		Streptomyces thermoviolaceus nagA
35 40		db Match		gp:SCO276673_18 8		sp:BGLG_ECOLI E		sp:ABGA_CLOLO		sp:ABGA_CLOLO	gp:L78665_2		gp:AF189147_1	gp:SCQ11_10		prf:2422381B	sp:DCD_ECOL!		gp:SCC75A_16		gp:AB008771_1
		ORF (bp)	603	624	156	591	279	360	381	240	1257	300	1203	1257	183	1317	267	237	177	1689	1185
45		Terminal (nt)	3028163	3028891	3029033	3028884	3029782	3029702	3030535	3030101	3031979	3032348	3033863	3035437	3034105	3035440	3036845	3037911	3038942	3038993	3040748
50		Initial (nt)	3027561	3028268	3028878	3029474	3029504	3030061	3030155	3030340	3030723	3032647	3032661	3034181	3034287	3036756	3037411	3037675	3038172	3040681	3041932
		SEQ NO. (a.a.)	9299	6627	6528	6239	6530	6631	6632	6633	6634	6635	6636	6637	6638	6639	6640	6641	6642	6643	6644
55		SEQ NO. (DNA)	3126	3127	3128	3129	3130	3131	3132	3133	3134	3135	3136	3137	3138	3139	3140	3141	3142	3143	3144

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	lion						rane protein	nacrolide 3-0-		rane protein				ate carboxykinase	ansporter	_	-	protein	
10	Function			hypothetical protein			hypothetical membrane protein	acytransferase or macrolide 3-O- acytransferase		hypothelical membrane protein		hexosyltransferase	methyl transferase	phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase (GTP)	C4-dicarboxylate transporter	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	mebrane transport protein	
15	Matched length (a.a.)			1416			363	408		529		369	251	601	332	241	207	768	
20	Similarity (%)			49.4			47.1	51.0		54.8		79.1	73.3	78.5	52.7	67.2	85.0	72.3	
	Identity (%)			29.6			24.8	27.7		31.2		53.4	58.6	54.7	24.4	35.7	69.1	42.3	
<i>25</i> (pa					ĺ			i				sis	osis	epck	>-	Ŧ	osis	osis	
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene			Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1883.13c			Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1883.05c	Streptomyces sp. acyA		Mycobacterium leprae MLCB1883.04c		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0225	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0224c	Neocallimastix frontalis pepck	Pyrococcus abyssi Orsay PAB2393	Escherichia coli K12 yggH	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0207c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0206c mmpL3	
40	db Match			gp:MLCB1883_7			gp:MLCB1883_4	pir.JC4001		gp:MLCB1883_3		pir.G70961	pir.F70961	SP.PPCK_NEOFR	pir.E75125	Sp. YGGH_ECOLI	pir:E70959	pir:C70839	
	ORF (bp)	444	201	3129	621	195	903	1068	708	1422	699	1137	177	1830	1011	765	705	2316	1422
45	Terminal (nt)	3042437	3042703	3045788	3043022	3045990	3048048	3046122	3047197	3049479	3051190	3049456	3051964	3052062	3055769	3056631	3057317	3059643	3058096
50	Initial (nt)	3041994	3042503	3042660	3043642	3045796	3047146	3047189	3047904	3048058	3050522	3050592	3051194	3053891	3054759	3055867	3056613	3057328	3059517
	SEQ NO.	5645	6646	6647	5548	6649	6550	6651	6652	6553	6654	6655	9599		6658	6659	0999	6661	9999
55	SEQ. NO. (DNA)	3145	3146	3147	3148		3150	3151	3152		3154		3156	3157	3158	3159	3160	3161	3162

5		U.	ne protein	ne protein	xylase complex					in PS1 protein				ine protein					losphatase
10		Function	hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein	propionyl-CoA carboxylase complex B subunit	polyketide synthase	acyl-CoA synthase	hypothetical protein		major secreted protein PS1 protein precursor			antigen 85-C	hypothetical membrane protein	nodulation protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		phosphatidic acid phosphatase
15		Matched length (a.a.)	364	108	523	1747	592	319		657			331	667	295	168	656		170
20		Similarity (%)	62.9	69.4	76.9	54.2	62.3	67.4		99.5			62.5	61.2	51.5	75.0	74.7		56.5
		Identity (%)	29.1	34.3	49.7	30.2	33.5	39.8		98.6			36.3	37.5	27.1	51.2	55.6		28.2
25	cg)		sis	sis	(3(5)	eryA	(1)	sis		oum VTCC			sis	sis	s	sis	sis		ပ္ပ
30	lable I (commined)	Homologaus gene	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0204c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0401	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) pcc8	Streptomyces erythraeus eryA	Mycobacterium bovis BCG	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3802c		Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 17965 cop1			Mycobacterium tuberculosis ERDMANN RV0129C fbaC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3805c	Azorhizobium caulinodans ORS571 noeC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3807c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3808c		Bacillus licheniformis ATCC 9945A bcrC
35			My H37	H My	Strept	i –	Μy	My H3						My H3		H M	My H3		
40		db Match	pir:A70839	pir: H70633	gp:AF113605_1	SP.ERY1_SACER	prf:2310345A	pir:F70887		971 sp.CSP1_CORGL			sp:A85C_MYCTU	pir.A70888	sp:NOEC_AZOCA	pir.C70888	pir:D70888		sp:BCRC_BACU
		ORF (bp)	1083	363	1548	4830	1788	927	498	1971	1401	219	1023	2058	966	504	1968	1494	477
45		Terminal (nt)	3060733	3061095	3061380	3062951	3068143	3070214	3071147	3071650	3075447	3073857	3075540	3076715	3078853	3079848	3080344	3083960	3083935
50		Initial (nt)	3059651	3060733	3062927	3067780	3069930	3071140	3071644	3073620	3074047	3074075	3076562	3078772	3079848	3080351	3082311	3082467	3084411
		SEQ NO (a a.)	6999	6664	6665	9999		8999	6999		6671	6672	6673	6674	6675	9299	6677	8299	6679
55		SEQ NO (DNA)	3163	3164	3165	3166	3167	3168	3169	3170	3171	3172	3173	3174	3175	3176	3177	3178	3179

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function		dimethylaniline monooxygenase (N-	oxide-forming)	0.0011111111111111111111111111111111111	UDF-galactopytaliose illutase	hypothetical protein	glycerol kinase	hypothetical protein	acyltransferase	seryl-IRNA synthetase	transcriptional regulator, GntR family or fatty acyl-responsive regulator	hypothelical protein	hypothetical protein	-	2,3-PDG dependent phosphoglycerate mutase		nicotinamidase or pyrazinamidase	
15	Matched length (a a)		277	118	ŗ	377	629	499	279	261	419	235	356	113		218		460	
20	Similarity (%)			50.4		72.9	47.8	78.8	70.3	72.0	87.6	61.7	61.2	79.7		62.8		20.9	
	identity (%)		1	24.4		43.2	29.6	51.7	41.6	46.7	70.2	27.7	32.6	46.0		37.2		27.4	
25 (penul)	gene					2 gif	erculosis	ginosa	erculosis	erculosis	ercutosis	2 farR	erculosis	erculosis		hanolica pgm		egmatis pzaA	
So Table 1 (continued)	Hamologous gene			Sus scrofa fmo1		Escherichia coli K12 glf	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3811 csp	Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 15692 glpK	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3813c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3816c	Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv	Escherichia coli K12 farR	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3835	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3836		Amycolatopsis methanolica pgm		Mycobacterium smegmatis pzaA	
40	db Match			sp.FMO1_PIG		sp:GLF_ECOU	pir.G70520	Sp.GLPK_PSEAE	pir.A70521	pir 070521	gsp:W26465	sp:FARR_ECOLI	pir:H70652	pir.A70653		gp:AMU73808_1		prf:2501285A	
	ORF (bp)	777	510	1302	612	1203	2049	1527	834	876	1266	714	1113	342	66	699	630	1143	729
45	Terminal (nt)	3084424	3085218	3087048	3088276	3087101	3090664	3090760	3092342	3093175	3094078	3096287	3097423	3097764	3097780	3097904	3099454	3100698	3101426
50	Initial (nt)	3085200	3085727	3085747	3087665	3088303	3088616	3092286	3093175	3094050	3095343	3095574	3096311	3097423	3097878		3098825	3099556	3100698
	SEQ NO.	-;-	6681	6682	6683	6684	6685	9899		6688	6889	0699	6691	6692	6693		6695	9699	2699
55	SEQ.	3180	3181	3182	3183	3184	3185	3186	3187	3188	3189	3190	3191	3192	3193	3194	3195	3196	3197

5		Function	transcriptional regulator				hypothetical protein	glucan 1,4-alpha-glucosidase		glycerophosphoryl diester phosphodiesterase	gluconate permease			pyruvale kinase	L-tactate dehydrogenase	hypothetical protein	hydrolase or hatoacid dehalogenase-like hydrolase	efflux protein	transcription activator or transcriptional regulator GntR family	phosphoesterase	shikimate transport protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)	380				107	432		259	456			491	314	526	224	188	221	255	422
20		Similarity (%)	57.1				81.3	55.3		54.1	71.9			47.7	99.7	64.8	58.5	67.6	57.0	68.6	74.4
		Identity (%)	31.6				43.9	28.7		29.0	37.3			25.5	99.7	33.5	32.1	39.9	27.6	47.8	37.9
25	ntinued)	gene	olor A3(2)				dulae	evisiae a1		a				utamicum	um lctA	erculosis	color A3(2)	ns ORF1	2 MG1655	erculosis	2 shiA
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC6G4.33				Streptomyces lavendulae ORF372	Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288C YIR019C sta1		Bacillus subtilis glpQ	Bacillus subtilis gntP			Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 pyk	Brevibacterium flavum IctA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv1069c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SC1C2.30	Brevibacterium linens ORF1 tmpA	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 glcC	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2795c	Escherichia coli K12 shiA
40		db Match	gp:SC6G4_33				pir.B26872	sp:AMYH_YEAST		sp:GLPQ_BACSU	Sp.GNTP_BACSU			sp:KPYK_CORGL	gsp: Y25997	pir:C70893	gp:SC1C2_30	gp:AF030288_1	sp:GLCC_ECOLI	pir:870885	1299 sp.SHIA_ECOLI
		ORF (bp)	1035	120	552	870	327	1314	918	819	1389	642	159	1617	942	1776	636	543	693	786	+
45		Terminal (nt)	3102768	3101744	3102079	3103763	3104252	3105719	3106053	3106951	3109519	3108823	3110003	3110464	3112449	3115394	3116042	3116621	3117332	3118121	3119582
50		Initial (nt)	3101734	3101863	3102630	3102894	3103926	3104406	3106970	3107769	3108131		3109845	3112080	3113390	3113619	3115407	3116079	3116640	3117336	6716 3118284
		SEQ NO.	6698	6699	929	6701	6702	6703	6704	6705	6706		6708	6709	6710	6711	6712	6713	6714	6715	6716
55		SEQ NO.	3198	3199	3200	3201	3202	3203	3204	3205	3206	3207	3208	3209	3210	3211	3212	3213	3214	3215	3216

two-component system response regulator

212

50.9

Corynebacterium diphtheriae chrA

membrane transport protein transcriptional regulator

137

447

Streptomyces cyanogenus land

Bacillus subtilis 168 yxaD

prf.2508244AB sp:YXAD_BACSU

456

1491

3133778 3135752

3135268 3135297 3136491

6734 6735

3234

3235 3236

prf:2518330B

636

3135856

6736

hypothetical protein

216

59.3 65.0 75.5

33.8 27.3 37.2

Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3850

pir.G70654

633

3133747

5	Function	L-lactate dehydrogenase or FMN- dependent dehydrogenase		immunity repressor protein			phosphatase or reverse transcriptase (RNA-dependent)		peptidase or IAA-amino acid hydrolase		peptide methionine sulfoxide reductase	superoxide dismutase (Fe/Mn)	transcriptional regulator	multidrug resistance transporter			
15	Matched length	1		55			569		122		210	164	292	384	:		
20	Similarity (%)	68.9		80.0			51.3		63.1		69.1	92.7	65.8	49.0			
	Identity (%)	40.4		45.5			29.5		36.9		47.6	82.3	32.5	23.4			
25 (panuluo) - ele	aua6 sr	tidis IIdA		-105 ORF1			egans		na ill 1		msrA	pos uno	2	glutamicum			
30 eret	Homologous gene	Neisseria meningitidis IIdA		Bacillus phage phi-105 ORF1			Caenorhabditis elegans Y51B11A.1		Arabidopsis thaliana ill1		Escherichia coli B msrA	Corynebacterium pseudodiphtheriticum sod	Bacillus subtilis gitC	Corynebacterium glutamicum tetA			
35 40	db Match	215 pri.2219306A		Sp:RPC_BPPH1 E			617 gp.CELY51B11A_1		Sp:ILL1_ARATH		Sp. PMSR ECOLI		Sp.GLTC BACSU				
	:	1215 pri	405	312 sp	138	711	1617 gp	546		150			924 St		1611	111	1521
45	Terminal (62	3121313	+	3121992	3123932	3122556	3124341	3124897	3125402	3125495	3126991	3127494		3131395	3133030	3131508
50	In trail	<u> </u> സ	3120909		3122129	3123222	3124172	3124885	3125298	2125343	3176145		3128417		3129785	3132920	3232 6732 3133028
	SEQ NO.	(a.a.)	6718	67.19	6720	6721	6722	6723		2073		6727	8778	6729	6730	6731	6732
55	SEO		121B	3219	3220	3221	3222	1223	3224	1000	3225	3227	3228	3226	3230	3231	3232

5	Function			two-component system sensor histidine kinase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	stage III sporulation protein	transcriptional repressor	transglycosylase-associated protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	RNA pseudouridylate synthase	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein		bacterial regulatory protein, gntR family or glc operon transcriptional activator	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)			408	48	772	265	192	87	296	314	334	84	42	 	109	488	267
20	Similarity (%)			64.5	79.2	59.2	53.6	60.9	71.3	69 6	73.9	51.2	0.99	75.0		56.0	48.2	78.7
	Identity (%)			30,2	45.8	30.0	26.0	32.3	34.5	41.2	38.5	28.4	61.0	71.0		30.3	26.0	48.3
25 G				3.6	3(2)	3(2)		s	555	Sis	655	55		ô		655		sis
ss Santinued)	Homologous gene			Corynebacterium diphtheriae chrS	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH69.22c	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH69.20c	Bacillus subtilis spottd	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3173c	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 tag1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2005c	Escherichia coii K12 MG1655 yhbW	Chlorobium vibrioforme ybc5	Chlamydia pneumoniae	Chlamydia muridarum Nigg TC0129		Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 glcC	Streptomyces coelicotor SC4G6.31c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2744c
40	db Match			prf:2518330A	gp:SCH69_22	gp:SCH69_20	sp:SP3J_BACSU	pir:C70948	sp:TAG1_ECOLI	sp:YW12_MYCTU	sp:YHBW_ECOLI	Sp.YBC5 CHLVI	GSP:Y35814	PIR:F81737		sp:GLCC_ECOL!	gp:SC4G6_31	sp:35KD_MYCTU
	ORF (bp)	639	588	1311	150	822	1302	639	261	903	987	996	273	141	207	363	1416	873
45	Terminal (nt)	3137558	3138471	3136593	3138481	3138634	3140952	3140885	3141709	3142454	3143496	3145626	3146841	3147230	3151369	3151842	3153828	3153894
50	Initial (nt)	3136920		6739 3137903	6740 3138630	3139455	3139651		3141969	3143356	3144482	3144661		3147090	3151575		3152413	3154766
	SEO	(4.4.)	6738	6239	6740	6741	6742		6744	6745	6746	6747	6748		6750		6752	6753
55	SEO	3237		3239	3240	3241	3242	3243	3244	3245	3246	1247	3248	3249	1250	3251	3252	3253

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function						methyltransferase	nodulin 21-related protein				transposon tn501 resolvase		ferredoxin precursor	hypothetical protein	transposase	transposase protein fragment TnpNC		glyceraldehyde-3-phosphale dehydrogenase (pseudogene)	lipoprotein	copper/potassium-transporting ATPase B or cation transporting ATPase (E1-E2 family)	
15	Matched length (a.a.)						217	241				56		62	55	27	46		38	180	717	
20	Similarity (%)						58.1	55.2				92.9		98.4	85.5	84.0	90.0		84.2	59.4	73.4	
	Identity (%)						32.3	26.1				48.2		90.3	47.3	81.0	84.0		63.2	32.2	45.8	
30 elder	Homologous gene						oelicolcr A3(2)					Pseudomonas aeruginosa TNP5	:	Saccharopolyspora erythraea fer	celicolor A3(2)	m glutamicum	m glutamicum		esei gap	sp. PCC6803	Archaeoglobus fulgidus AF0152	
30 GE	PolomoH				; 		Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCD35.11c	soybean NO21				Pseudomonas		Saccharopolys	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2)	Corynebacterium glutamicum Tnp1673	Corynebacterium glutamicum		Pyrococcus woesel	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 sll0788	Archaeoglobus	
35 .	db Match						gp:SCD35_11	sp:NO21_SOYBN				sp:TNP5_PSEAE		sp:FER_SACER	gp:SCD31_14	GPU:AF164956_8	GPU:AF164956_23		sp:G3P_PYRWO	pir.S77018	pir. H69268	
40	ORF (bp)	153	1452	1068	249	309	711 gp:	720 sp:	204	378	186	216 sp.	483	321 sp.	333 gp:	111 GP	162 GP	1038	126 sp:	 	2217 pir.	171
			├	 	-	┢		 	╁─				├ -	 -	\vdash	├	 	+		 	1	
45	Terminal (nt)	3154969	3155246	3156306	3157223	3157479	3158834	3159081	3160419	3161065	3161001	3160723	3161701	3161087	3161682	3162804	3162871	3163889	3162858	3163074	3163789	3166267
5 <i>0</i>	Initial (nt)	3154817	3156697	3157373	3157471	3157787	3158124	3159800	3160216	3160688	3160816	3160938	3161219	3161407		6768 3162694	3162710	3162852	3162983	3163733	3166005	3166437
	SEQ.		6755	6756	6757	6758	6729	6760	6761	6762	6763	6764	6765	6766	1929		6929	6770	6771	6772	6773	6774
55	SEQ NO.	3254	3255	3256	3257	3258	3259	3260	3261	3262	3263	3264	3265	3266	3267	3268	3269	3270	3271	3272	3273	3274

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		n sensor		1000	se regulator e synthesis ory protein		stance protein	nge protein esis protein)	se rctase)(seta-		ase (Zn(II)- TPase	<u> </u>		sse (Zn(II)- TPase				
10	Function	two-companent system sensor	histidine kinase		two-component response regulator or alkaline phosphatase synthesis transcriptional regulatory protein	-	laccase or copper resistance protein precursor A	thiol:disulfide interchange protein (cytochrome c biogenesis protein)	quinone oxidoreductase (NADPH:quinone reductase)(seta- crystallin)		zinc-transporting ATPase (Zn(II)- translocating p-type ATPase			zinc-transporting ATPase (Zn(II)-translocating p-type ATPase	hypothetical protein		transposase	transposase
15	Matched length (a.a.)		301		233		630	101	322		78			909	72		73	70
20	Similarity (%)		71.4		72.1		47.9	63.4	6.09		66.7			68.5	54.0		73.0	77.0
<u> </u>	Identity (%)		37.5		43.4	-	26.7	31.7	31.4		37.2			39.8	45.0		58.0	75.0
Table 1 (contirued)	ns gene		12 baeS		РоР		ringae pv.	ponicum tlpA			. PCC6803			.12 MG1655	K1 APE2572		glutamicum	glutamicum
Table 1 (Homologous gene		Escherichia coli K12 baeS		Bacilius subtilis phoP		Pseudomonas syringae pv. tomato copA	Bradyrhizobium japonicum tlpA	Mus musculus qor		Synechocystis sp. atzN			Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 atzN	Aeropyrum pernix K1 APE2572		Corynebacterium glutamicum Tnp1673	Corynebacterium glutamicum Tnp1673
35	db Match		sp:BAES_ECOLI E		sp:PHOP_BACSU B		Sp.COPA_PSESM to	sp.TLPA_BRAJA B	sp.QOR_MOUSE N		Sp.ATZN_SYNY3			sp.ATZN_ECOLI E			GPU.AF164956_8	GPU:AF164956_8 T
10	8								sp:QOR		sp:ATZh				PIR:E72491		GPU;AF	
	ORF (bp)	192	1197	828	756	672	1479	363	918	471	234	315	207	1875	390	309	216	258
45	Terminal (nt)	3167169	3166450	3168566	3167646	3169340	3170892	3171816	3171619	3173465	3173857	3174380	3174784	3176901	3175254	3177482	3177089	3177308
50	(nt)			3167739	3168401	3168669	3169414	3171254	3172536	3172995	3173624	3174066	3174990	3175027	3175643	3177174	3177304	3177565
	SEO NO.	6775	6776	6777	6778	6779	6780	6781	6782	6783	6784	6785	6786	6787	6788	68/9	0629	6791
55	SEQ NO.	3275	3276	3277	3278	3279	3280	3281	3282	3283	3284	3285		3287	3288	3289	3290	3291

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5	Function	transposase (IS1628)	thioredoxin		transmembrane transport protein or 4-hydroxybenzoate transporter		hypothetical protein	replicative DNA helicase		50S ribosomal protein L9	single-strand DNA binding protein	30S ribosomal protein S6		hypothetical protein		penicillin-binding protein	hypothetical protein	bacterial regulatory protein, marR family	hypothetical protein	:	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	53	100		421		208	461		154	229	92		480		647	107	137	296		7.1	298	433
20	Similarity (%)	96.2	74.0		60.1		62.5	73.1		71.4	51.5	78.3		68.3		60.1	72.0	65.0	61.8		70.4	63.8	64.0
	Identity (%)	92.5	39.0		27.1		35.1	37.7		42.2	30.6	28.3		41.5		29.1	41.1	35.1	29.7		32.4	30.2	31.2
Table 1 (continued)	us gene	glutamicum pAG1 tnpB	.12 tni2		tida pcaK		(12 yaji	(12 chaB		(12 RL9	(12 ssb	(12 RS6		megmatis		onA	uberculosis	uberculosis	Jerculosis yofF		hgC	<12 yceA	<12 ybjZ
Table 100	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum 22243 R-plasmid pAG1 tnpB	Escherichia coli K12 tni2		Pseudomonas putida pcaK		Escherichia coli K12 yajl	Escherichia coli K12 chaB		Escherichia coli K12 RL9	Escherichia coli K12 ssb	Escherichia coli K12 RS6		Mycobacterium smegmalis mc(2)155		Bacillus subtilis ponA	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0049	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0042c	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2319c yoff		Bacillus subtilis yhgC	Escherichia coli K12 yceA	Escherichia coli K12 ybjZ
35	db Match	gp.AF121000_8	sp:THI2_ECOLI		sp:PCAK_PSEPU		sp:YQJI_ECOLI	Sp.DNAB_ECOLI		sp:RL9_ECOLI	Sp. SSB_ECOLI	sp:RS6_ECOLI		gp:AF187306_1		sp:PBPA_BACSU	sp:Y0HC_MYCTU	pir:B70912	sp:Y0FF_MYCTU		sp:YHGC_BACSU	sp:YCEA_ECOLI	sp:YBJZ_ECOU
40	ORF (bp)	159 gp	447 sp	264	1344 sp	159	576 sp	1530 sp	516	450 \$	675 sr	285 sp	189	1458 gr	882	2160 st	357 st	471 pi	942 S	495	321 5	-	1263 s
45	Terminal (nt)	3177525	3178112	3178872	3180392	3180945	3180551	3181337	3183984	3183478	3183987	3184701	3185348	3185536	3188793	3187042	3189296	3190347	3191319	3191848	3191922	3192266	3193252
50	Initial (nt)	3177683	3178558	3178609	3179049	3181104	3181126	3182866	3183469			3184985	3185536		3187912	3189201		3189877	3190378	3191354	3192242		
30	SEO NO.		6793		6795	6796	6797	6798	62.99	6800	_			3304 6804	6805	6806	6807	6808	6089	6810	6811		
	SEO	3292	3293	3294	3295	3296	3297	3298	3299	3300	3301	3302	3303	3304	3305	3306	3307	3308	3309	3310	3311	3312	3313
55																							

10	Function	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein			DNA protection during starvation protein	formamidopyrimidine-DNA glycosylase	hypothetical protein			methylated-DNAprotein-cysteine S-methyltransferase	zinc-binding dehydrogenase or quinone oxidoreductase (NADPH:quinone reductase) or alginate lyase		membrane transport protein	malate oxidoreductase [NAD] (malic enzyme)	gluconokinase or gluconate kinase	teicoplanin resistance protein	teicoplanin resistance protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	221	237	360			154	268	404			166	231		398	392	486	169	159
20	Simitarity (%)	1.08	42.0	90.0			64.9	55.6	9.99			63.3	63.6		66.3	99.5	53.7	60.4	159.0
	identity (%)	48.9	18.0	77.8			37.7	28.4	47.5			38.0	33.3		26.4	99.7	24.5	27.8	27.0
25 (pen		31655	9090	osis			· ·	rtM or	В				a pig) qor		osis	isecola micum)		/anZ	/anZ
S Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 MG1655 ybjZ	Campylobacter jejuni Cj0606	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0046c			Escherichia coli K12 dps	Escherichia coli K12 mutM or fpg	Escherichia coli K12 rtcB			Homo sapiens mgmT	Cavia porcellus (Guinea pig) qor		Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv0191 ydeA	Corynebacterium melassecola (Corynebacterium glutamicum) ATCC 17965 malE	Bacillus subtilis gntK	Enterococcus faeclum van Z	Enterococcus faecium vanZ
40	db Match	sp:YBJZ_ECOU	pir.E81408	pir.F70912			Sp:DPS_ECOL!	Sp.FPG_ECOLI	sp:RTCB_ECOLI			SP:MGMT_HUMAN	sp:QOR_CAVPO		sp:YDEA_ECOL!	gp:AF234535_1	SP.GNTK_BACSU	sp:VANZ_ENTFC	sp:VANZ_ENTFC
	ORF (bp)	s 069	1977 p	1089 p	909	1485	495 \$	813 \$	1149 s	1089	573	474 S	1011 s	111	1176 s	1176 9	1482 s	591 s	525
45	Terminal (nt)	3194514	3195210	3198500	3198582	3199202	3201260	3202712	3204100	3202979	3204728	3204731	3205222	3206756	3208024	3209454	3209705	3211246	3211904
50	Initial (nt)	3195203	3197186	3197412	3199187	3200686	3201754	3201900	3202952	3204067	3204156	3205204	3206232	3206646	3206849	3208279	3211186	6830 3211836	6831 3212428
	SEQ NO.		6815	6816	6817	6818	6819	6820	6821	6822	6823		6825	6826	6827	6828	6829		6831
55	SEQ NO.	3314	3315	3316	3317	3318	3319	3320	3321	3322	3323	3324	3325	3326	3327	3328	3329	3330	3331

ſ		· T.		$\overline{}$	T	$\overline{}$	\top	7	T	Т	T	\top	T			0		5
5			genase smai								e protein	orotein			e catabolism lase) (2- ne-1,7-dioate oxymethyl-2 ate	nase or 1- e dioxygenas	rotein, lacl Idation	port protein ansporter
10	Function	mercury(II) reductase	D-amino acid dehydrogenase small subunit			o set authorough Live Contract	ואארו(ג. לב לב לב לב לב לב לב לב לב לב לב לב לב		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	leucyl-tkivA synmetase	hypothetical memorane protein	virulence-associated protein		hypothelical protein	bifunctional protein (homoprotocatechuate catabolism bifunctional isomerase/decarboxylase) (2- hydroxyhepta-2,4-diene-1,7-dioate isomerase and 5-carboxymethyl-2- oxo-hex-3-ene-1,7dioate decarboxylase)	gentisate 1,2-dioxygenase or 1- hydroxy-2-naphthoate dioxygenase	bacterial regulatory protein, lacl family or pectin degradation repressor protein	transmembrane transport protein or 4-hydroxybenzoale transporter
15	Matched length (a.a.)	448	444				194			943	104	86		247	298	339	229	454
20	Similarity (%)	65.6	54.5				25.2			68.1	40.4	81.4		53.8	50.3	64.3	60.7	8.09
	Identity (%)	29.9	27.3				25.8			47.7	40.4	55.8		31.6	28.5	34.2	25.3	27.5
25 (panui	ene	s merA	adA				S nox					is vapl		<u>l</u> o	hpcE	genes xinE	santhemi	a pcaK
& Saminned)	Homologous gene	Staphylococcus aureus merA	Escherichia coli K12 dadA				Thermus thermophilus nox			Bacillus subtilis syl	Escherichia coli K12	Dichelobacter nodosus vapl		Streptomyces coelicolor SCC54.19	Escherichia coli K12 hpcE	Pseudomonas alcaligenes xInE	Pectobacterium chrysanthemi kdgR	Pseudomonas putida pcaK
<i>35</i> <i>40</i>	db Match	SP. MERA STAAU	}				Sp: NOX_THETH			sp:SYL_BACSU	sp. YBAN_ECOLI	Sp.VAPI_BACNO		gp:SCC54_19	sp:HPCE_ECOL!	gp:AF173167_1	sp:KDGR_ERWCH	356 Sp.PCAK_PSEPU
	ORF (bp)	1344 sp:		1503	30	321	609 sp:	924	1452	2856 sp.		357 sp	74	723 gp	837 sp	1125 gp	780 SF	1356 sp
45	Terminal Of (nt)	3213931 13	7	3215257 1	3215886 3	3217457 3	3218601 6	3219700 9	3222495 1	3219778 2	3223150	3223089	3225374 7	3223992	3224718	3225563	3226910	3229079
50	Initial (nt)	- œ		3216759	3217215	3217777	3217993	3218777	3221044	3222633	3222722	3223445	3224601	3224714	3225554	3226687	3227689	6848 3227724
	SEO	(a.a.)		6834		6836	6837	6838	6839	6840			6843	6844	6845	6846	6847	
55	SEO	(DNA)		3334	-		3337	3338	3339	3340	3341	3342	3343	3344	3345	3346	3347	3348

					_					_						
5	ion	Se	mporter or id transporter2	permease	se component l		se component II	sferase	osphate d N-(5'- hranilate		e beta chain	e alpha chain	ane protein	mponent or enzyme II, A	P-binding protein	
10	Function	salicylate hydroxylase	proton/glutamate symporter or excitatory amino acid transporter2	tryptophan-specific permease	anthranilate synthase component l		anthranilate synthase component II	anthranilate phosphoribosyltransferase	indole-3-glycerol phosphate synthase (IGPS) and N-(5'- phosphoribosyl) anthranilate isomerase(PRAI)	!	tryptophan synthase beta chain	tryptophan synthase alpha chain	hypothetical membrane protein	PTS system, IIA component or unknown pentitol phocphotransferase enzyme II, A component	ABC transporter ATP-binding protein	ABC transporter
15	Matched length (a.a.)	476	507	170	515		208	348	474		417	283	521	152	305	547
20	Similarity (%)	49.4	54.4	99.4	8.66		100.0	99.4	98.3		97.9	96.5	86.8	71.7	63.6	57.2
	Identity (%)	28.2	25.4	99.4	99.2		99.0	99.4	97.3		97.6	95.4	66.6	30.3	32.5	25.2
25 (tinued	lene			amicum	ermentum		ermentum	amicum	ermenlum		ermentum	ermentum	lor A3(2)	ptxA	ri.	lor A3(2)
& Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Pseudomonas putida	Homo sapiens eat2	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ORF1	Brevibacterium lactofermentum trpE		Brevibacterium lactofermentum trpG	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 21850 trpD	Brevibacterium lactofermentum trpC		Brevibacterium lactofermentum trpB	Brevibacterium lactofermentum trpA	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCJ21.17c	Escherichia coli K12 plxA	Pseudomonas stutzeri	Streptomyces coelicolor A3(2) SCH10.12
35		-	 -	04	j			1					000			
40	db Match	prf 1706191A	sp:EAT2_HUMAN	pir.JC2326	sp_TRPE_BRELA		TRPG_BRELA	sp.TRPD_CORGL	sp:TRPC_BRELA		sp:TRPB_BRELA	sp:TRPA_BRELA	gp:SCJ21_17	sp.PTXA_ECOLI	SP.NOSF_PSEST	gp:SCH10_12
	ORF (bp)	1326	1251	510	1554	171	624	1044	1422	969	1251	840	1539	910	906	1584
45	Terminal (nt)	3230444	3231054	3233105	3234956	3233250	3235579	3236545	3238062	3236518	3239332	3240171	3240313	3241879	3243759	3245342
50	Initial (nt)	3229119	3232304	3232596	6852 3233403	3233420	6854 3234956	3235602	3236641	3237213	3238082	3239332	3241851	3242688	3242854	6863 3243759
	SEQ NO.			6851		6853		6855	6856	6857	6858	6889	6860	6861	6862	
55	SEO NO.	3349	3350	3351	3352	3353	3354	3355	3356	3357	3358	3359	3360	3361	3362	3363

bacterial regulatory protein, tetR family

188

50

26.

Escherichia coli K12 acrR

Sp:ACRR_ECOLI

555

3255744

3256298

6879

hydroxyquinol 1,2-dioxygenase

246

62.2

31.7

Acinetobacter calcoaceticus catA

sp:CATA_ACICA

8 8

3256471

3257373

6880

3360

acetoin(diacetyl) reductase (acetoin dehydrogenase) NADH oxidase or NADH-dependent NADH oxidase or NADH-dependent flavin oxidoreductase cytchrome b6-F complex iron-sulfur subunit (Rieske iron-sulfur protein) bacterial regulatory protein, arsR family or methylenomycin A hypothetical membrane protein 5 di-/tripeptide transpoter Function flavin oxidoreductase hypothetical protein hypothetical protein hypothetical protein esistance protein 10 15 Matched length 469 (a.a.) 226 305 336 328 262 347 58 102 Similarity 64.3 74.7 79.4 64.3 S σ S 71.6 % 22 2 69. 63. 54. 20 dentity 43.6 34.0 31.4 26.9 S 33.3 45.1 33.4 S 8 53 34 32. Streptomyces coelicolor Plasmid SCP1 mmr Lactococcus lactis subsp. lactis dlpT 25 Streptomyces coelicotor A3(2) SCI11.36c rable 1 (continued) Thermoanaerobacter brockii nadO Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv2094c Thermoanaerobacter brockii nadO Saccharomyces cerevisiae ymyO Homologous gene Escherichia coli K12 yfeH Klebsiella terrigena budC Chlorobium limicola petC 30 35 sp:NADO_THEBR Sp:NADO_THEBR SP:BUDC_KLETE sp:YY34_MYCTU SP.DTPT_LACLA Sp:YMY0_YEAST sp:UCRI_CHLLT Sp. YFEH_ECOLI db Match gp:SC111_36 pir:A29606 40 1359 1110 1092 648 753 180 972 774 153 192 168 ORF (bp) 348 321 450 171 3250742 3251466 3252316 3255719 3245822 3252133 3253739 3251405 3251743 3253480 3253824 Terminal 3245766 3248205 3249165 3249187 45 Ē 3255549 3249651 6870 | 3250758 3251618 3252300 3252636 3252728 3253560 3255182 3249534 3251934 3245317 3247234 3248392 3246931 50 6873 6876 6878 6868 6871 6872 6874 6875 6877 6864 9989 6889 6865 6867 SEQ NO. (a.a.) 3371 3372 3374 3378 3368 3373 3376 3377 SEQ NO (DNA) 3364 3365 3366 3367

EP 1 108 790 A2

ectoine/profine uptake protein

297

62.3

29.9

Corynebacterium glutamicum proP

prf.2501295A

837

3399 | 6899 | 3284309 | 3283473 |

5	Function	maleylacetate reductase	sugar transporter or D-xylose-proton symporter (D-xylose transporter)	bacterial transcriptional regulator or acetate operon repressor	oxidoreductase	diagnostic fragment protein sequence	myo-inositol 2-dehydrogenase	dehydrogenase or myo-inositol 2- dehydrogenase or streptomycin biosynthesis protein	phosphoesterase				stomatin		DEAD box RNA helicase family	hypothetical membrane protein		phosphomethylpyrimidine kinase	mercuric ion-binding protein or heavy-metal-associated domain containing protein
15	Matched length (a.a.)	351	513	280	357	270	332	343	1242				206		1660	141		125	29
20	Similarity (%)	75.5	58.3	60.7	55.7	58.2	59.6	62.4	62.7				57.3		80.2	61.0		76.8	70.1
	Identity (%)	43.0	31.4	25.7	27.2	25.9	26.5	34.1	33.3				28.6		58.4	34.8		50.4	46.3
25 (panuj	ene	1	ylE	ım iclR	√gb√	4450	idhA	strl					ns unc1		всс	s u2266k		-	
& Sable 1 (continued)	Homologous gene	Pseudomonas sp. P51	Escherichia coli K12 xylE	Salmonella typhimurium iclR	Escherichia coli K12 ydgJ	Listeria innocua strain 4450	Sinorhizobium melitoti idhA	Streptomyces griseus strl	Bacillus subtilis yvnB				Caenorhabditis elegans unc1		Mycobacterium bovis BCG RvD1-Rv2024c	Mycobacterium leprae u2266k		Bacillus subtilis thiO	Bacillus subtilis yvgY
<i>40</i>	db Match	sp.TCBF_PSESQ	sp:XYLE_ECOLI	sp:ICLR_SALTY	sp:YDGJ_ECOLI	gsp:W61761	sp:Mi2D_BACSU	sp.STRI_STRGR	pir.C70044				sp:UNC1_CAEEL		gp:MBO18605_3	prt:2323363AAM		sp:THID_BACSU	pir.F70041
	ORF (bp)	1089	1524	861	1077	879	1005	1083	4032	645	618	1086	744	696	4929	507	360	900	243
45	Terminal (nt)	3257403	3258561	3261989	3263221	3264115	3265146	3266266	3271093	32679:3	3268618	3272477	3274488	3275602	3276671	3281666	3283101	3282347	3283383
50	Initial (nt)	3258491	3260084	3261129	3262145	3263237	3264142	3265184	3267062	3268557	3269235	3271392	3275231	3276570	3281599	3282172	3282742	3282946	3283141
	SEQ NO.	6881	6882	6883	6884	6885	6886	6887	6888	6889	6890	6891	6892	6893	6894	6895	9689	6897	6898
55	SEQ NO.	3381	3382	3383	3384	3385	3386	3387	3388	3399	3390	3391	3392	3393	3394	3395	3396	3397	3398

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5			iron(III) dicitrate-binding periplasmic protein precursor or iron(III) dicitrate transport system permease protein	mitochondrial respiratory function protein or zinc-binding dehydrogenase or NADPH quinone oxidoreductase			phosphomethylpyrimidine kinase		mercuric ion-binding protein or heavy-metal-associated domain containing protein	branched-chain amino acid transport	branched-chain amino acid transport		rase			hypothetical membrane protein	hypothetical membrane protein		RNA polymerase sigma-H factor or sigma-70 factor (ECF subfamily)	
		Function	binding or or iror n perme	espirator binding or NAD			pyrimid		mercuric ion-binding protein or heavy-metal-associated domai containing protein	amino	amino	otein	RNA nucleotidytransferase	rotein		embrane	embrane		se sigm r (ECF s	luctase
10		tr.	dicitrate precurs ort syster	mitochondrial respirato protein or zinc-binding dehydrogenase or NAI oxidoreductase			omethy		mercuric ion-bindi heavy-metal-asso containing protein	ed-chair	ed-chair	hypothetical protein	ucteotid	mutator mutT protein		eticat m	etical m		olymera 70 facto	thioredoxin reductase
			iron(III) protein transpo	mitoche protein dehydr oxidore			phosph		mercur heavy- contair	branch	branch	hypoth	IRNA 1	mutato		hypoth	hypoth		RNA p sigma-	thiored
15		Matched length (a.a.)	279	324		į	249		29	102	212	169	471	234		858	1201		189	308
20		Similarity (%)	60.6	58.0			75.5		70.1	65.7	67.0	56.2	51.8	69.2		54.3	60.1		6.09	82.5
		Identity (%)	29.4	27.2			46.2		41.8	36.3	32.1	23.7	26.8	43.6		25.8	35.7		30.2	60.4
<i>25</i>	nen)	je E	æ	ombe								e B	a	losis		losis	losis		osa algU	rus tnB
	lable i (confinited)	Homologous gene	Escherichia coli K12 fecB	Schizosaccharomyces pombe mr1	:		thiD		yby s	Olze s	S aziD	Escherichia coli K12 yagE	Escherichia coli K12 cca	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3908		Mycobacterium tubercutosis H37Rv Rv3909	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3910		Pseudomonas aeruginosa algU	Streptomyces clavuligerus trxB
<i>30</i>	lable	Homoto	richia co	sacchar			Bacillus subtilis thiD		Bacillus subtilis yvgY	Bacillus subtilis aztD	Bacillus subtilis azID	richia co	erichia co	Mycobacterium H37Rv Rv3908		Mycobacterium H37Rv Rv3909	bacteriun v Rv391		domonas	tomyces
35		 	Esche	Schize md1		_	Bacilly		Bacilli	Bacill	Bacill	Esche	Esche	Myco H37R		Myco H37R	Myco H37R		Pseul	Strep
35		atch	ECOLI	SCHPO	!		BACSU			BACSU	BACSU	ECOLI	COLI				0		PSEAE	STRCL
40		db Match	sp:FECB_ECOL!	sp:MRF1_SCHPO			SP. THID_BACSU		pir.F70041	SP. AZLD BACSU	SP:AZLC_BACSU	Sp. YOGE ECOLI	Sp.CCA_ECOL	pir.E70600		pir.F70600	pir.G70600		SP.RPSH_PSEAE	Sp:TRXB_STRCL
	•	ORF (bp)	957	1122	384	219	798	345	201	345		567	1320	996	273	2511	3249	723	603	951
45		Terminat (nt)	3284399	3286576	3287005	3287079	3287393	3288609	3288885	3288971	3289311	3290025	3290623	3293497	3292610	3296007	3299404	3298428	3300263	3301321
50		Initial (nt)	3285355	3285455	3286622	3287297	3288190	3288265	3288685	3789315	3290021	3290591	3291942	3292532	3292882	3293497	3296156	3297706	3299661	3300371
		SEO		6901	6902			6905		6907					6912	6913	6914	6915		6917
55		SEO		3401	3402			3405	3406	3407	3408	3409	3410	3411	3412	3413	3414	3415	3416	3417

	ŗ				 -										- 1	· 		- 1			
5		Function		thioredoxin ch2, M-type	N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase			hypothetical protein	hypothetical protein	partitioning or sporulation protein	glucose inhibited division protein B	hypothetical membrane protein	ribonuctease P protein component	50S ribosornal protein L34			L-aspartate-alpha-decarboxylase precursor	2-isopropylmalate synthase	hypothetical protein	aspartate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	3-dehydroquinase
				thiore	N-acetyln amidase			hypol	hypot	partiti	gluco	hypot	ribon	50S II			L-aspartal precursor	2-isop	hypot	aspar dehyd	3-deh
15		Matched length (a.a.)		119	196			212	367	272	153	313	123	47	-		136	616	85	344	149
20		Similarity (%)		76.5	75.4			58.5	60.5	78.0	64.7	75.4	59.4	93.6			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Identity (%)		42.0	51.0			34.4	37.6	65.0	36.0	44.7	26.8	83.0			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25	inued)	ene		ardtii thi2				ulosis	ygi2	ulosis	idB	ulosis		rpmH			amicum	amicum	ımicum n) ATCC	ımicum	тісит
30	Table 1 (continued)	Homologous gene		Chlamydomonas reinhardtii thi2	Bacillus subtilis cwlB			Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3916c	Pseudomonas putida ygi2	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv parB	Escherichía coli K12 gidB	Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv Rv3921c	Bacillus subtilis rnpA	Mycobacterium avium rpmH			Corynebacterium glutamicum panD	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 leuA	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) ATCC 13032 orfX	Corynebacterium glutamicum asd	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 aroD
35		db Match		CHLRE	sp.cwLB_BACSU				sp: YGI2_PSEPU	sp:YGI1_PSEPU	sp:GIDB_ECOLI		sp:RNPA_BACSU	gp:MAU19185_1			gp:AF116184_1	sp:LEU1_CORGL	sp:YLEU_CORGL (sp.DHAS_CORGL	gp:AF124518_1
40				sp:THI2_	sp.CV			pir:D70851	sp:YG	sp: YG	sp:Gl	pir.A70852	sp:Rh	gp:M/	į		gp: AF	sp:LE	sp:YL	sp:DH	gp:AF
		ORF (bp)	1185	372	1242	777	1041	618	1152	837	699	951	399	336	7ñ4	222	408	1848	255	1032	447
45		Terminal (nt)	3300119	3301729	3302996	3301989	3304475	3302999	3303636	3304835	3305864	3306682	3307971	3308412	3309321	3308822	147573	266154	268814	271691	446521
50		Initiat (nt)	3301303	3301358	3301755	3302765	3303435	3303616	3304787	3305671	3306532	3307632	3308369	3308747	3308028	3309043	147980	268001	269068	270660	446075
		SEO NO.	6918	6919	6920	6921	6922	6923	6924	6925	6926	6927	6928	6929	6930	6931	6932	6933	6934	6935	6936
55 ·		SEO NO. (DNA)	3418	3419	3420	3421	3422	3423	3424	3425	3426	3427	3428	3429	3430	3431		3433	3434	3<35	3436

5	Function	elongation factor Tu	preprotein translocase secY subuit	isocitrate dehydrogenase (oxatosuccinatedecarboxylase)	acyl-CoA carboxylase or biotin- binding protein	citrate synthase	putative binding protein or peptidyl- prolyl cis-trans isomerase	glycine betaine transporter	hypothetical membrane protein	L-lysine permease	aromatic amino acid permease	hypothetical protein	succinyl diaminopimelate desuccinylase	proline transport system	arginyl-tRNA synthetase
15	Matched length (aa)	396	440	738	591	437	118	595	426	501	463	316	369	524	550
20	Similarity (%)	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Identily (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25 Zable 1 (continued)	vus gene	glutamicum	glutamicum Iavum) MJ233	glutamicum	glutamicum :BC	glutamicum	ı glutamicum A	n glutamicum P	n glutamicum 2	າ glutamicum I	glutamicum P	n glutamicum 3	n glutamicum pE	n glutamicum IP	n glutamicum 1059 argS
Table	Horrologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13059 tuf	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium flavum) MJ233 secY	Corynebacterium ATCC 13032 icd	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 accBC	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 gltA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 fkbA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 betP	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 orf2	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 lysl	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 aroP	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 orf3	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 dapE	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 putP	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 argS
35	db Match	sp:EFTU_CORGL (sp SECY_CORGL (sp:IDH_CORGL	prf.2223173A	sp.CISY_CORGL	sp.FKBP_CORGL	sp.BETP_CORGL	sp:YLI2_CORGL	sp:LYSI_CORGL	sp:AROP_CORGL	pir:S52753	prf:2106301A	gp:CGPUTP_1	1650 SP.SYR_CORGL
10	: :- a	1188 sp:E	320 sp S	2214 sp:IC	1773 prf.2	1311 sp.C	354 sp:F	1785 sp.B	1278 sp.Y	1503 sp:L	1389 sp:A	948 pir:S	1107 prf:2	1572 gp.C	350 sp:S
45	Term 13 (106)	527563 11	570771 13	677831 22	718580 17	879148 13	879629 39	946780 17	1029006 12	1030369 15	1153295 13	1154729 9	1156837 11	1218031 15	1239923
50	iritian (nt)	526376	569452	680044	720352	877838	879275	944996	1030283	1031871	1154683	1155676	1155731	1219602	6950 1238274
	SEC NO (a.a.)		6938	6939	6940	6941	6942	6943	6944	6945	6946	6947	6948	6949	
55	SEO NO (DNA)	3437	3438	3439	3440	3441	3442	3443	3444	3445	3446	3447	3448	3449	3450

5	Function	diaminopimelate (DAP) decarboxylase (meso- diaminopimelate decarboxylase)	homoserine dehydrogenase	homoserine kinase	ion channel subunit	lysine exporter protein	lysine export regulator protein	acetohydroxy acid synthase, large subunit	acetohydroxy acid synthase, small subunit	acetohydroxy acid isomeroreductas	3-isopropylmalate dehydrogenase	PTS system, phosphoenolpyruvate sugar phosphotransferase (mannose and glucose transport)	acetylglutamate kinase	ornithine carbamoyltransferase	pressor
		diaminop decarbox diaminop	homoseri	homoseri	ion chann	tysine exp	lysine exp	acetohydi subunit	acetohydi subunit	acetohydr	3-isoprop	PTS syste sugar pho (mannose	acetylglut	ornithine o	arginine repressor
15	Matched length (a.a.)	445	445	309	216	236	290	626	172	338	340	683	294	319	171
20	Similarity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Identity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25 (Delicija	gene s	utamicum 9 lysA	lutamicum 9 hom	utamicum 9 thrB	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum	utamicum
30 Table 1 (Continued)	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 lysA	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 hom	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 ATCC 13059 thrB	Corynebacterium glutamicum R127 orf3	Corynebacterium glutamicum R127 lysE	Corynebacterium glutamicum R127 lysG	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ilvB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ilvN	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ilvC	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 leuB	Corynebacterium glutamicum KCTC1445 ptsM	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 argB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 argF	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 argR
<i>35</i>	db Match	sp:DCDA_CORGL	sp:DHOM_CORGL	sp:KHSE_CORGL	gsp:W37716	sp.LYSE_CORGL	sp.LYSG_CORGL	sp.ILVB_CORGL	pir.B48648	pir.C48648	sp.LEU3_CORGL	prf.2014259A	sp:ARGB_CORGL	sp:OTCA_CORGL	gp:AF041436_1
	ORF (bp)	1335	1335	927	627	708	870	1878	516	1014	1020	2049	882	957	513
45	Terminal (nt)	1241263	1243841	1244781	1328243	1328246	1329884	1340008	1340540	1341737	1354508	1425265	1467372	1469521	1470040
50	Initial (nt)	1239929	1242507	1243855	1327617	1328953	1329015	1338131	1340025	1340724	1353489	1423217	1466491	1468565	6964 1469528
	SEQ NO.	6951	6952	6953	6954	6955	9569	6957	6958	6959	6960	6961	6962	6963	
55	SEQ NO.	3451	3452	3453	3454	3455	3456	3457	3458	3459	3460	3461	3462	3463	3464

5	Function	NADH dehydrogenase	phosphoribosyl-ATP- pyrophosphohydrolase	ornithine-cyclodecarboxylase	ammonium uptake protein, high affinity	protein-export membrane protein secG	phosphoenolpyruvate carboxylase	chorismate synthase (5- enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate phospholyase)	restriction endonuclease	sigma factor or RNA polymerase transcription factor	glutamate-binding protein	recA protein	dihydrodipicolinate synthase	dihydrodipicolinate reductase	L-malate dehydrogenase (acceptor
15	Matched length (a.a.)	467	87	362	452	7.7	919	410	632	331	295	376	301	248	200
20	Similarity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 0
	Identity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ontinued)	s gene	glutamicum	jtutamicum	Jutamicem	glutamicum	glutamicum	glutamicum	glutamicum	glutamicum R	glutamicum	glutamicum	glutamicum	glutamicum ictofermentum) A	glutamicum actofermentum) B	glutamicum
8 Table 1 (continued)	Homolagous gene	Corynebacterium o ATCC 13032 ndh	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 hisE	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ocd	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 amt	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 secG	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ppc	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 aroC	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 cgllIR	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13869 sigB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 gluB	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 recA	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) ATCC 13869 dapA	Corynebacterium glutamicum (Brevibacterium lactofermentum) ATCC 13869 dapB	Corynebacterium glutamicum R127 mgo
35							04		04			 	 		
40	db Match	gp:CGL238250_1	gp:AF086704_1	gp:CGL007732_4	gp:CGL007732_3	gp:CGL007732_2	prf.1509267A	gp:AF124600_1	pir:855225	prf:2204286D	sp:GLUB_CORGL	sp:RECA_CORGL	sp:DAPA_BRELA	sp:DAPB_CORGL	gp:CGA224946_1
	ORF (bp)	1401	261	1086	1356	231	2757	1230	1896	993	885	1128	903	744	1500
45	Terminal (nt)	1543154	1586465	1674123	1675268	1677049	1677387	1719669	1882385	2021846	2061504	2063989	2079281	2081191	2113864
50	Initial (nt)	1544554	1586725	1675208	1676623	1677279	1680143	1720898	1880490	2020854	2060620	2065116	2080183	2081934	2115363
	SEQ NO.	 -	9969	2969	6968	6969	6970	6971	6972	6973	6974	6975	6976	6977	6978
55	SEO NO.		3466	3467	3468	3469	3470	3471	3472	3473	3474	3475	3476	3477	3478

EP 1 108 790 A2

5	Function	uridilylyltransferase, uridilylyl- removing enzyme	nitrogen regulatory protein P-II	ammonium transporter	glutamate dehydrogenase (NADP+)	pyruvate kinase	glucokinase	glutamine synthetase	throonine synthase	ectoine/proline/glycine betaine carrier	malate synthase	isocitrate lyase	glutamate 5-kinase	cystathionine gamma-synthase	ribonucleotide reductase	glutaredoxin
15	Matched length (a.a.)	692 u	112 n	438 a	447 g	475 p	323 g	477 g	481 tt	615 e	739 m	432 is	369	386	148 ri	77
20	Similarity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Identity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25 30 Lable 1 (continued)	ous gene	glutamicum D	glutamicum B	glutamicum tP	glutamicum A	glutamicum	glutamicum	ı glutamicum A	glutamicum	glutamicum	glutamicum B	glutamicum A	glutamicum B	glutamicum	glutamicum I	glutamicum H
30 Telder	Homologous gene	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 glnD	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 glnB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 amtP	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 17965 gdhA	Corynebacterium glutamicum AS019 pyk	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 glk	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 glnA	Corynebacterium glutamicum thrC	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ectP	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 aceB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 aceA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 17965 proB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ASO19 metB	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 nrdl	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 nrdH
35 40	db Match	gp:CAJ10319_4	gp:CAJ10319_3	gp:CAJ10319_2	pir:S32227	Sp.KPYK_CORGL	gp:AF096280_1	prf:2322244A	sp:THRC_CORGL	prt:2501295B	pir:140715	pir:140713	sp:PROB_CORGL	gp:AF126953_1	gp:AF112535_2	gp:AF112535_1
	:: (de)	2076 94	336 gr	1314 95	1341 pi	1425 sp	16 696	1431 pr	1443 sp	1845 pr	2217 pi	1296 pi	1107 sp	1158 gF	444 gF	231 gF
45	lermnal (nt)	2169666	2171751	2172154	2194742	2205668	2316582	2350259	2353600	2448328	2467925	2472035	2496670	2590312	2679684	2680419
50	'nthal	2171741	2172086	2173467	2196082	2207092	2317550	2348829	2355042	2450172	2470141	2470740	2497776	2591469	2680127	2680649
	SEO NO (3.a.)	6269	6980	6981	6982	6983	6984	6985	9869	1869	6988	6869	0669	6991	6992	6993
55	SEQ NO.	3479	3480	3481	3482	3483	3484	3485	3486	3487	3488	3489	3490	3491	3492	3493

EP 1 108 790 A2

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5		Function	meso-diaminopimelate D- dehydrogenase	porin or cell wall channel forming protein	acetate kinase	phosphate acetyltransferase	multidrug resistance protein or macrolide-efflux pump or drug:proton antiporter	ATP-dependent protease regulatory subunit	prephenate dehydratase	ectoine/proline uptake protein
15		Matched length (a.a.)	320	45	397	329	459	852	315	504
20		Similarity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Identity (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25	Table 1 (confinued)	Homologous gene	n glutamicum	n glutamicum	n glutamicum kA	n glutamicum a	n glutamicum ır	n glutamicum bB	n glutamicum	m glutamicum oP
30	Table 1	Homolog	Corynebacterium glutamicum KY10755 ddh	Corynebacterium glutamicum MH20-22B por A	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 ackA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 pta	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 cmr	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 clpB	Corynebacterium glutamicum pheA	Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 proP
<i>35</i>		db Match	Sp:DDH_CORGL	gp.CGL238703_1	sp:ACKA_CORGL	prf:2516394A	prf.2309322A	sp:CLPB_CORGL	prf. 1210266A	prf:2501295A
		ORF (bp)	15 096	135 gi	1191 SI	g 786	1377 p	2556 s	945 p	1512 р
45		Terminal (nt)	2736756	2887944	2935315	2936508	2962718	2953606	3098578	3272563
50		Initial (nt)	2787715	2888078	2936505	2937494	2961342	2966161	7000 3099522	7001 3274074
		SEO.			9669	7669	8669	6669		7007
		SEO	3494	_;	3496	3497	3498	3499	3500	3501
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Example 2

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Determination of effective mutation site

5 (1) Identification of mutation site based on the comparison of the gene nucleotide sequence of lysine-producing B-6 strain with that of wild type strain ATCC 13032

[0374] Corynebacterium glutamicum B-6, which is resistant to S-(2-aminoethyl)cysteine (AEC), rifampicin, streptomycin and 6-azauracil, is a lysine-producing mutant having been mutated and bred by subjecting the wild type ATCC 13032 strain to multiple rounds of random mutagenesis with a mutagen, N-methyl-N' -nitro-N-nitrosoguanidine (NTG) and screening (Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol., 32: 269-273 (1989)). First, the nucleotide sequences of genes derived from the B-6 strain and considered to relate to the lysine production were determined by a method similar to the above. The genes relating to the lysine production include lysE and lysG which are lysine-excreting genes; ddh, dapA, hom and lysC (encoding diaminopimelate dehydrogenase, dihydropicolinate synthase, homoserine dehydrogenase and aspartokinase, respectively) which are lysine-biosynthetic genes; and pyc and zwf (encoding pyruvate carboxylase and glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, respectively) which are glucose-metabolizing genes. The nucleotide sequences of the genes derived from the production strain were compared with the corresponding nucleotide sequences of the ATCC 13032 strain genome represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501 and analyzed. As a result, mutation points were observed in many genes. For example, no mutation site was observed in IysE, IysG, ddh, dapA, and the like, whereas amino acid replacement mutations were found in hom, lysC, pyc, zwf, and the like. Among these mutation points, those which are considered to contribute to the production were extracted on the basis of known biochemical or genetic information. Among the mutation points thus extracted, a mutation, Val59Ala, in hom and a mutation, Pro458Ser, in pyc were evaluated whether or not the mutations were effective according to the following method.

(2) Evaluation of mutation, Val59Ala, in hom and mutation, Pro458Ser, in pyc

[0375] It is known that a mutation in hom inducing requirement or partial requirement for homoserine imparts lysine productivity to a wild type strain (*Amino Acid Fermentation*, ed. by Hiroshi Aida *et al.*, Japan Scientific Societies Press). However, the relationship between the mutation, Val59Ala, in *hom* and lysine production is not known. It can be examined whether or not the mutation, Val59Ala, in *hom* is an effective mutation by introducing the mutation to the wild type strain and examining the lysine productivity of the resulting strain. On the other hand, it can be examined whether or not the mutation, Pro458Ser, in *pyc* is effective by introducing this mutation into a lysine-producing strain which has a deregulated lysine-bioxynthetic pathway and is free from the *pyc* mutation, and comparing the lysine productivity of the resulting strain with the parent strain. As such a lysine-producing bacterium, No. 58 strain (FERM BP-7134) was selected (hereinafter referred to the "lysine-producing No. 58 strain" or the "No. 58 strain"). Based on the above, it was determined that the mutation, Val59Ala, in *hom* and the mutation, Pro458Ser, in *pyc* were introduced into the wild type strain of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 (hereinafter referred to as the "wild type ATCC 13032 strain" or the "ATCC 13032 strain") and the lysine-producing No. 58 strain, respectively, using the gene replacement method. A plasmid vector pCES30 for the gene replacement for the introduction was constructed by the following method.

[0376] A plasmid vector pCE53 having a kanamycin-resistant gene and being capable of autonomously replicating in Coryneform bacteria (*Mol. Gen. Genet., 196*: 175-178 (1984)) and a plasmid pMOB3 (ATCC 77282) containing a levansucrase gene (*sacB*) of *Bacillus subtilis* (*Molecular Microbiology, 6*: 1195-1204 (1992)) were each digested with *Pst*1. Then, after agarose gel electrophoresis, a pCE53 fragment and a 2.6 kb DNA fragment containing *sacB* were each extracted and purified using GENECLEAN Kit (manufactured by BlO 101). The pCE53 fragment and the 2.6 kb DNA fragment were ligated using Ligation Kit ver. 2 (manufactured by Takara Shuzo), introduced into the ATCC 13032 strain by the electroporation method (*FEMS Microbiology Letters,* 65: 299 (1989)), and cultured on BYG agar medium (medium prepared by adding 10 g of glucose, 20 g of peptone (manufactured by Kyokuto Pharmaceutical), 5 g of yeast extract (manufactured by Difco), and 16 g of Bactoagar (manufactured by Difco) to 1 liter of water, and adjusting its pH to 7.2) containing 25 μg/ml kanamycin at 30°C for 2 days to obtain a transformant acquiring kanamycin-resistance. As a result of digestion analysis with restriction enzymes, it was confirmed that a plasmid extracted from the resulting transformant by the alkali SDS method had a structure in which the 2.6 kb DNA fragment had been inserted into the *Pst*1 site of pCE53. This plasmid was named pCES30.

[0377] Next, two genes having a mutation point, hom and pyc, were amplified by PCR, and inserted into pCES30 according to the TA cloning method (Bio Experiment Illustrated vol. 3, published by Shujunsha). Specifically, pCES30 was digested with BamHI (manufactured by Takara Shuzo), subjected to an agarose gel electrophoresis, and extracted and purified using GENECLEAN Kit (manufactured by BIO 101). The both ends of the resulting pCES30 fragment were blunted with DNA Blunting Kit (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) according to the attached protocol. The blunt-ended pCES30 fragment was concentrated by extraction with phenol/chloroform and precipitation with ethanol, and allowed

to react in the presence of Taq polymerase (manufactured by Roche Diagnostics) and dTTP at 70°C for 2 hours so that a nucleotide, thymine (T), was added to the 3'-end to prepare a T vector of pCES30.

[0378] Separately, chromosomal DNA was prepared from the lysine-producing B-6 strain according to the method of Saito et al. (*Biochem. Biophys. Acta, 72*: 619 (1963)). Using the chromosomal DNA as a template, PCR was carried out with Pfu turbo DNA polymelase (manufactured by Stratagene). In the mutated *hom* gene, the DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7002 and 7003 were used as the primer set. In the mutated *pyc* gene, the DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7004 and 7005 were used as the primer set. The resulting PCR product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis, and extracted and purified using GENE-GLEAN Kit (manufactured by BIO 101). Then, the PCR product was allowed to react in the presence of Taq polymerase (manufactured by Roche Diagnostics) and dATP at 72°C for 10 minutes so that a nucleotide, adenine (A), was added to the 3'-end.

[0379] The above pCES30 T vector fragment and the mutated *hom* gene (1.7 kb) or mutated *pyc* gene (3.6 kb) to which the nucleotide A had been added of the PCR product were concentrated by extraction with phenol/chloroform and precipitation with ethanol, and then ligated using Ligation Kit ver. 2. The ligation products were introduced into the ATCC 13032 strain according to the electroporation method, and cultured on BYG agar medium containing 25 µg/ml kanamycin at 30°C for 2 days to obtain kanamycin-resistant transformants. Each of the resulting transformants was cultured overnight in BYG liquid medium containing 25 µg/ml kanamycin, and a plasmid was extracted from the culturing solution medium according to the alkali SDS method. As a result of digestion analysis using restriction enzymes, it was confirmed that the plasmid had a structure in which the 1.7 kb or 3.6 kb DNA fragment had been inserted into pCES30. The plasmids thus constructed were named respectively pChom59 and pCpyc458.

[0380] The introduction of the mutations to the wild type ATCC 13032 strain and the lysine-producing No. 58 strain according to the gene replacement method was carried out according to the following method. Specifically, pChom59 and pCpyc458 were introduced to the ATCC 13032 strain and the No. 58 strain, respectively, and strains in which the plasmid is integrated into the chromosomal DNA by homologous recombination were selected using the method of Ikeda et al. (Microbiology 144: 1863 (1998)). Then, the stains in which the second homologous recombination was carried out were selected by a selection method, making use of the fact that the Bacillus subtilis levansucrase encoded by pCES30 produced a suicidal substance (J. of Bacteriol., 174: 5462 (1992)). Among the selected strains, strains in which the wild type hom and pyc genes possessed by the ATCC 13032 strain and the No. 58 strain were replaced with the mutated hom and pyc genes, respectively, were isolated. The method is specifically explained below.

[0381] One strain was selected from the transformants containing the plasmid, pChom59 or pCpyc458, and the selected strain was cultured in BYG medium containing 20 µg/ml kanamycin, and pCG11 (Japanese Published Examined Patent Application No. 91827/94) was introduced thereinto by the electroporation method. pCG11 is a plasmid vector having a spectinomycin-resistant gene and a replication origin which is the same as pCE53. After introduction of the pCGII, the strain was cultured on BYG agar medium containing 20 µg/ml kanamycin and 100 µg/ml spectinomycin at 30°C for 2 days to obtain both the kanamycin- and spectinomycin-resistant transformant. The chromosome of one strain of these transformants was examined by the Southern blotting hybridization according to the method reported by Ikeda *et al.* (*Microbiology, 144*: 1863 (1998)). As a result, it was confirmed that pChom59 or pCpyc458 had been integrated into the chromosome by the homologous recombination of the Cambell type. In such a strain, the wild type and mutated *hom* or *pyc* genes are present closely on the chromosome, and the second homologous recombination is liable to arise therebetween.

[0382] Each of these transformants (having been recombined once) was spread on Suc agar medium (medium prepared by adding 100 g of sucrose, 7 g of meat extract, 10 g of peptone, 3 g of sodium chloride, 5 g of yeast extract (manufactured by Difco), and 18 g of Bactoagar (manufactured by Difco) to 1 liter of water, and adjusting its pH 7.2) and cultured at 30°C for a day. Then the colonies thus growing were selected in each case. Since a strain in which the sacB gene is present converts sucrose into a suicide substrate, it cannot grow in this medium (J. Bacteriol., 174: 5462 (1992)). On the other hand, a strain in which the sacB gene was deleted due to the second homologous recombination between the wild type and the mutated hom or pyc genes positioned closely to each other forms no suicide substrate and, therefore, can grow in this medium. In the homologous recombination, either the wild type gene or the mutated gene is deleted together with the sacB gene. When the wild type is deleted together with the sacB gene, the gene replacement into the mutated type arises.

[0383] Chromosomal DNA of each the thus obtained second recombinants was prepared by the above method of Saito et al. PCR was carried out using Pfu turbo DNA polymerase (manufactured by Stratagene) and the attached buffer. In the hom gene, DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7002 and 7003 were used as the primer set. Also, in the pyc gene was used, DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7004 and 7005 were used as the primer set. The nucleotide sequences of the PCR products were determined by the conventional method so that it was judged whether the hom or pyc gene of the second recombinant was a wild type or a mutant. As a result, the second recombinant which were called HD-1 and No. 58pyc were target strains having the mutated hom gene and pyc gene, respectively.

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(3) Lysine production test of HD-1 and No. 58pyc strains

[0384] The HD-1 strain (strain obtained by incorporating the mutation, Val59Ala, in the *hom* gene into the ATCC 13032 strain) and the No. 58pyc strain (strain obtained by incorporating the mutation, Pro458Ser, in the *pyc* gene into the lysine-producing No. 58 strain) were subjected to a culture test in a 5 l jar fermenter by using the ATCC 13032 strain and the lysine-producing No. 58 strain respectively as a control. Thus lysine production was examined.

[0385] After culturing on BYG agar medium at 30°C for 24 hours, each strain was inoculated into 250 ml of a seed medium (medium prepared by adding 50 g of sucrose, 40 g of corn steep liquor, 8.3 g of ammonium sulfate, 1 g of urea, 2 g of potassium dihydrogenphosphate, 0.83 g of magnesium sulfate heptahydrate, 10 mg of iron sulfate heptahydrate, 1 mg of copper sulfate pentahydrate, 10 mg of zinc sulfate heptahydrate, 10 mg of β-alanine, 5 mg of nicotinic acid, 1.5 mg of thiamin hydrochloride, and 0.5 mg of biotin to 1 liter of water, and adjusting its pH to 7.2, then to which 30 g of calcium carbonate had been added) contained in a 2.1 buffle-attached Erlenmeyer flask and cultured therein at 30°C for 12 to 16 hours. A total amount of the seed culturing medium was inoculated into 1,400 ml of a main culture medium (medium prepared by adding 60 g of glucose, 20 g of corn steep liquor, 25 g of ammonium chloride, 2.5 g of potassium dihydrogenphosphate, 0.75 g of magnesium sulfate heptahydrate, 50 mg of iron sulfate heptahydrate, 13 mg of manganese sulfate pentahydrate, 50 mg of calcium chloride, 6.3 mg of copper sulfate pentahydrate, 1.3 mg of zinc sulfate heptahydrate, 5 mg of nickel chloride hexahydrate, 1.3 mg of cobalt chloride hexahydrate, 1.3 mg of ammonium molybdenate tetrahydrate, 14 mg of nicotinic acid, 23 mg of β -alanine, 7 mg of thiamin hydrochloride, and 0.42 mg of biotin to 1 liter of water) contained in a 5 1 jar fermenter and cultured therein at 32°C, 1 vvm and 800 rpm while controlling the pH to 7.0 with aqueous ammonia. When glucose in the medium had been consumed, a glucose feeding solution (medium prepared by adding 400 g glucose and 45 g of ammonium chloride to 1 liter of water) was continuously added. The addition of feeding solution was carried out at a controlled speed so as to maintain the dissolved oxygen concentration within a range of 0.5 to 3 ppm. After culturing for 29 hours, the culture was terminated. The cells were separated from the culture medium by centrifugation and then L-lysine hydrochloride in the supernatant was quantified by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). The results are shown in Table 2 below.

Table 2

Strain	L-Lysine hydrochloride yield (g/l)
ATCC 13032	0
HD-1	8
No. 58	45
No. 58pyc	51

[0386] As is apparent from the results shown in Table 2, the lysine productivity was improved by introducing the mutation, Val59Ala, in the *hom* gene or the mutation, Pro458Ser, in the pyc gene. Accordingly, it was found that the mutations are both effective mutations relating to the production of lysine. Strain, AHP-3, in which the mutation, Val59Ala, in the *hom* gene and the mutation, Pro458Ser, in the *pyc* gene have been introduced into the wild type ATCC 13032 strain together with the mutation, Thr331Ile in the *lysC* gene has been deposited on December 5, 2000, in National Institute of Bioscience and Human Technology, Agency of Industrial Science and Technology (Higashi 1-1-3, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki, Japan) as FERM BP-7382.

Example 3

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⁴⁵ Reconstruction of lysine-producing strain based on genome information

[0387] The lysine-producing mutant B-6 strain (*Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol., 32*: 269-273 (1989)), which has been constructed by multiple round random mutagenesis with NTG and screening from the wild type ATCC 13032 strain, produces a remarkably large amount of lysine hydrochloride when cultured in a jar at 32°C using glucose as a carbon source. However, since the fermentation period is long, the production rate is less than 2.1 g/l/h. Breeding to reconstitute only effective mutations relating to the production of lysine among the estimated at least 300 mutations introduced into the B-6 strain in the wild type ATCC 13032 strain was performed.

(1) Identification of mutation point and effective mutation by comparing the gene nucleotide sequence of the B-6 strain with that of the ATCC 13032 strain

[0388] As described above, the nucleotide sequences of genes derived from the B-6 strain were compared with the

corresponding nucleotide sequences of the ATCC 13032 strain genome represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501 and analyzed to identify many mutation points accumulated in the chromosome of the B-6 strain. Among these, a mutation, Val591Ala, in *hom*, a mutation, Thr311Ile. in *lysC*, a mutation, Pro458Ser, in *pyc* and a mutation, Ala213Thr, in *zwf* were specified as effective mutations relating to the production of lysine. Breeding to reconstitute the 4 mutations in the wild type strain and for constructing of an industrially important lysine-producing strain was carried out according to the method shown below.

- (2) Construction of plasmid for gene replacement having mutated gene
- [0389] The plasmid for gene replacement, pChom59, having the mutated *hom* gene and the plasmid for gene replacement, pCpyc458, having the mutated *pyc* gene were prepared in the above Example 2(2). Plasmids for gene replacement having the mutated *lysC* and *zwf* were produced as described below.
 - [0390] The *lysC* and *zwf* having mutation points were amplified by PCR, and inserted into a plasmid for gene replacement, pCES30, according to the TA cloning method described in Example 2(2) (Bio Experiment Illustrated, Vol. 3). [0391] Separately, chromosomal DNA was prepared from the lysine-producing B-6 strain according to the above method of Saito *et al.* Using the chromosomal DNA as a template, PCR was carried out with Pfu turbo DNA polymerase (manufactured by Stratagene). In the mutated *lysC* gene, the DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7006 and 7007 were used as the primer set. In the mutated *zwf* gene, the DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7008 and 7009 as the primer set. The resulting PCR product was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis, and extracted and purified using GENEGLEAN Kit (manufactured by BIO 101). Then, the PCR product was allowed to react in the presence of Taq DNA polymerase (manufactured by Roche Diagnostics) and dATP at 72°C for 10 minutes so that a nucleotide, adenine (A), was added to the 3'-end.
 - [0392] The above pCES30 T vector fragment and the mutated *lysC* gene (1.5 kb) or mutated *zwi* gene (2.3 kb) to which the nucleotide A had been added of the PCR product were concentrated by extraction with phenol/chloroform and precipitation with ethanol, and then ligated using Ligation Kit ver. 2. The ligation products were introduced into the ATCC 13032 strain according to the electroporation method, and cultured on BYG agar medium containing 25 μ g/ml kanamycin at 30°C for 2 days to obtain kanamycin-resistant transformants. Each of the resulting transformants was cultured overnight in BYG liquid medium containing 25 μ g/ml kanamycin, and a plasmid was extracted from the culturing solution medium according to the alkali SDS method. As a result of digestion analysis using restriction enzymes, it was confirmed that the plasmid had a structure in which the 1.5 kb or 2.3 kb DNA fragment had been inserted into pCES30. The plasmids thus constructed were named respectively pClysC311 and pCzwf213.
 - (3) Introduction of mutation, Thr311lle, in lysC into one point mutant HD-1
- [0393] Since the one mutation point mutant HD-1 in which the mutation, Val59Ala, in hom was introduced into the wild type ATCC 13032 strain had been obtained in Example 2(2), the mutation, Thr311lle, in lysC was introduced into the HD-1 strain using pClysC311 produced in the above (2) according to the gene replacement method described in Example 2(2). PCR was carried out using chromosomal DNA of the resulting strain and, as the primer set, DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7006 and 7007 in the same manner as in Example 2(2). As a result of the fact that the nucleotide sequence of the PCR product was determined in the usual manner, it was confirmed that the strain which was named AHD-2 was a two point mutant having the mutated lysC gene in addition to the mutated hom gene.
 - (4) Introduction of mutation, Pro458Ser, in pyc into two point mutant AHD-2
 - [0394] The mutation, Pro458Ser, in *pyc* was introduced into the AHD-2 strain using the pCpyc458 produced in Example 2(2) by the gene replacement method described in Example 2(2). PCR was carried out using chromosomal DNA of the resulting strain and, as the primer set, DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:7004 and 7005 in the same manner as in Example 2(2). As a result of the fact that the nucleotide sequence of the PCR product was determined in the usual manner, it was confirmed that the strain which was named AHD-3 was a three point mutant having the mutated *pyc* gene in addition to the mutated *hom* gene and *lysC* gene.
 - (5) Introduction of mutation, Ala213Thr, in zwf into three point mutant AHP-3
 - [0395] The mutation, Ala213Thr, in zwf was introduced into the AHP-3 strain using the pCzwf458 produced in the above (2) by the gene replacement method described in Example 2(2). PCR was carried out using chromosomal DNA of the resulting strain and, as the primer set, DNAs having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS: 7008 and 7009 in the same manner as in Example 2(2). As a result of the fact that the nucleotide sequence of the PCR

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product was determined in the usual manner, it was confirmed that the strain which was named APZ-4 was a four point mutant having the mutated *zwf* gene in addition to the mutated *hom* gene, *lysC* gene and *pyc* gene.

(6) Lysine production test on HD-1, AHD-2, AHP-3 and APZ-4 strains

[0396] The HD-1, AHD-2, AHP-3 and APZ-4 strains obtained above were subjected to a culture test in a 5 I jar fermenter in accordance with the method of Example 2(3).

[0397] Table 3 shows the results.

Table 3

Strain	L-Lysine hydrochloride (g/l)	Productivity (g/l/h)
HD-1	8	0.3
AHD-2	73	2.5
AHP-3	80	2.8
APZ-4	86	3.0

[0398] Since the lysine-producing mutant B-6 strain which has been bred based on the random mutation and selection shows a productivity of less than 2.1 g/Vh, the APZ-4 strain showing a high productivity of 3.0 g/Vh is useful in industry.

(7) Lysine fermentation by APZ-4 strain at high temperature

[0399] The APZ-4 strain, which had been reconstructed by introducing 4 effective mutations into the wild type strain, was subjected to the culturing test in a 5 I jar fermenter in the same manner as in Example 2(3), except that the culturing temperature was changed to 40°C.

[0400] The results are shown in Table 4.

Table 4

Temperature (°C)	L-Lysine hydrochloride (g/l)	Productivity (g/l/h)
32	86	3.0
40	95	3.3

[0401] As is apparent from the results shown in Table 4, the lysine hydrochloride titer and productivity in culturing at a high temperature of 40°C comparable to those at 32°C were obtained. In the mutated and bred lysine-producing B-6 strain constructed by repeating random mutation and selection, the growth and the lysine productivity are lowered at temperatures exceeding 34°C so that lysine fermentation cannot be carried out, whereas lysine fermentation can be carried out using the APZ-4 strain at a high temperature of 40°C so that the load of cooling is greatly reduced and it is industrially useful. The lysine fermentation at high temperatures can be achieved by reflecting the high temperature adaptability inherently possessed by the wild type strain on the APZ-4 strain.

[0402] As demonstrated in the reconstruction of the lysine-producing strain, the present invention provides a novel breeding method effective for eliminating the problems in the conventional mutants and acquiring industrially advantageous strains. This methodology which reconstitutes the production strain by reconstituting the effective mutation is an approach which is efficiently carried out using the nucleotide sequence information of the genome disclosed in the present invention, and its effectiveness was found for the first time in the present invention.

Example 4

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Production of DNA microarray and use thereof

[0403] A DNA microarray was produced based on the nucleotide sequence information of the ORF deduced from the full nucleotide sequences of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 using software, and genes of which expression is fluctuated depending on the carbon source during culturing were searched.

(1) Production of DNA microarray

[0404] Chromosomal DNA was prepared from Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 by the method of Saito et

al. (Biochem. Biophys. Acta, 72: 619 (1963)). Based on 24 genes having the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:207, 3433, 281, 3435, 3439, 765, 3445, 1226, 1229, 3448, 3451, 3453, 3455, 1743, 3470, 2132, 3476, 3477, 3485, 3488, 3489, 3494, 3496, and 3497 from the ORFs shown in Table 1 deduced from the full genome nucleotide sequence of Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 using software and the nucleotide sequence of rabbit globin gene (GenBank Accession No. V00882) used as an internal standard, oligo DNA primers for PCR amplification represented by SEQ ID NOS:7010 to 7059 targeting the nucleotide sequences of the genes were synthesized in a usual manner.

[0405] As the oligo DNA primers used for the PCR,

[0406] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7010 and 7011 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:207,

[0407] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7012 and 7013 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3433,

[0408] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7014 and 7015 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:281,

[0409] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7016 and 7017 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3435,

[0410] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7018 and 7019 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3439,

[0411] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7020 and 7021 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:765,

[0412] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7022 and 7023 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3445,

[0413] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7024 and 7025 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1226,

[0414] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7026 and 7027 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1229,

[0415] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7028 and 7029 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3448,

[0416] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7030 and 7031 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3451,

[0417] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7032 and 7033 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3453,

[0418] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7034 and 7035 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3455,

[0419] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7036 and 7037 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1743,

[0420] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7038 and 7039 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3470,

[0421] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7040 and 7041 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:2132,

[0422] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7042 and 7043 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3476,

[0423] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7044 and 7045 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3477,

[0424] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7046 and 7047 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3485,

[0425] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7048 and 7049 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3488,

[0426] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7050 and 7051 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3489,

[0427] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7052 and 7053 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3494,

[0428] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7054 and 7055 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3496,

[0429] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7056 and 7057 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3497, and

[0430] DNAs having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:7058 and 7059 were used for the amplification of the DNA having the nucleotide sequence of the rabbit globin gene,

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as the respective primer set.

[0431] The PCR was carried for 30 cycles with each cycle consisting of 15 seconds at 95°C and 3 minutes at 68°C using a thermal cycler (GeneAmp PCR system 9600, manufactured by Perkin Elmer), TaKaRa EX-Taq (manufactured by Takara Shuzo), 100 ng of the chromosomal DNA and the buffer attached to the TaKaRa Ex-Taq reagent. In the case of the rabbit globin gene, a single-stranded cDNA which had been synthesized from rabbit globin mRNA (manufactured by Life Technologies) according to the manufacture's instructions using a reverse transcriptase RAV-2 (manufactured by Takara Shuzo). The PCR product of each gene thus amplified was subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis and extracted and purified using QIAquick Gel Extraction Kit (manufactured by QIAGEN). The purified PCR product was concentrated by precipitating it with ethanol and adjusted to a concentration of 200 ng/µl. Each PCR product was spotted on a slide glass plate (manufactured by Matsunami Glass) having MAS coating in 2 runs using GTMASS SYSTEM (manufactured by Nippon Laser & Electronics Lab.) according to the manufacture's instructions.

(2) Synthesis of fluorescence labeled cDNA

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[0432] The ATCC 13032 strain was spread on BY agar medium (medium prepared by adding 20 g of peptone (manufactured by Kyokuto Pharmaceutical), 5 g of yeast extract (manufactured by Difco), and 16 g of Bactoagar (manufactured by Difco) to in 1 liter of water and adjusting its pH to 7.2) and cultured at 30°C for 2 days. Then, the cultured strain was further inoculated into 5 ml of BY liquid medium and cultured at 30°C overnight. Then, the cultured strain was further inoculated into 30 ml of a minimum medium (medium prepared by adding 5 g of ammonium sulfate, 5 g of urea, 0.5 g of monopotassium dihydrogenphosphate, 0.5 g of dipotassium monohydrogenphosphate, 20.9 g of morpholinopropanesulfonic acid, 0.25 g of magnesium sulfate heptahydrate, 10 mg of calcium chloride dihydrate, 10 mg of manganese sulfate monohydrate, 10 mg of ferrous sulfate heptahydrate, 1 mg of zinc sulfate heptahydrate, 0.2 mg copper sulfate, and 0.2 mg biotin to 1 liter of water, and adjusting its pH to 6.5) containing 110 mmol/l glucose or 200 mmol/l ammonium acetate, and cultured in an Erlenmyer flask at 30° to give 1.0 of absorbance at 660 nm. After the cells were prepared by centrifuging at 4°C and 5,000 rpm for 10 minutes, total RNA was prepared from the resulting cells according to the method of Bormann et al. (Molecular Microbiology, 6: 317-326 (1992)). To avoid contamination with DNA, the RNA was treated with Dnasel (manufactured by Takara Shuzo) at 37°C for 30 minutes and then further purified using Qiagen RNeasy MiniKit (manufactured by QIAGEN) according to the manufacture's instructions. To 30 μg of the resulting total RNA, 0.6 μl of rabbit globin mRNA (50 ng/μl, manufactured by Life Technologies) and 1 μl of a random 6 mer primer (500 ng/µl, manufactured by Takara Shuzo) were added for denaturing at 65°C for 10 minutes, followed by quenching on ice. To the resulting solution, 6 µl of a buffer attached to Superscript II (manufactured by Lifetechnologies), 3 μI of 0.1 mol/I DTT, 1.5 μI of dNTPs (25 mmol/I dATP, 25 mmol/I dGTP, 25 mmol/I dGTP, 10 mmol/I I dTTP), 1.5 μI of Cy5-dUTP or Cy3-dUTP (manufactured by NEN) and 2 μI of Superscript II were added, and allowed to stand at 25°C for 10 minutes and then at 42°C for 110 minutes. The RNA extracted from the cells using glucose as the carbon source and the RNA extracted from the cells using ammonium acetate were labeled with Cy5-dUTP and Cy3-dUTP, respectively. After the fluorescence labeling reaction, the RNA was digested by adding 1.5 µl of 1 mol/l sodium hydroxide-20 mmol/l EDTA solution and 3.0 µl of 10% SDS solution, and allowed to stand at 65°C for 10 minutes. The two cDNA solutions after the labeling were mixed and purified using Qiagen PCR purification Kit (manufactured by QIAGEN) according to the manufacture's instructions to give a volume of 10 µl.

(3) Hybridization

[0433] UltraHyb (110 μ l) (manufactured by Ambion) and the fluorescence-labeled cDNA solution (10 μ l) were mixed and subjected to hybridization and the subsequent washing of slide glass using GeneTAC Hybridization Station (manufactured by Genomic Solutions) according to the manufacture's instructions. The hybridization was carried out at 50°C, and the washing was carried out at 25°C.

(4) Fluorescence analysis

[0434] The fluorescence amount of each DNA array having the fluorescent cDNA hybridized therewith was measured using ScanArray 4000 (manufactured by GSI Lumonics).

[0435] Table 5 shows the Cy3 and Cy5 signal intensities of the genes having been corrected on the basis of the data of the rabbit globin used as the internal standard and the Cy3/Cy5 ratios.

Table 5

SEQ ID NO	Cy3 intensity	Cy5 intensity	Cy3/Cy5
207	5248	3240	1.62

Table 5 (continued)

1	SEQ ID NO	Cy3 intensity	Cy5 intensity	Cy3/Cy5
	3433	2239	2694	0.83
	281	2370	2595	0.91
	3435	2566	2515	1.02
	3439	5597	6944	0.81
	765	6134	4943	1.24
	3455	1169	1284	0.91
	1226	1301	1493	0.87
	1229	1168	1131	1.03
	3448	1187	1594	0.74
	3451	2845	3859	0.74
	3453	3498	1705	2.05
	3455	1491	1144	1.30
	1743	1972	1841	1.07
	3470	4752	3764	1.26
	2132	1173	1085	1.08
	3476	1847	1420	1.30
	3477	1284	1164	1.10
	3485	4539	8014	0.57
	3488	34289	1398	24.52
	3489	43645	1497	29.16
	3494	3199	2503	1.28
	3496	3428	2364	1.45
	3497	3848	3358	1.15

[0436] The ORF function data estimated by using software were searched for SEQ ID NOS:3488 and 3489 showing remarkably strong Cy3 signals. As a result, it was found that SEQ ID NOS:3488 and 3489 are a maleate synthase gene and an isocitrate lyase gene, respectively. It is known that these genes are transcriptionally induced by acetic acid in *Corynebacterium glutamicum* (*Archives of Microbiology, 168*: 262-269 (1997)).

[0437] As described above, a gene of which expression is fluctuates could be discovered by synthesizing appropriate oligo DNA primers based on the ORF nucleotide sequence information deduced from the full genomic nucleotide sequence information of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 using software, amplifying the nucleotide sequences of the gene using the genome DNA of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* as a template in the PCR reaction, and thus producing and using a DNA microarray.

[0438] This Example shows that the expression amount can be analyzed using a DNA microarray in the 24 genes. On the other hand, the present DNA microarray techniques make it possible to prepare DNA microarrays having thereon several thousand gene probes at once. Accordingly, it is also possible to prepare DNA microarrays having thereon all of the ORF gene probes deduced from the full genomic nucleotide sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 1032 determined by the present invention, and analyze the expression profile at the total gene level of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* using these arrays.

Example 5

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riomology search using Corynebacterium glutamicum genome sequence

(1) Search of adenosine deaminase

[0439] The amino acid sequence (ADD_ECOLI) of *Escherichia coli* adenosine deaminase was obtained from Swissprot Database as the amino acid sequence of the protein of which function had been confirmed as adenosine deaminase (EC3.5.4.4). By using the full length of this amino acid sequence as a query, a homology search was carried out on a nucleotide sequence database of the genome sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* or a database of the amino acids in the ORF region deduced from the genome sequence using FASTA program (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. ISA, 85*: 2444-2448 (1988)). A case where E-value was le⁻¹⁰ or less was judged as being significantly homologous. As a result,

no sequence significantly homologous with the *Escherichia coli* adenosine deaminase was found in the nucleotide sequence database of the genome sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* or the database of the amino acid sequences in the ORF region deduced from the genome sequence. Based on these results, it is assumed that *Corynebacterium glutamicum* contains no ORF having adenosine deaminase activity and thus has no activity of converting adenosine into inosine.

(2) Search of glycine cleavage enzyme

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[0440] The sequences (GCSP_ECOLI, GCST_ECOLI and GCSH_ECOLI) of glycine decarboxylase, aminomethyl transferase and an aminomethyl group carrier each of which is a component of *Escherichia coli* glycine cleavage enzyme as the amino acid sequence of the protein, of which function had been confirmed as glycine cleavage enzyme (EC2.1.2.10), were obtained from Swiss-prot Database.

[0441] By using these full-length amino acid sequences as a query, a homology search was carried out on a nucleotide sequence database of the genome sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* or a database of the ORF amino acid sequences deduced from the genome sequence using FASTA program. A case where E-value was le-10 or less was judged as being significantly homologous. As a result, no sequence significantly homologous with the glycine decarboxylase, the aminomethyl transferase or the aminomethyl group carrier each of which is a component of *Escherichia coli* glycine cleavage enzyme, was found in the nucleotide sequence database of the genome sequence of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* or the database of the ORF amino acid sequences estimated from the genome sequence. Based on these results, it is assumed that *Corynebacterium glutamicum* contains no ORF having the activity of glycine decarboxylase, aminomethyl transferase or the aminomethyl group carrier and thus has no activity of the glycine cleavage enzyme.

(3) Search of IMP dehydrogenase

[0442] The amino acid sequence (IMDH ECOLI) of Escherichia coli IMP dehydrogenase as the amino acid sequence of the protein, of which function had been confirmed as IMP dehydrogenase (EC1.1.1.205), was obtained from Swissprot Database. By using the full length of this amino acid sequence as a query, a homology search was carried out on a nucleotide sequence database of the genome sequence of Corynebacterium glutamicum or a database of the ORF amino acid sequences predicted from the genome sequence using FASTA program. A case where E-value was le-10 or less was judged as being significantly homologous. As a result, the amino acid sequences encoded by two ORFs, namely, an ORF positioned in the region of the nucleotide sequence No. 615336 to 616853 (or ORF having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:672) and another ORF positioned in the region of the nucleotide sequence No. 616973 to 618094 (or ORF having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:674) were significantly homologous with the ORFs of Escherichia coli IMP dehydrogenase. By using the above-described predicted amino acid sequence as a query in order to examine the similarity of the amino acid sequences encoded by the ORFs with IMP dehydrogenases of other organisms in greater detail, a search was carried out on GenBank (http://www.ncbi.nlm. nih.gov/) nr-aa database (amino acid sequence database constructed on the basis of GenBankCDS translation products, PDB database, Swiss-Prot database, PIR database, PRF database by eliminating duplicated registrations) using BLAST program. As a result, both of the two amino acid sequences showed significant homologies with IMP dehdyrogenases of other organisms and clearly higher homologies with IMP dehdyrogenases than with amino acid sequences of other proteins, and thus, it was assumed that the two ORFs would function as IMP dehydrogenase. Based on these results, it was therefore assumed that Corynebacterium glutamicum has two ORFs having the IMP dehydrogenase activity.

Example 6

Proteome analysis of proteins derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum

50 (1) Preparations of proteins derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032, FERM BP-7134 and FERM BP-158

[0443] Culturing tests of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* ATCC 13032 (wild type strain), *Corynebacterium glutamicum* FERM BP-7134 (lysine-producing strain) and *Corynebacterium glutamicum* (FERM BP-158, lysine-highly producing strain) were carried out in a 5 I jar fermenter according to the method in Example 2(3). The results are shown in Table 6.

Table 6

Strain	L-Lysine yield (g/l)
ATCC 13032	0
FERM BP-7134	45
FERM BP-158	60

[0444] After culturing, cells of each strain were recovered by centrifugation. These cells were washed with Tris-HCI buffer (10 mmol/l Tris-HCI, pH 6.5, 1.6 mg/ml protease inhibitor (COMPLETE; manufactured by Boehringer Mannheim)) three times to give washed cells which could be stored under freezing at -80°C. The freeze-stored cells were thawed before use, and used as washed cells.

[0445] The washed cells described above were suspended in a disruption buffer (10 mmol/l Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 5 mmol/l magnesium chloride, 50 mg/l RNase, 1.6 mg/ml protease inhibitor (COMPLETE: manufactured by Boehringer Mannheim)), and disrupted with a disruptor (manufactured by Brown) under cooling. To the resulting disruption solution, DNase was added to give a concentration of 50 mg/l, and allowed to stand on ice for 10 minutes. The solution was centrifuged $(5,000 \times g, 15 \text{ minutes}, 4^{\circ}\text{C})$ to remove the undisrupted cells as the precipitate, and the supernatant was recovered.

[0446] To the supernatant, urea was added to give a concentration of 9 mol/l, and an equivalent amount of a lysis buffer (9.5 mol/l urea, 2% NP-40, 2% Ampholine, 5% mercaptoethanol, 1.6 mg/ml protease inhibitor (COMPLETE; manufactured by Boehringer Mannheim) was added thereto, followed by thoroughly stirring at room temperature for dissolving.

[0447] After being dissolved, the solution was centrifuged at $12,000 \times g$ for 15 minutes, and the supernatant was recovered.

[0448] To the supernatant, ammonium sulfate was added to the extent of 80% saturation, followed by thoroughly stirring for dissolving.

[0449] After being dissolved, the solution was centrifuged (16,000 \times g, 20 minutes, 4°C), and the precipitate was recovered. This precipitate was dissolved in the lysis buffer again and used in the subsequent procedures as a protein sample. The protein concentration of this sample was determined by the method for quantifying protein of Bradford.

(2) Separation of protein by two dimensional electrophoresis

[0450] The first dimensional electrophoresis was carried out as described below by the isoelectric electrophoresis method.

[0451] A molded dry IPG strip gel (pH 4-7, 13 cm, Immobiline DryStrips; manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) was set in an electrophoretic apparatus (Multiphor II or IPGphor; manufactured by Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) and a swelling solution (8 mol/I urea, 0.5% Triton X-100, 0.6% dithiothreitol, 0.5% Ampholine, pH 3-10) was packed therein, and the gel was allowed to stand for swelling 12 to 16 hours.

[0452] The protein sample prepared above was dissolved in a sample solution (9 mol/l urea, 2% CHAPS, 1% dithiothreitol, 2% Ampholine, pH 3-10), and then about 100 to 500 μg (in terms of protein) portions thereof were taken and added to the swollen IPG strip gel.

[0453] The electrophoresis was carried out in the 4 steps as defined below under controlling the temperature to 20°C:

- step 1: 1 hour under a gradient mode of 0 to 500V;
- step 2: 1 hour under a gradient mode of 500 to 1,000 V;
- step 3: 4 hours under a gradient mode of 1,000 to 8,000 V; and
- step 4: 1 hour at a constant voltage of 8,000 V.

[0454] After the isoelectric electrophoresis, the IPG strip gel was put off from the holder and soaked in an equilibration buffer A (50 mmol/l Tris-HCl, pH 6.8, 30% glycerol, 1% SDS, 0.25% dithiothreitol) for 15 minutes and another equilibration buffer B (50 mmol/l Tris-HCl, pH 6.8, 6 mol/l urea, 30% glycerol, 1% SDS, 0.45% iodo acetamide) for 15 minutes to sufficiently equilibrate the gel.

[0455] After the equilibrium, the IPG strip gel was lightly rinsed in an SDS electrophoresis buffer (1.4% glycine, 0.1% SDS, 0.3% Tris-HCl, pH 8.5), and the second dimensional electrophoresis depending on molecular weight was carried out as described below to separate the proteins.

[0456] Specifically, the above IPG strip gel was closely placed on 14% polyacrylamide slub gel (14% polyacrylamide, 0.37% bisacrylamide, 37.5 mmo/l Tris-HCl, pH 8.8, 0.1% SDS, 0.1% TEMED, 0.1% ammonium persulfate) and sub-

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jected to electrophoresis under a constant voltage of 30 mA at 20°C for 3 hours to separate the proteins.

(3) Detection of protein spot

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- 5 [0457] Coomassie staining was performed by the method of Gorg et al. (Electrophoresis, 9: 531-546 (1988)) for the slub gel after the second dimensional electrophoresis. Specifically, the slub gel was stained under shaking at 25°C for about 3 hours, the excessive coloration was removed with a decoloring solution, and the gel was thoroughly washed with distilled water.
 - [0458] The results are shown in Fig. 2. The proteins derived from the ATCC 13032 strain (Fig. 2A), FERM BP-7134 strain (Fig. 2B) and FERM BP-158 strain (Fig. 2C) could be separated and detected as spots.
 - (4) In-gel digestion of detected protein spot
 - [0459] The detected spots were each cut out from the gel and transferred into siliconized tube, and 400 μl of 100 mmol/1 ammonium bicarbonate: acetonitrile solution (1:1, v/v) was added thereto, followed by shaking overnight and freeze-dried as such. To the dried gel, 10 μl of a lysylendopeptidase (LysC) solution (manufactured by WAKO, prepared with 0.1% SDS-containing 50 mmol/l ammonium bicarbonate to give a concentration of 100 ng/μl) was added and the gel was allowed to stand for swelling at 0°C for 45 minutes, and then allowed to stand at 37°C for 16 hours. After removing the LysC solution, 20 μl of an extracting solution (a mixture of 60% acetonitrile and 5% formic acid) was added. followed by ultrasonication at room temperature for 5 minutes to disrupt the gel. After the disruption, the extract was recovered by centrifugation (12,000 rpm, 5 minutes, room temperature). This operation was repeated twice to recover the whole extract. The recovered extract was concentrated by centrifugation *in vacuo* to halve the liquid volume. To the concentrate, 20 μl of 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid was added, followed by thoroughly stirring, and the mixture was subjected to desalting using ZipTip (manufactured by Millipore). The protein absorbed on the carriers of ZipTip was eluted with 5 μl of α-cyano-4-hydroxycinnamic acid for use as a sample solution for analysis.
 - (5) Mass spectrometry and amino acid sequence analysis of protein spot with matrix assisted laser desorption ionization time of flight mass spectrometer (MALDI-TOFMS)
- 30 [0460] The sample solution for analysis was mixed in the equivalent amount with a solution of a peptide mixture for mass calibration (300 nmol/l Angiotensin II, 300 nmol/l Neurotensin, 150 nmol/l ACTHclip 18-39, 2.3 μmol/l bovine insulin B chain), and 1 μl of the obtained solution was spotted on a stainless probe and crystallized by spontaneously drying
 - [0461] As measurement instruments, REFLEX MALDI-TOF mass spectrometer (manufactured by Bruker) and an N2 laser (337 nm) were used in combination.
 - [0462] The analysis by PMF (peptide-mass finger printing) was carried out using integration spectra data obtained by measuring 30 times at an accelerated voltage of 19.0 kV and a detector voltage of 1.50 kV under reflector mode conditions. Mass calibration was carried out by the internal standard method.
 - [0463] The PSD (post-source decay) analysis was carried out using integration spectra obtained by successively alterna the reflection voltage and the detector voltage at an accelerated voltage of 27.5 kV.
 - [0464] The masses and amino acid sequences of the peptide fragments derived from the protein spot after digestion were thus determined.
 - (b) Identification of protein spot
 - [0465] From the amino acid sequence information of the digested peptide fragments derived from the protein spot obtained in the above (5), ORFs corresponding to the protein were searched on the genome sequence database of Corpobacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 as constructed in Example 1 to identify the protein.
 - [0466] The identification of the protein was carried out using MS-Fit program and MS-Tag program of intranet protein prospector.
 - (a) Search and identification of gene encoding high-expression protein
 - [0467] In the proteins derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum ATCC 13032 showing high expression amounts in CBB-staining shown in Fig. 2A, the proteins corresponding to Spots-1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 were identified by the above method. [0468] As a result, it was found that Spot-1 corresponded to enolase which was a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4585; Spot-2 corresponded to phosphoglycelate kinase which was a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5254; Spot-3 corresponded to glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase which was

a protein having the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:5255; Spot-4 corresponded to fructose bisphosphate aldolase which was a protein having the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:6543; and Spot-5 corresponded to triose phosphate isomerase which was a protein having the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:5252.

- [0469] These genes, represented by SEQ ID NOS:1085, 1754, 1775, 3043 and 1752 encoding the proteins corresponding to Spots-1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, respectively, encoding the known proteins are important in the central metabolic pathway for maintaining the life of the microorganism. Particularly, it is suggested that the genes of Spots-2, 3 and 5 form an operon and a high-expression promoter is encoded in the upstream thereof (*J. of Eacteriol., 174*: 6067-6086 (1992)).
- [0470] Also, the protein corresponding to Spot-9 in Fig. 2 was identified in the same manner as described above, and it was found that Spot-9 was an elongation factor Tu which was a protein having the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID No:6937, and that the protein was encoded by DNA having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID No:3437.
- [0471] Based on these results, the proteins having high expression level were identified by proteome analysis using the genome sequence database of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* constructed in Example 1. Thus, the nucleotide sequences of the genes encoding the proteins and the nucleotide sequences upstream thereof could be searched simultaneously. Accordingly, it is shown that nucleotide sequences having a function as a high-expression promoter can be efficiently selected.
- 20 (b) Search and identification of modified protein
 - [0472] Among the proteins derived from *Corynebacterium glutamicum* FERM BP-7134 shown in Fig. 2B, Spots-6, 7 and 8 were identified by the above method. As a result, these three spots all corresponded to catalase which was a protein having the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:3785.
 - [0473] Accordingly, all of Spots-6, 7 and 8 detected as spots differing in isoelectric mobility were all products derived from a catalase gene having the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID No:285. Accordingly, it is shown that the catalase derived from *Corynebacterium glutamicum* FERM BP-7134 was modified after the translation.
 - [0474] Based on these results, it is confirmed that various modified proteins can be efficiently searched by proteome analysis using the genome sequence database of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* constructed in Example 1.
 - (c) Search and identification of expressed protein effective in lysine production
 - [0475] It was found out that in Fig. 2A (ATCC 13032: wild type strain), Fig. 2B (FERM BP-7134: lysine-producing strain) and Fig. 2C (FERM BP-158: lysine-highly producing strain), the catalase corresponding to Spot-8 and the elongation factor Tu corresponding to Spot-9 as identified above showed the higher expression level with an increase in the lysine productivity.
 - **[0476]** Based on these results, it was found that hopeful mutated proteins can be efficiently searched and identified in breeding aiming at strengthening the productivity of a target product by the proteome analysis using the genome sequence database of *Corynebacterium glutamicum* constructed in Example 1.
- [0477] Moreover, useful mutation points of useful mutants can be easily specified by searching the nucleotide sequences (nucleotide sequences of promoter, ORF, or the like) relating to the identified proteins using the above database and using primers designed on the basis of the sequences. As a result of the fact that the mutation points are specified, industrially useful mutants which have the useful mutations or other useful mutations derived therefrom can be easily bred.
- [0478] While the invention has been described in detail and with reference to specific embodiments thereof, it will be apparent to one of skill in the art that various changes and modifications can be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope thereof. All references cited herein are incorporated in their entirety.

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- 1. A method for at least one of the following:
 - (A) identifying a mutation point of a gene derived from a mutant of a coryneform bacterium,
 - (B) measuring an expression amount of a gene derived from a coryneform bacterium,
 - (C) analyzing an expression profile of a gene derived from a coryneform bacterium,
 - (D) analyzing expression patterns of genes derived from a coryneform bacterium, or
 - (E) identifying a gene homologous to a gene derived from a coryneform bacterium,

said method comprising:

- (a) producing a polynucleotide array by adhering to a solid support at least two polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of first polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, second polynucleotides which hybridize with the first polynucleotides under stringent conditions, and third polynucleotides comprising a sequence of 10 to 200 continuous bases of the first or second polynucleotides,
- (b) incubating the polynucleotide array with at least one of a labeled polynucleotide derived from a coryneform bacterium, a labeled polynucleotide derived from a mutant of the coryneform bacterium or a labeled polynucleotide to be examined, under hybridization conditions,
- (c) detecting any hybridization, and
- (d) analyzing the result of the hybridization.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the coryneform bacterium is a microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium, the genus Brevibacterium, or the genus Microbacterium.
 - 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, and Corynebacterium ammoniagenes.
 - 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide derived from a coryneform bacterium, the polynucleotide derived from a mutant of the coryneform bacterium or the polynucleotide to be examined is a gene relating to the biosynthesis of at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof.
 - 5. The method according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide to be examined is derived from Escherichia coli.
 - 6. A polynucleotide array, comprising:

at least two polynucleotides selected from the group consisting of first polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by any one of SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, second polynucleotides which hybridize with the first polynucleotides under stringent conditions, and third polynucleotides comprising 10 to 200 continuous bases of the first or second polynucleotides, and a solid support adhered thereto.

- 7. A polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1 or a polynucleotide having a homology of at least 80% with the polynucleotide.
- **8.** A polynucleotide comprising any one of the nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, or a polynucleotide which hybridizes with the polynucleotide under stringent conditions.
 - A polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having any one of the amino acid sequences represented by SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931, or a polynucleotide which hybridizes therewith under stringent conditions.
 - 10. A polynucleotide which is present in the 5' upstream or 3' downstream of a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431 in a whole polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:1, and has an activity of regulating an expression of the polynucleotide.
- 11. A polynucleotide comprising 10 to 200 continuous bases in the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotide of any one of claims 7 to 10, or a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence complementary to the polynucleotide comprising 10 to 200 continuous based.
 - 12. A recombinant DNA comprising the polynucleotide of any one of claims 8 to 11.
 - 13. A transformant comprising the polynucleotide of any one of claims 8 to 11 or the recombinant DNA of claim 12.
 - 14. A method for producing a polypeptide, comprising:

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culturing the transformant of claim 13 in a medium to produce and accumulate a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of claim 8 or 9 in the medium, and recovering the polypeptide from the medium.

15. A method for producing at least one of an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof, comprising:

culturing the transformant of claim 13 in a medium to produce and accumulate at least one of an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof in the medium, and recovering the at least one of the amino acid, the nucleic acid, the vitamin, the saccharide, the organic acid, and analogues thereof from the medium.

- **16.** A polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431.
- 17. A polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 6931.
- 18. The polypeptide according to claim 16 or 17, wherein at least one amino acid is deleted, replaced, inserted or added, said polypeptides having an activity which is substantially the same as that of the polypeptide without said at least one amino acid deletion, replacement, insertion or addition.
 - 19. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having a homology of at least 60% with the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide of claim 16 or 17, and having an activity which is substantially the same as that of the polypeptide.
- 25 20. An antibody which recognizes the polypeptide of any one of claims 16 to 19.
 - 21. A polypeptide array, comprising:

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at least one polypeptide or partial fragment polypeptide selected from the polypeptides of claims 16 to 19 and partial fragment polypeptides of the polypeptides, and a solid support adhered thereto.

22. A polypeptide array, comprising:

at least one antibody which recognizes a polypeptide or partial fragment polypeptide selected from the polypeptides of claims 16 to 19 and partial fragment polypeptides of the polypeptides, and a solid support adhered thereto.

- 23. A system based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, and target sequence or target structure motif information;
 - (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 1 to 3501 with the target sequence or target structure motif information, recorded by the data storage device for screening and analyzing nucleotide sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
 - (iv) an output device that shows a screening or analyzing result obtained by the comparator.
 - 24. A method based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501, target sequence information or target structure motif information into a user input device;
 - (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501 with the target sequence or target structure motif information; and

- (iv) screening and analyzing nucleotide sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information.
- 25. A system based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001, and target sequence or target structure motif information;
 - (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001 with the target sequence or target structure motif information, recorded by the data storage device for screening and analyzing amino acid sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
 - (iv) an output device that shows a screening or analyzing result obtained by the comparator.
- 26. A method based on a computer for identifying a target sequence or a target structure motif derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, and target sequence information or target structure motif information into a user input device;
 - (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 with the target sequence or target structure motif information; and
 - (iv) screening and analyzing amino acid sequence information which is coincident with or analogous to the target sequence or target structure motif information.
- 27. A system based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having a target nucleotide sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501, function information of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence, and target nucleotide sequence information;
 - (ii) a data storage device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
 - (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 2 to 3501 with the target nucleotide sequence information for determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having the target nucleotide sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polynucleotide having at least one nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501; and
 - (iv) an output devices that shows a function obtained by the comparator.
- 40 28. A method based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polypeptide encoded by a polypeptide having a target nucleotide sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501, function information of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence, and target nucleotide sequence information;
 - (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501 with the target nucleotide sequence information; and
 - (iv) determining a function of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having the target nucleotide sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polynucleotide having at least one nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3501.
 - 29. A system based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide having a target amino acid sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) a user input device that inputs at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001, function information based on the amino acid sequence, and target amino acid sequence information;

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- (ii) a data storing device for at least temporarily storing the input information;
- (iii) a comparator that compares the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS: 3502 to 7001 with the target amino acid sequence information for determining a function of a polypeptide having the target amino acid sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polypeptide having at least one amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001; and
- (iv) an output device that shows a function obtained by the comparator.
- 30. A method based on a computer for determining a function of a polypeptide having a target amino acid sequence derived from a coryneform bacterium, comprising the following:
 - (i) inputting at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001, function information based on the amino acid sequence, and target amino acid sequence information;
 - (ii) at least temporarily storing said information;
 - (iii) comparing the at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 with the target amino acid sequence information; and
 - (iv) determining a function of a polypeptide having the target amino acid sequence which is coincident with or analogous to the polypeptide having at least one amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001.
- 31. The system according to any one of claims 23, 25, 27 and 29, wherein a coryneform bacterium is a microorganism of the genus Corynebacterium, the genus Brevibacterium, or the genus Microbacterium.
 - 32. The method according to any one of claims 24, 26, 28 and 30, wherein a coryneform bacterium is a microorganism of the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Brevibacterium*, or the genus *Microbacterium*.
 - 33. The system according to claim 31, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, and Corynebacterium ammoniagenes.
 - 34. The method according to claim 32, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, and Corynebacterium ammoniagenes.
 - 35. A recording medium or storage device which is readable by a computer in which at least one nucleotide sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3501 or function information based on the nucleotide sequence is recorded, and is usable in the system of claim 23 or 27 or the method of claim 24 or 28.
- 36. A recording medium or storage device which is readable by a computer in which at least one amino acid sequence information selected from SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 or function information based on the amino acid sequence is recorded, and is usable in the system of claim 25 or 29 or the method of claim 26 or 30.
- 37. The recording medium or storage device according to claim 35 or 36, which is a computer readable recording medium selected from the group consisting of a floppy disc, a hard disc, a magnetic tape, a random access memory (RAM), a read only memory (ROM), a magneto-optic disc (MO), CD-ROM, CD-R, CD-RW, DVD-ROM, DVD-RAM and DVD-RW.
 - 38. A polypeptide having a homoserine dehydrogenase activity, comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Val residue at the 59th in the amino acid sequence of homoserine dehydrogenase derived from a coryneform bacterium is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Val residue.
 - 39. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Val residue at the 59th position in the amino acid sequence as represented by SEQ ID NO:6952 is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Val residue.
 - 40. The polypeptide according to claim 38 or 39, wherein the Val residue at the 59th position is replaced with an Ala residue.

239

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- 41. A polypeptide having pyruvate carboxylase activity, comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Pro residue at the 458th position in the amino acid sequence of pyruvate carboxylase derived from a coryneform bacterium is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Pro residue.
- 42. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence in which the Pro residue at the 458th position in the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:4265 is replaced with an amino acid residue other than a Pro residue.
 - 43. The polypeptide according to claim 41 or 42, wherein the Pro residue at the 458th position is replaced with a Ser residue.
 - 44. The polypeptide according to any one of claims 38 to 43, which is derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum.
 - 45. A DNA encoding the polypeptide of any one of claims 38 to 44.
- 46. A recombinant DNA comprising the DNA of claim 45.

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- 47. A transformant comprising the recombinant DNA of claim 46.
- 48. A transformant comprising in its chromosome the DNA of claim 45.
- 49. The transformant according to claim 47 or 48, which is derived from a coryneform bacterium.
- 50. The transformant according to claim 49, which is derived from Corynebacterium glutamicum.
- 25 51. A method for producing L-lysine, comprising:
 - culturing the transformant of any one of claims 47 to 50 in a medium to produce and accumulate L-lysine in the medium, and
 - recovering the L-lysine from the culture.
 - **52.** A method for breeding a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431, comprising the following:
 - (i) comparing a nucleotide sequence of a genome or gene of a production strain derived a coryneform bacterium which has been subjected to mutation breeding so as to produce at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogous thereof by a fermentation method, with a corresponding nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431;
 - (ii) identifying a mutation point present in the production strain based on a result obtained by (i);
 - (iii) introducing the mutation point into a coryneform bacterium which is free of the mutation point, or deleting the mutation point from a coryneform bacterium having the mutation point; and
 - (iv) examining productivity by the fermentation method of the compound selected in (i) of the coryneform bacterium obtained in (iii).
- 53. The method according to claim 52, wherein the gene is a gene encoding an enzyme in a biosynthetic pathway or a signal transmission pathway.
 - 54. The method according to claim 52, wherein the mutation point is a mutation point relating to a useful mutation which improves or stabilizes the productivity.
- 50 55. A method for breading a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431, comprising:
 - (i) comparing a nucleotide sequence of a genome or gene of a production strain derived a coryneform bacterium which has been subjected to mutation breeding so as to produce at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogous thereof by a fermentation method, with a corresponding nucleotide sequence in SEQ ID NOS:1 to 3431;
 - (ii) identifying a mutation point present in the production strain based on a result obtain by (i);
 - (iii) deleting a mutation point from a coryneform bacterium having the mutation point; and

- (iv) examining productivity by the fermentation method of the compound selected in (i) of the coryneform bacterium obtained in (iii).
- 56. The method according to claim 55, wherein the gene is a gene encoding an enzyme in a biosynthetic pathway or a signal transmission pathway.
 - 57. The method according to claim 55, wherein the mutation point is a mutation point which decreases or destabilizes the productivity.
- 58. A method for breeding a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, comprising the following:
 - (i) identifying an isozyme relating to biosynthesis of at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogous thereof, based on the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431;
 - (ii) classifying the isozyme identified in (i) into an isozyme having the same activity;
 - (iii) mutating all genes encoding the isozyme having the same activity simultaneously; and
 - (iv) examining productivity by a fermentation method of the compound selected in (i) of the coryneform bacterium which have been transformed with the gene obtained in (iii).
 - 59. A method for breeding a coryneform bacterium using the nucleotide sequence information represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431, comprising the following:
 - (i) arranging a function information of an open reading frame (ORF) represented by SEQ ID NOS:2 to 3431; (ii) allowing the arranged ORF to correspond to an enzyme on a known biosynthesis or signal transmission pathway;
 - (iii) explicating an unknown biosynthesis pathway or signal transmission pathway of a coryneform bacterium in combination with information relating known biosynthesis pathway or signal transmission pathway of a coryneform bacterium;
 - (iv) comparing the pathway explicated in (iii) with a biosynthesis pathway of a target useful product; and (v) transgenetically varying a coryneform bacterium based on the nucleotide sequence information to either strengthen a pathway which is judged to be important in the biosynthesis of the target useful product in (iv) or weaken a pathway which is judged not to be important in the biosynthesis of the target useful product in (iv).
- 35 60. A coryneform bacterium, bred by the method of any one of claims 52 to 59.
 - **61.** The coryneform bacterium according to claim 60, which is a microorganism belonging to the genus *Corynebacterium*, the genus *Brevibacterium*, or the genus *Microbacterium*.
- 62. The coryneform bacterium according to claim 61, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetoacidophilum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium herculis, corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoamino genes, and Corynebacterium ammonia genes.
 - **63.** A method for producing at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid and an analogue thereof, comprising:
 - culturing a coryneform bacterium of any one of claims 60 to 62 in a medium to produce and accumulate at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof; recovering the compound from the culture.
 - 64. The method according to claim 63, wherein the compound is L-lysine.
 - 65. A method for identifying a protein relating to useful mutation based on proteome analysis, comprising the following:
 - (i) preparing

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a protein derived from a bacterium of a production strain of a coryneform bacterium which has been subjected to mutation breeding by a fermentation process so as to produce at least one compound selected from an amino acid, a nucleic acid, a vitamin, a saccharide, an organic acid, and analogues thereof, and a protein derived from a bacterium of a parent strain of the production strain;

- (ii) separating the proteins prepared in (i) by two dimensional electrophoresis;
 - (iii) detecting the separated proteins, and comparing an expression amount of the protein derived from the production strain with that derived from the parent strain;
 - (iv) treating the protein showing different expression amounts as a result of the comparison with a peptidase to extract peptide fragments;
 - (v) analyzing amino acid sequences of the peptide fragments obtained in (iv); and
 - (vi) comparing the amino acid sequences obtained in (v) with the amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NOS:3502 to 7001 to identifying the protein having the amino acid sequences.
- 15 66. The method according to claim 65, wherein the coryneform bacterium is a microorganism belonging to the genus corynebacterium, the genus Brevibacterium, or the genus Microbacterium.
 - 67. The method according to claim 66, wherein the microorganism belonging to the genus Corynebacterium is selected from the group consisting of Corynebacterium glutamicum, Corynebacterium acetoglutamicum, Corynebacterium callunae, Corynebacterium herculis, Corynebacterium lilium, Corynebacterium melassecola, Corynebacterium thermoaminogenes, and Corynebacterium ammoniagenes.
 - 68. A biologically pure culture of Corynebacterium glutamicum AHP-3 (FERM BP-7382).

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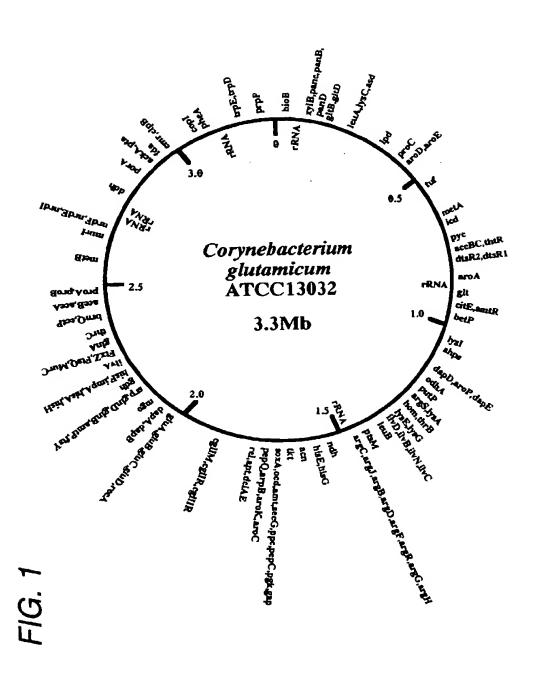
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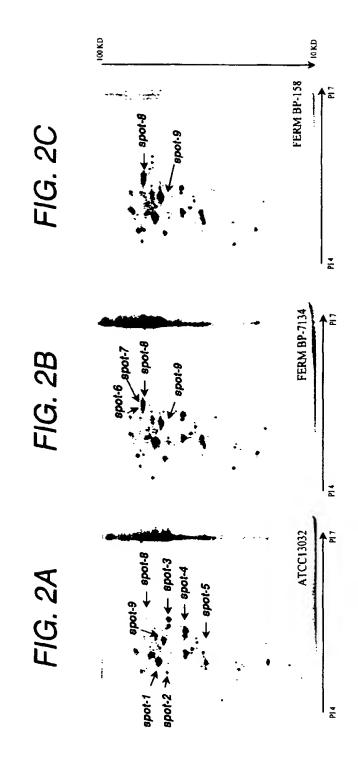
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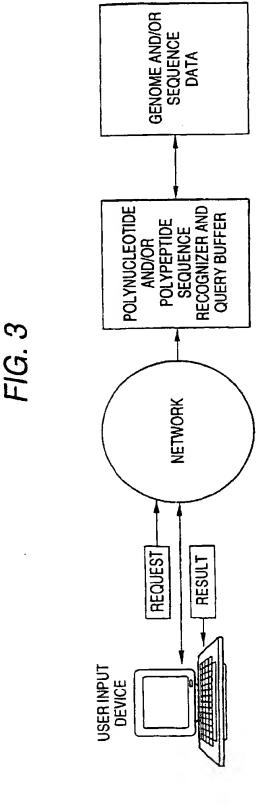
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245

FIG. 4

